LaTeX reference

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 $https://www.sharelatex.com/learn/Main_Page\ http://texdoc.net/texmf-dist/doc/latex/lshort-english/lshort.pdf$

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1	Margins	
1	1. Sides (odd- and even-numbered pages):	
	\addtolength{\oddsidemargin}{-0.875in} \addtolength{\evensidemargin}{-0.875in} \addtolength{\textwidth}{1.75in}	
6	2. Top/bottom:	

A better way (both do the same thing; can customize the second a little more):

- \usepackage{fullpage}\usepackage[margin=1in]{geometry}

 $\dot{addtolength{\topmargin}{-0.875in}}$ \addtolength{\textheight}{1.75in}

2 Line spacing and indentation

http://www.terminally-incoherent.com/blog/2007/09/19/latex-squeezing-the-vertical-white-space/

In preamble:

\setlength{\parindent}{Om} Set indent for new paragraphs

\setlength{\parskip}{0.5em} Set spacing between paragraphs

In body:

- \newpage Jump to a new page after previous section
- \\ Force line break
- \hspace horizontal space
- \hspace{20 mm} horizontal blank space equal to 20 mm
- \hfill Pad with horizontal space to end of line
- \vspace vertical space
- \noindent self-explanatory
- \begin{samepage}... \end{samepage} Keep something from being split by a page break.

3 Headers and footers

In preamble:

```
\usepackage{fancyhdr}
\pagestyle{fancy}
\setlength{\headheight}{15pt}
\lhead{text} % Top left
\rhead{text} % Top right
\chead{text} % Top center
\lfoot{text} % Bottom left
\rfoot{text} % Bottom right
\cfoot{text} % Bottom center
```

The \headheight option sets the amount of space between the header and the top edge of the paper. Value has to be greater than 13.6, otherwise will get an error message. Document still compiles, but better safe than sorry.

4 Text alignment

4.1 Horizontal alignment

\usepackage{ragged2e}

```
\begin{flushright}...\end{flushright}\begin{center} ... \end{center}\begin{justify} ... \end{justify}\begin{center}... \end{center}\end{center}
```

vs.

\centering

Using begin/end will pad above and below with white space (like bulleted lists). Don't use it inside the figure environment. centering will not pad with white space. Use braces: {\centering text I want centered.} \center is not a thing.

4.2 Vertical alignment

[ctb] Options like this will center at top, center, bottom, etc.

5 Font

https://www.tug.org/pracjourn/2006-1/schmidt/schmidt.pdf

```
\documentclass[12pt]{article}
\documentclass[11pt]{article}
\documentclass[10pt]{article}
```

(10pt is the default font size)

5.1 Font style

```
\textbf{This text is bold}
{\bf this text is also bold}
\textit{This text is in italics, for quotes or titles}
{\it This text is also in italics, for quotes or titles}
\emph{This text is also in italics, for emphasis}
\underline{This text is underlined}
\texttt{This text is computer style}
\textsf{sans serif}
\textsf{sans dightly different from italics}
\textsc{Small caps}
```

5.2 Font size inside text

```
{\Large I want this text to be big.}
```

I want this text to be big.

(enclosing entire thing in {}s keeps from having to use \normalsize at the end).

```
\Huge \huge \Large \large \normalsize \small \footnotesize \scriptsize \tiny
```

6 Sections

https://www.sharelatex.com/learn/Sections_and_chapters#Numbered_and_unnumbered_sections

6.1 Nested section options

\section{My First Section}
\subsection{My Subsection}
\subsubsection{A subsubsection}
\paragraph{text}
\subparagraph{text}

(not sure what the subparagraph is.) Paragraphs are not numbered or followed by a line break. There appears to be no difference between \paragraph{} and \textbf{} except for some extra space after the paragraph. Note that \paragraph{} and \par are not the same thing. \par does the same thing as a blank line; useful if you don't want unnecessary blank space.

6.2 Customize sectioning in the preamble

(See § 8 for adding color to section names). Need to move coloring for sections here. Organize things by the item itself (sections, lists, etc.), not by what is being done (coloring, sizing, etc.)

Change font size, make font bold, etc.

```
\usepackage{titlesec}
\titleformat*{\section}{\LARGE\bfseries}
```

Do this with any of the nested sections.

Use roman numerals instead of regular numbers

\renewcommand{\thesection}{\Roman{section}}

6.3 Table of contents

\tableofcontents wherever you want it to go. You may need to run pdflatex more than once.

In preamble: \setcounter{tocdepth}{n} where n is the number of levels deep to go, e.g. 1: sections, 2: sections and subsections, etc.

