

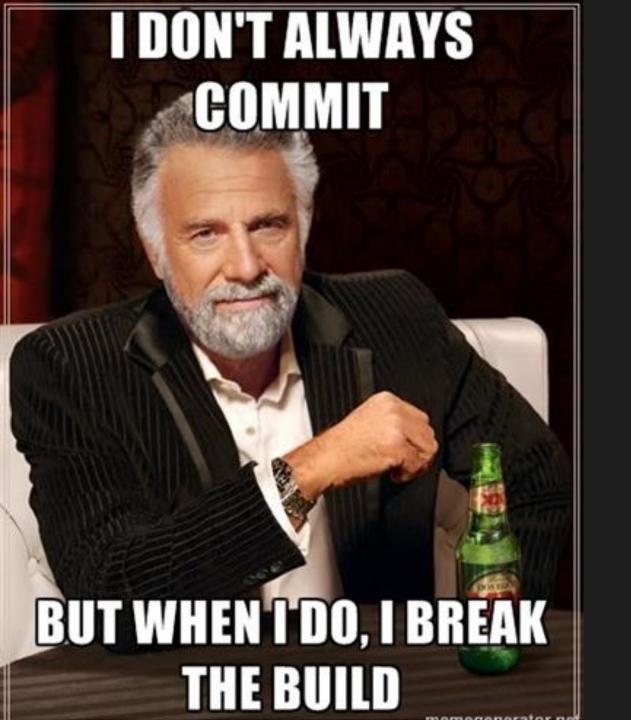
Keeping your builds Green using Docker

Jakob Ehn

@jakobehn https://blog.ehn.nu









Why do builds fail?



Why do Builds Fail?

- · Apps have many different dependencies (that changes all the time..)
- Developer machines installed/upgraded manually
- Build servers installed/upgraded manually
- · CI builds often!= Local builds
- Need consistency
- · Run builds in a controlled, isolated environment

Dependency Hell

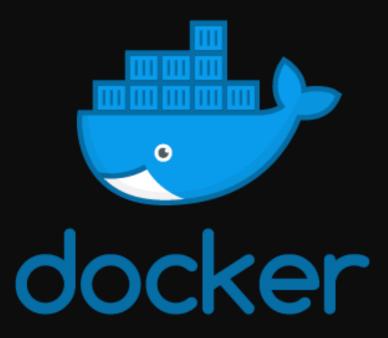
Static website					
Web SPA					
Background jobs					
User DB					
Queue					
	Development VM	QA Environment	On Premise Prod Server	Hybrid Cluster	Public Cloud

(Build) Dependency Hell

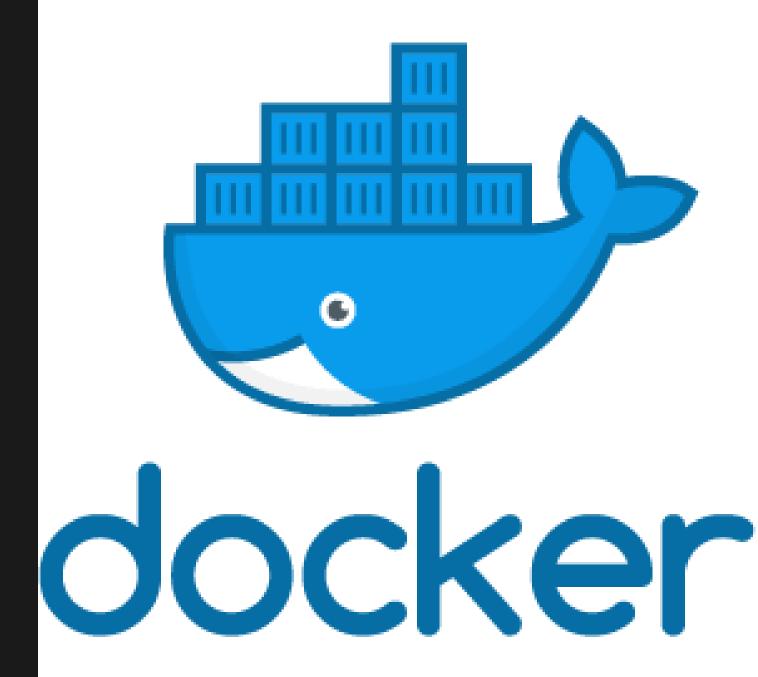
C#					
Node					
TypeScript/ JavaScript					
CSS/SCSS					
Java					
	Grunt WebPack SASS	.NET/.NET Core SDK	Node.js	JDK	

