

**UNIVERSIDAD TÉCNICA DE MACHALA**

**Maestría en Software**

**Asignatura:**

**Base de datos NoSQL**

**Tema:**

**Workshop Graphs using R Studio**

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**Estudiante:**

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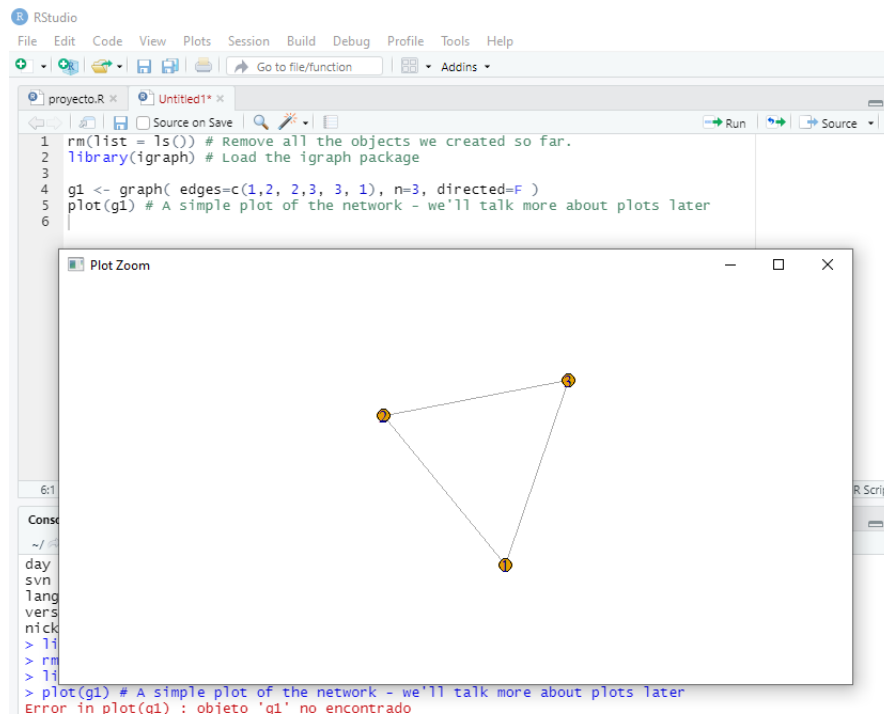
2021-2022

## Capítulo 2 - Networks in igraph

### Create networks

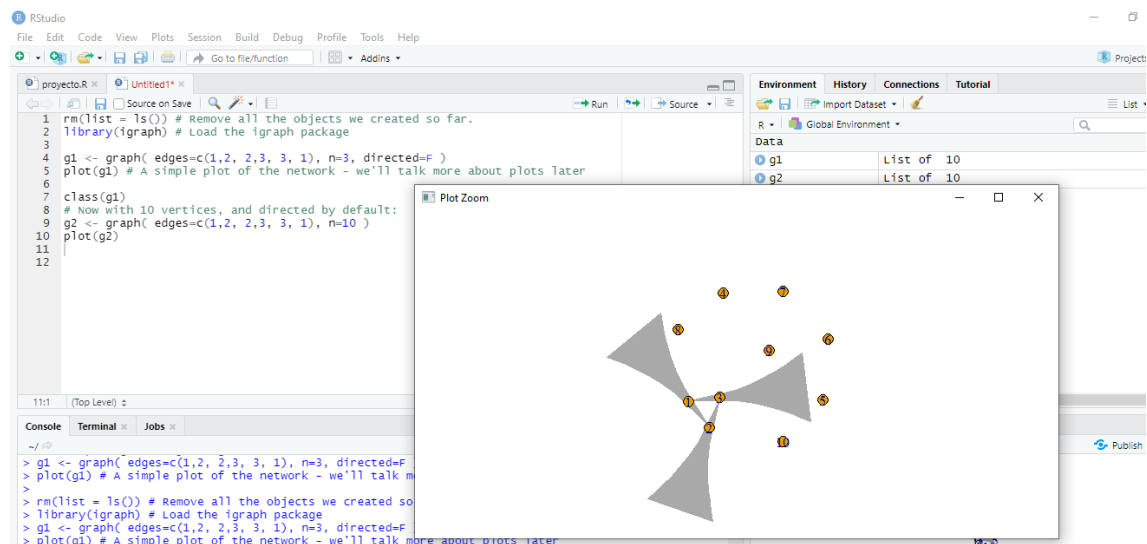
```
g1 <- graph( edges=c(1,2, 2,3, 3, 1), n=3, directed=F )
```

```
plot(g1) # A simple plot of the network - we'll talk more about plots later
```



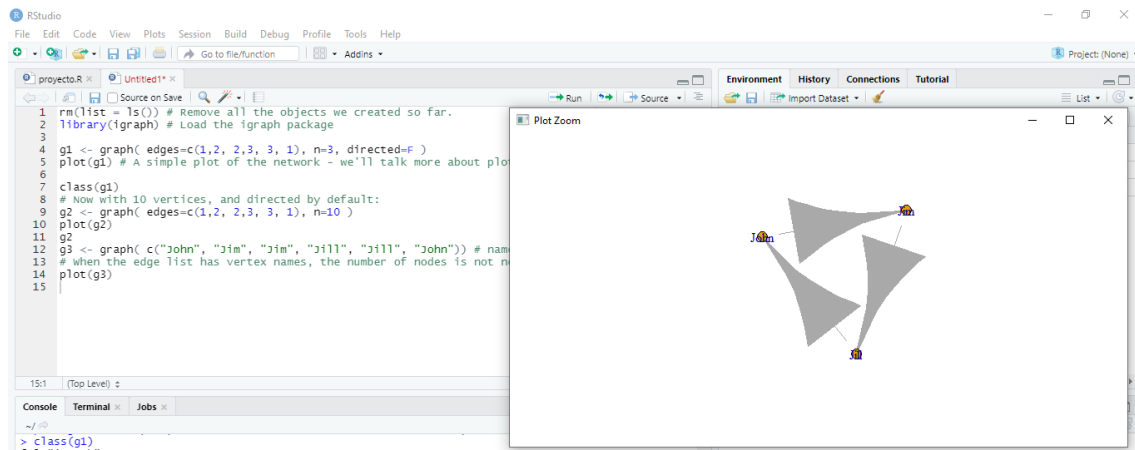
```
g2 <- graph( edges=c(1,2, 2,3, 3, 1), n=10 )
```

```
plot(g2)
```



