# Statistics MCQ Question Bank

First Paper

Abdullah Al Mahmud

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# 1 Basic Concept of Statistics

| 1.  | Who is known as the (a) P.C. Mahalanobis   | e Father of modern st<br>(b) Kazi Motaher Hos<br>sain |  | (d) R.A. Fisher                                      |
|-----|--|---|--|--|
| 2.  | Which is not a funct   | ion of statistics?                                    |  |  |
|     | (a) Data collection  | (b) Data organization                                 | (c) Analysis                                       | (d) Database creation                                |
| 3.  | Which one is an example of the control of the contr | mple of an infinite po                                | pulation?  |  |
|     | (a) Students of Dhaka U  | University  | (b) Cadets of SCC                                  |  |
|     | (c) Minor planets in the   | e solar system  | (d) Red blood cells in a                           | a person's body                                      |
| 4.  | Which of the following   | ng is an example of a                                 | n infinite population?                             |  |
|     | (a) Employees of a mult  | tinational company                                    | (b) Trees in a national                            | park   |
|     | (c) Stars in the Milky V   | Vay   | (d) Passengers on a flig                           | ht   |
| 5.  | Which one represent  | s an infinite populati                                | on?  |  |
|     | (a) Books in a library   |   | (b) Fish in the Pacific (                          | Ocean  |
|     | (c) Members of a sports  | s club  | (d) Mobile phones in a                             | city   |
| 6.  | 6. A researcher collected data on age and income of the people in a city. The variables a i. bi-variate ii. quantitative iii. qualitative  |   |  |  |
|     | Which one is correct   |   | ( ) 1  | (1) 1  |
|     | (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii                                     | (d) i, ii and iii                                    |
| 7.  | Which of the following (a) $\sum_{i=1}^{20} cx_i = nc \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i$   |   | (c) $\sum_{i=1}^{20} cx_i = c \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i$ | (d) $\sum_{i=1}^{20} cx_i = c^2 \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i$ |
| 8.  | Which cannot be per  | rformed using Univar                                  | iate data?   |  |
|     | (a) Central tendency   | (b) Dispersion  | (c) Skewness                                       | (d) Regression                                       |
| 9.  | Which of the following   | ng cannot be analyze                                  | d using univariate dat                             | ca?  |
|     | (a) Mean   | (b) Variance  | (c) Correlation                                    | (d) Range  |
| 10. | Which statistical me   | thod requires bivaria                                 | te or multivariate dat                             | a?   |
|     | (a) Standard deviation   | (b) Histogram   | (c) Regression analysis                            | (d) Median   |
| 11. | Which of the following   | ng is an example of a                                 | n infinite population?                             |  |
|     | (a) Patients in a hospita  | al  | (b) Water molecules in                             | the ocean  |
|     | (c) Cars on a highway  |   | (d) Students in a unive                            | rsity  |
| 12. | Which of the following   | ng is an example of a                                 | finite population?                                 |  |
|     | (a) Books in a school lil  | brary   | (b) Stars in the univers                           | e  |
|     | (c) Grains of sand on a  | beach   | (d) Atoms in the atmos                             | sphere   |

