



## Global defined structs

```
typedef struct _SOCKET_INFORMATION
{
    OVERLAPPED Overlapped;
    SOCKET Socket;
    CHAR Buffer[DATA_BUFSIZE];
    WSABUF DataBuf;
    DWORD BytesSEND;
    DWORD BytesRECV;
} SOCKET_INFORMATION, *LPSOCKET_INFORMATION;

typedef struct _TRANSMISSION_INFORMATION
{
    DWORD PacketSize;
    DWORD PacketsExpected;
    DWORD PacketsRECV;
    SYSTEMTIME StartTimeStamp;
    SYSTEMTIME EndTimeStamp;
    LPSTR ProtocolType;
} TRANSMISSION_INFORMATION, *LPTRANSMISSION_INFORMATION;
```

## Server Pseudocode

### Determine Server Type

Waits for windows messages received from **WNDPROC**

Check the message and see if TCP radio button is selected

If it is

Close winsock session if its already opened  
transition to **Initialize TCP**

Else

Close winsock session if its already opened  
Transition to **Initialize UDP**

### Initialize TCP

Start a WINSOCK session

Create a TCP socket for receiving packet streams

Initialize the server address structure

Bind the server address structure to the accepting socket

Tell the accepting socket to only listens for 1 connection (Peer to peer)

Create a thread for accepting connections so the main thread doesn't hang

Transition to **Accepting Thread**

Create a thread to handle TCP communications

Transition to **TCP Thread**

## Initialize UDP

Start a WINSOCK session

Create a UDP socket for receiving datagrams

Initialize the server address structure

Bind the server address structure to the server socket

Create a thread to handle UDP communications

Transition to **UDP Thread**

## Accepting Thread

Create a dummy WSA Event object

Calls accept on the listening socket

When accept returns, assign the return value to a new socket, called accepted socket

Set / signal the dummy event object, which is being blocked on the initialize **TCP Thread**

End thread

## TCP Thread

Has a global Boolean variable to indicate EOT

Open a file for writing incoming packet contents

Forever loop 1:

    Forever loop 2:

        Call WSAWaitForMultipleEvents on a dummy object, which is triggered by either an IO event on the socket, or the dummy WSA Event being triggered on the **Accepting Thread**.

        When the event is triggered, check if it is the event being triggered after accepting a connection

            If it is, break out of loop 2:

        Check if the EOT Boolean is set to TRUE

        Increment packets received if there are any remaining bytes in the last packet

        Transition to **Print statistics and Cleanup**

        Reset the dummy event, so it can be listened again

Call WSARecv on the socket to start listening for packet streams.  
When a IO event has been triggered and a packet stream is read  
Transition to **Completion Routine (Recieve)**

## Completion Routine (Recieve)

Called when an IO has been triggered on WSARecv from the **TCP thread**  
If error code is not zero:  
    Exit thread  
If the size of the packet has not been set yet, indicating the first packet just arrived  
    Start system timer for start of time  
    Extract the control message, and store it into  
TRANSMISSION\_INFORMATION struct  
If no bytes is received and the packet content is all null characters  
    End system timer  
    Set EOT to TRUE  
    Close socket and exit thread  
Transition to **Update Statistics**  
Call WSARecv on the socket  
When a IO event has been triggered and a packet stream is read  
    Transition to **Completion Routine (Recieve)**

## UDP Thread (Recieve)

Open a file for writing incoming datagram contents  
Create a dummy timer event  
Calls recvfrom on the socket, which queries for an initial message  
When message is received, check the content and see if it contains the control message format  
    The control message format will be in "packet size.send times",  
extract it into the TRANSMISSION\_INFORMATION structure  
Start system timer for start of time  
Create the timer thread for timeouts when no packets are arriving anymore  
Forever loop:  
    Post an asynchronous recvfrom request  
        Transition to **Update Statistics**  
    Set / signal the timer thread that an IO event has occurred  
    If last datagram is received, which contains a datagram filled with null characters. Or number of bytes received is 0

Break out of the loop  
Get system end time  
Transition to **Print statistics and cleanup** state

## Update Statistics

Called by either **UDP Thread** or **Completion Routine (Recieve)** when something is received from the socket  
If the receive call failed  
Transition to **UDP Thread** or **Completion Routine (Recieve)**  
Check if we have enough bytes to fill up a packet by and if bytes received is greater than a packet length  
Increment number of total packets received  
Write the received buffer message to a file  
Transition to **UDP Thread** or **Completion Routine (Recieve)**

## Print statistics and cleanup

Open file to append statistics info  
Write the TRANSMISSION\_INFORMATION statistics into the file  
Set EOT Boolean to False  
Close the accepted socket  
Close WSA session  
Close file  
Transition to **END**