- 13.8 Given the full joint distribution shown in Figure 13.3, calculate the following:
- a. P(toothache).
- b. P(Cavity).
- c. P(Toothache | cavity).
- d.  $P(Cavity \mid toothache \lor catch)$ .

$catch$ $\neg catch$ $catch$ $\neg c$	
	atch
cavity 0.108 0.012 0.072 0.	008
$\neg cavity$ 0.016 0.064 0.144 0.	576

**Figure 13.3** A full joint distribution for the *Toothache*, *Cavity*, *Catch* world.

## a. P(toothache)

Probability of a literal (observe that it is being used a lowercase first letter in toothache). P(toothache) = 0.108 + 0.012 + 0.016 + 0.064 = 0.120 + 0.080 = 0.200

## b. P(Cavity)

Probability of a boolean variable (observe that it is being used an uppercase first letter in *Cavity*).

$$P(Cavity) = \langle P(cavity), P(\neg cavity) \rangle$$
  
 $P(cavity) = 0.108 + 0.012 + 0.072 + 0.008 = 0.120 + 0.080 = 0.2$   
 $P(\neg cavity) = 1 - P(cavity) = 0.8$   
 $P(Cavity) = \langle 0.2, 0.8 \rangle$ 

## c. P(Toothache | cavity)

Probability of a boolean variable given some event.

$$P(Toothache \mid cavity) = < P(toothache \mid cavity), \ P(\neg toothache \mid cavity) > \\ P(toothache \mid cavity) = P(toothache, \ cavity) / P(cavity) = (0.108 + 0.012) / 0.2 = 0.120 / 0.2 = 0.6 \\ P(\neg toothache \mid cavity) = 1 - P(toothache \mid cavity) = 0.4 \\ P(Toothache \mid cavity) = < 0.6 \ , \ 0.4 >$$

## d. P(Cavity | toothache ∨ catch)

I) Probability of a boolean variable given some event:

 $P(Cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) = \langle P(cavity \mid toothache \lor catch), P(\neg cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) \rangle$ 

II) 
$$P(toothache \lor catch) = 0.108 + 0.016 + 0.012 + 0.064 + 0.072 + 0.144 = 0.416$$

III) 
$$P(cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) = (0.108 + 0.012 + 0.072) / 0.416 = 0.4615$$

IV) 
$$P(\neg cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) = 1 - P(cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) = 0.5385$$

V) Using (III) and (IV) in (I)

$$P(Cavity \mid toothache \lor catch) = < 0.4615, 0.5385 >$$