

Transparency Al

▼ What is Explainable AI or XAI? artificial intelligence in which the results of the solution can be understood by humans

▼ What is the alignment problem?

how to ensure models capture our norms and values, understand what we mean or intend, and do what we want

What is a rule-based model? an easily interpreted machine learning system they take the form of a list of "if x then y" rules

▼ Why is transparency necessary?
a model could learn the wrong rules leading to flawed decision making

▼ What is an example of a wrong rule?

Wrong rule: If a patient has a history of asthma, then they are low-risk for pneumonia and you should treat them as an outpatient.

Why is this wrong? Asthma is a serious risk factor for pneumonia so they are put right into critical care units.

Essentially: a pattern was observed in the data that was not interpreted correctly.

▼ What is a generalized additive model?

a collection of graphs, each of which represents the influence of a single variable, e.g. a graph may show risk as a function of age

Transparency Al 1

| ▼ What is the benefit of a generalized additive model? |
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| you can visualize on a plain 2D graph every factor going into the model, making it easier to identify any strange patterns |
| ▼ General Data Protection Regulation (EU) in 2018 |
| people have the right to ask for an explanation of algorithmically made decisions |
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Transparency AI 2

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Transparency AI 3

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Transparency AI 4