### **Paper Title**

First Author
Department
Institution
City, Country
first.last@example.com

#### Abstract

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

#### **ACM Reference Format:**

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#### 1 Introduction

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis

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 $short\text{-}conference\text{-}name,\ City,\ Country$ 

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parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

Nulla malesuada porttitor diam. Donec felis erat, congue non, volutpat at, tincidunt tristique, libero. Vivamus viverra fermentum felis. Donec nonummy pellentesque ante. Phasellus adipiscing semper elit. Proin fermentum massa ac quam. Sed diam turpis, molestie vitae, placerat a, molestie nec, leo. Maecenas lacinia. Nam ipsum ligula, eleifend at, accumsan nec, suscipit a, ipsum. Morbi blandit ligula feugiat magna. Nunc eleifend consequat lorem. Sed lacinia nulla vitae enim. Pellentesque tincidunt purus vel magna. Integer non enim. Praesent euismod nunc eu purus. Donec bibendum quam in tellus. Nullam cursus pulvinar lectus. Donec et mi. Nam vulput metus eu enim. Vestibulum pellentesque felis eu massa. TODO!

The remainder of the paper starts with a presentation of related work (Section 2). It is followed by a presentation of hints on LATEX (Section 3). Finally, a conclusion is drawn and outlook on future work is made (Section 4).

#### 2 Related Work



Winery [2] is a graphical modeling tool. The whole idea of TOSCA is explained by Binz et al. [1].

#### 3 LaTeX Hints

This section contains hints on writing LaTeX. It focuses on minimal examples, which can be directly adapted to the content

### 3.1 Handling of paragraphs

One sentence per line. This rule is important for the usage of version control systems. A new line is generated with a blank line. As you would do in Word: New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter. In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as LaTeX joins subsequent lines. In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter twice! This leads to an empty line. In word, there is the functionality to press shift and enter. This leads to a hard line break. The text starts at the beginning of a new line. In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes (\\).

This is rarely used.

Please do *not* use two backslashes for new paragraphs. For instance, this sentence belongs to the same paragraph, whereas the last one started a new one. A long motivation for that is provided at http://loopspace.mathforge.org/HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.

## Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
One sentence per line.
   This rule is important for the usage of version

→ control systems.

454 A new line is generated with a blank line.
455 As you would do in Word:
    New paragraphs are generated by pressing enter.
   In LaTeX, this does not lead to a new paragraph as

→ LaTeX joins subsequent lines.

   In case you want a new paragraph, just press enter

→ twice!

    This leads to an empty line.
    In word, there is the functionality to press shift
    \rightarrow and enter.
    This leads to a hard line break.
   The text starts at the beginning of a new line.
   In LaTeX, you can do that by using two backslashes
    464
   This is rarely used.
    Please do \text{textit}\{\text{not}\}\ use two backslashes for new

→ paragraphs.

    For instance, this sentence belongs to the same
    ⇒ paragraph, whereas the last one started a new

→ one.

469 A long motivation for that is provided at

   \url{http://loopspace.mathforge.org/|

    → HowDidIDoThat/TeX/VCS/#section.3}.
```

### 3.2 Notes separated from the text

The package mindflow enables writing down notes and annotations in a way so that they are separated from the main text.

```
This is a small note.

Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

477 \begin{mindflow}
478 This is a small note.
479 \end{mindflow}
```

### 3.3 Handling TODOs

Markierter Text.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

485 \textmarker{Markierter Text.}
```

Bei \textmarker wird nur die Textfarbe geändert, da dies auch bei einigen Worten gut funktioniert.

Markierter Text.

```
Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex
```

491 \textcomment{Markierter Text.}{Kommentar dazu.}

Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der letzten Version geändert wurde.

Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conferenceminted.tex

495 \modified{Manuelle Markierung für Text, der seit der → letzten Version geändert wurde.}



Das ist ein Text. Geänderter Text.

Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
499 Das ist ein Text.
500 \change{FL1: Text angepasst}{Geänderter Text}.
```



Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

504 Hier nur ein Kommentar\sidecomment{Kommentar}.



Corresponding  $\LaTeX$  code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

508 \todo{Hier muss noch kräftig Text produziert werden}

### 3.4 Hyphenation

LATEX automatically hyphenates words. When using microtype, there should be fewer hyphenations than in other settings. It might be necessary to tweak the hyphenations nevertheless. Here are some hints:

In case you write "application-specific", then the word will only be hyphenated at the dash. You can also write applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific (result: application-specific), but this is much more effort.

You can now write words containing hyphens which are hyphenated at other places in the word. For instance, application"=specific gets application"=specific. This is enabled by an additional configuration of the babel package.

## Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
In case you write \enquote{application-specific},

then the word will only be hyphenated at the
dash.

You can also write

\rightarrow \verb1applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific1 (result:
applica\allowbreak{}tion-specific), but this is
much more effort.

You can now write words containing hyphens which are
hyphenated at other places in the word.

For instance, \verb1application"=specific1 gets
application"=specific.

This is enabled by an additional configuration of the
babel package.
```

### 3.5 Typesetting Units

Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by using the siunitx package as follows: 100  $\frac{\mathrm{km}}{\mathrm{h}}$ , or by using plain LATEX (and math mode):  $100 \frac{\mathrm{km}}{h}$ .