Two Approaches using Docker

- Build apps inside a container
 - · The "build container" pattern
- · Containerize the build environment
 - Builds can use any technology



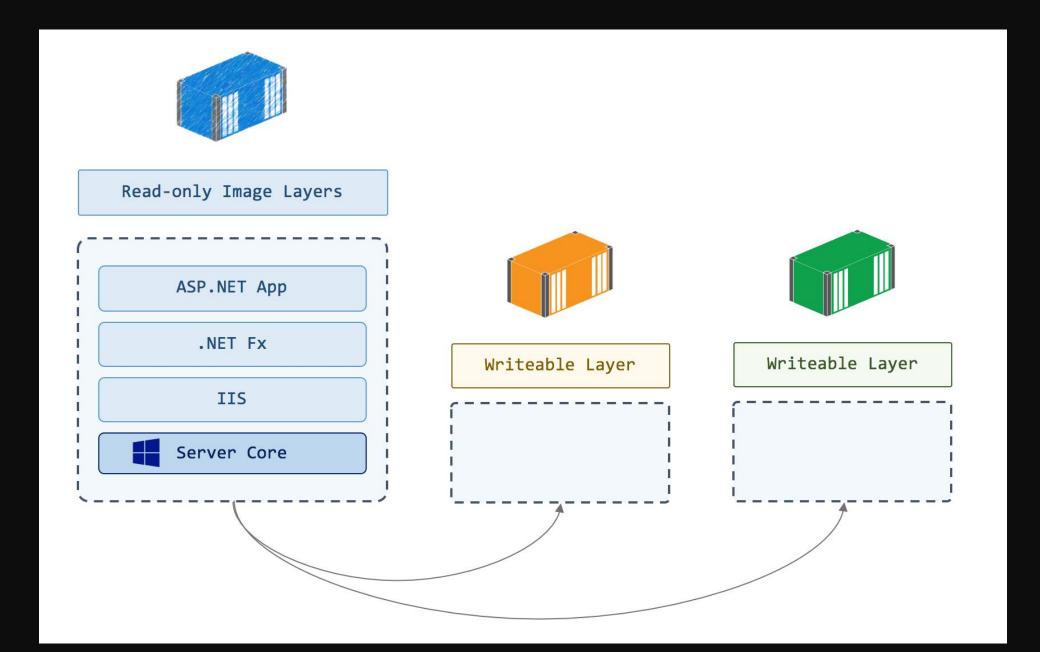
Dockerfile Builds



Dockerfile example

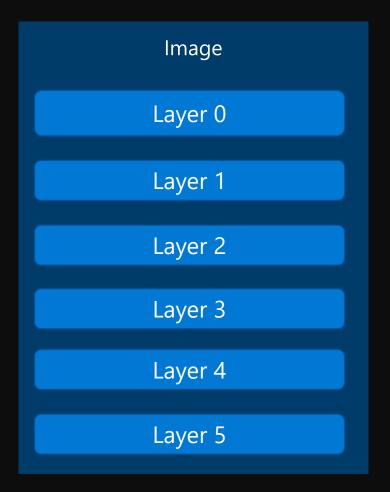
```
FROM node:8
WORKDIR /usr/src/app
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install
COPY . .
EXPOSE 8080
CMD [ "npm", "start" ]
```

