



Embedded BMC/IPMI

User's Guide

Revision 2.0

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Preface

About this User's Guide

This user guide is written for system integrators, PC technicians and knowledgeable PC users who intend to configure the IPMI settings supported by the Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC Controller embedded in Supermicro's motherboards. It provides detailed information on how to configure the IPMI settings supported by the Nuvoton WPCM450 chip.

 **Note:** Nuvoton Technology is a subsidiary of Winbond Corp.

User's Guide Organization

Chapter 1 provides an overview to the Nuvoton WPCM450 Controller. It also introduces the features and the functionality of IPMI.

Chapter 2 provides detailed instructions on how to configure the IPMI settings supported by the embedded WPCM450 Controller.

Chapter 3 provides the answers to frequently asked questions.

Conventions Used in the User's Guide

Special attention should be given to the following symbols for proper IPMI configuration.



Warning: Important information given to avoid IPMI configuration errors.



Note: Additional Information given to ensure correct IPMI configuration and proper system setup.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1-1 An Overview of the WPCM 450 BMC Controller

The Nuvoton WPCM450 Controller, a Baseboard Management Controller (BMC), supports 2D/VGA-compatible Graphic Cores with PCI interface, creating multi-media virtualization via Keyboard/Video/Mouse Redirection (KVMR). The WPCM450 Controller is ideal for networking management.

The WPCM450 Controller interfaces with the host system via PCI connections to communicate with Graphic cores. It supports USB 2.0 and 1.1 for remote keyboard/mouse/virtual media emulation. It also provides LPC interface support to control Super IO functions. The WPCM450 Controller is connected to the network via an external Ethernet PHY module or shared NCSI connections.

The WPCM450 communicates with onboard components via six SMBus interfaces, PECI (Platform Environment Control Interface) buses, and General Purpose I/O ports.

WPCM450 DDR2 Memory Interface

The WPCM450 supports 16-bit DDR2 memory with a speed of up to 220 MHz. The motherboard supports 128 MB of shared memory between the BMC and onboard graphics card. For best signal integrity, the WPCM450 provides point-to-point connections.

WPCM450 PCI System Interface

The WPCM450 provides the 32-bit, 33 MHz 3.3V PCI interface, which is compliant with the PCI Local Bus Specification Rev. 2.3. The PCI system interface connects to the onboard PCI Bridge used by the graphics controller.

Other Features Supported by the WPCM BMC Controller

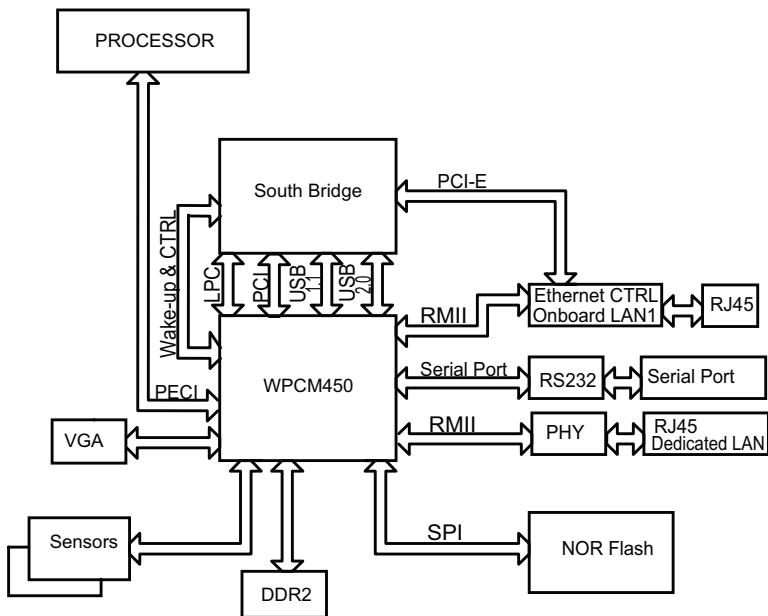
The WPCM450 supports the following features.

- IPMI 2.0
- Serial over LAN
- KVM over LAN

- LAN Alerting-SNMP Trap
- Event Log
- X-Bus parallel interface for I/O expansion
- Multiple ADC inputs, Analog and Digital Video outputs
- Two serial ports (optional)
- DDR2 SDRAM memory for frame-buffer, firmware support and data storage
- SPI Flash Host BIOS and firmware bootstrap program supported
- Reduced Media Independent Interface (RMII)
- OS (Operating System) Independency
- Provides remote Hardware Health Monitoring via IPMI. Key features include the following:
 - Temperature monitoring
 - Fan speed monitoring
 - Voltage monitoring
 - Power status monitoring, chassis intrusion monitoring
 - Remote power control to power-on, power-off or reboot a system
 - Remote access to text-based, graphic-based system information, including BIOS configurations and OS operation information (KVM)
 - Remote management of utility/software applications
- Provides Network Management Security via remote access/console redirection. Key features include:
 - User authentication enhancement
 - Encryption support enhancement, allowing for password configuration security to protect sensitive data transferring via Serial over LAN
- Supports the following Management tools: IPMIView, CLI (Command Line Interface)
- RMCP+ protocol supported

1-2 WPCM450 Block Diagram

The following diagram represents a typical system setup for the WPCM450 Controller.



1-3 A Brief Introduction to the IPMI

The Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) Specification provides remote access to multiple users from different locations for networking. It also allows a system administrator to monitor system health and manage computer events from a remote location.

IPMI operates independently of the operating system. When used in conjunction with the IPMIView, which is an IPMI-compliant management software pre-installed in a computer by Supermicro, the WPCM450 BMC Controller provides serial link connections between the South Bridge and other onboard system components, allowing for network interfacing via remote access. With the WPCM450 Controller and the IPMIView software built in, a Supermicro motherboard allows an administrator to access, monitor, diagnose and manage a computer system from a remote site. It also provides remote access to multiple users from different locations for system maintenance and network management.

1-4 Motherboards Supported

This version of Embedded BMC/IPMI is supported by the motherboards listed in the table below. If your motherboard is not included in the table, please refer to the motherboard product page on our website at www.supermicro.com and download the right BMC/IPMI user's guide for your motherboard.

Intel UP Motherboards supported	Intel DP Motherboards supported	AMD Motherboards supported
X7SB3-F	X7DCT-3F	H8DMT-F
X8ST3-F	X7DCT-3IBXF	H8DMT-IBXF
X8STi-F	X7DCT-LF	
X8STi-3F	X8DAH+-F	
	X8DT3-F	
	X8DT3-LN4F	
	X8DTH-6F	
	X8DTH-iF	
	X8DTi-F	
	X8DTi-LN4F	
	X8DTT-F	
	X8DTT-IBQF	
	X8DTT-IBXF	
	X8DTU-F	

1-5 An Important Note to the User

The graphics shown in this user's guide were based on the latest information available at the time of publishing of this guide. The IPMI screens shown on your computer may or may not look exactly like the screen shown in this user's guide.

Chapter 2

Configuring the IPMI Settings

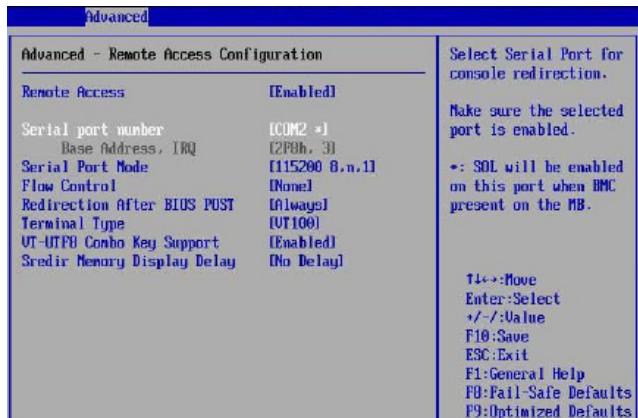
With the Nuvoton WPCM450 BMC Controller and the IPMIView firmware built in, Supermicro motherboards allow the user to access, monitor, manage and interface with multiple systems in various remote locations. The necessary firmware for accessing and configuring the IPMI settings are available on Supermicro's website at <http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/ipmi.cfm>. This section provides detailed information on how to configure the IPMI settings.

2-1 Configuring BIOS

Before configuring IPMI, follow the instructions below to configure the system BIOS settings.

