

MANIFOLDS

- THE DATA-GENERATING DISTRIBUTION IS ASSUMED TO CONCENTRATE NEAR REGIONS OF LOW DIMENSIONALITY
- **MANIFOLD** IN ML: CONTINUOUS SPACES THAT LOCALLY RESEMBLE EUCLIDEAN SPACES. DATA MAY LIE NEAR THE MANIFOLD, NOT STRICTLY ON IT. DIMENSIONALITY MAY NOT BE THE SAME EVERYWHERE. ALSO DISCRETE SPACES → **'PROBABILITY CONCENTRATION'**. IS CONFIGURATION x PROBABLE?
- PROBABLE CONFIGURATION → GENERALLY SURROUNDED (IN SOME DIRECTIONS) BY OTHER PROBABLE CONFIGS. **LOCAL DIMENSION**: NO. OF INDEPENDENT WAYS TO TRANSFER CONFIGURATION TO OBTAIN OTHER PROBABLES ^{LOCALLY}
- GOOD SOLUTIONS CONCENTRATE ON RIDGES OF HIGH PROBABILITY MASS

A GOOD REPRESENTATION SUCCESSFULLY INVOLVES LEARNING THE PROJECTION OF POINTS ON THE MANIFOLD → **EMBEDDING**, LOWER DIM THAN 'AMBIENT SPACE'. SOME ALSO DIRECTLY LEARN EMBEDDINGS, OTHERS LEARN ENCODING/PROJECTION FUNCTION

TANGENT PLANES: FOR POINT x ON A D -DIM MANIFOLD, TANGENT PLANE IS D BASE VECTORS SPANNING THE ALLOWED LOCAL DIRECTIONS OF VARIATION. WE CAN INFINITESIMALLY CHANGE x WHILE STAYING ON THE MANIFOLD, PANGRAVES.

- MANIFOLD LEARNING IS MOSTLY UNSUPERVISED, NONPARAMETRIC METHODS BASED ON NEAREST-NEIGHBOR GRAPHS. TANGENT PLANES ARE D-O-V OF **EXAMPLE/NEIGHBOR DIFFERENCE**. THEN WE FIND GLOBAL COORDINATE SYSTEM THROUGH OPTIMIZATION **ISSUE**: IF MANIFOLD IS NOT VERY SMOOTH → VERY LARGE NO. OF SAMPLES NEEDED TO CAPTURE VARIATION; BECAUSE LEARNING BY INTERPOLATION
- **BETTER IDEA**: LET'S LEARN AN EXPLICIT OR IMPLICIT COORDINATE SYSTEM FOR THE MANIFOLD. MAIN OBJECTIVE IS TO DISCOVER MANIFOLDS. **EXAMPLE**: VARIATIONAL AUTOENCODERS LEARNING ABOUT ROTATION AND EXPRESSIONS IN FACE SPACE

PCA / LINEAR AUTOENCODERS AS MANIFOLD LEARNING

- **ENCODER** $y = f(x) = W^T(x - \mu)$ MINIMIZING RECONSTRUCTION ERROR $E[\|x - \hat{x}\|^2] \rightarrow V = W, \mu = b = E[x]$ AND ROWS OF W ARE ORTHOGONAL BASIS, EIGENVECTORS OF COV. MATRIX
- **DECODER** $\hat{x} = g(y) = b + V y$ IN PCA, ROWS ACTUALLY ARE THE EIGENVECTORS, ORDERED → RECONSTRUCTION ERROR IS $\min ||r|| = \sum_{d=1}^D \lambda_d$
- CODE IS COORDINATES OF POINT IN PROJECTION/REDUCED SPACE

SPARSE CODING

- HERE MASS IS CONCENTRATED ON AXIS-ALIGNED SUBSPACES → SETS OF VALUES FOR WHICH MOST AXES ARE 0
- $h \rightarrow$ BINARY PATTERN p SPECIFYING NONZERO h_i , VARIABLE LENGTH REAL VECTOR $\alpha \in \mathbb{R}^{N_h}$ WITH ACTIVE DIMENSIONS COORDINATES
- p SPECIFIES THE MANIFOLD, GOING THROUGH $x = b$ • MORE RECONSTRUCTION ERROR → MASS BLEEDS OUT, HYPERPLANES ARE PANGRAVE-Y
- 2^d HYPERPLANES IN TOTAL BUT MOST INACTIVE AND THANKS TO DISTRIBUTED REPRESENTATION NO OF PARAMS IS LINEAR IN DIMENSIONS OF h

* **LOG-LIKELIHOOD CRITERION** INVOLVES A LEARNER NOT PERFECTLY GENERALIZING AN ESTIMATOR MUCH SMOOTHER THAN TARGET DISTRIBUTION. BECAUSE ENTROPY *

REGULARIZED AUTOENCODERS

- TRAINING AE; IMPLIES 'BALANCE' BETWEEN TWO FORCES: LEARNING REPRESENTATION ALLOWING (APPROXIMATE) RECOVERY $1 -$ CONSTRAINT/REGULARIZATION; BUT HOWEVER, CONTRACTIVENESS, LOG PROBS...
- ONLY VARIATIONS NEEDED TO DISCRIMINATE BETWEEN TRAINING EXAMPLES NEED TO BE REPRESENTED IF DATA AROUND MANIFOLD → REPRESENTATIONS IMPLICITLY CAPTURE LOCAL COORDINATES FOR MANIFOLD. • ONLY VARIATIONS TANGENT TO MANIFOLD AROUND x NEED TO CORRESPOND TO CHANGES IN $h = f(x)$
- ENCODER LEARNS MAPPING ONLY SENSITIVE TO CHANGE ALONG MANIFOLD DIRECTION, NOT TO ORTHOGONAL.

TANGENT DISTANCE

NONPARAMETRIC NN ALGORITHM WHERE METRIC IS DERIVED FROM KNOWLEDGE OF MANIFOLDS → METRIC IS DISTANCE BETWEEN MANIFOLDS / TANGENT ^{FLUENT} PLANS, BETWEEN TANGENT AT POINT → SOLVABLE WITH A LOW DIMENSIONAL LINEAR SYSTEM

TANGENT - PROP

CLASSIFIER REGULARIZED WITH PENALTY PROPORTIONAL INVARIANCE TO LOCAL FACTORS OF VARIATION → SMALL DIRECTIONAL DERIVATIVE = $\lambda \sum_i \left(\frac{\partial f(x)}{\partial x} \cdot v_i \right)^2$ ^{KNOW}

TANGENT VECTORS NEED TO BE KNOWN A PRIORI

MANIFOLD TANGENT CLASSIFIER

LIKE TANGENT PROP, BUT CONTRACTIVE AUTOENCODER TO ESTIMATE THEM BECAUSE THEY LEARN THEM ON THEIR OWN. USE TANGENTS FOR REGULARIZATION