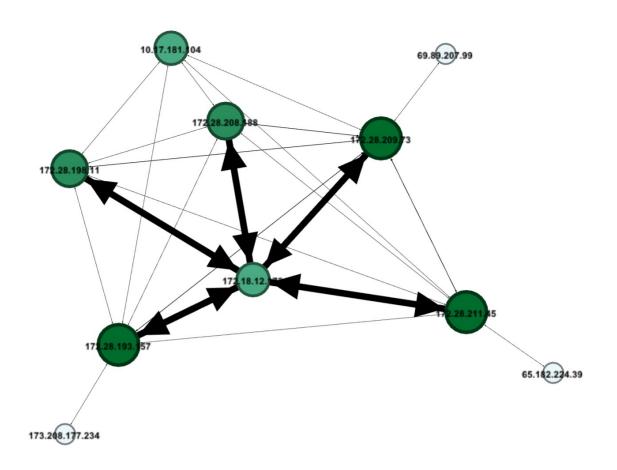
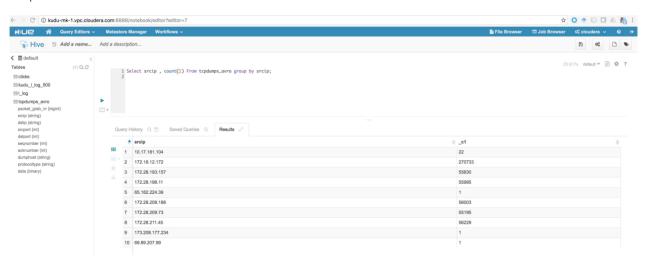


A communication graph shows the hotspots. Time dependent views allow application fine tuning.



Simple statistics is done via Hive.



More advanced packet content inspection follows soon ... (via Apache Spark).

Our Tool: Snaffer

A Python based TCP Sniffer which writes AVRO files for analysis in Spark or Impala.

Preparation: Install Dependencies

The following steps are executed by the bootstrap.sh script.

```
sudo yum install python-devel
sudo yum install gcc
sudo yum install gcc-c++
sudo yum install libpcap-devel
sudo easy_install pip
sudo pip install avro
sudo pip install pcapy
wget http://www.coresecurity.com/system/files/pcapy-0.10.8.tar_.gz
tar -xf pcapy-0.10.8.tar_.gz
cd pcapy-0.10.8
sudo python setup.py install
```

More details about pcapy: https://www.coresecurity.com/corelabs-research/open-source-tools/pcapy

TXT Output Format

```
sudo python sniffer.py eth0

srcIP|dstIP|protocolType|srcPort|dstPort|seqNumber|ackNumber|data

172.18.13.178|172.28.196.65|TCP|34|54985|7180|1436448910|3130769187|+$QGET /cmf/keepSessionActive?_=1475157
172.28.196.65|172.18.13.178|TCP|34|7180|54985|3130769187|1436450264|+$R|
172.18.13.178|172.28.196.65|TCP|34|54985|7180|1436450264|3130769187|+$Q=(direct)|utmcmd=(none)|
172.28.196.65|172.18.13.178|TCP|34|7180|54985|3130769187|1436450291|+$R|
172.28.196.65|172.18.13.178|TCP|34|7180|54985|3130769187|1436450291|+$RHTTP/1.1 200 OKContent-Type: application of the content of
```

Avro Output Format

```
sudo python snaffer.py eth0 1000
```

Collects 1000 packets and writes into an Avro file using the Avro schema in: schema/packet.asvc.

```
{
   "namespace": "com.cloudera.security.checks",
    "type":"record",
   "doc":"This Schema describes a DATA PACKET",
   "name": "Packet",
   "fields":[
       {"name":"packet_grab_nr", "type": "long"
        {"name":"srcIP",
                                "type": "string"
                               "type": "string" },
       {"name":"dstIP",
       {"name":"srcPort",
                                "type": "int"
       {"name":"dstPort",
                                "type": "int"
                               "type": "int"
       {"name":"seqNumber",
       {"name":"ackNumber", {"name":"dumpHost",
                               "type": "int"
                               "type": "string" },
       {"name":"protocolType", "type": "string" },
                                 "type": ["null", "bytes"] }
       {"name":"data",
   ]
}
```

Output is written to folder dump using the following filename pattern:

packetdump_HOSTNAME_DEVICE_STARTTIME.avro

Example:

packetdump_quickstart.cloudera_lo_2016-10-28 09:00:04.avro

Packet Analysis in Hadoop

1.) Prepare DUMP-Space (only once)

```
hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/
hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/raw
hadoop fs -mkdir /user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/META
hadoop fs -put ./schema/* /user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/META
```

Create the Hive table:

```
CREATE EXTERNAL TABLE tcpdumps_avro
ROW FORMAT SERDE 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.serde2.avro.AvroSerDe'
STORED AS INPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.avro.AvroContainerInputFormat'
OUTPUTFORMAT 'org.apache.hadoop.hive.ql.io.avro.AvroContainerOutputFormat'
LOCATION '/user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/raw'
TBLPROPERTIES ('avro.schema.url'='hdfs://127.0.0.1:8020/user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/META/packet.avsc')
```

2.) Upload new dumps to HDFS

Rename the file (all ":" have to be replaced by "_").

```
hadoop fs -put ./dump/*.avro /user/cloudera/TCPDUMP/raw rm ./dump/*
```

3.) Count Packets in Hive and links between cluster hosts.

```
SELECT data FROM tcpdumps_avro;
SELECT srcip AS Source, dstip AS Target, count(dstip) AS Weight FROM tcpdumps_avro group by srcip, dstip;
```

Limitations

- currently no timestamp per packet available, should be also part of the record
- · device should also be part of the record
- limiting the sniff-periode is based on nr of packages, should be a time interval in the future

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