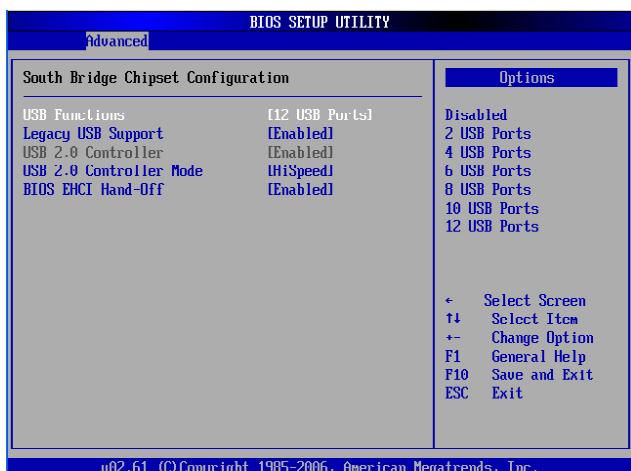
Enabling COM Port for SOL (IPMI)

1. Press the key at bootup to enter the BIOS Setup utility.
2. Select *Advanced* and press <Enter> to enter the Advanced menu.
3. From the Advanced menu, select *Remote Access* and press <Enter>.
4. Make sure that the COM port for SOL (COM2 or COM3) is enabled (marked with **). If not, Select the port for SOL and press <Enabled>. (For IPMI to work properly, BIOS will set the console redirection on this port by default.)



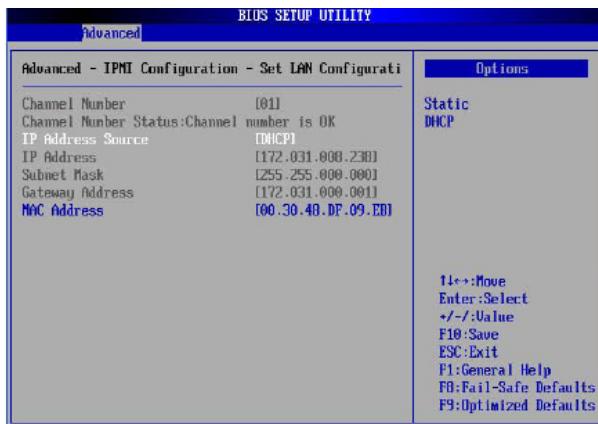
B. Enabling All Onboard USB ports

1. Press the key at bootup to enter the BIOS Setup utility.
2. Select *Advanced* and press <Enter> to enter the Advanced menu.
3. Select *Advanced Chipset Control* and press <Enter>.
4. From the Advanced Chipset Control submenu, select *South Bridge Control* and press <Enter>.
5. Make sure that all onboard USB ports are enabled (highlighted). If not, Select *USB Functions* and press <Enabled> or select the number of onboard USB ports or press <Enter> to enable all onboard USB ports. (This is required for KVM to work properly.)



C. Configuring IP and MAC Addresses using BIOS

1. Press the key at bootup to enter the BIOS Setup utility.
2. Select *Advanced* and press <Enter> to enter the Advanced menu.
3. From the Advanced menu, select *IPMI Configuration* and press <Enter>.
4. From the IPMI Configuration submenu, select *Set LAN Configuration* and press <Enter> to set IP and MAC addresses.



To Set the IP/MAC Addresses Using the IPMICFG Utility

1. Run the ipmicfg utility from the bootable CD that came with your shipment.
2. Follow the instructions given in the Readme.txt file to configure Gateway IP/Netmask IP addresses, to enable/disable DHCP and to configure other IPMI settings.

IPMICFG Version 1.35 (Build 2010-04-28) Copyright 2010 Super Micro Computer, Inc. Usage: IPMICFG Parameters (Example: IPMICFG -m 172.31.1.84)

-m	Shows IP and MAC
-m IP	Sets IP (format: ####.####.####.####)
-a MAC	Sets MAC (format: ##.##.##.##.##.##)
-k	Shows Subnet Mask
-k Mask	Sets Subnet Mask (format: ####.####.####.####)
-dhcp	Gets the DHCP status
-dhcp on	Enables the DHCP
-dhcp off	Disables the DHCP
-g	Shows Gateway IP
-g IP	Sets Gateway IP (format: ####.####.####.####)

-r	BMC cold reset
-garp on	Enables the Gratuitous ARP
-garp off	Disables the Gratuitous ARP
-fd	Resets to the factory defaults
-ver	Gets the firmware revision
-vlan	Gets VLAN status
-vlan on (VLANtag)	Enables the VLAN and sets the VLAN tag (If VLAN tag is not given, it uses previously saved value.)
-vlan off	Disables the VLAN
-raw	Sends a RAW IPMI request and print the response. Format: NetFn LUN Cmd [Data1...DataN].
-sdr	Shows SDR records and reading
-sdr del <SDR ID>	Deletes SDR record
-sdr backup <FILE>	Backups SDR to file
-sdr restore <FILE>	Restores SDR from file
-sdr ver [<V1><V2>]	Retrieves and sets SDR version (V1, V2)
-sel info	Shows SEL info
-sel list	Shows SEL records
-sel del	Deletes all SEL records
-fru info	Shows FRU inventory area info
-fru list	Shows all FRU values
-fru help	Shows FRU Write help
-fru cthelp	Shows chassis type code
-fru <Field>	Shows FRU field value
-fru <Field> <Value>	Writes FRU
-fru backup <File>	Backs up FRU to file
-fru restore <File>	Restores FRU from file
-fru ver [<V1> <V2>]	Retrieves and sets FRU version (V1, V2)

Accessing the Baseboard Management Controller

1. Connect a LAN cable to the onboard LAN1 port or the dedicated IPMI LAN port.
2. Choose a computer connected to the same network and open the IPMIView utility.
3. Go to File>New>System. Enter System Name, IP Address of LAN1 or the dedicated LAN, Description in the appropriate fields and press <Enter>.
4. Select the system from the IPMI Domain. Enter the Login ID and Password in the appropriate fields to login to the IPMIView utility.

Using the Internet Browser

1. Connect a LAN cable to the onboard LAN1 port or the dedicated IPMI LAN port.
2. Choose a computer that is connected to the same network and open the browser.
3. Enter the IP address of each server that you want to connect to in the address bar in your browser.
4. Once your machine is connected to the remote server, the Log-In screen as shown on the next page will display.



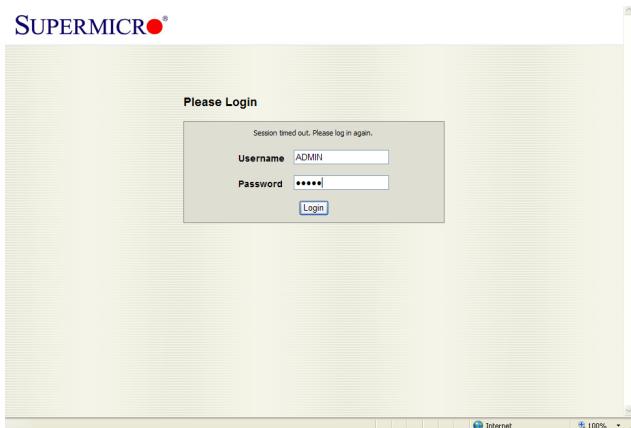
Note 1: If you wish to use the IPMI-dedicated LAN port for your network connections, be sure to connect an RJ45 cable to your dedicated LAN port before you activate the BMC (at first power-on or cold reset). Otherwise, the BMC will look for a shared LAN port to connect to if the IPMI-dedicated LAN cable is not detected upon BMC activation.

Note 2: However, if you should decide to use the IPMI-dedicated LAN port for a network connection, please perform a BMC cold reset or power cycle reset for the dedicated LAN to be detected.

2-2 Using IE* to Access the BMC/IPMI Settings from Your Computer

2.2.1 To Log In

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Once you are connected to the remote server, the following screen will display.

1. Enter your Username.
2. Enter your Password and click <Login>.
3. The Home Page will display on the next page.

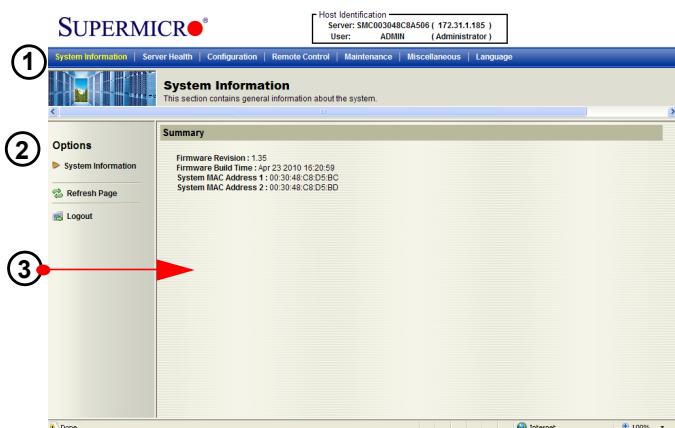
 **Note 1:** To use the IPMIView Utility to access BMC/IPMI settings, refer to the IPMIView User's Guide for instructions.