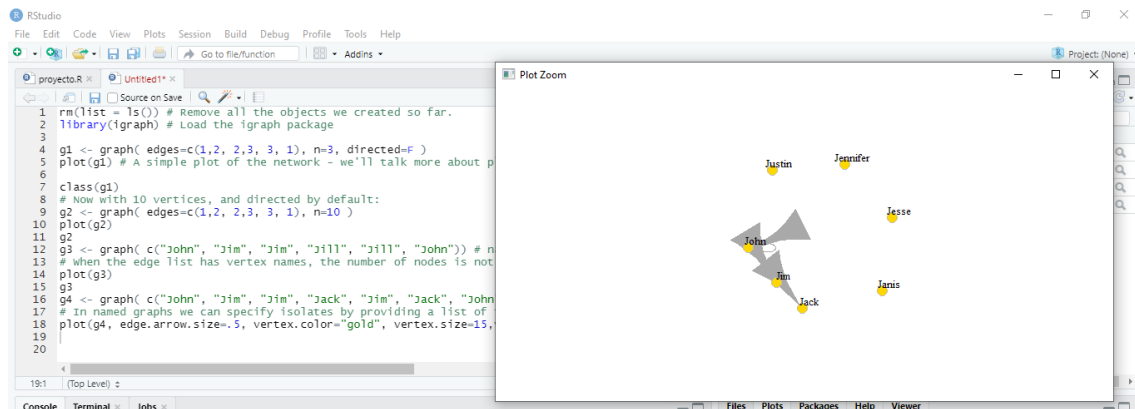
```
g3 <- graph( c("John", "Jim", "Jim", "Jill", "Jill", "John"))
```

```
plot(g3)
```

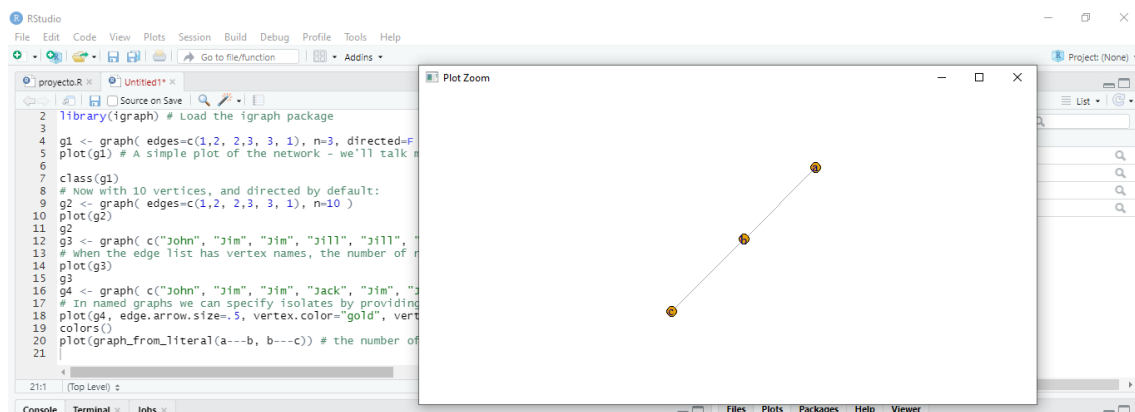


```
g4 <- graph( c("John", "Jim", "Jim", "Jack", "Jim", "Jack", "John", "John"), isolates=c("Jesse", "Janis", "Jennifer", "Justin") )
```

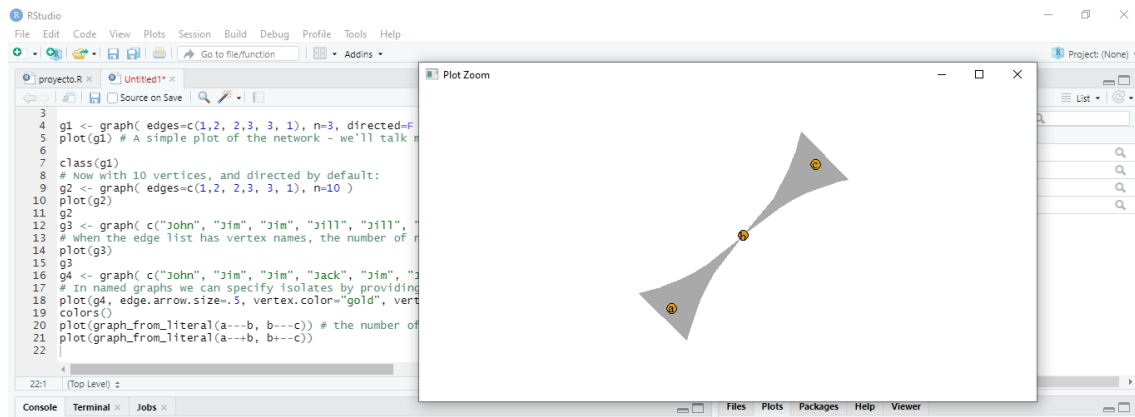
```
plot(g4, edge.arrow.size=.5, vertex.color="gold", vertex.size=15, vertex.frame.color="gray", vertex.label.color="black", vertex.label.cex=0.8, vertex.label.dist=2, edge.curved=0.2)
```