Some sections, like those with '*' won't be included. To add them: Syntax: \addcontentsline{type}{section_level}{entry} Example: \addcontentsline{toc}{section}{Preface}

To change space between items in toc:

```
\usepackage{setspace}
...
\begin{document}
\addtocontents{toc}{\protect\setstretch{n}}
where n is between 0 and 1? Set to fraction of default?
Include figures and tables:
```

```
\listoffigures
\listoftables
```

Note that the figure and table environments need to be used.

6.4 Referring to sections in text using section labels

```
See section \S \ for the data description. ... \subsection{The Data} \label{data}
```

7 Lists

- $\bullet \ \, ftp://ftp.nsu.ru/mirrors/ftp.dante.de/tex-archive/macros/latex/contrib/enumitem/enumitem.pdf \\$
- \bullet https://www.ntg.nl/maps/11/33.pdf
- https://www.sharelatex.com/learn/Lists#Reference_guide
- http://ctan.mirrors.hoobly.com/macros/latex/contrib/enumitem/enumitem.pdf

In preamble:

```
\usepackage{enumitem}
\setlist[<typeoflist>,<n>]{<options>}
```

typeoflist can be itemize, enumerate, description, etc. n is the nested level (1 for top level). Options are as follows:

Horizontal spacing:

- \bullet leftmargin
- \bullet rightmargin
- itemindent
- listparindent
- labelwidthlabelsep

Vertical spacing:

- topsep: separation between list and paragraph above
- partopsep: extra space added to topsep when environment starts a new paragraph
- parsep
- \bullet itemsep

Apparently topsep is also bottomsep ... annoying.

Example:

```
\setlist[itemize,1]{% Top level
   leftmargin=10pt, Give 10pt margin, or
      leftmargin=*, % Align with main text
   itemindent=10pt,
   itemsep=-1ex, % No separation
   topsep=0pt % No separation between list and text above
}
```

```
Description:
first thing is this
     second is something else
first thing is this
 \setlist[description]{%
     font=\normalfont % Not bold, which is the default
     style=nextline, % For when text is too long?
     align=right,
                     % Want this! Always!
     % leftmargin=10pt,
     itemindent=1cm,
     listparindent=20pt,
     labelwidth=5in,
     labelsep=10pt,
     itemsep=-1ex,
     topsep=0pt
 }
 leftmargin by itself did nothing, but does add space when combined with itemindent. Weird. Setting itemindent
 equal to 1cm seems to be best so far.
 To customize the description labels (the items inside the square brackets), in the preamble:
 \renewcommand{\descriptionlabel}[1]{\hspace{\labelsep}\ttfamily{#1}}
 This puts the labels in typewriter font. The hspace command does appear to be doing anything.
 No space between items (without enumitem package):
 \usepackage{mdwlist}
 \begin{document}
 \begin{itemize*}
     \item ...
 \end{itemize*}
 \up{tasks} ???
 \begin{tasks}(4)
     \task one
     \tast two
 \end{tasks}
 These will be listed horizontally, rather than vertically.
```

\end{list}

\begin{list}{}

Brackets by list will set the style; leave this empty for no symbols

7.1 Numbering

```
1.1, 1.2 → 1.2.1,1.2.2, etc
\usepackage{enumitem}
...
\begin{enumerate}[label*=\arabic*.] % ???
\begin{enumerate}[I] % roman numerals
\begin{enumerate}[I.] % roman numberals followed by a period
\begin{enumerate}[(a)] % you get the idea...
```

To go from section numbering 0.0.1 to just 1, put this in the preamble (copied from internet, but not actually sure how this works).

```
\usepackage{titlesec}
\titleformat{\section}%
   [hang]% <shape>
   {\normalfont\bfseries\Large}% <format>
   {}% <label>
   {0pt}% <sep>
   {}% <before code>
   \renewcommand{\thesection}{}% Remove section references...
   \renewcommand{\thesubsection}{\arabic{subsection}}%...from subsections
   \renewcommand{\thesubsubsection}{\arabic{subsubsection}}%...from subsections
   \begin{document}
...
```

8 Color

\usepackage{color} is required for pre-defined colors (white, black, red, green, blue, cyan, magenta, yellow) \usepackage{xcolors} is needed to define new colors (see SS ??).