Note 2: The manufacturer default username and password are ADMIN. Once you have logged into the BMC using the manufacturer default password, be sure to change your password for system security.

Note 3: For IPMI to work properly, please enable all onboard USB ports and the COM port designated for SOL (IPMI) on the motherboard. All USB ports and the COM port for IPMI are **enabled** in the system BIOS by default. The COM port for IPMI is marked with "*" in the BIOS. It is usually listed as COM2 or COM3 in the BIOS. Refer to Section 2-1 Configuring BIOS.

2.2.2 IPMI Main Page

Once you are logged into the IPMI utility, the IPMI Main page will display.



The IPMI screen contains the following three sections:

- The Submenu Bar (Top)
- The Options Window (Left)
- The Main Display area (Center)

1. Submenu Bar

The submenu bar on the top lists the following submenus:

Submenu Bar	
System Information	This submenu displays system information.
Server Health	This submenu displays server health monitoring status.
Configuration	This submenu allows the user to configure the IPMI settings.
Remote Control	This submenu allows the user to launch KVM Console and perform power control & management.
Maintenance	This submenu allows the user to update the firmware and reset the unit.
Miscellaneous	This submenu allows the user to post snooping codes and to launch the SOL console.
Language	This submenu allows the user to select a language setting. (Currently, only English is available.)
? Help	Click this item to find an answer when you have a question.

2. The Options window

The Options window on the left side allows the user to quickly navigate through different submenu options.

Options window	
Submenu Name (System Information)	Click this item to display and configure a submenu items.
Refresh Page	Click this icon to refresh the page.
Logout	Click this icon to logout from the IPMI utility.

3. The Main Display Area

This area displays the items included in a submenu.

The following items are included in the System Information submenu.

- Firmware Revision: This item displays the current firmware revision number.
- Firmware Build Time: This item displays the time and the date when this version of firmware was built.
- System MAC Address 1: This item displays the MAC address of the first system that is connected to IPMI.
- System MAC Address 2: This item displays the MAC address of the second system that is connected to IPMI.

2.3 Server Health

This feature allows the user to set Server Health Settings. Click <Server Health> to display the following submenu.



The Server Health submenu contains the following items.

- Sensor Readings
- Sensor Readings with Thresholds
- Event Log

2.3.1. Sensor Readings

Click this item to display the Sensor Reading page as shown below.

The screenshot shows the SUPERMICRO Server Health interface. At the top, there is a navigation bar with links for System Information, Server Health, Configuration, Remote Control, Maintenance, Miscellaneous, and Language. A user information box displays the host identification (Server: SMC003048CSA506, IP: 172.31.1.185), the user (ADMIN), and the role (Administrator). Below the navigation bar, a banner says "Server Health" and describes the page as showing data related to the server's health, such as sensor readings. On the left, a sidebar titled "Options" includes "Server Health" (selected), "Sensor Readings", and "Event Log". It also has "Refresh Page" and "Logout" buttons. The main content area is titled "Sensor Readings" and contains a table of sensor data. The table has three columns: Name / Status, Reading /, and Description. The data includes:

Name / Status	Reading /	Description
CPU1 Temp	No Reading	
CPU2 Temp	Low	
System Temp	38 degrees C	
CPU1 Vcore	No Reading	
CPU2 Vcore	1.04 Volts	
+5V	5.08 Volts	
+12V	12 Volts	
CPU1DIMM	No Reading	
CPU2DIMM	1.542 Volts	
+1.5V	1.512 Volts	
+3.3V	3.264 Volts	
+3.3VSB	3.36 Volts	
VBAT	3.384 Volts	
Fan1	No Reading	
Fan2	No Reading	

- **All Sensors:** This item displays the readings for all sensors
- **Temperature Sensors:** This item displays the system temperature.
- **Voltage Sensors:** This item displays the following items: CPU Vcore, CPU DIMM voltages, +3.3V, +3.3VSB, +1.5V, +12V, +5V and VBAT (Battery Voltage).
- **Fan Sensors:** This item displays the readings of the onboard fans.
- **Power Supply:** This item displays the status of power supply failure monitoring.
- **OEM Reserved:** This item reserved for OEM use.

2.3.2. Sensor Readings with Thresholds

Click this item to display all sensor readings and their thresholds as shown below.

The screenshot shows the SUPERMICRO Server Health interface. At the top, there's a header bar with tabs for System Information, Server Health, Configuration, Remote Control, Maintenance, Miscellaneous, and Language. The Server Health tab is active. Below the header, a sub-header says "Server Health" and "This screen shows you data related to the server's health, such as sensor readings and the event log." A pull-down menu is open under the "Server Health" tab, showing options: All Sensors (selected), Status, Reading, Low NR, Low CT, Low NC, High NC, High CT, and High IR. The main content area displays sensor data in a table:

	Name	Status	Reading	Low NR	Low CT	Low NC	High NC	High CT	High IR
② CPU1 Temp	Not Available	No Reading	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
③ CPU2 Temp	Normal	Low	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
System Temp	Normal	38 degrees C	-9	-7	-5	75	77	79	degrees C
CPU1 Vcore	Not Available	1.04 Volts	0.6 Volts	0.608 Volts	0.616 Volts	1.384 Volts	1.392 Volts	1.4 Volts	Volts
④ CPU2 Vcore	Normal	5.08 Volts	4.28 Volts	4.32 Volts	4.36 Volts	5.48 Volts	5.52 Volts	5.56 Volts	Volts
+5V	Normal	12 Volts	10.464 Volts	10.56 Volts	10.656 Volts	13.344 Volts	13.44 Volts	13.536 Volts	Volts
⑤ CPU1DIMM	Not Available	No Reading	1.184 Volts	1.2 Volts	1.216 Volts	1.656 Volts	1.664 Volts	1.672 Volts	Volts
⑥ CPU2DIMM	Normal	1.544 Volts	1.184 Volts	1.2 Volts	1.216 Volts	1.656 Volts	1.664 Volts	1.672 Volts	Volts
+1.5V	Normal	1.512 Volts	1.32 Volts	1.328 Volts	1.336 Volts	1.656 Volts	1.664 Volts	1.672 Volts	Volts
+3.3V	Normal	3.264 Volts	2.88 Volts	2.904 Volts	2.928 Volts	3.648 Volts	3.672 Volts	3.696 Volts	Volts

At the bottom of the interface, there are buttons for Refresh and Hide Thresholds, and a status bar indicating "Internet 100%".

1. From the pull-down menu select a sensor you want to display its readings and thresholds.
2. Name: This item displays the name of the item being monitored.
3. Status: This item displays the status of the sensor item.
4. Reading: This item displays the reading of the sensor.
5. Low NR (Low Non-Recoverable): This is the low threshold of a non-recoverable item. Any item with a reading below this point will **not** be recovered.
6. Low CT (Low Critical-Threshold): This is the low threshold of a critical item. Any item with a reading below this threshold is in a critical state.
7. Low NC (Low Non-Critical): This is the low threshold of a non-critical item. Any item with a reading above this threshold is **not** in a critical state.
8. High NC (High Non-Critical): This is the high threshold of a non-critical item. Any item with a reading below this threshold is **not** in a critical state.

9. High CT (High Critical-Threshold): This is the high threshold of a critical item. Any item with a reading above this threshold is in a critical state.
10. High NR (High Non-Recoverable): This is the high threshold of a non-recoverable item. Any item with a reading above this point will **not** be recovered.
11. Refresh: Click this tab to refresh this page.
12. Hide/(Show) Thresholds: Click this tab to hide/(or to show) the thresholds of the items.

2.3.3. Event Log

This feature allows the user to configure Event Log settings. When you select Event Log in Options Window the following page will display.