| 13. | . Which one represents an infinite population?                   |   |  |                             |  |
|-----|--|---|--|-----------------------------|--|
|     | (a) Trees in a forest  |   | (b) Grains of sand on a beach                            |                             |  |
|     | (c) Books in a bookstore   |   | (d) Houses in a neighborhood                             |                             |  |
| 14. | Cities ranked accord   | ing to habitability lev                           | el show – measureme                                      | nt scale                    |  |
|     | (a) Nominal  | (b) Ratio   | (c) Interval   | (d) Ordinal                 |  |
| 15. | Classifying students scale?                                      | based on their grades                             | s (A, B, C, etc.) repre                                  | esents which measurement    |  |
|     | (a) Nominal  | (b) Ordinal                                       | (c) Interval   | (d) Ratio                   |  |
| 16. | Temperature measur   | ed in Celsius or Fahre                            | enheit follows which t                                   | ype of measurement scale?   |  |
|     | (a) Nominal  | (b) Ordinal                                       | (c) Interval   | (d) Ratio                   |  |
| 17. | A survey categorizin scale?                                      | g people by their favo                            | orite color is an exam                                   | ple of which measurement    |  |
|     | (a) Nominal  | (b) Ordinal                                       | (c) Interval   | (d) Ratio                   |  |
| 18. | Which is not an exam   | mple of shift of scale?                           |  |                             |  |
|     | (a) $y_i = \frac{x_i}{a}$  | (b) $y_i = cx_i$                                  | (c) $y_i = x_i - 2$                                      | (d) $y_i = \frac{cx_i}{d}$  |  |
| 19. | If $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 = 20$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{20}$            | $x_i = 30$ , what is the va                       | alue of $\sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i^2 + \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i +$  | 100?                        |  |
|     | (a) 130  | (b) 200   | (c) 150  | (d) 2130                    |  |
| 20. | If $\sum_{i=1}^{15} y_i^2 = 50$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{15}$            | $y_i = 25$ , what is the va                       | lue of $\sum_{i=1}^{15} y_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^{15} y_i +$   | 75?                         |  |
|     | (a) 100  | (b) 50  | (c) 125  | (d) 45                      |  |
| 21. | Given $\sum_{i=1}^{10} a_i^2 = 40$ and                           | $\sum_{i=1}^{10}a_i=20, 	ext{ find the v}$        | value of $2\sum_{i=1}^{10}a_i^2 - 3\sum_{i=1}^{10}a_i^2$ | $a_i + 60.$                 |  |
|     | (a) 70   | (b) 100   | (c) 80   | (d) 50                      |  |
| 22. | If $\sum_{i=1}^{25} z_i^2 = 75$ and $\sum_{i=1}^{25} z_i^2 = 75$ | $z_i = 50, 	ext{ compute } \sum_{i=1}^{25} z_i^2$ | $z^2 + 2\sum_{i=1}^{25} z_i - 125$ .                     |                             |  |
|     | (a) 50   | (b) 75  | (c) 100  | (d) 25                      |  |
| 23. | A subset of a popula   | tion is called–                                   |  |                             |  |
|     | (a) Constant   | (b) Variable                                      | (c) Sample   | (d) Scale                   |  |
| 24. | What is $\sum_{i=1}^{n} bx_i$ equal                              | to?   |  |                             |  |
|     | (a) $b \sum_{i=1}^{n} nx_i$                                      | (b) $b \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$                        | (c) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} nx_i$                                | (d) $bn \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$ |  |
| 25. | How many measurer  | nent scales are there?                            |  |                             |  |
|     | (a) 2  | (b) 3   | (c) 4  | (d) 5                       |  |

| 26. | Which of the following is a continuous variable?              |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|-----|---|-----------------------------------|------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | (a) Number of goals   | (b) Natural number                |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Summation of Fibonacci series                             | (d) Success rate                  |                        |  |  |  |
| 27. | In which scale of measurement, zero is regarded as true zero? |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Nominal scale (b) Interval scale                          | (c) Ratio scale                   | (d) Ordinal scale      |  |  |  |
| 28. | Which measurement scale does height bel                       | ong to?                           |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Nominal (b) Ordinal                                       | (c) Interval                      | (d) Ratio              |  |  |  |
| 29. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Weight (b) Amount of rainfall                             | (c) Distance                      | (d) Grade in a subject |  |  |  |
| 30. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Height of a building                                      | (b) Number of cars in             | a parking lot          |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Amount of milk in a container                             | (d) Time taken to com             | nplete a task          |  |  |  |
| 31. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Speed of a car  | (b) Number of students in a class |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Volume of water in a tank                                 | (d) Temperature of a room         |                        |  |  |  |
| 32. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Blood pressure  | (b) Number of books of            | on a shelf             |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Length of a river   | (d) Amount of sugar is            | n a cup                |  |  |  |
| 33. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Shoes sizes available in a store                          | (b) Distance between              | two cities             |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Volume of a gas   | (d) Weight of a parcel            |                        |  |  |  |
| 34. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Grades on a multiple-choice test (A, B, C, $\Gamma$       | 0)(b) Temperature durin           | ng the day             |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Height of a person  | (d) Time spent on an              | activity               |  |  |  |
| 35. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Outcomes of rolling a die                                 | (b) Speed of a train              |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Rainfall in a region                                      | (d) Age of a tree                 |                        |  |  |  |
| 36. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Counts of people in a room                                | (b) Temperature recor             | ded every hour         |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Weight of an animal                                       | (d) Height of a plant             |                        |  |  |  |
| 37. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Number of languages spoken by a person                    | (b) Time taken to com             |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Length of a road  | (d) Volume of water in            | n a tank               |  |  |  |
| 38. | Which is a discrete variable?                                 |                                   |                        |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Length of a rope  | (b) Weight of books in            | a library              |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Distance  | (d) No. of particles in           | atoms                  |  |  |  |