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
Numbers can be written plain text (such as 100), by

using the

href{https://ctan.org/pkg/siunitx}{siunitx}

package as follows:

| SI{100}{km\per\hour},
| or by using plain \LaTeX{} (and math mode):
| S33 $100 \frac{\mathbb{km}}{frac}hj}.
```

5% of 10 kg

Corresponding  $\LaTeX$  code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
SI{5}{\left( \frac{5}{10}\right) }
```

Numbers are automatically grouped: 123 456.

Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

 $_{541}$  Numbers are automatically grouped: \num{123456}.

### 3.6 Surrounding Text by Quotes

Please use the "enquote command" to quote something. Quoting with "quote" or "quote" also works.

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
Please use the \enquote{enquote command} to quote

→ something.

Quoting with "`quote"' or ``quote'' also works.
```

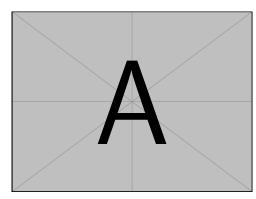


Figure 1: Example figure for cref demo

Heading1	Heading2	
One	Two	
Thee	Four	

Table 1: Example table for cref demo

### 3.7 Cleveref examples

Cleveref demonstration: Cref at beginning of sentence, cref in all other cases.

Figure 1 shows a simple fact, although Figure 1 could also show something else.

Table 1 shows a simple fact, although Table 1 could also show something else.

Section 3.7 shows a simple fact, although Section 3.7 could also show something else.

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

#### 3.8 Figures

Figure 2 shows something interesting.

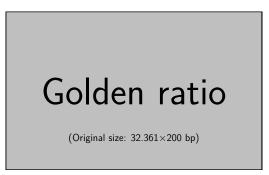


Figure 2: Simple Figure. Based on Scharrer [3].

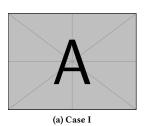
```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-
minted.tex
    \Cref{fig:label} shows something interesting.
589
    \begin{figure}
591
      \includegraphics[width=.8\linewidth]{example-|

→ image-golden}
      \caption[Simple Figure]{
594
        Simple Figure.
595
        Based on \citet(mwe).
596
      \label{fig:label}
    \end{figure}
```

### 3.9 Sub Figures

An example of two sub figures is shown in Figure 3.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-
minted.tex
    \begin{figure}[!b]
607
608
      \centering
      \subfloat[Case I]{\includegraphics[width=.4]
609
      → \linewidth]{example-image-a}%
        \label{fig:first_case}}
611
      \hfil
      \subfloat[Case II]{\includegraphics[width=.4|
612
      → \linewidth]{example-image-b}%
        \label{fig:second_case}}
      \caption{Example figure with two sub figures.}
     \label{fig:two_sub_figures}
   \end{figure}
```



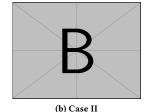


Figure 3: Example figure with two sub figures.

#### Table 2: Simple Table

Heading1	Heading2	
One	Two	
Thee	Four	

Table 3: Table with diagonal line

Diag Column Head II Diag Column Head I	Second	Third
	foo	bar

### 3.10 Tables

```
Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex
```

```
\begin{table}
622
       \caption{Simple Table}
623
624
       \label{tab:simple}
       \centering
       \begin{tabular}{11}
         \toprule
        Heading1 & Heading2 \\
628
         \midrule
                 & Two
        0ne
630
631
        Thee
                  & Four
                              11
632
         \bottomrule
       \end{tabular}
633
    \end{table}
```

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
% Source: https://tex.stackexchange.com/a/468994/9075
    \begin{table}
       \caption{Table with diagonal line}
640
       \label{tab:diag}
641
      \begin{center}
642
         \begin{tabular}{|l|c|c|}
643
          \diagbox[width=10em]{Diag \\Column Head I}{Diag
           → Column\\Head II} & Second & Third \\
          \hline
646
647
           & foo & bar
          \hline
648
        \end{tabular}
      \end{center}
    \end{table}
```

#### 3.11 Source Code

minted is a sophisticated package to enable properly highlighted listings. It uses the pygments library, which in turn requires Python.

Listing 1 shows source code written in XML. line ?? contains a comment.

```
1
2
3 notinteresting
```

List. 1: Example XML listing using minted

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
Cref{lst:XML} shows source code written in XML.

/refline(line:comment) contains a comment.

// Cref(lst:XML] shows source code written in XML.

/refline(line:comment).

// Comment comm
```

One can also typeset JSON as shown in Listing 2.