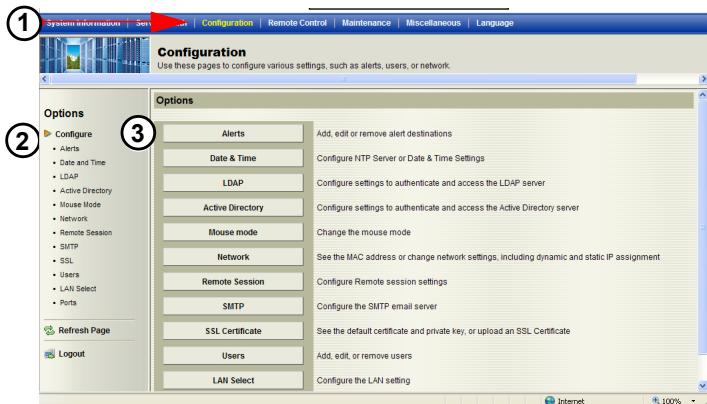
- From the pull-down menu select an event category to show the vent log, which includes the following categories: All Events, Sensor-Specific Events, BIOS-Generated Events, and System-Management Software Events. In addition to these events, it is normal to see boot-up and shutdown events generated by the installed system software (OS). The table below lists examples of these types of events.

Sensor Type	Event
OS Boot	A: boot completed
	C: boot completed
	PXE boot completed
	Diagnostic boot completed
	CD-ROM boot completed
	ROM boot completed
	Boot completed - boot device not specified
OS Stop/Shut-down	Stop during OS load/initialization, Unexpected error during system startup, Stopped waiting for input or power cycle/reset
	Run-time stop (a.k.a 'core dump', 'blue screen')
	OS graceful stop (system powered up, but normal OS operation has shut down and system is awaiting reset pushbutton, power cycle or other external input)

2. Event ID: This item displays the event ID of this event.
3. Time Stamp: This item displays the time when the event takes place.
4. Sensor Name: This item indicates the name of the sensor (device) to which the event has occurred.
5. Sensor Type: This item indicates the type of the event.
6. Description: This item provides a brief description of the event.
7. Event Log: This item indicates the number of events included on the event log.
8. Clear Event Log: Click the button to clear the event log.

2.4 Configuration

This feature allows the user to configure various network settings. Click the Configuration on the submenu bar to display the Configuration submenu as shown below.



Select an item to configure its settings. The items included are listed below.

- **Alerts**: This item allows the user to configure Alerts settings.
- **Date & Time**: This item allows the user to configure Date & Time settings.
- **LDAP**: This item allows the user to configure LDAP (Lightweight Directory Access Protocol) settings.
- **Active Directory**: This item allows the user to configure settings to authenticate and access to the Active Directory server.
- **Mouse mode**
- **Network**
- **Remote Session**
- **SMTP**: This item allows the user to configure Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (SMTP) settings. To set up an email alert, please enter the IP address of your mail server in the SMTP
- **SSL Certificate**: This item allows the user to configure Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) certification settings.
- **Users**
- **LAN Select**

2.4.1 Configuration - Alerts

This feature allows the user to configure Alert settings. When you click <Alerts> in the Options window, the following screen will display.

Alert# /	Alert Level /	Destination Address /
1	Disable All	Not Configured
2	Disable All	Not Configured
3	Disable All	Not Configured
4	Disable All	Not Configured
5	Disable All	Not Configured
6	Disable All	Not Configured
7	Disable All	Not Configured
8	Disable All	Not Configured
9	Disable All	Not Configured
10	Disable All	Not Configured
11	Disable All	Not Configured

- Alerts:** Click this item to add, to modify, to delete or to define the setting of an alert.
- Alert#:** This item lists Alert item numbers.
- Alert Level:** This item indicates the alert level for each alert.
- Destination Address:** This item indicates the target address of an alert.
- Modify:** Click this icon to configure or modify a selected alert.
- Send Test Alert:** Click this item to send a configured alert to its destination (the target address) for testing.
- Delete:** Click this item to delete an alert.

Modifying Alerts

When you select an item and click <Modify>, the Modify Alert submenu will display as shown below.

To modify an alert, enter the information needed for the following items:

- Alert Type: This item allows you to specify the alert type. You can select SNMP Type or Email from the pop-up menu. For further guidance on typical inquiries relating to SNMP, see the table below.

Item	Answer
SNMP version number	SNMP version 2.
MIB community name	A community name is not required since SNMP version 2 only uses traps.
MIB file location	Go to http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/IPMI.cfm and click "IPMI MIB (AMI)" (right-hand side of the page).
The IPMI item you need to configure so the SNMP manager can receive the SNMP trap	The alert LAN destination address (see #4 under 2.4.1) must be set to the same IP in as the SNMP manager.
Can I query for detailed information on the MIB "Event" trap items?	Detailed queries are not possible because event mapping is based only on sensor type, event type, and sensor offset.
A list of trap items generated for my platform	No standard list of event traps exist because the PEF (Platform Event Filter) table is OEM customizable.

- Event Severity: This item allows you to decide how to classify or label an alert according to the seriousness of the alert. You can choose an item from the pop-up menu to categorize the alert: Disable All, Informational, Warning, Critical or Non-recoverable.
- Destination IP: This item allows you to specify the IP address of the server you want to send your alert to.
- Email Address: This item allows you to specify the e-mail address that you want to send your alert to.

After entering the information in the fields, press <Save> to save the information you've entered or press <Cancel> to cancel it.

 **Note:** To set up an email alert, please enter the IP address of your mail server in the SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol.)

2.4.2 Configuration - Time and Date Settings

This feature allows the user to configure time and date settings for the host server and client computer. When you click <Time and Date> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. Time and Date: Click this item to configure the <Time and Date> settings.
2. Date: Enter month, date and year in this row.
3. Time: Enter hour, minute and second in the (hh:mm:ss) format.
4. NTP Server: Enter the name of the NTP server in this field.
5. Enabling Synchronizing: Check this box to enable synchronization of time and date of the client computer with the NTP server.
6. Refresh: Click this button to refresh the page.
7. Save: Click this item to save any changes done to the Time and Date settings.

2.4.3 Configuration - Light-Weight Directory Access Protocol (LDAP) Settings

This feature allows the user to configure Light-Weight Directory Access Protocol (LDPA) settings. When you click <LDAP> in the Options window (1), the following screen will display.



Examples and Explanations of the LDAP settings are shown below:

1. Port: 389-This item indicates the port number of the LDAP server.
2. IP Address: xx.xx.xx.xx- This item indicates the IP address of the LDAP server.
3. Bind Password: Secret- This item indicates the password of the LDAP server.
4. Bind DN: cn=manager, dc=administrator, dc=com- The bind DN is the user or the LDAP server that is allowed to do limited search in the LDAP directory.
5. SearchBase: dc=administrator, dc=com-This feature shows the client which port in the external directory tree to use for doing search.

After entering the information in the fields, click <Save> to save the information you've just entered.

2.4.4 Configuration - Active Directory Settings

This feature allows the user to configure Active Directory settings. When you click <Active Directory> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. Active Directory: Click this item to configure Active Directory settings.
2. If Active Directory is currently disabled, click <Click Here> to enable it.
3. Number of Configured Role Group: This item displays the number of configured role groups.
4. Role Group ID: This item displays the role group ID.
5. Group Name: This item displays the name of the role group.
6. Group Domain: This item displays the domain of the role group.
7. Group Privilege: This item displays the user privilege of the role group.

2.4.4.a Configuration - Active Directory - Advanced Settings

This feature allows the user to configure Active Directory-Advanced settings. When you click <Active Directory> in the Options window and checked the Enable box indicated on the previous page, the following screen will display.



- 1. Active Directory:** Click this item and check the Enable box on the previous page to configure Active Directory settings.
- 2. Check the Enable box to enable Active Directory Authentication.**
- 3. User Domain Name:** This item allows the user to enter the user domain name.
- 4. Time Out:** This item displays the Time-out settings.
- 5. Domain Controller Server Addresses 1~3:** These items allow the user to enter the IP addresses for the Domain Controller Servers 1~3.
- 6. Default Active Directory Certificate:** This item displays the information of the default active directory certificate.
- 7. Upload New Default Active Directory Certificate:** Click <Browse> to select and upload the new default active directory certificate.

After the required information is entered, click <Save> to save the information you've entered or click <Cancel> to cancel it.

