



Agenda



- Mission
- Active projects
 - Cluster Identity
 - Kubernetes Cluster Federation
- What have we been doing
- Deep dive into Kubernetes Cluster Federation concepts
- Q&A

SIG MultiCluster mission



- Solving common challenges related to the management of multiple Kubernetes clusters, and applications that exist therein
- Designing, discussing, implementing and maintaining
 - API's, tools and documentation
 - related to multi-cluster administration and application management
- Includes not only active automated approaches such as Kubernetes Cluster Federation
 - also those that employ batch workflow-style continuous deployment systems
- Includes:
 - o standalone building blocks (for example a cluster registry), and
 - proposed changes to kubernetes core where appropriate
- See more at https://github.com/kubernetes/community/blob/master/sig-multicluster/README.md

Active work efforts



- Cluster Identity
- Kubernetes Cluster Federation (KubeFed)

Sub Project: Cluster Identity



Goals:

- Develop a cluster identifier concept more durable than API endpoint addresses, certs, etc.
- Use cases:
 - Identifier that persists longer than currently used identifiers
 - Verify identity of a cluster

Status:

 Recently started; discussions happening in SIG multicluster biweekly sync

Sub Project: KubeFed



KubeFed?

Federation v2 is dead; long live KubeFed

We are now officially KubeFed



- We found federation ambiguous, including references to stuff outside kubernetes.
- KUBErnetes Cluster FEDeration established as the official term.
- kubefed2 tool renamed to kubefedctl.
- Project now lives at
 - http://sigs.k8s.io/kubefed

Whats KubeFed for?



- Coordinate configuration in multiple kubernetes clusters from a single API surface.
- Active reconciliation to the desired state of the configuration over the lifecycle of the app.
- To be used as foundation blocks for building higher level multicluster use cases de.g. multi geography applications and disaster recovery.

Where we are at?



- Beta release candidate is out.
 - https://github.com/kubernetes-sigs/kubefed/releases/tag/v0.1.0-rc2
- Few outstanding issues, enhancing documentation before final beta, very soon.





What have we been doing?

Let's start with a demo



Run an application/Already have an application

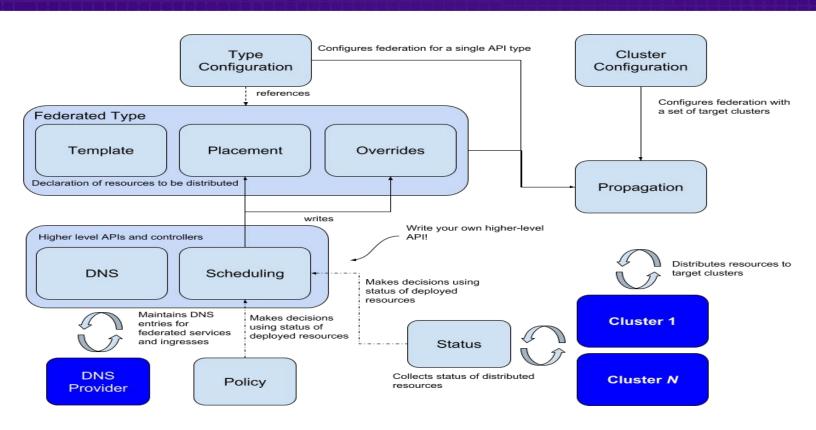
- Deploy KubeFed
- Enable needed types
- Federate application
- Change application in specific clusters
- Control placement of the application in clusters



Demo

Sub Project: KubeFed









- We now have useful tooling via kubefedctl
 - kubefedctl enable to enable federation of API Types.
 - kubefedctl federate to convert kubernetes resources to federated equivalents.



