Polymorphism Worksheet - Inheritance +Compiling

```
public class Animal {
    public Animal() {
        System.out.println("Animal");
    }
}
public class Mammal extends Animal {
    public Mammal() {
        System.out.println("Mammal");
    }
}
public class Cat extends Mammal {
    public Cat() {
        System.out.println("Cat");
    }
}
```

- 1. What is the parent class of *Animal*?
- 2. Is *Cat* a subclass of *Animal*?
- 3. What will be displayed when a new instance of *Cat* is created?
- 4. Is the definition

```
Animal rex = new Cat(); legal?
```

5. Given the above definition of rex, and the definitions

```
Animal lizzy = new Animal();
Cat tigger = new Cat();
```

Which of the following assignments are legal (will compile)?

- a) lizzy = tigger;
- b) tigger = rex;
- c) tigger = (Cat) rex;
- d) if (rex instanceof Cat)
 tigger = rex;
- 6. Given all the above definitions of *Animal*, *Mammal*, *Cat*, rex, lizzy, and tigger, the method hasFur is specified as

```
public boolean hasFur (Mammal m);
```

Which of the following are legal (will compile)?

- a) hasFur (lizzy);
- b) hasFur (rex);
- c) hasFur (tigger);
- d) hasFur ((Mammal)lizzy);
- e) hasFur ((Mammal)rex);