2.4.5 Configuration - Mouse Mode

This feature allows the user to configure mouse mode settings. When you click <Mouse Mode> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



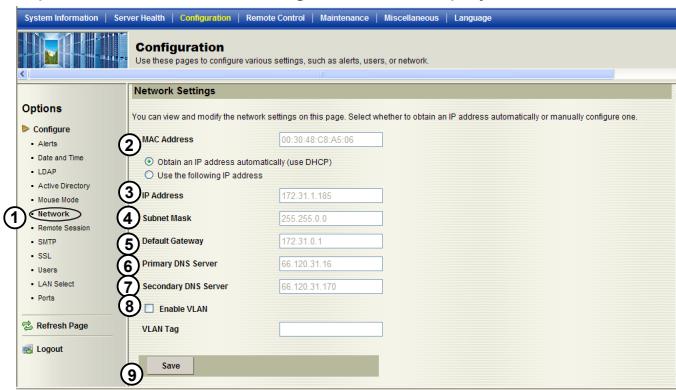
1. Mouse Mode: Click this item to configure the mouse mode settings.
2. Set Mode to Absolute: Check this radio button to use the Absolute mode for the Windows OS. (This is the default setting.)
3. Set Mode to Relative: Check this radio button to use the Relative mode for the Linux/Unix OS.



Note: IPMI is an OS-independent platform, and KVM support is an added feature for IPMI. For your mouse to function properly, please configure the Mouse Mode settings (above) according to your OS type.

2.4.6 Configuration - Network Settings

This feature allows you to configure network settings. When you click <Network> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. Network: This item allows you to view or modify network settings.
2. MAC Address: Enter the MAC address for your network.
- Check the first radio button to obtain an IP address automatically by using DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).
- Check the second radio button to use the IP address entered below.
3. IP address: If the second radio button above is checked, enter your IP address in the box.
4. Subnet Mask: Enter the address for the subnet mask of your network.
5. Default Gateway: Enter the IP address for the default gateway of your network.
6. Primary DNS Server: Enter the IP address of your primary domain name server.
7. Secondary DNS Server: Enter the IP address of your secondary domain name server.
8. Enable VLAN: Check this box to enable Virtual LAN support
9. VLAN Tag: This item allows you to use VLAN Tagging or Frame Tagging to encapsulate specific data, so it can be transparently transmitted through multiple platforms without leaking any information. After configuring network settings, click <Save> to save the configuration.

2.4.7 Configuration - Remote Session

This feature allows the user to configure remote session settings. When clicking <Remote Session> in the Options window, the following screen displays.



1. Virtual Media Attach Mode: Click the pull-down menu to display virtual media attach modes.
 - Attach: Select this mode to activate a virtual media to make it available for remote access. A virtual device will always be seen in the system BIOS even when it is not active.
 - Auto Attach (Default): Select this mode to automatically enable virtual media support and make it available for remote access. Virtual devices will only be shown in the operating systems and BIOS when a device or an ISO image is connected through the virtual media wizard.
 - Detach: Select this mode to disable virtual media for remote access.
2. Floppy Emulation: Click the pull-down menu to see the following:
 - Off (Default): Select this item to disable floppy emulation when you wish to connect the USB Flash drive via virtual media redirection.
 - On: Select this item to enable floppy emulation when you wish to connect a floppy drive or floppy ISO image through virtual media redirection.

⚠ Warning: Be sure to close all Java sessions before changing floppy emulation to avoid unexpected errors.

2.4.8 Configuration - SMTP Settings

This feature allows the user to configure SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) settings for email transmission through the network. When you click <SMTP> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. **SMTP:** Check this item to configure SMTP (Simple Mail Transfer Protocol) settings for email transmission across the IP network.
2. **Mail Server IP:** Enter the SMTP Mail Server IP address for your network in the box.
3. **Mail Sender Address:** Enter the mail sender address that you would like the alert to show as "sent from."
4. **Mail Server Port:** Enter the mail server port number. The default port is 25 for most servers.
5. **Save:** Click this item to save any changes to the SMTP setting.

2.4.9 Configuration - SSL Upload Settings

This feature allows the user to configure upload settings for encrypted data to transmit across the internet by using the Secure Sockets Layer (SSL) protocol. When you click <SSL Upload> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. SSL: Check this item to configure SSL Upload settings for the encrypted data to securely transmit through the internet.

Note: SHA2 and RSA 2048 bit SSL supported

2. Default Certificate: This item allows the user to enter the default certificate information. Once entered, it will display the default certificate information.
3. Default Private Key: This item allows the user to enter the default private key information. Once entered, it will display the default private key information.
4. New SSL Certificate: This item allows the user to enter the new SSL Certificate information.
5. Upload: Click this button to upload encrypted data to the network for transmission.

2.4.10 Configuration - Users Settings

This feature allows you to change users settings. When you click <Users> in the Options window, the following screen will display.

User ID	User Name	Network Privilege
1	ADMIN	Administrator
2	-	-
3	-	-
4	-	-
5	No Access	Administrator
6	-	-
7	-	-
8	-	-
9	-	-
10	-	-

1. Users: Select this item to configure the user settings. The current users list is displayed.
2. User ID: This item displays the ID of a user.
3. User Name: Use this item to enter and display a user name.
4. Network Privileges: Use this item to set the network access privileges for a user.
- Privileges for an Administrator: An administrator has full privileges in accessing, controlling and managing the network, including creating accounts for users and changing network configuration settings.
- Privileges for an Operator: An operator has limited access to the network to perform tasks that have been pre-assigned or approved by the Administrator. He/she is not allowed to issue commands or modify network settings, for example.
5. Number of configured users: This item displays the number of the users that are set up for the network. The maximum of 16 user profiles can be made.
6. Add User: Click this item to add a new user to the network. When prompted, using the arrow keys, select a user from the users list to add the user information.
7. Modify User: Click this item to modify the information or the status of a user.
8. Delete User: Click this item to delete a user from the network.

2.4.11 Configuration - LAN Select

This feature allows you to select LAN ports. When you click <LAN Select> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. LAN Select: This item allows the user to select the LAN port for IPMI communication.
2. Enable: Click <Enable> to enable LAN Port Select support.
 - Dedicated LAN: Select this item to direct all IPMI communication to the IPMI Dedicated LAN port.
 - Onboard LAN: Select this item to direct all IPMI communication to an onboard LAN port.
3. Set: Click <Set> to use the port you've selected for IPMI communication.

2.4.12 Configuration - Ports

This feature allows you to change LAN Port settings. When you click <Ports> in the Options window, the following screen will display.



1. Ports: This item allows you to the following LAN port settings.
2. Video: Enter a proper setting for video display. (**Default: 5901**)
3. HID: Enter a proper HID setting. (**Default: 5900**)
4. CD: Enter a proper CD setting. (**Default: 5120**)
5. Http: Enter the Http address. (**Default: 80**)
6. Click <Save> to save IPMI LAN port settings.

Port 5123 is used for floppy and Port 623 is used for IPMI. All ports are UDP ports.

Note: If the firewall is enabled, please allow exceptions for these ports so that BMC can work properly.

2.5 Remote Control - the Main Menu

This section allows the user to carry out activities and perform operations on a remote server via remote access.



This submenu allows you to configure the remote control settings.

1. Remote Control: Click this item to configure Remote Control settings.
2. Launch Console: Click this button to launch Remote Console via Java or IE.
3. Launch SOL: Click this button to enable Serial_Over_LAN support.
4. Power Control: Click this button to display server power state and to configure server power settings.
5. Virtual Media: Click this button to configure virtual media settings.
6. Refresh: Click this button to refresh the page.

2.5.1 Remote Console

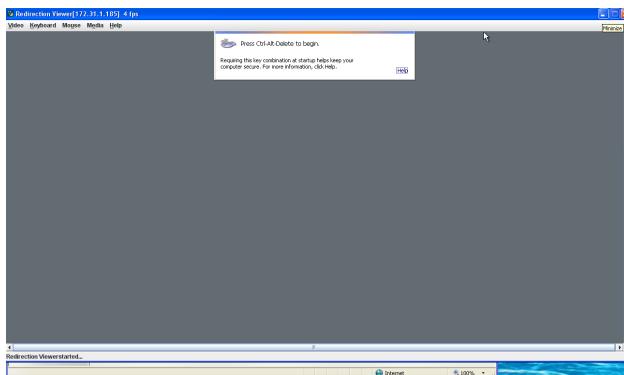
This feature allows you to perform various activities on the server. When you click <Remote Console> in the Options window, the following Remote Control submenu screen will display.



Follow the instructions below to launch the remote console.

