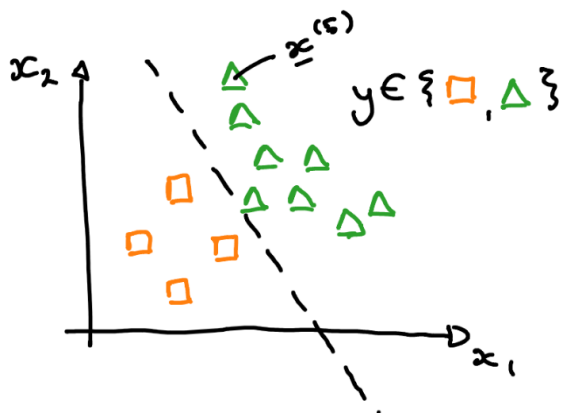


Introduction to unsupervised learning

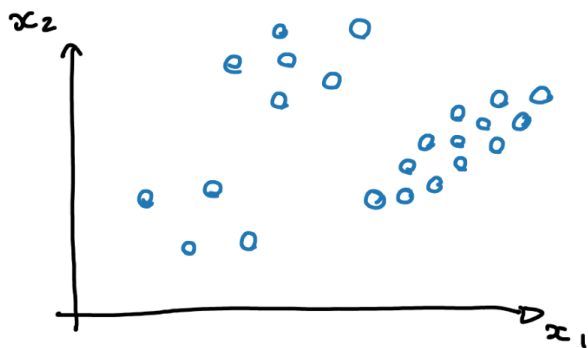
Herman Kamper

2023-02

Supervised learning



Unsupervised learning



Dimensionality reduction

Features:¹

`x[1]: [0.59, 4.35, 4.80, 7.60, ..., 3.48, 4.93, 5.13, 3.07]`

`x[2]: [5.93, 4.86, 0.49, 6.84, ..., 2.98, 4.93, 5.93, 2.68]`

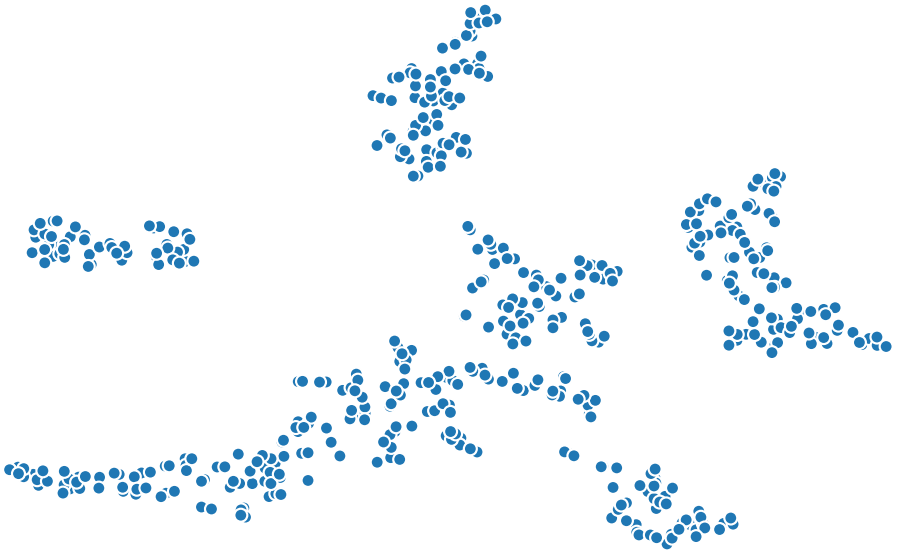
`x[3]: [7.99, 7.74, 3.43, 5.77, ..., 4.57, 3.47, 5.76, 2.33]`

`x[4]: [0.87, 4.11, 4.74, 1.01, ..., 5.34, 2.97, 3.83, 5.77]`

`x[5]: [0.64, 4.66, 4.72, 0.51, ..., 6.78, 3.36, 4.39, 5.73]`

`x[6]: [8.28, 8.85, 3.10, 6.91, ..., 4.26, 3.74, 7.06, 4.33]`

...