$$39. \ If x_1 = 2, x_2 = -3, x_3 = 7, \ \text{and} \ x_4 = 12, \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 = ?$$

$$(a) \ 26 \qquad (b) \ 106 \qquad (c) \ 206 \qquad (d) \ 216$$

$$40. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 5, \ x_2 = -4, \ x_3 = 9, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 0, \ \textbf{what} \ \textbf{is} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 ?$$

$$(a) \ 82 \qquad (b) \ 97 \qquad (c) \ 107 \qquad (d) \ 122$$

$$41. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 3, \ x_2 = 2, \ x_3 = -6, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 4, \ \textbf{what} \ \textbf{is} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 ?$$

$$(a) \ 45 \qquad (b) \ 65 \qquad (c) \ 85 \qquad (d) \ 89$$

$$42. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 4, \ x_2 = 1, \ x_3 = -2, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 3, \ \textbf{find} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (x_i^2 + 3)?$$

$$(a) \ 40 \qquad (b) \ 50 \qquad (c) \ 42 \qquad (d) \ 56$$

$$43. \ \textbf{If} \ y_1 = 5, \ y_2 = 2, \ y_3 = -1, \ \textbf{and} \ y_4 = 4, \ \textbf{compute} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (y_i^2 + 2).$$

$$(a) \ 50 \qquad (b) \ 40 \qquad (c) \ 54 \qquad (d) \ 60$$

$$44. \ \textbf{Given} \ z_1 = 3, \ z_2 = 0, \ z_3 = -3, \ \textbf{and} \ z_4 = 2, \ \textbf{determine} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (z_i^2 + 5).$$

$$(a) \ 30 \qquad (b) \ 40 \qquad (c) \ 35 \qquad (d) \ 45$$

$$45. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 4, \ x_2 = -2, \ x_3 = 1, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 5, \ \textbf{calculate} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (2x_i^2 - x_i)?$$

$$(a) \ 38 \qquad (b) \ 42 \qquad (c) \ 46 \qquad (d) \ 84$$

$$46. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 3, \ x_2 = 1, \ x_3 = 0, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 2, \ \textbf{find} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 - \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i?$$

$$(a) \ 7 \qquad (b) \ 9 \qquad (c) \ 8 \qquad (d) \ 13$$

$$47. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 5, \ x_2 = 4, \ x_3 = -3, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 2, \ \textbf{find} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (x_i^2 + x_i)?$$

$$(a) \ 58 \qquad (b) \ 62 \qquad (c) \ 66 \qquad (d) \ 72$$

$$48. \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 2, \ x_2 = 3, \ x_3 = -1, \ \textbf{and} \ x_4 = 0, \ \textbf{calculate} \ \sum_{i=1}^4 (x_i^2 - 2)?$$

$$(a) \ 0 \qquad (b) \ 6 \qquad (c) \ 8 \qquad (d) \ 10$$

$$49. \ \ \textbf{If} \ x_1 = 2, \ x_2 = 3, \ x_3 = 4, \ x_4 = 6, \ \textbf{and} \ x_5 = 5, \ \sum_{i=1}^4 x_i^2 = ?$$