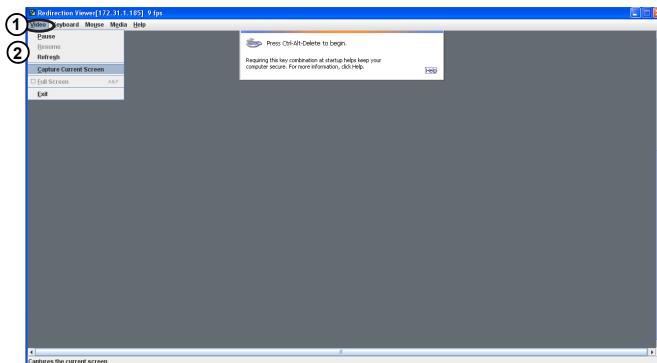
1. Remote Control: Check this item to enable remote console support and manage the server from a remote site via Java or Active X (for Internet Explorer).
2. Launch Console: Click this button to launch the remote console via the Java script.
3. Java Starting: Upon launching the remote console, a screen will display indicating that Java is starting.

After the remote console is launched, the screen of the client system will display as shown below.



2.5.1.1 Remote Console - Video

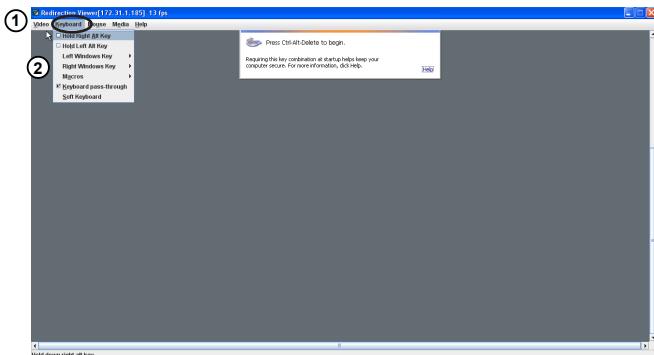
This feature allows you to configure video settings for your remote console. When you click <Video> in the Menu bar, the video settings of the remote console will display as shown below.



1. Video: Click this item to configure and manage the video settings of a server on a remote site via the Remote Console.
2. Video Options: The pull-down submenu contains the options listed below.
 - Pause: Click this item to freeze the screen.
 - Resume: Click this item to re-activate a frozen screen.
 - Refresh: Click this item to refresh the system.
 - Capture Current Screen: Click this item to capture the current screen display.
 - Full Screen: Click this item to use the full screen mode.
 - Exit: Click this item to exit the Remote Console.

2.5.1.2 Remote Console - Keyboard

This feature allows you to configure keyboard settings for your remote console. When you click <Keyboard> in the Menu bar, the keyboard settings of the remote console will display as shown below.

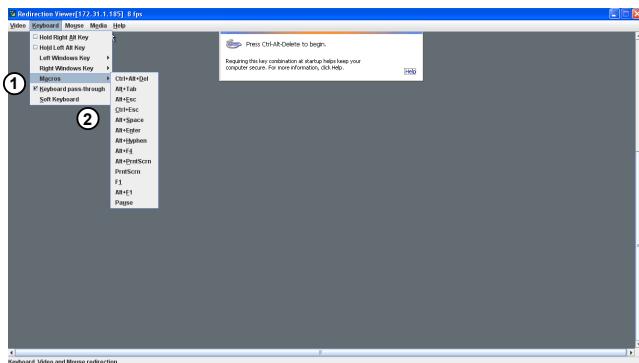


1. **Keyboard:** Click this item to configure and manage the keyboard settings of a remote server via the Remote Console.
2. **Options:** The pull-down submenu contains the options listed below.
 - Hold Right Alt Key: Check this item to emulate the right alt key when it is pressed.
 - Hold Left Alt Key: Check this item to emulate the left alt key when it is pressed.
 - Left Windows Key: Click this item to display the Left Window Key submenu as follows:
 - Hold down: Check this item to emulate the left window key when pressed.
 - Press and Release: Click this option to press and release the left window key.

Right Windows Key: Click this item to display the Right Window Key submenu as follows:

- Hold down: Check this item to emulate the right window key when pressed.
- Press and Release: Click this option to press and release the right window key.

3. Macros: Click this item to display and to use the hot keys listed in its pull-down submenu.



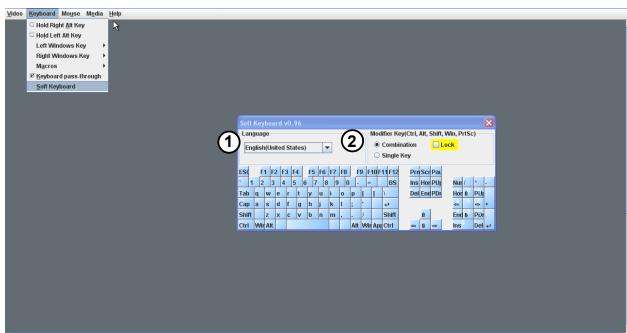
4. From the Macro pull-down menu select a hot key to use.

- Ctrl+Alt+Del
- Alt+Tab
- Alt+Esc
- Ctrl+Esc
- Alt+Space
- Alt+Enter
- Alt+Hyphen
- Alt+F4
- Alt+PrntScrn (Print Screen)
- PrntScrn
- F1
- Pause

5. Keyboard pass-through: Click this item (1) to use your local keyboard for the remote console.

Note: Keyboard Pass-through provides full keyboard support. It sends all keys, including special key combinations to the host server.

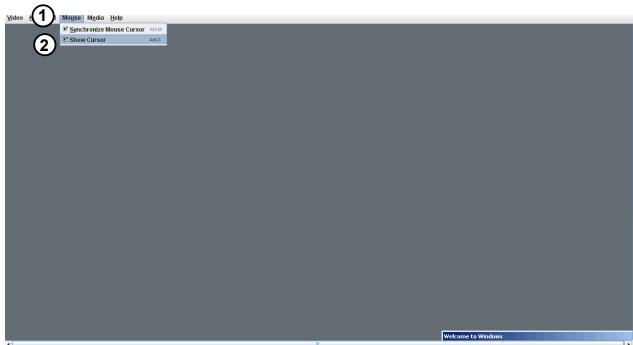
6. Soft Keyboard: Select the item Soft Keyboard to use soft keyboard for the remote console as shown below.



1. Language: From the pull down menu, select the following language settings: English (United States), English (United Kingdom), Japanese, and Germany.
2. Modifier Key: Click a button to select the soft keyboard mode.
 - Combination: Click the button to use a special key combination as a single key.
 - Single Key
 - Lock: Click this button to lock the key combination you've created.

2.5.1.3 Remote Console - Mouse

This feature allows you to configure the mouse settings for your remote console. To configure the mouse settings, follow the instructions below.



Click <Mouse> in the menu bar, select an item from the pull-down submenu as shown below.

1. Synchronize Mouse Cursor Alt+M: Click this item (or press <Alt> and <M> keys simultaneously) to synchronize your local mouse cursor and the mouse cursor of your remote console.
2. Show Cursor: Click this item to display the cursor on the screen.

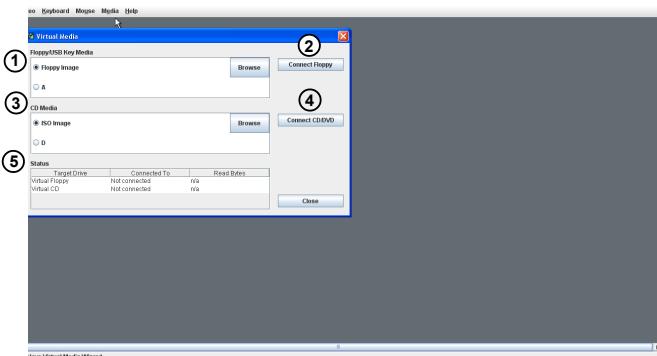
2.5.1.4 Remote Console - Media

This feature allows you to configure media virtualization settings for your remote console.



1. Click <Media> in the Menu bar to invoke the Media page as shown above.
2. Virtual Media Wizard: click this item to launch the Virtual Media Wizard, which allows you to configure Virtual Media settings as shown on the next page.