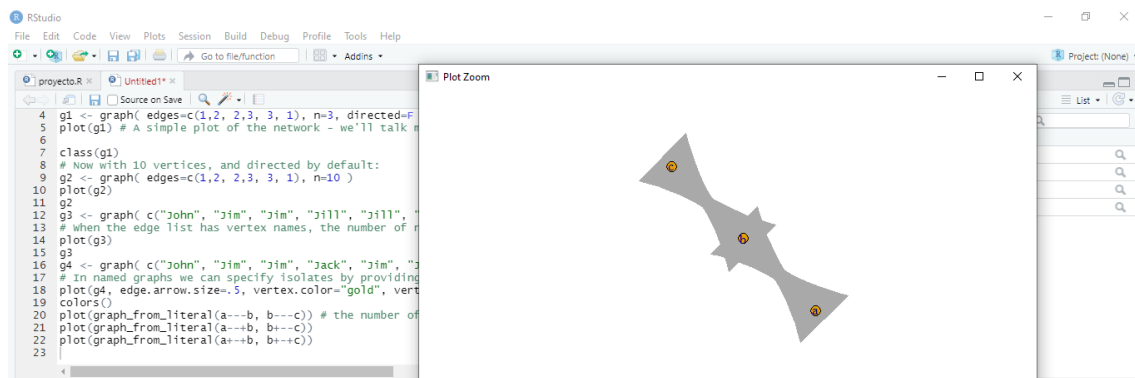
```
plot(graph_from_literal(a---b, b---c))
```



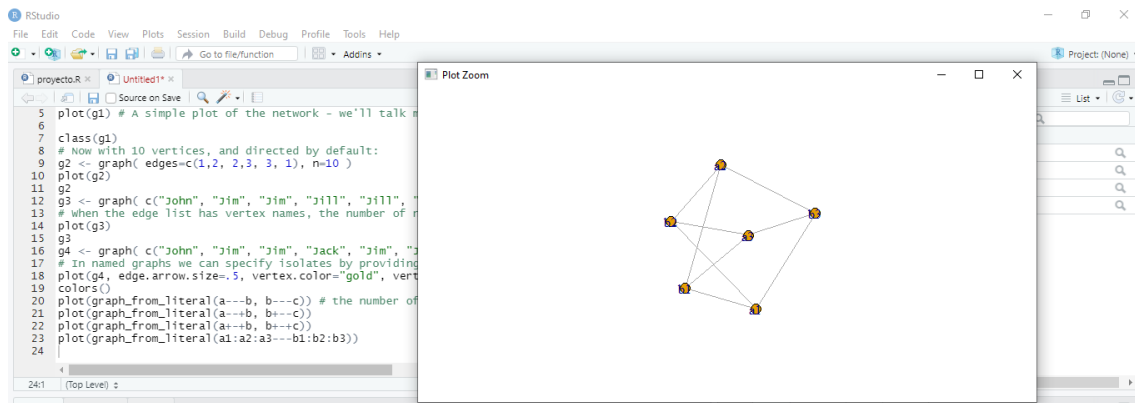
```
plot(graph_from_literal(a--b, b--c))
```