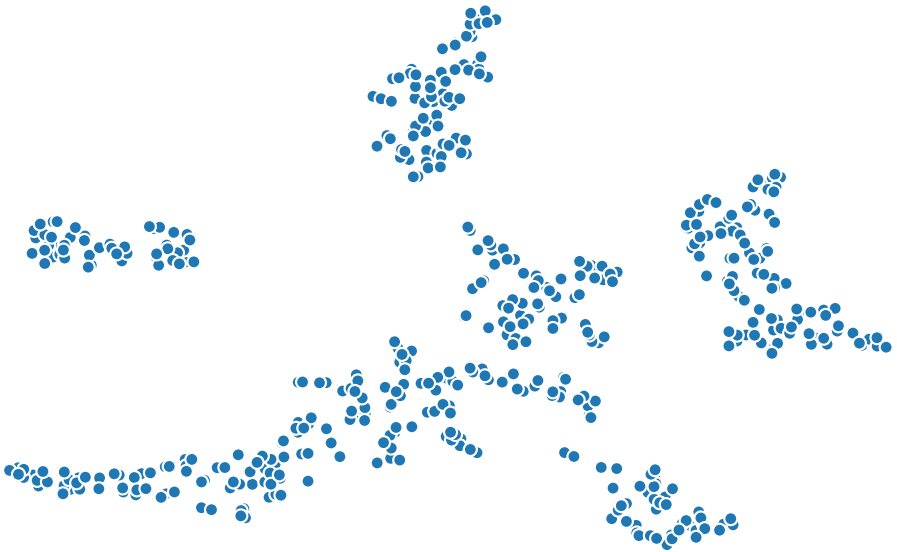


¹Data from (Kamper et al., 2014).

Dimensionality reduction can be used for

- Visualisation
- Reducing computational cost
- Compression

Clustering



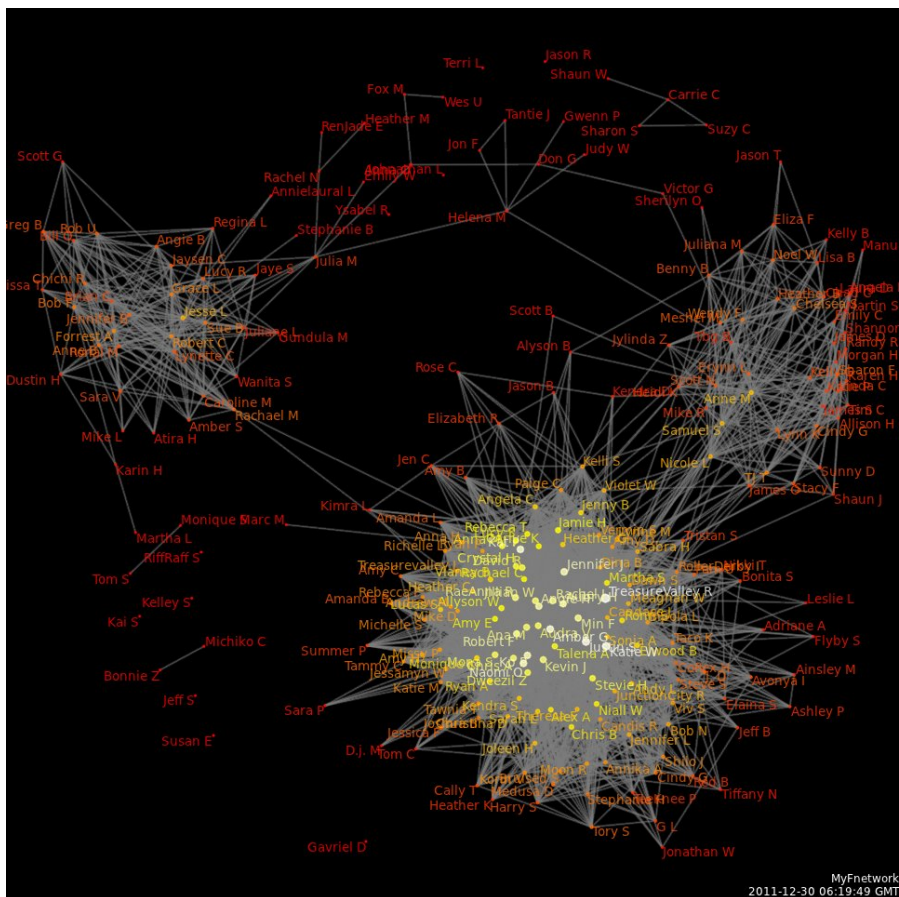


Figure from Wikipedia.

Videos covered in this note

- [Introduction to unsupervised learning](#) (19 min)

Reading

- ISLR 12 intro
- ISLR 12.1