Virtual Media



1. Floppy/USB Key Media: This item allows the user to configure the Floppy/USB Key Media settings. The sub-items include the following.
 - Floppy Image
 - A (Disk Drive A of the remote console)
 - Browse: Click **Browse** to select the location of the Floppy ISO image.
2. Connect Floppy: After selecting the Virtual Media for your Remote Console, click <Connect Floppy> to connect to the remote console via the Floppy drive you chose.
3. CD Media: This item allows the user to configure CD Media settings. The sub-items include the following.
 - ISO Image
 - <Drive letter> (CD/DVD Drive)
 - Browse: Click <Browse> to select the location of the CD/DVD ISO image.
4. Connect CD/DVD: After selecting the Virtual Media for your Remote Console, click <Connect CD/DVD> to connect to the remote console via the CD/DVD you chose.
5. Status: This window displays the status of the target drive of the remote console.

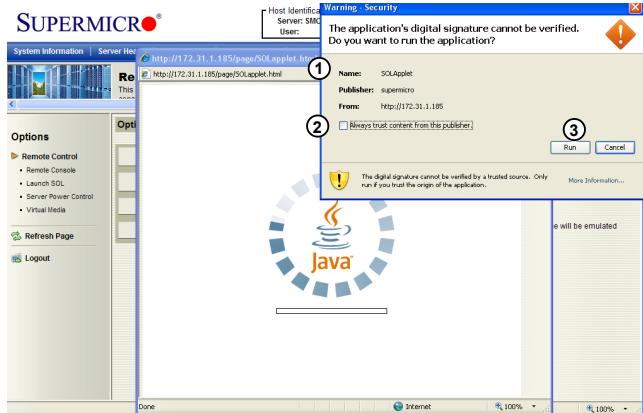
2.5.3 Remote Control-Launch SOL

This feature allows you to launch the remote console by using Serial_over_LAN.

Follow the instructions below to launch SOL.

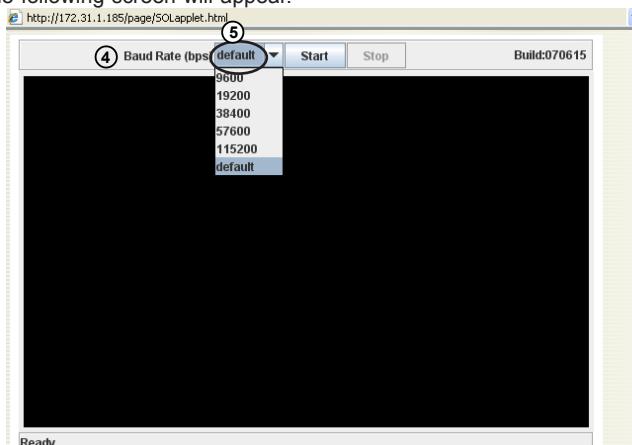


1. Launch SOL: Click this item to access a host server via Console Redirection. It also allows a system administrator to monitor and manage a server from a remote site.



Launching SOL

1. Security Warning: Once you've launched SOL, a security warning will appear, indicating that the application's digital signature cannot be verified
2. Always trust content from this publisher: Click this item to give full access to this program, eliminating further security warnings.
3. Click <Run> to continue launching SOL. If you continue with SOL launching, the following screen will appear.



4. Click <Baud Rate> to invoke the submenu, which will allow you to select the Baud Rate for serial line transfer.
5. Baud Rate (bps): You can select a Baud rate from the list as your SOL transfer rate. The options are: 9600 bps (bit-per-second), 19200 bps, 38400 bps, 57600 bps, 115200 bps, and default. Make sure that the Baud Rate selected here matches the Baud Rate set in the BIOS. Then, click <Start> to start the session or press <Stop> to abort the SOL session.

2.5.3 Server Power Control

This feature allows you to configure power management settings for your remote console. To configure Server Power Control settings, follow the instructions below.



1. Click <Remote Control> in the Menu bar to invoke the Remote Control Main Page.
2. Click <Server Power Control> to display the Power Control submenu as shown above.
3. Power Control and Status: This submenu indicates the status and the current power control settings of the remote server. The status of the remote server are displayed as below:
 - Reset Server: Click this radio button to reset the power control settings for the remote server.
 - Power Off Server - Immediately: Click this radio button to immediately power off the remote server.
 - Power Off Server - Orderly Shutdown: Click this radio button to power off and shut down the remote server in an orderly manner.
 - Power On Server: Click this radio button to power on the remote server.
 - Power Cycle Server: Click this radio button to power cycle the remote server.
4. Perform Action: After selecting a power setting from the list above, click this item to execute the command and perform the action.

2.6 Maintenance

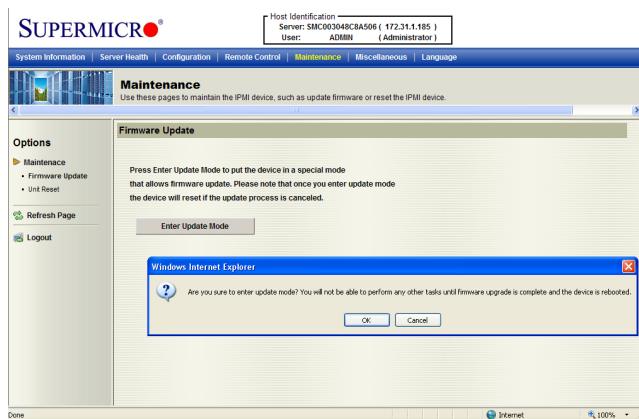
Use this feature to manage and configure IPMI devices. Follow the instructions below to configure Maintenance settings.



1. Click <Maintenance> in the Menu bar to display the Maintenance page.
2. Click <Firmware Update> to update the BMC firmware (the BIOS) of the remote server. The Firmware Update screen is shown in the next section.
3. You can also press <Unit Reset> to reboot the BMC (IPMI) Controller.

2.6.1 Maintenance - Firmware Update

When you click <Maintenance> in the Menu bar, the Maintenance Main page will display as below.



Firmware Update

Enter Update Mode: Click this item to enter the update mode.

 **Warning:** Once you've entered the firmware update mode, the device will be reset even if you cancel the process of firmware updating.

Notes:

1. When updating firmware, you are given the option to "Preserve Configuration." Uncheck this option to load the factory default settings, and all the configuration settings will be lost.
2. If you are using the Static IP mode, it is not recommended to uncheck "Preserve Configuration," since it will reset the network settings to the DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) mode.

2.7 Miscellaneous

This feature allows the user to perform network activities. Click <Miscellaneous> in the Menu bar to display the Miscellaneous page.



Miscellaneous

1. Post Snooping: Click this item to query the POST (Power_On_Self-Test) Snooping code for BIOS LPC Port80.
2. UID: Click this item to enable or disable UID (unit identification) support as shown on the next page.

2.7.1 Miscellaneous - UID (Unit Identification)

This feature allows the user to enable or disable UID support. Click <Miscellaneous> in the Menu bar to display the Miscellaneous page.



Miscellaneous - UID

1. This item shows the current UID status.
2. This item allows the user to enable or disable UID support for console redirections.

After clicking the enable UID button or disable UID button, click <Set> to it to take effect.

2.8 Language

This feature allows you to configure Language Settings for your IPMI connections. Follow the instructions below to configure the language settings.



Language Settings

1. Click <Language> in the Menu bar to display the Language page as shown above.
2. From the Available Languages submenu select a language setting for your remote console. (Currently, English is the language available for this utility.)

Chapter 3

Frequently Asked Questions

3-1 Frequently Asked Questions

A. Questions: How do I flash the IPMI firmware?

Answer:

1. Log in the IPMICfg utility by entering the system IP address.
2. Click the <Maintenance> button. Browse the files to select a correct file to flash the firmware.
3. Click the <Update Firmware> button to proceed with firmware flashing.

B. Questions: How do I set up the IP address and MAC address for remote access?

Answer:

1. Boot the system into DOS.
2. Run the utility-IPMICFG from DOS.
3. Follow the prompts to set up the IP address and MAC address for remote access.

You can also go to the BIOS to configure the IP address.

Notes

Appendix A

Flash Tools

A-1 Overview

This chapter provides instructions on how to use AMI Flash Tools. The Flash Tools allow the user to use Command_Line (CL) utility programs to upgrade or update firmware via different channels such as KCS, USB and LAN connections. We are going to focus on the following tools in this manual.

1. YAFUFlash
2. YAFUKCS
- YAFUFlash

YAFUFlash (*Yet Another Firmware Upgrade Flash*) allows the user to flash the BMC in both Linux and Windows environments via network or USB connections. You can choose to use network connections or USB connections to flash the BMC based on how you use the flash tools.

- YAFUKCS

YAFUKCS (*Yet Another Firmware Upgrade Keyboard Controller Style*) is used to flash the firmware in the DOS environment via the KCS (Keyboard_Controller_Style) interface.