Docker Image Layers



Docker Image Layers

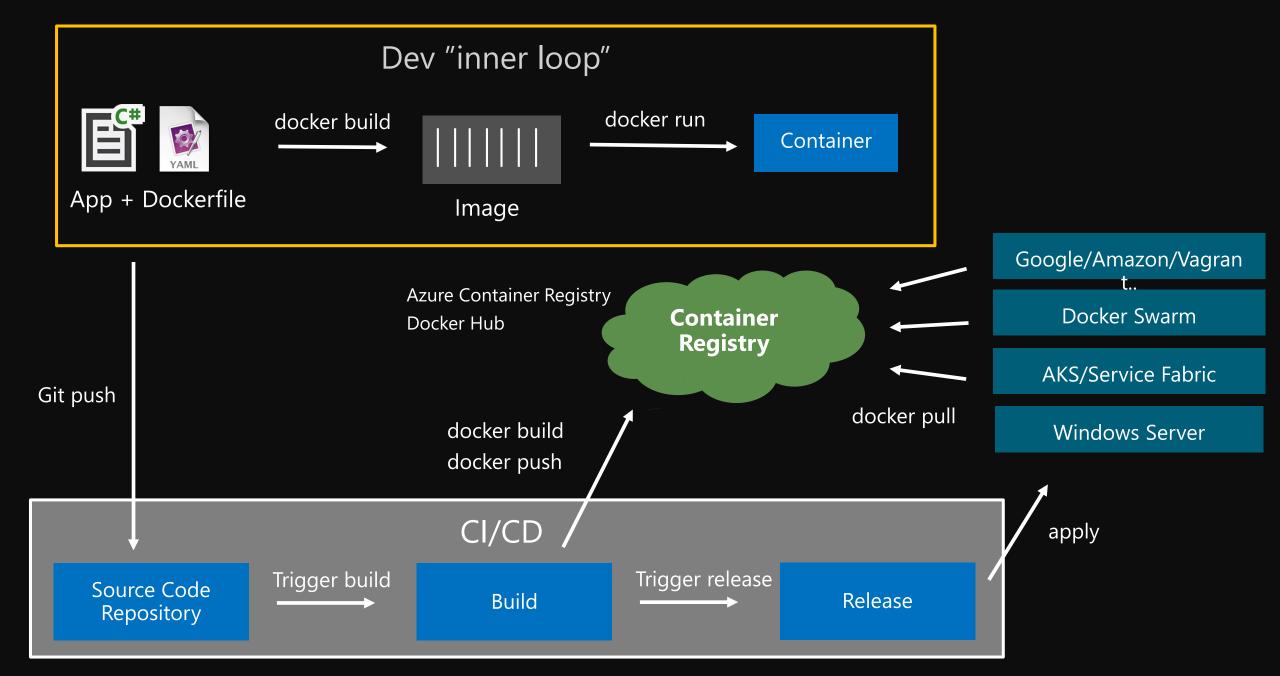
```
FROM node:8
WORKDIR /usr/src/app
COPY package*.json ./
RUN npm install
COPY . .
EXPOSE 8080
CMD [ "npm", "start" ]
```



Docker multistage builds

```
FROM microsoft/dotnet/code/sdk:2.2 AS build
WORKDIR /src
COPY ["WebApplication1/WebApplication1.csproj", "WebApplication1/"]
RUN dotnet restore "WebApplication1/WebApplication1.csproj"
COPY . .
WORKDIR "/src/WebApplication1"
RUN dotnet build "WebApplication1.csproj" -c Release -o /app
RUN dotnet publish "WebApplication1.csproj" -c Release -o /app
FROM microsoft/dotnet/core/runtime:2.2
WORKDIR /app
COPY --from⊨build /app .
ENTRYPOINT ["dotnet", "WebApplication1.dll"]
```