8.1 Color section names

In Preamble:

```
\usepackage{sectsty}
\sectionfont{\color{blue}}
\subsectionfont{\color{blue}}
\subsubsectionfont{\color{blue}}
```

8.2 Color background

```
\usepackage{xcolor}
\pagecolor{yellow!30}
```

8.3 Color text

```
\usepackage{color}
...
\textcolor{red}{I want the text in the brackets to be red.}
```

8.4 Define your own colors

http://latexcolor.com

```
\usepackage[usenames, dvipsnames]{color}
\definecolor{color}{HTML}{AF00D7} % HTML must be in caps!
\definecolor{mypink1}{rgb}{0.858, 0.188, 0.478}
\definecolor{mypink2}{RGB}{219, 48, 122}
\definecolor{mypink3}{cmyk}{0, 0.7808, 0.4429, 0.1412}
\definecolor{mygray}{gray}{0.6}
\textcolor{mygray}{text I want to be gray}.
```

9 Hyperlinks

```
In preamble:
```

```
\usepackage{hyperref}
\hypersetup{colorlinks=true,
    urlcolor=darkpowderblue,
    linkcolor=black
}
\urlstyle{same}
```

This globally sets the color of urls and links (such as the table of contents), and makes the font of urls the same as that of the rest of the text.

Insert hyperlink:

```
\url{http://google.com}
\href{http://google.com}{link text}
\href{http://google.com}{\textcolor{blue}{link text}}
```

to manually change the color of one url.

For more information, visit \href{http://google.com}{\textcolor{blue}{this link}}.

For more information, visit this link.

10 Putting text in a box

```
\usepackage{xcolor}
\usepackage{lipsum}
\begin{document}
\lipsum[1]
\medskip
\noindent\fcolorbox{red}{yellow}{%
  \minipage[t]{\dimexpr0.48\linewidth-2\fboxsep-2\fboxrule\relax}
  \lipsum[2]
  \endminipage}\hfill
  \fcolorbox{red}{yellow}{%
  \minipage[t]{\dimexpr0.48\linewidth-2\fboxsep-2\fboxrule\relax}
  \lipsum[3]
```

```
\endminipage}
\medskip
\lipsum[4]
\colorbox{hl}{\parbox{0.9\textwidth}}
text to go in box}
```

For last example, 'hl' is the highlight color, or background color of the box. The parbox is the box that contains the text itself, here set to be not quite as wide as the body text.

Notes: You can adjust the thickness of border and padding of \fcolorbox{<border-color>}{<border-color>}{<contents> by setting \fboxrule=<value><unit> and \fboxsep=<value><unit>, respectively. Put the setting before invoking \fcolorbox{<border-color>}{<border-color>}{<contents>}. For example: \fboxrule=1pt and \fboxsep=5pt. Use t, c, b options to align the base line of the most top row, the center row and the most bottom row with the surrounding baseline.

11 Columns

```
\begin{columns}
   \column{0.5\textwidth}
   content goes here
   \column{0.5\textwidth}
   more content here
\end{columns}

\begin{minipage}[t]{0.2\textwidth}
    stuff
\end{minipage}
\begin{minipage}[t]{0.8\textwidth}
    longer stuff
\end{minipage}
```

 $\verb| add tolength{\columnsep}{5mm}| add space between columns.$

Not sure what the difference is between columns and minipages.

12 Figures

```
\usepackage{graphicx}
...
\begin{figure}[h]
\centering
\includegraphics[width=5.0in]{GreekSymbols.jpg}
\caption{How to insert greek symbols in LaTeX}
\label{greek}
\end{figure}

placement specifiers: [htbp!] 'here', 'top', 'bottom',...
```

13 Tables

```
\begin{table}[h]
\caption{Values for polytropic index $n$ = 4.5}
\centering
\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c }
\hline\hline
$n$ & $\xi_1$ & $\rho_c/\rho$ & $N_{n}$ & $W_n$ & $\Theta_n$
& $\rho_c[g\,cm^{-3}]$ & $P_c[dyne\,cm^{-2}]$ & $T_c[K]$ \\hline
4.5 & 31.841 & 6187.500 & 0.658 & 4917.415 & 3.329 & 8718.704 &
5.535e19 & 4.742e7 \\hline
\end{tabular}\\
\label{table}:nonlin}
\end{table}
```

For the tabular line, c stands for center-justified; use 1 and r for left and right justified.