`plot(graph_from_literal(a+--+b, b+--+c))`

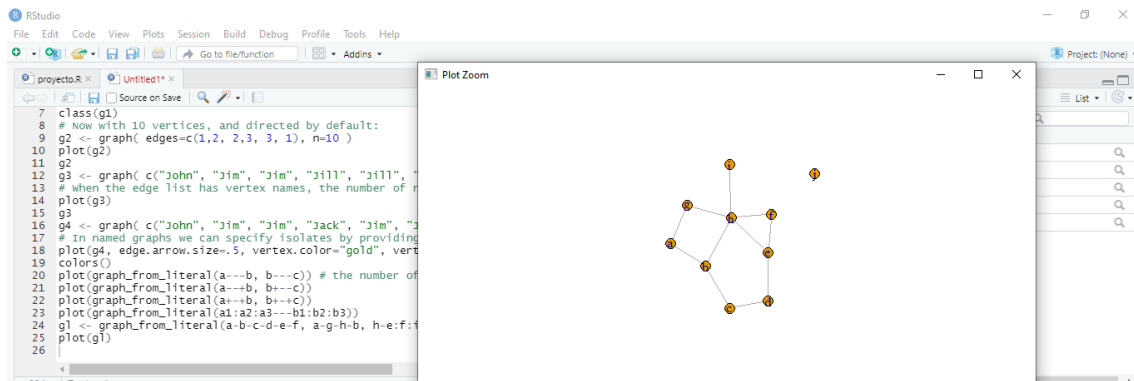


`plot(graph_from_literal(a1:a2:a3---b1:b2:b3))`



`gl <- graph_from_literal(a-b-c-d-e-f, a-g-h-b, h-e:f:i, j)`

`plot(gl)`



## Edge, vertex, and network attributes

`E(g4)` # The edges of the object

`V(g4)` # The vertices of the object

`g4[]`

`g4[1,]`

`V(g4)$name`

`V(g4)$gender <- c("male", "male", "male", "male", "female", "female", "male")`

`E(g4)$type <- "email" # Edge attribute, assign "email" to all edges`

`E(g4)$weight <- 10`

`edge_attr(g4)`

`vertex_attr(g4)`

`graph_attr(g4)`

`g4 <- set_graph_attr(g4, "name", "Email Network")`

`g4 <- set_graph_attr(g4, "something", "A thing")`

`graph_attr_names(g4)`

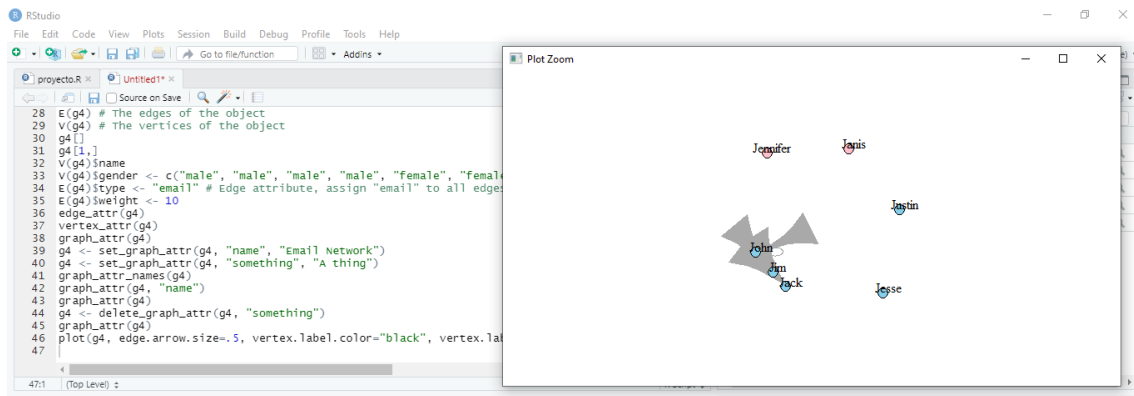
`graph_attr(g4, "name")`

`graph_attr(g4)`

`g4 <- delete_graph_attr(g4, "something")`

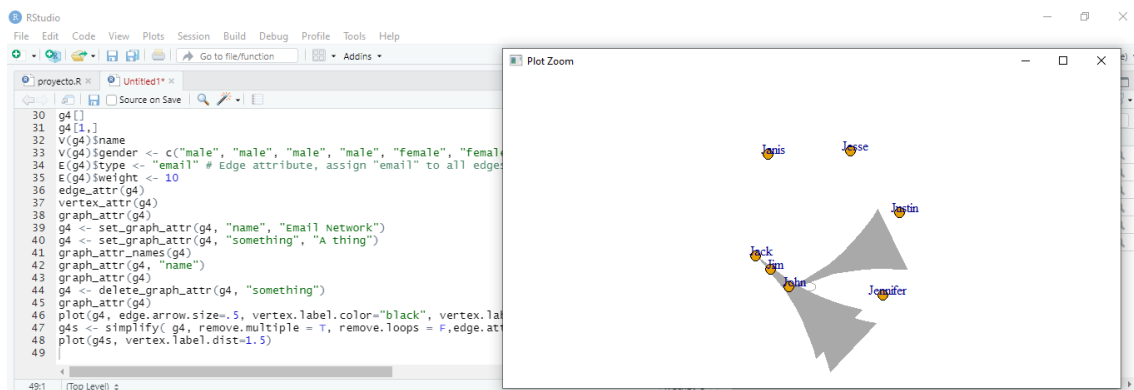
`graph_attr(g4)`

`plot(g4, edge.arrow.size=.5, vertex.label.color="black", vertex.label.dist=1.5, vertex.color=c("pink", "skyblue")[1+(V(g4)$gender=="male")])`



`g4s <- simplify( g4, remove.multiple = T, remove.loops = F, edge.attr.comb=c(weight="sum", type="ignore") )`

`plot(g4s, vertex.label.dist=1.5)`

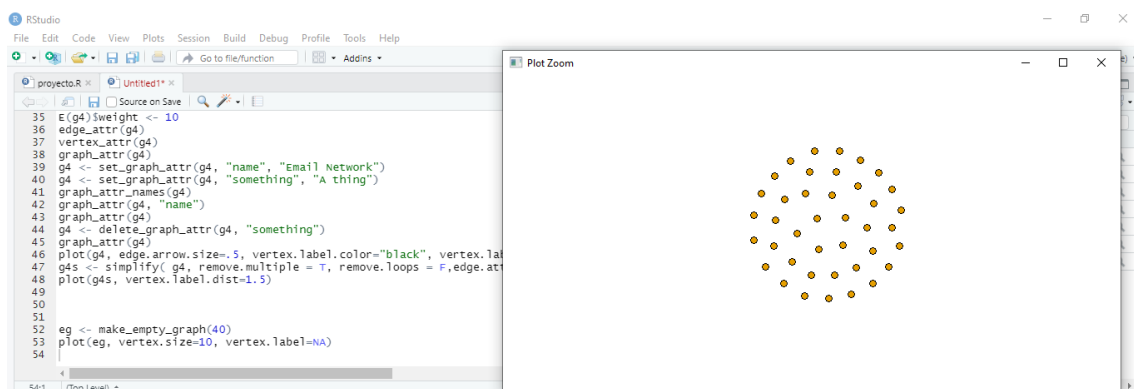


## Specific graphs and graph models

### Empty graph

`eg <- make_empty_graph(40)`

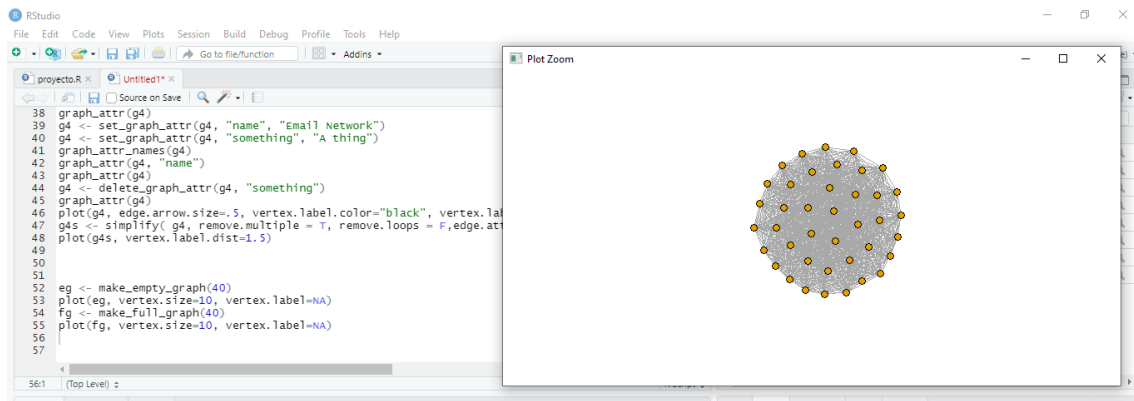
`plot(eg, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)`



### Full graph

`fg <- make_full_graph(40)`

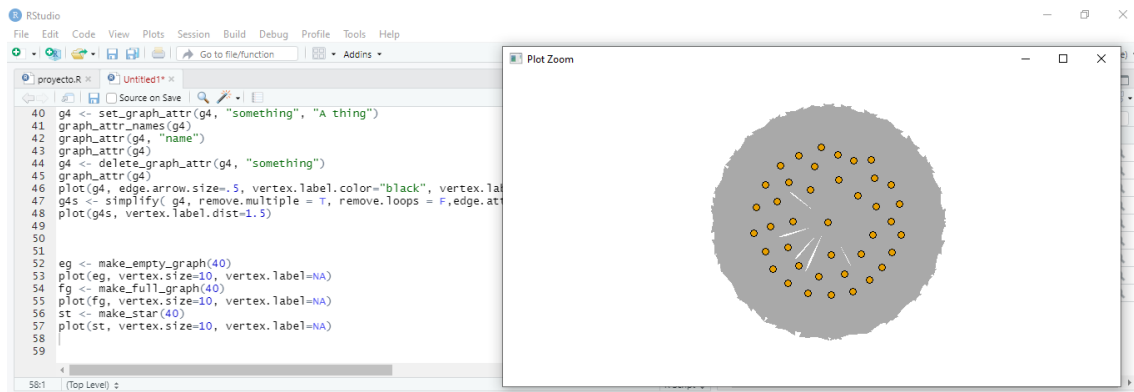
`plot(fg, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)`