Docker Workflow



Build apps in Docker

Dockerfile

Source code

Docker build

Docker container

Base OS

Build SDK's

Build Tooling

Source code

Build output

Docker Image

Base OS

App Runtime

Build output

Build output

Demo – Docker builds

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Dockerfile Best Practices

- Optimize for size
 - · Use multistage builds to minimize size
 - Minimize number of layers
 - Group related instructions into one command
 - Remove setup files
- Optimize for build duration
 - Ordering is important
 - · Use a .dockerignore file
- Beware of caching

Dockerfile Builds Summary

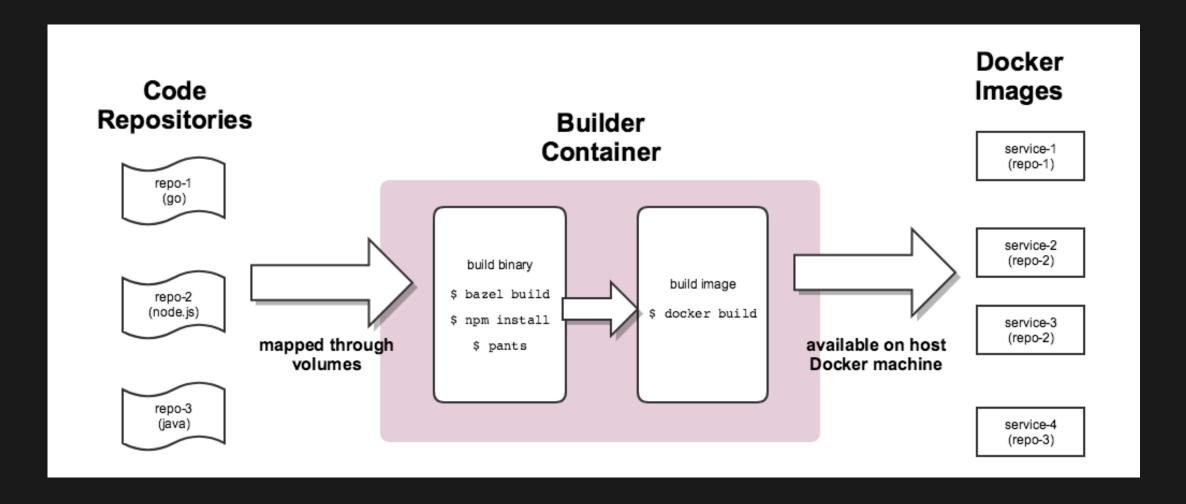
Pro's

- Full consistency
- Run everywhere with only Docker installed
- Can improve build times with Docker caching

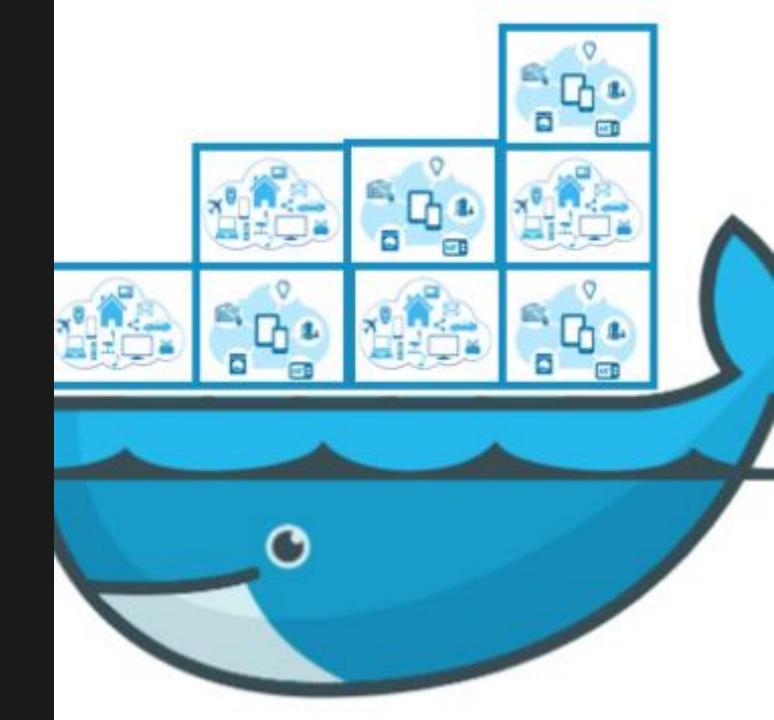
Con's

- · All-in on Docker
- Need to extract output
- Hard to reuse existing build tasks
- Managing auth credentials