14 Bibliographies

```
\bibliographystyle{plain}
\begin{document}
... \cite{id} ...
\bibliography{reffile}
\end{document}
```

14.1 Creating and using a makefile

```
cl> vi reffile.bib
  @ARTICLE{label_name,
    title={},
    journal={},
    ...
}
cl> vi makefile
  my_paper: paper.tex
  pdflatex paper
  bibtex paper
  pdflatex paper
  pdflatex paper
  pdflatex paper
  cl> make my_paper
```

15 Maths!

http://www.math.harvard.edu/texman/node17.html

15.1 Inside text

Examples

If text is bold, make math symbols bold as well:

\textbf{This article discusses the \boldmath\$\beta\$ parameter}

This article discusses the β parameter

15.2 Equations

15.2.1 Numbered equations

\begin{equation}
 P_{\textrm{mag}} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho_o}}
\end{equation}

$$P_{\text{mag}} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho_o}} \tag{1}$$

INCLUDE LABELING AND REFERENCING HERE!

15.2.2 Equations without numbering

Note that the \boxed{...} commands are putting the examples in boxes, but are not necessary for writing equations.

```
\begin{equation*}
  \boxed{%
  P_{\textrm{mag}} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho_o}}
  }
\end{equation*}
```

$$P_{\rm mag} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho_o}}$$

Or simply put double \$s on each side of equation:

 $P_{\text{mag}} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi o^2}}$

$$P_{\rm mag} = \frac{B^2}{\sqrt{4\pi\rho_o}}$$

This may not work for more complicated math, such as matrices.

15.2.3 Aligning equations

\usepackage{amsmath}
...
\begin{align}
k_1 &= hf(x_n,y_n)\\

 $k_2 \&= hf(x_n+\frac{1}{2}h,y_n+\frac{1}{2}k_1) \\ k_3 \&= hf(x_n+\frac{1}{2}h,y_n+\frac{1}{2}k_2) \\ k_4 \&= hf(x_n+h,y_n+k_3) \\ y_{n+1} \&= y_n+\frac{1}{6}k_1+\frac{1}{3}k_2+\frac{1}{3}k_3+\frac{1}{6}k_4+0(h^5) \\ end{align}$

$$k_1 = hf(x_n, y_n) \tag{2}$$

$$k_2 = hf(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_1) \tag{3}$$

$$k_3 = hf(x_n + \frac{1}{2}h, y_n + \frac{1}{2}k_2) \tag{4}$$

$$k_4 = hf(x_n + h, y_n + k_3) (5)$$

$$y_{n+1} = y_n + \frac{1}{6}k_1 + \frac{1}{3}k_2 + \frac{1}{3}k_3 + \frac{1}{6}k_4 + O(h^5)$$
(6)

(7)

Can also remove numbering from aligned equations:

\begin{align*}
...
\end{align*}

15.3 Size of brackets, parentheses, etc.

In order of increasing size:

\big(... \big)
\Big(... \Big)
\bigg(... \bigg)
\Bigg(... \Bigg)

BETTER:

\left(... \right)

to scale size of brackets to what is inside them!

Increase size of fraction inside text:

 $\cfrac{1}{2}$

There are $\frac{1}{2}$ as many as there were.

There are $\frac{1}{2}$ as many as there were.

15.4 Operations

15.4.1 Integrals

\$\int\$ % indefinite integral
\$\int_{x1}^{x2}\$ % definite integral, between x1 and x2

15.4.2 Square root

 $\frac{2\ln(2)}$

15.4.3 Summation (and the multiplication version)

 $\sum_{n=1}^{\int \int x^{-n} = 1}$

$$\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} 2^{-n} = 1$$

 $$$ P(D|M) \simeq \frac{N-1}_{i=0}\left(\exp \left[-\frac{1}{2}\left[\frac{y_i-y(x_i|a_j)}{\frac{2}\right]^2\right]} $$ {\sigma}\right]^2\right] $$$

$$P(D|M) \propto \prod_{i=0}^{N-1} \left\{ \exp \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{y_i - y(x_i|a_j)}{\sigma} \right]^2 \right] \Delta y \right\}$$

16 Symbols

some text

17 Misc

17.1 Tips

To squelch that stupid warning about "possible unwanted white space", add a % sign after the opening bracket:

```
{%
    blah blah blah
}
```

17.2 Create your own command!

17.3 Verbatim

Or do:

stuff stuff

verb is used "in line", while verbatim makes a display. E.g.

```
\begin{verbatim}
cl> git status
cl> git add -A
cl> git commit -m "commit message"
end{verbatim}

(''endverbatim'', is also preceded with a backslash, but there were difficulties in printing it out in this document).

cl> git status
cl> git add -A
cl> git commit -m "commit message"
```

Define a document class like this: \verb|\documentclass{article}|

Define a document class like this: \documentclass{article}

18 How can I do that?

Make table of contents single-spaced.

19 To be added

This may be required for a dissertation :(

\usepackage[doublespacing]{setspace}