Comp 413: Test 4 Practice Exam - Dr. Yacobellis• Fall 2016

Please answer briefly and concisely, providing justification where appropriate. Concepts are more important than syntax, so please use pseudo-code when you are unsure about syntactic details and provide additional explanations where appropriate. If you use pseudocode, please note that!

Problem 1 (Code Smells)

Consider	the	following	code
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	, string address, string phone, string cell, string company) { e + ", " + address + ", " + phone + ", " + cell + ", " + company),	
a) 0.5 Which code smell is pre	esent in this code? (Choose exactly one.)	
() duplicate code	() long parameter list	
() long method	() none	
b) 0.5 Which refactoring would you choose to eliminate the smell (Choose exactly one.)		
() extract method	() introduce parameter object	
() replace method with	method object () none required	
c) 1 What will the code look I	ike (conceptually) after the refactoring (if required):	

Problem 2 (Concurrency & Multi-Threaded Execution)

- a) (TRUE or FALSE) Using a shared mutable variable is a safe practice for concurrent processing.
- **b)** What kind of mechanism(s) can you use to protect a critical section of code during multi-threaded execution? (Choose all that apply.)
 - () use an explicit locking mechanism to enforce mutually exclusive access to the critical section
 - () use an imperative programming language
 - () encapsulate the critical section inside a thread-safe data structure
 - () use message passing instead of shared memory
- c) (TRUE or FALSE) In the prime checker Android app example, an AsyncTask is required for running the CPU-intensive code locally but not remotely.

Problem 3 (Cloud Computing)

a) Characterize each of the following technologies as SaaS, PaaS, laaS, DaaS, or other:

AWS Elastic Beanstalk:

Google Docs:

Jolicloud:

Windows Azure:

c) (TRUE or FALSE) A given task takes 0.7 seconds when run locally and 0.3 seconds when run in the cloud. The <u>round-trip</u> latency (time to get a response, not including processing) for the cloud provider is 0.5 seconds. By running this task in the cloud, we will get our results faster.

Answers:

Problem 1 (Code Smells)

Consider the following code:

```
void display(string name, string address, string phone, string cell, string company) {
    System.out.println(name + ", " + address + ", " + phone + ", " + cell + ", " + company);
}

a) 0.5 Which code smell is present in this code? (Choose exactly one.)
() duplicate code
(X) long parameter list
() long method
() none

b) 0.5 Which refactoring would you choose to eliminate the smell (Choose exactly one.)
() extract method
(X) introduce parameter object
() replace method with method object
() none required

c) 1 What will the code look like (conceptually) after the refactoring (if required):
```

// create a class called Person and instantiate a Person object p containing this information
// then call display with that kind of object
void display(Person p) {
 System.out.println(p.getName() + ", " + p.getAddress() /* etc */);

Problem 2 (Concurrency & Multi-Threaded Execution)

- a) (TRUE or FALSE) Using a shared mutable variable is a safe practice for concurrent processing.
- **b)** What kind of mechanism(s) can you use to protect a critical section of code during multi-threaded execution? (Choose all that apply.)
 - (X) use an explicit locking mechanism to enforce mutually exclusive access to the critical section
 - () use an imperative programming language
 - (X) encapsulate the critical section inside a thread-safe data structure
 - (X) use message passing instead of shared memory
- c) (TRUE or FALSE) In the prime checker Android app example, an AsyncTask is required for running the CPU-intensive code locally but not remotely.
 Remote execution of the CPU-intensive code is already asynchronous.

Problem 3 (Cloud Computing)

a) Characterize each of the following technologies as SaaS, PaaS, laaS, DaaS, or other:

AWS Elastic Beanstalk: PaaS

Google Docs: SaaS Jolicloud: DaaS Windows Azure: laaS

c) (TRUE or FALSE) A given task takes 0.7 seconds when run locally and 0.3 seconds when run in the cloud. The <u>round-trip</u> latency (time to get a response, not including processing) for the cloud provider is 0.5 seconds. By running this task in the cloud, we will get our results faster. It actually takes longer (0.8 seconds vs. 0.7 seconds).