## Simple star graph

```
st <- make_star(40)
```

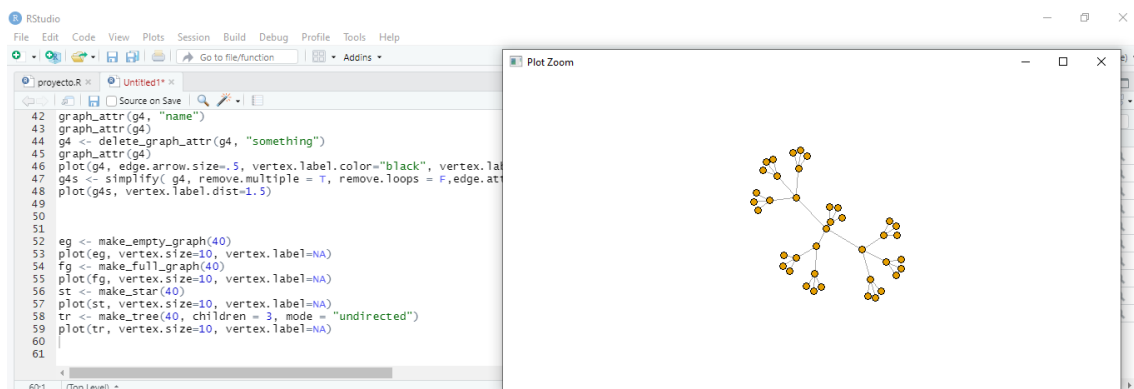
```
plot(st, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)
```



## Tree graph

```
tr <- make_tree(40, children = 3, mode = "undirected")
```

```
plot(tr, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)
```

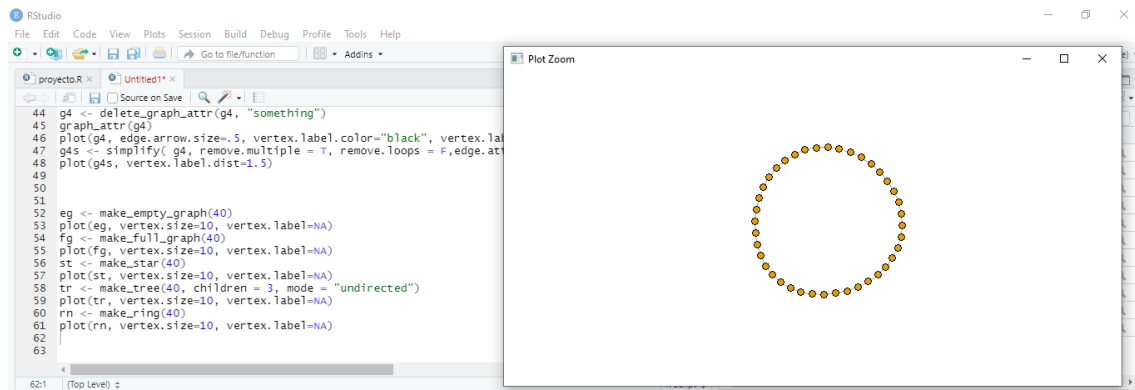


## Ring graph

```
rn <- make_ring(40)
```

```
plot(rn, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)
```

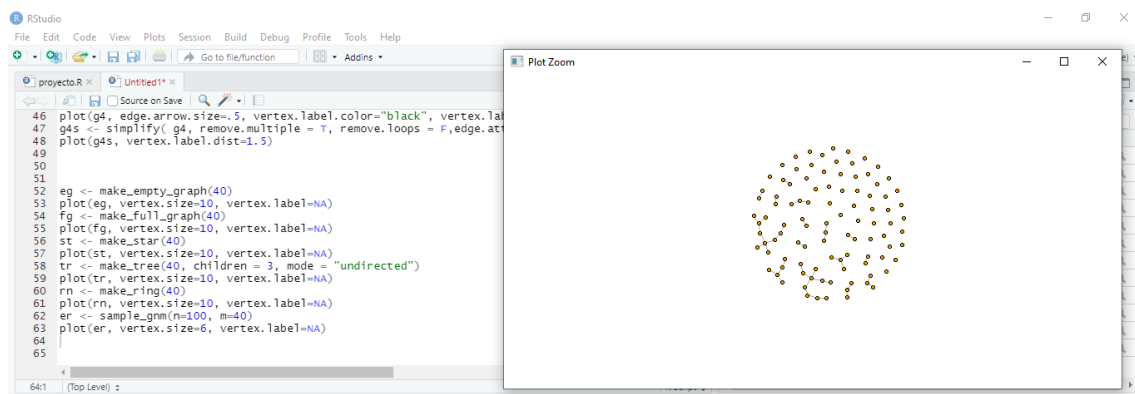




## Erds-Renyi random graph model

```
er <- sample_gnm(n=100, m=40)
```

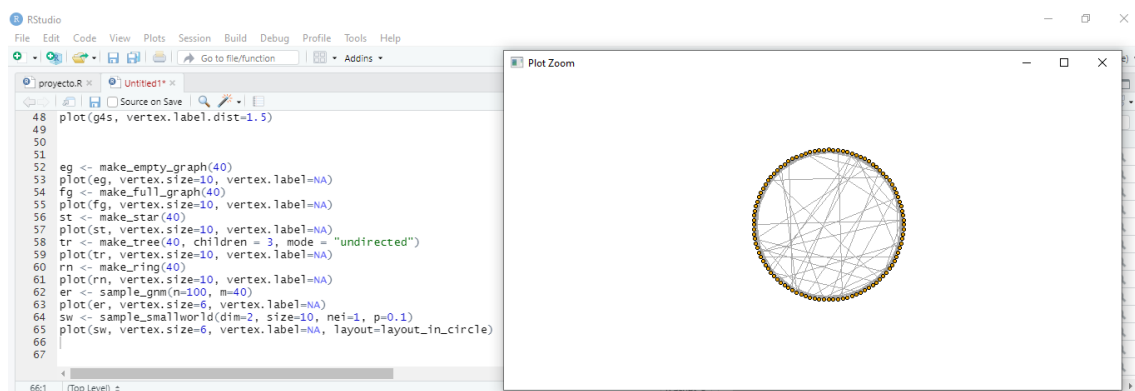
```
plot(er, vertex.size=6, vertex.label=NA)
```



