(21S) CST8277 Enterprise Application Programming

Assignment 2

Please read this document carefully – if your submission does not meet the requirements as stated here, you may lose marks even though your program runs. Additionally, this assignment is also a teaching opportunity – material presented in this document will be on the quizzes and/or the final exam!

Submission

Zip your project folder and submit on Brightspace/Activities/Assignments/Assignment 2. You do not need to answer the questions in this document, they are there to guide you.

Theme for Assignment 2

After completing this assignment, you will have achieved the following:

- 1. Use JSF in conjunction with new EE components: EJBs and JPA
- 2. Create a model class for JPA with all appropriate mappings/annotations
- 3. Use a JSF @ViewScoped managed bean
- 4. Add validation to JSF views
- 5. Use Bootstrap CSS framework to layout and style the Employee Directory application as an **SPA** (Single Page Application)

Grading and Requirements for Assignment 2

- 1. There are TODO markers in the assignment.
- 2. Complete the index.xhtml.
 - a. There are rendered tags missing which must be added. Read the documentation in the code. Look for visible keywords.
 - b. Some components are also broken which need fixing. Look for TODO in the documentation.
 - c. Use **f:validator** and **f:validateLength** to add validator to **h:inputText**. Look for validator in the documentation.

⁻¹ to -5 per mistake depending on the severity of the mistake. Out of 100.

Submitting Assignment 2

Import

- 1. Unzip your project.
- 2. In Eclipse go to File/Open Projects from File System.
- 3. Navigate to your project folder.
- 4. When importing there should **only be 1 project selected**.

Important

- 1. After opening the project in your Eclipse.
- 2. Right-click your project and go to Properties.
- 3. Go to Deployment Assembly.
- 4. Click Add and choose Java Build Path Entries.
- 5. Click **Next** and choose **Maven Dependencies**.
- 6. Click Finish.

Remember, if you right-click Maven->Update Project, you have to do the above steps again.

Your Info

You <u>must</u> use the skeleton project provided for this assignment to start your solution.

In the folder **src/main/resource**, there is a file called **Bundle.properties** which contains constants used in the UI – please change the default values for:

```
footer.labsection=Lab Section 301
footer.studentnumber=040123456
footer.studentname=Jane Doe
```

Note – your name should be as it appears in ACSIS.

Your submission must include:

- <u>Code</u> completed project that compiles, has good indenting, not overly complicated and is
 efficient.
 - The code must demonstrate your understanding of how a JSF application works.
- Eclipse has an 'export' function to create an external 'archive' i.e. a zip file of your project.
 Please export the project to a file that follows the naming:
 studentLastName studentFirstName studentNumber 21SAssignment2.zip

Starting Assignment 2

Project starts with many errors. That is fine. You need to find and fix the issues. There are hints such as TODO markers in the code which can help you.

Update the DB

Attached to the assignment on Brightspace, there is a DB script (databank.sql) which you must run on your DB again.

Updating the Application - Additional EE Components: EntityManager

EntityManager

To connect the DAO to the DB, we need to <u>inject</u> a reference (into the DOAImpl) using the <u>@PersistenceContext</u> annotation:

- Q1: What is the folder/name of the standard JPA descriptor document (config)?
- Q2: What is the name of the Persistence Unit?

 (Hint look in the 'non-Java' Maven 'resources' folder)

Java Persistence API (JPA)

The PersonPojo model needs additional JPA annotations in order to work. It also needs new member fields to handle the CREATED/UPDATED/VERSION DB columns. The type for the CREATED/UPDATED member fields should be java.time.Instant.

- Q3: What should the @Entity name be? What would it be if the name is not set?
- Q4: What should the @Table name be? What would it be if the name is not set?

- Q5: What is the JPQL query string for the @NamedQuery 'Person.findAll' that retrieves all persons from the database?
- **Q6:** What are the column names for firstName, lastName? What would JPA 'think' the DB column names are if the annotations were not set?
- Q7: If annotations are on fields what should @Access (AcessType.??) be?
- Q8: What type should the member field version be?

Audit Columns

The purpose of the CREATED/UPDATED columns is to answer the following questions:

- When was the record *created*?
- When was the record last *updated*?

These columns are typically referred to as 'Audit' columns, they allow you to know when a given row changed. This has obvious benefits in production systems where fraud or security breaches are a concern. Often, DBAs like to solve this problem with *database triggers* or logic that causes a table row to be updated whenever a particular action takes place:

```
CREATE OR replace TRIGGER set_create_date_for_orders
   BEFORE INSERT ON orders
   FOR EACH ROW
BEGIN
     -- Update create_date column to current system date
   :new.create_date := SYSDATE;
END;
```

The above **PLSQL** code (**P**rocedural **L**anguage for **SQL**) works only on Oracle databases. Accomplishing the same task across multiple databases can greatly increase the complexity of an application when support of multiple database vendors is required.