A-2 Flashing the BMC Firmware in the DOS Environment

YAFUKCS is the tool used to flash the BMC firmware in DOS through the KCS interface. To flash the BMC, follow the instructions below:

1. Copy yafukcs.exe into your DOS machine.
2. Run the yafukcs utility.
3. Use the settings as listed below.

- Format:

Yafukcs [OPTION] [FW_IMAGE_FILE]

[OPTIONS]

Options Commands	
-info	This option displays information regarding existing and current firmware.
-auto	This option allows for automatic upgrades by comparing flash module headers.
-full	This option allows for full upgrades.
-force-boot	Select this option to force the boot loader to be upgraded during full upgrade. The boot loader is "preserved" by default.
-c	This option preserves configuration modules during full upgrade.

[FW_IMAGE_FILE]

The firmware-image file name is [rom.ima].

Examples

- **Example 1**

/Yafukcs -info rom.ima

Description: This command displays the details of both existing and new firmware.

- **Example 2**

/Yafukcs -full rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware.

- **Example 3**

/Yafukcs -full -force-boot rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware using "FORCE BootLoader upgrade."

A-3 Flashing the BMC Firmware in the Windows Environment

YAFUFlash is used to flash the BMC firmware in Windows through USB or Network connections. To flash the BMC in Windows, follow the instructions below.

1. Open Command Prompt. Go to YafuFlash\Windows\path.
2. The following two files will be displayed:

- Yafuflash.exe
 - LIBIPMI.dll
3. Run "Yafuflash.exe" in the command prompt.
 4. Use the settings as listed below.
- Format:

Yafuflash [OPTION] [MEDIUM] [FW_IMAGE_FILE]

[OPTIONS]

Options Commands	
-info	This option displays information regarding existing and new firmware.
-auto	This option allows for automatic upgrades by comparing flash module headers.
-full	This option allows for full upgrades.
-force-boot	Select this option to force the boot loader to be upgraded during full upgrade. The boot loader is "preserved" by default.
-c	This option preserves configuration modules during full upgrade.

[MEDIUM]

Medium Options	
-cd	Select this option to use USB connections.
-nw & ip	Select this option to use network with -ip (followed by the IP address).

[FW_IMAGE_FILE]

The firmware-image file name is [rom.ima].

Examples

Using Network as a Medium

- **Example 1**

Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -info rom.ima

Description: This command displays the details of both existing and new firmware using the network connection with the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

- **Example 2**

Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -full rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware using the network connection with the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

- **Example 3**

Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -full -force-boot rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware with FORCE BootLoader Upgrade via the network connection using the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

Using USB as a Medium

- **Example 1**

Yafuflash -cd -info rom.ima

Description: This command displays the details of both existing and new firmware using a USB connection.

- **Example 2**

Yafuflash -cd -full rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware using a USB connection.

- **Example 3**

Yafuflash -cd -full -force-boot rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware with FORCE BootLoader Upgrade using a USB connection.

```
C:\Tool\YafuFlash\windows\Release>yafuflash -nw -ip 10.0.6.36 -full -b -c rom.ima
a
YAFUFlash - Firmware Upgrade Utility (Version 1.1)
(C)Copyright 2008, American Megatrends Inc.
Please enter Login information:
User: : root
Password: *****
Creating IPMI session via network with address 10.0.6.36...Done.
Doing Full Firmware Upgrade
*****
WARNING!
***** FIRMWARE UPGRADE MUST NOT BE INTERRUPTED ONCE IT IS STARTED.
*****
Upgrading Firmware Image : 100% done
Resetting the Firmware.....
C:\Tool\YafuFlash\windows\Release>
```

```
C:\Tool\YafuFlash\windows\Release>yafuflash -nw -ip 10.0.6.36 :www rom.ima
YAFUFlash - Firmware Upgrade Utility (Version 1.1)
(C)Copyright 2008, American Megatrends Inc.
Please enter Login information:
User: : root
Password: *****
Creating IPMI session via network with address 10.0.6.36...Done.
*****
WARNING!
***** FIRMWARE UPGRADE MUST NOT BE INTERRUPTED ONCE IT IS STARTED.
*****
Updating the module www ..... Done
Resetting the Firmware.....
C:\Tool\YafuFlash\windows\Release>
```

A-4 Flashing the BMC Firmware in the Linux Environment

YAFUFlash is used to flash the BMC firmware in the Linux environment using network or USB connections. To flash the BMC in Linux, follow the instructions below.

1. Open the Terminal. Go to YafuFlash/Linux path.
2. The file libipmi.so.1 should be accessible to a Linux system. Usually when running an application, Linux will search for a file in dependent libraries in default locations, such as /usr/lib/lib folders.
3. Copy libipmi.so.1 to /lib or /usr/lib. Run "ldconfig"

or

Copy libipmi.so.1 to a folder and issue the following command:

```
#LD_LIBRARY_PATH=<location_of_libipmi_so>/Yafuflash
```



Note: You may have to create a link to libipmi.so.1.0 (ln -sf libipmi.so.1.0 libipmi.so.1).

4. Run "Yafuflash.exe" in the terminal.
5. Use the settings as listed below.

- Format:

/Yafuflash [OPTION] [MEDIUM] [FW_IMAGE_FILE]

[OPTIONS

Options Commands	
-info	This option displays information regarding existing and new firmware.
-auto	This option allows for automatic upgrades by comparing flash module headers.
-full	This option allows for full upgrades.
-force-boot	Select this option to force the boot loader to be upgraded during full upgrade. The boot loader is "preserved" by default.
-c	This option preserves configuration modules during full upgrade.

[MEDIUM]

Medium Options	
-cd	Select this option to use USB connections.
-nw & ip	Select this option to use network with -ip (followed by the IP address).

[FW_IMAGE_FILE]

The firmware-image file name is [rom.ima].

Examples

Using Network as a Medium

- **Example 1**

/Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -info rom.ima

Description: This command displays the details of both existing and new firmware using the network connection with the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

- **Example 2**

/Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -full rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware using the network connection with the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

- **Example 3**

/Yafuflash -nw -ip 155.166.132.12 -full -force-boot rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware with FORCE BootLoader Upgrade via the network connection using the IP address of 155.166.132.12.

Using USB as a Medium

- **Example 1**

/Yafuflash -cd -info rom.ima

Description: This command displays the details of both existing and new firmware using a USB connection.

- **Example 2**

/Yafuflash -cd -full rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware using a USB connection.

- **Example 3**

/Yafuflash -cd -full -force-boot rom.ima

Description: This command starts flashing the new rom.ima to the firmware with FORCE BootLoader Upgrade using a USB connection.

```

[root@localhost /home/siva/SP/SP/pilot-II/development/proprietary/software/YafuFlash/linux_86]
[root@localhost linux_86]# ./Yafuflash -nv -ip 10.0.6.36 -full -c rom.ima
YAFUFlash - Firmware Upgrade Utility (Version 1.1)
-----
(C)Copyright 2008, American Megatrends Inc.
Please enter login information:
User      : root
Password  :

Creating IPMI session via network with address 10.0.6.36...Done
Doing Full Firmware upgrade

*****
WARNING!
FIRMWARE UPGRADE MUST NOT BE INTERRUPTED ONCE IT IS STARTED.
*****
Preserving Env Variables ... Done
Upgrading Firmware Image : 100% done
Setting Env variables ... Done
Resetting the firmware.....
[root@localhost linux_86]# 

-----
```



```

[root@localhost /home/siva/SP/SP/pilot-II/development/proprietary/software/YafuFlash/linux_86]
[root@localhost linux_86]# ./Yafuflash -nv -ip 10.0.6.36 :www rom.ima
YAFUFlash - Firmware Upgrade Utility (Version 1.1)
-----
(C)Copyright 2008, American Megatrends Inc.
Please enter login information:
User      : root
Password  :

Creating IPMI session via network with address 10.0.6.36...Done
*****
WARNING!
FIRMWARE UPGRADE MUST NOT BE INTERRUPTED ONCE IT IS STARTED.
*****
Updating the module www .... Done
Resetting the firmware.....
[root@localhost linux_86]# 
```

A-5 Firmware Recovery

If the firmware upgrade is interrupted during firmware flashing, please follow the steps listed below for firmware recovery using Yafukcs.

1. Power off the system by disconnect the power cord.
2. Boot to DOS and flash the firmware using Yafukcs.

Notes

(Disclaimer Continued)

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