## Watts-Strogatz small-world model

```
sw <- sample_smallworld(dim=2, size=10, nei=1, p=0.1)
```

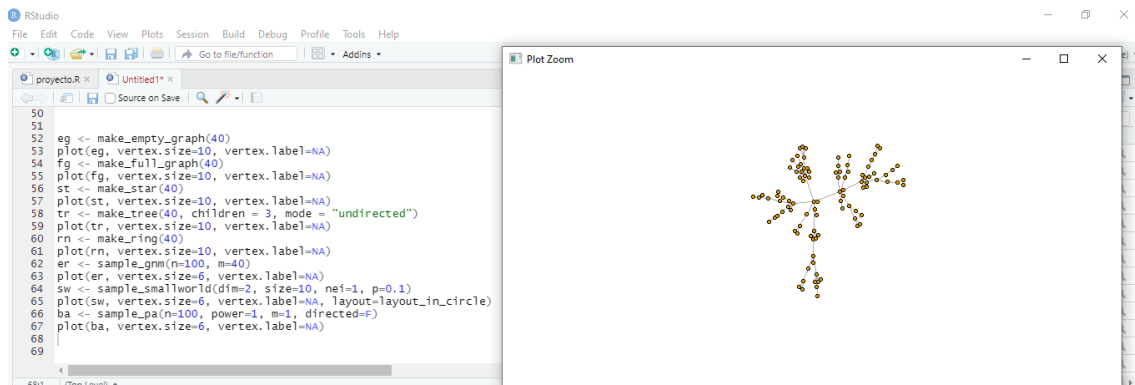
```
plot(sw, vertex.size=6, vertex.label=NA, layout=layout_in_circle)
```



## Barabasi-Albert preferential attachment model for scale-free graphs

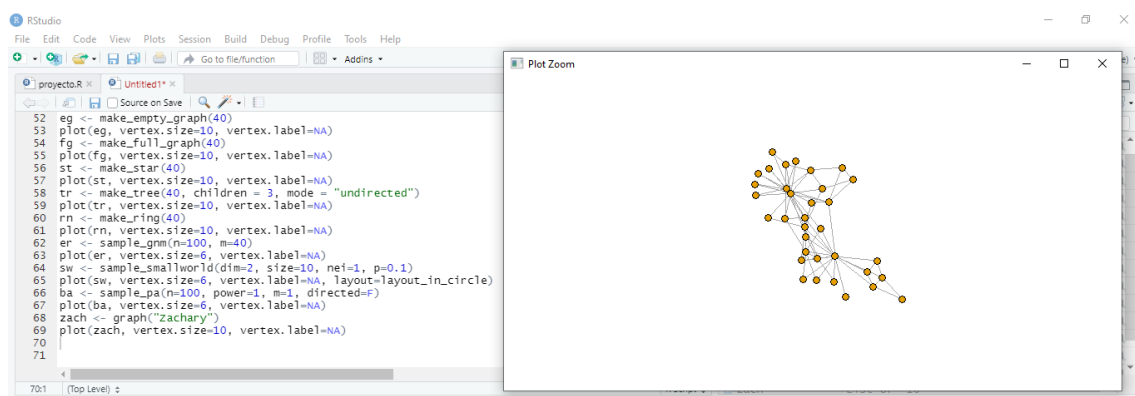
```
ba <- sample_pa(n=100, power=1, m=1, directed=F)
```

```
plot(ba, vertex.size=6, vertex.label=NA)
```



```
zach <- graph("Zachary")
```

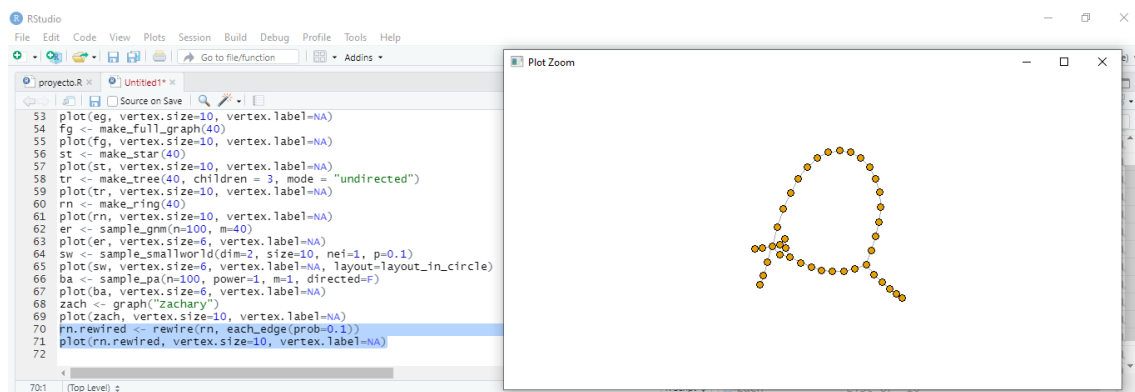
```
plot(zach, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)
```