We can implement a solution using JPA that works across **all** databases. In the previous section, we discussed adding two new member fields to handle the **CREATED/UPDATED** columns. To populate the audit member fields automatically, we use a JPA 'listener' that is invoked whenever a particular event occurs – there are seven events (Hint! Quizzes/final exam material):

- 1. @PrePersist executed before the EntityManager persist operation is actually executed
- 2. @PreRemove executed before the EntityManager remove is actually executed
- @PostPersist executed after the EntityManager persist operation (INSERT SQL already committed)
- 4. @PostRemove executed after the EntityManager remove operation (DELETE SQL already committed)
- 5. oPreUpdate executed before the UPDATE SQL is executed
- 6. @PostUpdate executed after the UPDATE SQL is committed
- 7. @PostLoad executed after an entity has been loaded into the current @PersistenceContext or when entity has been refreshed (EntityManager refresh operation)

The PersonPojo class is missing the @EntityListeners annotation, it needs to be added. Please refer to the JSF Regional Inventory 2 sample project discussed during Week 5 lecture.

Q9: What is the argument to setCreatedOnDate/setUpdatedDate?

Updating the Application – JSF, EJB, and JPA

The JSF controller is un-aware that some new EE components and APIs (EntityManager and JPA) are now associated with the PersonDao managed bean, its API has changed only slightly. The PersonDaoImpl is also simplified with no direct manipulation of the DB using SQL, all DB operations are delegated to the EntityManager.

Our new app uses JPA which needs to be configured and initialized. Luckily, when running inside an EE application server (such as Payara), this is simple:

- In **payara-resources.xml**, specify the Payara JDBC connection pool and its mapping to a JNDI name (already done in Assignment 1, no need to change for Assignment 2).
- In the JPA standard persistence deployment descriptor file (that is, **persistence.xml**) (what was the answer to above **Q1** and **Q2**?), ensure that the entry <jta-data-source>jndi-name</jta-data-source> is properly setup.

(Note: In the upcoming Assignment 3, we will see how configuring and initializing JPA outside of Java EE is much more complicated!)

Updating the Application - JSF Navigation and SPA

In Assignment 1, the Person application provided C-R-U-D capabilities across three (3) JSF views:

- list-people.xhtml
- 2. add-person.xhtml
- edit-person.xhtml

Even though the application is a simple 'C-R-U-D' list-view, navigating between views can become quite difficult. Amongst the various controller methods are hard-coded strings "add-person?faces-redirect=true" and "list-people?faces-redirect=true" What if, for example, a 'Sign In' functionality needs to be added to the application:

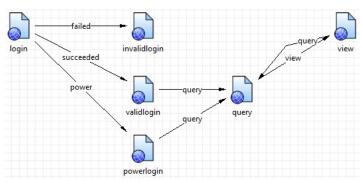


Figure 1. Credit to Russell Bateman 'A short treatise on JSF'(https://bit.ly/2RToMnQ)

JSF supports separating controller code from navigation decisions by allowing the developer to specify navigation rules in the **faces-config.xml** file:

```
<navigation-rule>
    <display-name>query</display-name>
    <from-view-id>/query.xhtml</from-view-id>
    <navigation-case>
        <from-outcome>submit</from-outcome>
        <to-view-id>/view.xhtml</to-view-id>
    </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
<navigation-rule>
    <display-name>view</display-name>
    <from-view-id>/view.xhtml</from-view-id>
    <navigation-case>
        <from-outcome>query</from-outcome>
        <to-view-id>/query.xhtml</to-view-id>
    </navigation-case>
</navigation-rule>
```

Even with this separation, it is easy to see that the navigation rules for a fully-featured application would become <u>very</u> hard to maintain. This is one of the motivating factors in the move to single-page applications (SPA), where the web app stays on a single page instead of loading new pages from the server, rewriting its content either via direct DOM manipulation or asynchronously using AJAX calls.§

In JSF, the primary way to manage this is to ensure that 'outcomes' of actions invoked on various components ie. is to return a null String, or the method signature is changed to return void. Over on the 'View' side of things, the primary mechanism to help the user interact with the app is to toggle – hide/show – various on-screen artifacts via their rendered attribute (which is present on almost all JSF components), delegating control of the toggle-state to the controller, or in the case of editing an individual row of https://example.com/ntmoleoscopy/least-action/<a href="https://examp

- Q10: What must be added to PersonController toggle hide/show the 'Add New Employee' view?
- Q11: What must be added to PersonPojo toggle hide/show editing? If a new member field is added to PersonPojo, what about the JPA mappings? Should the state of this member field be stored in the DB? If not, how does one prevent that from happening?

Updating the Application - JSF @ViewScoped Helper Class

In Assignment 1, to hold the "to-be-created"/"to-be-updated" person data, we either used 'spare' fields in PersonController or used the (@Inject'd) sessionMap to hold them. In Assignment 2, we introduce a new class NewPersonView to specifically handle this responsibility.

- Q12: What annotation(s) should we add to NewPersonView?
- Q13: What field(s) should we add to NewPersonView?
- Q14: How is NewPersonView used in index.xhml?

- end -

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[§] Wikipedia (2020). Single-page application (retrieved 2020/02/02 https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Single-page application)