Example: Tinder



Containerized Build Environments



Build Environments

Build server

Build agent

SQL Server

Build SDKs

Build Tools

Base OS

Build server

Build agent

SQL Server

Build SDKs

Build Tools

Base OS

Build server

Build agent

SQL Server

Build SDKs

Build Tools

Base OS

Common Issues

- Build servers installed/upgraded manually
- Inconsistent state (snowflake servers)
- Hard to scale out
- Underutilized build servers
- Low build throughput

Containerized Build Environment

FROM microsoft/dotnetframework:4.7.2-sdk-...

- SQL Server Express
- Visual Studio 2017 Build Tools
- .NET Core SDK
- SQL Server Data Tools
-
- Azure DevOps Build Agent

Dockerfile

docker build

Build Agent Image

Build agent

SDK's

SQL Server

docker pull docker run

4.....

Build server

Build Agent Container

Build Agent Container

Build Agent Container

Running the Dockerized Build Agent

```
docker run -d
           -m 4GB
           --name <name>
           --storage-opt "size=50GB"
           --restart always
           -e TFS URL=<url>
           -e TFS PAT=<pat>
           -e TFS POOL NAME=<poolname>
           -e TFS_AGENT_NAME=<name>
           -e SA PASSWORD=<sqlpwd>
           buildagent:1.0
```

Run multiple instances using Docker Compose

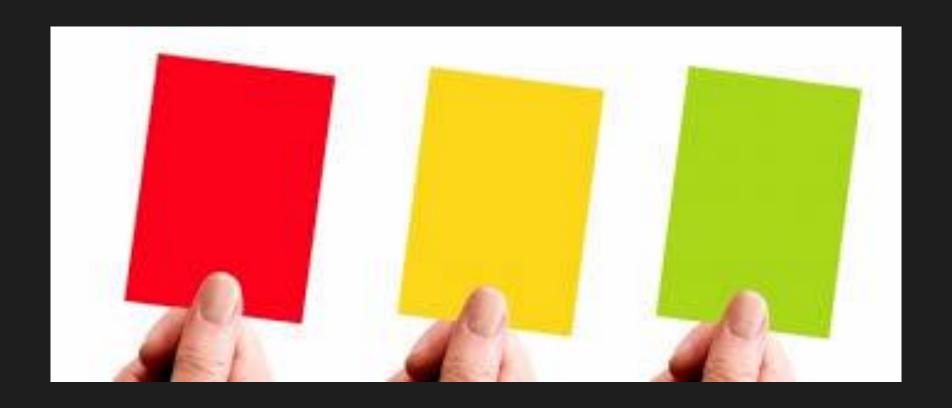
```
services:
  agent1:
    image: ${IMAGE}:${VERSION}
    environment:
      TFS_AGENT_NAME: ${AGENTNAME}-1
    storage_opt:
      size: '${STORAGESIZE}'
    restart: always
 agent2:
    image: ${IMAGE}:${VERSION}
    environment:
      TFS_AGENT_NAME: ${AGENTNAME}-2
    storage_opt:
      size: '${STORAGESIZE}'
    restart: always
```

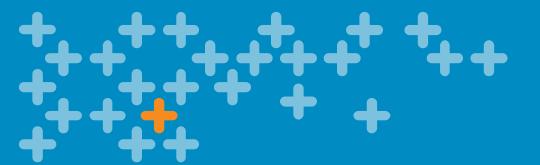
docker-compose up -d

Demo – Containerized Build Environments

Jakob Ehn

Please Evaluate The Session





Thank you!

Jakob Ehn

@jakobehn https://blog.ehn.nu