## Rewiring a graph

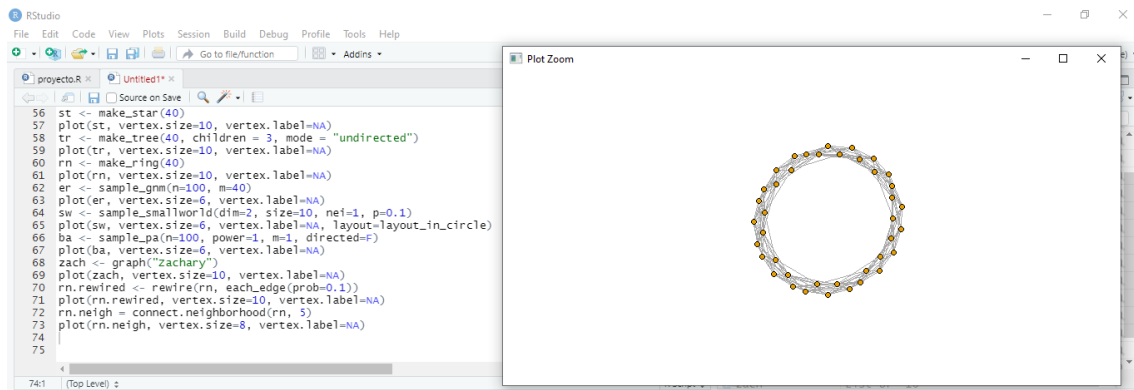
```
rn.rewired <- rewire(rn, each_edge(prob=0.1))
```

```
plot(rn.rewired, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)
```

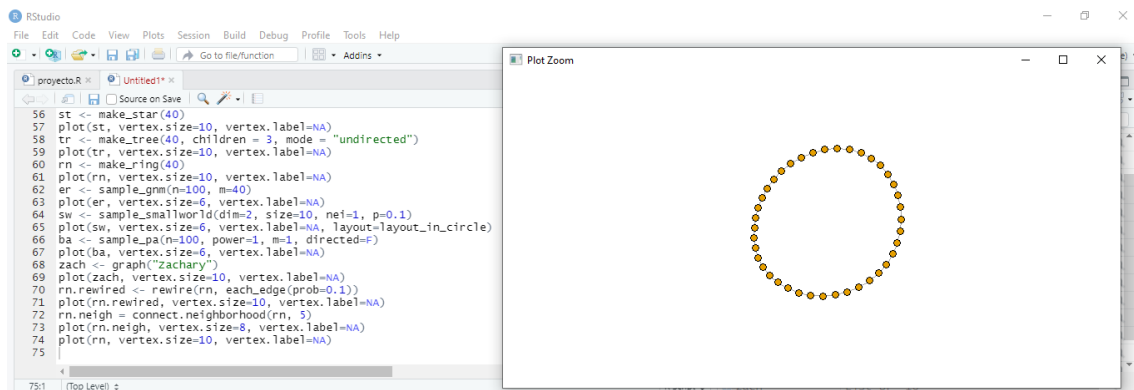


```
rn.neigh = connect.neighborhood(rn, 5)
```

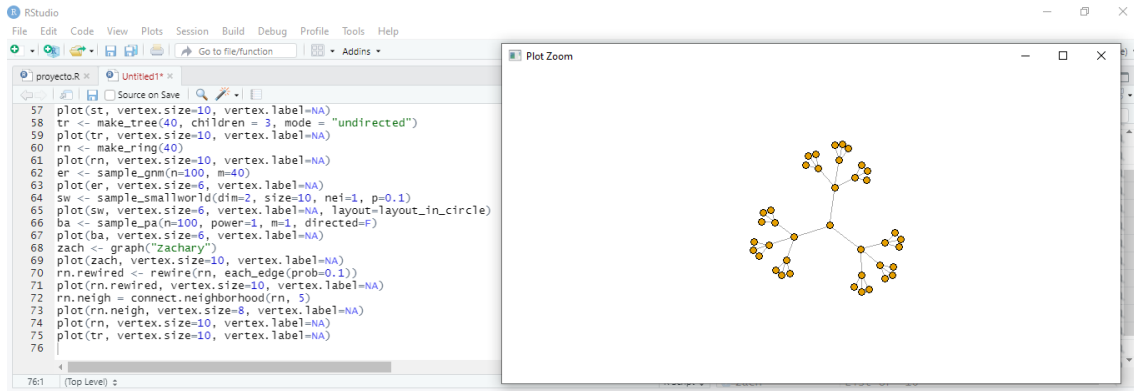
```
plot(rn.neigh, vertex.size=8, vertex.label=NA)
```



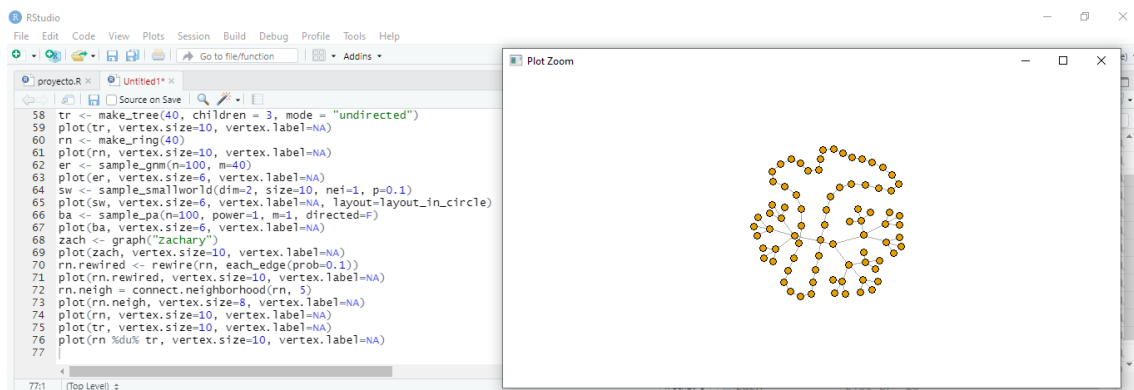
plot(rn, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)



plot(tr, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)



plot(rn %du% tr, vertex.size=10, vertex.label=NA)



