N Try Notion Q Search Duplicate ••• Class Notes 4

Class Notes 4

Example 1:

```
Python
```

- JavaScript
- **▼** Java

```
Question 1
Given an m x n matrix, return all elements of the matrix in spiral order.
```

```
Input: matrix = [[1,2,3],[4,5,6],[7,8,9]]
Output: [1,2,3,6,9,8,7,4,5]
```

TC: O(n) SC: O(1)

Solution:

```
class Solution {
    public List<Integer> spiralOrder(int[][] matrix) {
        List<Integer> result = new ArrayList<>();
        int rows = matrix.length;
        int columns = matrix[0].length;
        int up = 0;
        int left = 0;
        int right = columns - 1;
        int down = rows - 1;
        while (result.size() < rows * columns) {</pre>
            // Traverse from left to right.
            for (int col = left; col <= right; col++) {</pre>
                result.add(matrix[up][col]);
            // Traverse downwards.
            for (int row = up + 1; row <= down; row++) {
                result.add(matrix[row][right]);
            // Make sure we are now on a different row.
                // Traverse from right to left.
                for (int col = right - 1; col >= left; col--) {
                    result.add(matrix[down][col]);
                // Traverse upwards.
                for (int row = down - 1; row > up; row--) {
                    result.add(matrix[row][left]);
            left++;
            right--;
            up++;
            down--;
        return result;
```

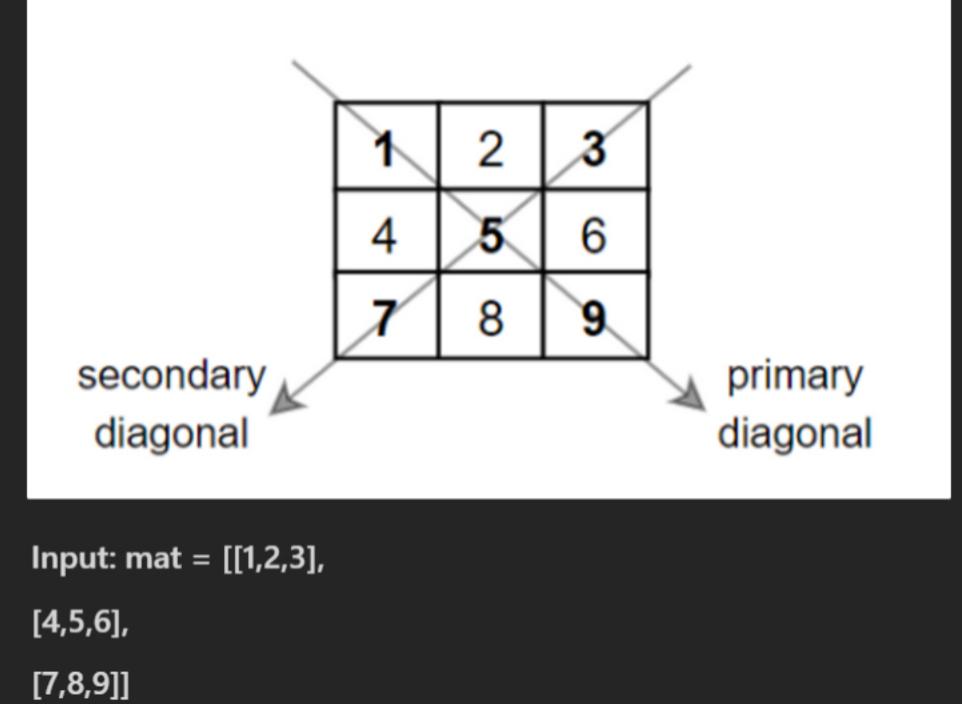
Given a square matrix mat, return the sum of the matrix diagonals.

Question 2

elements on the secondary diagonal that are not part of the primary diagonal.

Example 1:

Only include the sum of all the elements on the primary diagonal and all the



Output: 25

Explanation: Diagonals sum: 1 + 5 + 9 + 3 + 7 = 25

Notice that element mat[1][1] = 5 is counted only once. **Solution:**

TC: O(m+n) SC: O(1)

int n = mat.length;

int ans = 0;

class Solution { public int diagonalSum(int[][] mat) {

```
for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
               // Add elements from primary diagonal.
                ans += mat[i][i];
               // Add elements from secondary diagonal.
               ans += mat[n - 1 - i][i];
           // If n is odd, subtract the middle element as it's added twice.
           if (n % 2 != 0) {
               ans -= mat[n / 2][n / 2];
           return ans;
Question 3
Given a m x n matrix grid which is sorted in non-increasing order both row-wise and
column-wise, return the number of negative numbers in grid.
```

Input: grid = [[4,3,2,-1],[3,2,1,-1],[1,1,-1,-2],[-1,-1,-2,-3]] Output: 8

Example 1:

Explanation: There are 8 negatives number in the matrix. TC: O(m*n)

SC: O(1)

class Solution { public int countNegatives(int[][] grid) { int count = 0; int n = grid[0].length;

int currRowNegativeIndex = n - 1;

```
// Iterate on all rows of the matrix one by one.
        for (int[] row : grid) {
            // Decrease 'currRowNegativeIndex' so that it points to current ro
    w's last positive element.
            while (currRowNegativeIndex >= 0 && row[currRowNegativeIndex] < 0) {</pre>
                currRowNegativeIndex--;
            // 'currRowNegativeIndex' points to the last positive element,
            // which means 'n - (currRowNegativeIndex + 1)' is the number of all
    negative elements.
            count += (n - (currRowNegativeIndex + 1));
       return count;
Question 4
You are given an m x n integer grid accounts where accounts[i][j] is the amount of
money the ith customer has in the jth bank. Return the wealth that the richest
customer has.
A customer's wealth is the amount of money they have in all their bank accounts.
The richest customer is the customer that has the maximum wealth.
```

Input: accounts = [[1,2,3],[3,2,1]] Output: 6

Example 1:

Explanation:

2nd customer has wealth = 3 + 2 + 1 = 6Both customers are considered the richest with a wealth of 6 each, so return 6.

class Solution {

h possible)

Solution: TC: O(m*n)

SC : O(1)

int maxWealthSoFar = 0;

public int maximumWealth(int[][] accounts) {

1st customer has wealth = 1 + 2 + 3 = 6

```
// Iterate over accounts
        for (int[] account : accounts) {
            // For each account, initialize the sum to 0
            int currCustomerWealth = 0;
            // Add the money in each bank
            for (int money : account) {
                currCustomerWealth += money;
            // Update the maximum wealth seen so far if the current wealth i
s greater
            // If it is less than the current sum
            maxWealthSoFar = Math.max(maxWealthSoFar, currCustomerWealth);
        // Return the maximum wealth
        return maxWealthSoFar;
```

// Initialize the maximum wealth seen so far to 0 (the minimum wealt