

$$\frac{\Delta(\alpha)}{(1+|\alpha|^2)^2} = \Re \{ \langle \phi | V_1 | \psi \rangle \langle \psi | \sigma_1 | \phi \rangle + \langle \phi | V_3 | \psi \rangle \langle \psi | \sigma_3 | \phi \rangle \} \quad (1)$$

$$|\psi\rangle = \frac{|0\rangle + \alpha|1\rangle}{\sqrt{1+|\alpha|^2}}, \quad |\phi\rangle = \frac{\alpha^*|0\rangle - |1\rangle}{\sqrt{1+|\alpha|^2}} \quad (2)$$

$$\sigma_3|0\rangle = |0\rangle, \quad \sigma_3|1\rangle = -|1\rangle. \quad (3)$$

$$\Delta(\alpha) = \Re \{ (\alpha^{*2} - 1) (\alpha(\langle 0 | V_1 | 0 \rangle - \langle 1 | V_1 | 1 \rangle) + \alpha^2 \langle 0 | V_1 | 1 \rangle - \langle 1 | V_1 | 0 \rangle) + 2\alpha^* (\alpha(\langle 0 | V_3 | 0 \rangle - \langle 1 | V_3 | 1 \rangle) + \alpha^2 \langle 0 | V_3 | 1 \rangle - \langle 1 | V_3 | 0 \rangle) \} \quad (4)$$

$$V_1 = \int_0^{+\infty} d\tau G(\tau) U_{\text{eff}}(\tau) \tilde{\sigma}_1(-\tau) U_{\text{eff}}^\dagger(\tau), \quad V_2 = \sigma_1 \quad (5)$$

$$V_3 = \int_0^{+\infty} d\tau G(\tau) U_{\text{eff}}(\tau) \tilde{\sigma}_3(-\tau) U_{\text{eff}}^\dagger(\tau), \quad V_4 = \sigma_3. \quad (6)$$

$$V_1 = \int_0^{+\infty} d\tau G(\tau) \{ \cos \Omega \tau \cos \omega_{\text{eff}} \tau \sigma_1 - \cos \Omega \tau \sin \omega_{\text{eff}} \tau \sigma_2 - \sin \Omega \tau \sigma_3 \} \quad (7)$$

$$V_3 = \int_0^{+\infty} d\tau G(\tau) \{ \sin \Omega \tau \cos \omega_{\text{eff}} \tau \sigma_1 - \sin \Omega \tau \sin \omega_{\text{eff}} \tau \sigma_2 - \cos \Omega \tau \sigma_3 \} \quad (8)$$

$$G(\tau) = \int_0^{+\infty} d\omega J(\omega) \left(\cos \omega \tau \coth \frac{\beta \omega}{2} - i \sin \omega \tau \right) \quad (9)$$

Taking $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$,

$$\Delta(\alpha) = (\alpha^2 - 1) (2\alpha \Re g_{s0} + \alpha^2 (\Re g_{cc} + \Im g_{cs}) - \Re g_{cc} + \Im g_{cs}) + 2\alpha (-2\alpha \Re g_{c0} - \alpha^2 (\Re g_{sc} + \Im g_{ss}) + \Re g_{sc} - \Im g_{ss}) \quad (10)$$