### Capítulo 3 - Reading network data

```
nodes <- read.csv("D:\\Maestria de Software\\Maestria-de-Software\\Base de datos no  
sql\\R\\Data files\\Dataset1-Media-Example-NODES.csv", header=T, as.is=T)
```

```
links <- read.csv("D:\\Maestria de Software\\Maestria-de-Software\\Base de datos no  
sql\\R\\Data files\\Dataset1-Media-Example-EDGES.csv", header=T, as.is=T)
```

```
head(nodes)
```

```
head(links)
```

```
nrow(nodes); length(unique(nodes$id))
```

```
nrow(links); nrow(unique(links[,c("from", "to")]))
```

```
> head(nodes)
  id      media media.type type.label audience.size
1 s01      NY Times      1 Newspaper      20
2 s02 Washington Post      1 Newspaper      25
3 s03 wall Street Journal      1 Newspaper      30
4 s04      USA Today      1 Newspaper      32
5 s05      LA Times      1 Newspaper      20
6 s06 New York Post      1 Newspaper      50
> head(links)
  from to weight type
1 s01 s02     10 hyperlink
2 s01 s02     12 hyperlink
3 s01 s03     22 hyperlink
4 s01 s04     21 hyperlink
5 s04 s11     22 mention
6 s05 s15     21 mention
> nrow(nodes); length(unique(nodes$id))
[1] 17
[1] 17
> nrow(links); nrow(unique(links[,c("from", "to")]))
[1] 52
[1] 49
> |
```

```
links <- aggregate(links[,3], links[, -3], sum)
```

```
links <- links[order(links$from, links$to),]
```

```
colnames(links)[4] <- "weight"
```

```
rownames(links) <- NULL
```

```
> nrow(links); nrow(unique(links[,c("from", "to")]))
[1] 52
[1] 49
> links <- aggregate(links[,3], links[, -3], sum)
> links <- links[order(links$from, links$to),]
> colnames(links)[4] <- "weight"
> rownames(links) <- NULL
> |
```

```
library(igraph)
```

```
net <- graph_from_data_frame(d=links, vertices=nodes, directed=T)
```

```
class(net)
```

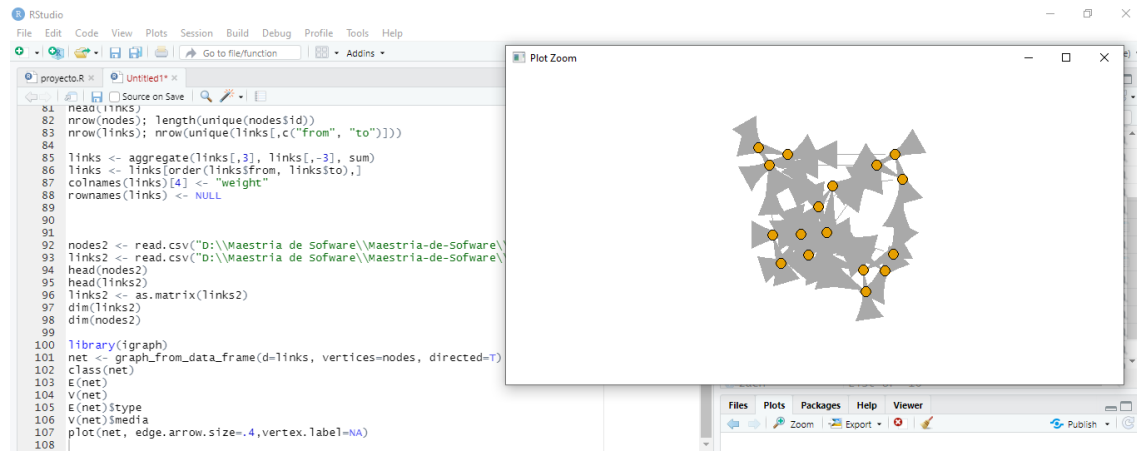
```
E(net)
```

```
V(net)
```

```
E(net)$type
```

```
V(net)$media
```

```
plot(net, edge.arrow.size=.4,vertex.label=NA)
```



```
nodes2 <- read.csv("D:\\Maestria de Software\\Maestria-de-Software\\Base de datos no
sql\\R\\Data files\\Dataset1-Media-Example-NODES.csv", header=T, as.is=T)
```

```
links2 <- read.csv("D:\\Maestria de Software\\Maestria-de-Software\\Base de datos no
sql\\R\\Data files\\Dataset1-Media-Example-EDGES.csv", header=T, as.is=T)
```

```
head(links2)
```

```
head(links2)
```

```
net2 <- graph_from_incidence_matrix(links2)
```

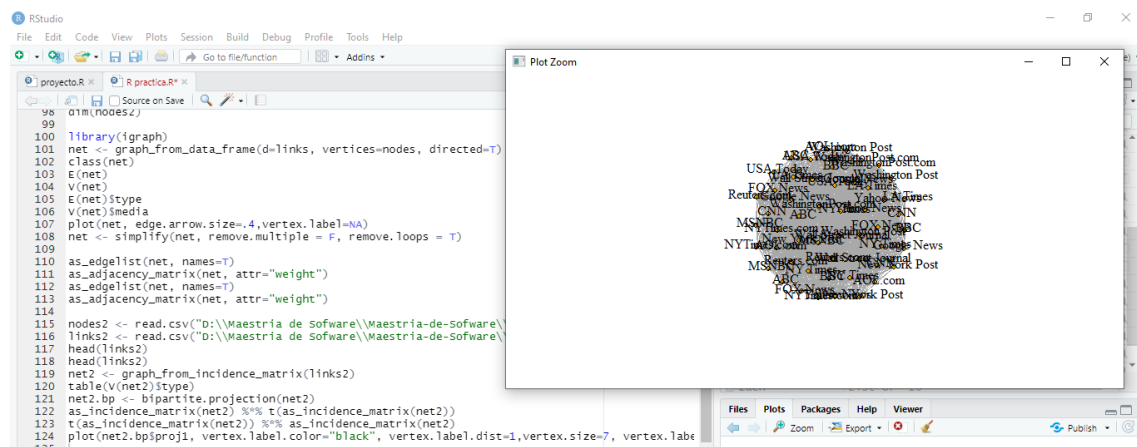
```
table(V(net2)$type)
```

```
net2.bp <- bipartite_projection(net2)
```

```
as_incidence_matrix(net2) %*% t(as_incidence_matrix(net2))
```

```
t(as_incidence_matrix(net2)) %*% as_incidence_matrix(net2)
```

```
plot(net2.bp$proj1, vertex.label.color="black", vertex.label.dist=1,vertex.size=7,
vertex.label=nodes2$media[!is.na(nodes2$media.type)])
```



```
plot(net2.bp$proj2, vertex.label.color="black", vertex.label.dist=1,vertex.size=7,
vertex.label=nodes2$media[ is.na(nodes2$media.type)])
```