1 2

List. 2: Example JSON listing using minted

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
\begin{listing}[htbp]
679
      \begin{minted}[linenos=true,escapeinside=||]{json}
680
    {
681
      key: "value"
682
683
684
    \end{minted}
      \caption{Example JSON listing using minted}
685
      \label{lst:flJSON}
686
    \end{listing}
687
```

Java is also possible as shown in Listing 3.

List. 3: Java code rendered using minted

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
\begin{listing}[htbp]
      \begin{minted}[linenos=true,escapeinside=||]{java}
694
    public class Hello {
695
        public static void main (String[] args) {
696
            System.out.println("Hello World!");
697
698
699
    \end{minted}
700
      \caption{Java code rendered using minted}
      \label{lst:flJava}
    \end{listing}
```

### 3.12 Itemization

One can list items as follows:

- Item One
- · Item Two

```
Corresponding \LaTeX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex
```

```
711 \begin{itemize}
712 \item Item One
713 \item Item Two
714 \end{itemize}
```

With the package paralist, one can create itemizations with lesser spacing:

- Item One
- · Item Two

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
720 \begin{compactitem}
721 \item Item One
722 \item Item Two
723 \end{compactitem}
```

One can enumerate items as follows:

- (1) Item One
- (2) Item Two

# Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
729 \begin{enumerate}
730 \item Item One
731 \item Item Two
732 \end{enumerate}
```

With the package paralist, one can create enumerations with lesser spacing:

- (1) Item One
- (2) Item Two

# Corresponding $\LaTeX$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
738 \begin{compactenum}
739 \item Item One
740 \item Item Two
741 \end{compactenum}
```

With paralist, one can even have all items typeset after each other and have them clean in the TeX document:

(1) All these items... (2) ...appear in one line (3) This is enabled by the paralist package.

# Corresponding $\slash\hspace{-0.6em} \text{LT}_{\slash\hspace{-0.6em} X} X$ code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

```
747  \begin{inparaenum}
748   \item All these items...
749   \item ...appear in one line
750   \item This is enabled by the paralist package.
751  \end{inparaenum}
```

### 3.13 Other Features

The words "workflow" and "dwarflike" can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text file.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

757 The words \enquote{workflow} and \enquote{dwarflike}

can be copied from the PDF and pasted to a text

file.
```

The symbol for powerset is now correct:  $\mathscr P$  and not a Weierstrass p  $(\mathscr P)$ .

 $\mathcal{P}(1,2,3)$ 

# Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex

Brackets work as designed: <test> One can also input backticks in verbatim text: `test`.

```
Corresponding LATEX code of ./paper-conference-minted.tex
```

### 4 Conclusion and Outlook

Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetuer adipiscing elit. Ut purus elit, vestibulum ut, placerat ac, adipiscing vitae, felis. Curabitur dictum gravida mauris. Nam arcu libero, nonummy eget, consectetuer id, vulputate a, magna. Donec vehicula augue eu neque. Pellentesque habitant morbi tristique senectus et netus et malesuada fames ac turpis egestas. Mauris ut leo. Cras viverra metus rhoncus sem. Nulla et lectus vestibulum urna fringilla ultrices. Phasellus eu tellus sit amet tortor gravida placerat. Integer sapien est, iaculis in, pretium quis, viverra ac, nunc. Praesent eget sem vel leo ultrices bibendum. Aenean faucibus. Morbi dolor nulla, malesuada eu, pulvinar at, mollis ac, nulla. Curabitur auctor semper nulla. Donec varius orci eget risus. Duis nibh mi, congue eu, accumsan eleifend, sagittis quis, diam. Duis eget orci sit amet orci dignissim rutrum.

Nam dui ligula, fringilla a, euismod sodales, sollicitudin vel, wisi. Morbi auctor lorem non justo. Nam lacus libero, pretium at, lobortis vitae, ultricies et, tellus. Donec aliquet, tortor sed accumsan bibendum, erat ligula aliquet magna, vitae ornare odio metus a mi. Morbi ac orci et nisl hendrerit mollis. Suspendisse ut massa. Cras nec ante. Pellentesque a nulla. Cum sociis natoque penatibus et magnis dis parturient montes, nascetur ridiculus mus. Aliquam tincidunt urna. Nulla ullamcorper vestibulum turpis. Pellentesque cursus luctus mauris.

### Acknowledgments

Identification of funding sources and other support, and thanks to individuals and groups that assisted in the research and the preparation of the work should be included in an acknowledgment section, which is placed just before the reference section in your document [4].

For more  $\LaTeX$  hints for ACM read on at https://www.acm.org/publications/taps/latex-best-practices.

In the bibliography, use \textsuperscript for "st", "nd", ...: E.g., "The 2<sup>nd</sup> conference on examples". When you use JabRef, you can use the clean up command to achieve that. See https://help.jabref.org/en/CleanupEntries for an overview of the cleanup functionality.

#### References

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