Federated<type>

Federated<type>Placement

Federated<type>Override



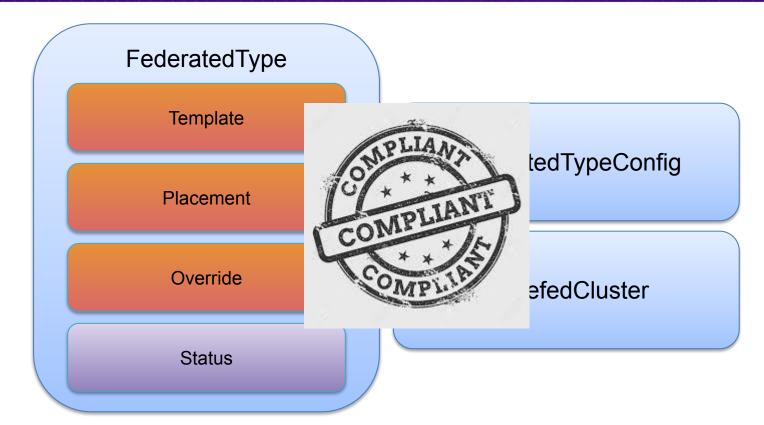
Unified Template Placement Override Status



- Unified template, placement and overrides
 - Expressed in a single API resource now.

- This API resource now has a meaningful status
 - Provides consolidated propagation status.
 - Lists propagation problems, if any.







 Core APIs are now compliant with kubernetes API conventions.

Future work



- Improve usability and documentation.
 - Further easing API translation from kubernetes resources to KubeFed resources.
 - Helm plugin to auto-convert manifests while installing.
- Higher level user facing API, akin to Apps CRD in kubernetes.
- Pull reconciliation



Deep dive

 How does KubeFed manage resources in multiple clusters?

KubeFed Beta Features



- Register a cluster to KubeFed control plane
 - kubefedctl join
- Enable management of a type of resource
 - kubefedctl enable
- Convert resources to federated form
 - kubefedctl federate
- Manage member cluster API state
 - Control plane + federated resources

Registering a cluster



kubefedctl join

- Registers a cluster as a 'member' cluster
- Creates service account (SA) in member cluster
- Creates a KubeFedCluster in the host cluster
 - API endpoint of member cluster
 - CA bundle of member cluster
 - Reference to secret containing SA token

Enabling federation of a type



- kubefedctl enable
- Creates the federated type CRD
 - e.g. FederatedDeployment
- Creates a FederatedTypeConfig
 - Includes group, version, resource name
 (GVR) for 2 API types
 - Target type (e.g. **Deployment**)
 - Federated type (e.g. FederatedDeployment)

Federated Types



- A federated type defines how a resource should appear in multiple clusters
 - o e.g. FederatedDeployment
- 3 fields:
 - template: common form of the resource
 - Embeds the target resource
 - placement: the clusters it should appear in
 - o overrides: per-cluster variation

FederatedNamespace



- Namespaces are special (only container)
 - So is the federated equivalent!
- FederatedNamespace
 - is namespace-scoped (simpler permissioning)
 - Placement for a contained federated resource is the intersection of the federated resource and federated namespace placement

Converting existing resources



- kubefedctl federate
- Converts Kubernetes resources to their federated equivalent
- Resources can exist in API or be provided via yaml
- kubefedctl federate ns my-ns --contents
 - Convert the namespace and its contents to federated equivalents

Configuring propagation



- propagation: reconciling resources in member clusters with a federated resource
- FederatedTypeConfig (FTC) configures propagation for a federated type
- For each **FTC**, a 'sync' controller is launched:
 - Watches federated resources in host cluster
 - Watches target resources in member clusters
 - Ensures target state matches federated state

Sync controller: API interaction



- No explicit type support compiled in
- FTC provides group, version, & resource name
 (GVR) for target and federated API types
- GVR enables API calls (e.g. Get, Watch)
- unstructured (maps of interfaces) used in place of golang structs
 - No type safety
 - But federated resources are consistent

Sync controller: Updates



- Sync controller lacks type details
- How to decide if a target resource is up-to-date?
- Track what was used as input
 - Record hashes of the template and overrides fields
- Track the version of the resulting resource
 - Record resource version or generation



Enough detail?





- Common questions
 - Is it necessary to grant KubeFed cluster-admin in member clusters?
 - What happens when KubeFed goes down?
 - How do I enable cross-cluster service discovery?
 - How would I decide between KubeFed and gitops?

Getting involved



- Github:
 - https://sigs.k8s.io/kubefed
- Kube Slack:
 - #sig-multicluster on https://kubernetes.slack.com/
- Mailing list:
 - https://groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/kubernetes-sig-multicluster
- Community page:
 - https://github.com/kubernetes/community/tree/master/sig-multicluster