$$(a) \ 80 \qquad (b) \ 87 \qquad (c) \ 90 \qquad (d) \ 105$$

|     |  |  | 3  |                            |
|-----|--|--|--|----------------------------|
| 50. | If $f_i = 3, 5, 7$ and $x_i =$   | 2,4,7; what is the va  | alue of $\sum_{i=1}^{n} f_i x_i^2$ ?             |                            |
|     | (a) 450  | (b) 350  | (c) 345  | (d) 435                    |
| 51. | If $f_i = 2, 4, 6$ and $x_i =$   | 3,5,7, what is the val   | ue of $\sum_{i=1}^{3} f_i x_i^3$ ?               |                            |
|     | (a) 950  | (b) 1125   | (c) 2612   | (d) 1330                   |
| 52. | Given $f_i = 1, 3, 5$ and  | $x_i = 2, 4, 6$ , find the va  | lue of $\sum_{i=1}^3 f_i x_i^4$ .                |                            |
|     | (a) 1356   | (b) 1536   | (c) 1650   | (d) 7264                   |
| 53. | If $f_i = 3, 5, 7$ and $x_i =$   | 2, 4, 6, compute $\sum_{i=1}^{3} f_i x_i$  | $v_i^2$ .  |                            |
|     | (a) 260  | (b) 280  | (c) 344  | (d) 320                    |
| 54. | Find the value of $\sum_{i=1}^{12}$  | $f_i(x_i - 7)^2$ where $\sum_{i=1}^{12} f_i(x_i - 7)^2$  | $f_i x_i^2 = 400, \sum_{i=1}^{12} f_i x_i = 40,$ | $\sum_{i=1}^{12} f_i = 10$ |
|     | (a) 320  | (b) 330  | (c) 250  | (d) 430                    |
| 55. | If $x_1 = 3$ , $x_2 = -1$ , $x_3 = -1$   | $= 2$ , and $x_4 = 0$ , find $\sum_{i:}$   | $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i^3 + 2x_i)?$                 |                            |
|     | (a) 12   | (b) 18   | (c) 24   | (d) 28                     |
| 56. | If $x_1 = 4$ , $x_2 = 1$ , $x_3 =$   | $-2$ , and $x_4 = 3$ , calcul  | ate $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i^2 + 4x_i - 1)$ ?        |                            |
|     | (a) 16   | (b) 24   | (c) 34   | (d) 50                     |
| 57. | If $x_1 = 1$ , $x_2 = 2$ , $x_3 =$   | $-3$ , and $x_4 = 4$ , find $\sum_{i:}$  | $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (3x_i^3 - x_i^2)?$               |                            |
|     | (a) 108  | (b) 114  | (c) -8   | (d) 201                    |
| 58. | If $x_1 = 5$ , $x_2 = 0$ , $x_3 =$   | $-1$ , and $x_4 = 2$ , determined as $x_4 = 2$ . | mine $\sum_{i=1}^{4} (x_i^3 + x_i^2 + 3)$ ?      |                            |
|     | (a) 173  | (b) 174  | (c) 164  | (d) 172                    |
| 59. | Capital and profit be  | elong to a variable wh   | ich is-  |                            |
|     | <ul><li>i. Bivariate</li><li>ii. Quantitative</li><li>iii. Qualitative</li></ul> |  |  |                            |
|     | Which one is correct   | ?  |  |                            |
|     | (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii  | (c) ii and iii                                   | (d) i, ii and iii          |
| 60. | Which one falls in th  | e category of interval   | scale?   |                            |
|     | (a) Temperature  | (b) Speed  | (c) Distance                                     | (d) Film rating            |

| 61. | Which one falls in the         | ne category of nomina                             | l scale?  |                           |
|-----|--------------------------------|---|---|---------------------------|
|     | (a) Height                     | (b) Temperature                                   | (c) Gender  | (d) Age                   |
| 62. | Which of the followi           | ng is an example of a                             | n ordinal scale?  |                           |
|     | (a) Temperature                | (b) IQ Score                                      | (c) Educational Level                                   | (d) Weight                |
| 63. | Which of the followi           | ng is not example of a                            | a ratio scale?  |                           |
|     | (a) Temperature                | (b) Time  | (c) Blood Pressure                                      | (d) Speed                 |
| 64. | In which scale of me           | asurement, zero is reg                            | garded as true zero?                                    |                           |
|     | (a) Nominal scale              | (b) Interval scale                                | (c) Ratio scale   | (d) Ordinal scale         |
| 65. | Which is a discrete v          | variable?   |   |                           |
|     | (a) Weight                     | (b) Amount of rainfall                            | (c) Distance  | (d) Grade in a subject    |
| 66. | Which one is produc            | et of square?                                     |   |                           |
|     | (a) $\prod x_i^2$              | (b) $(\prod x_i)^2$                               | (c) $\sum x_i^2 \times \sum x$                          | (d) $\sum x_i^2$          |
| 67. | For which variable, o          | determining number o                              | of terms is not possibl                                 | e?                        |
|     | (a) Discrete variable          | (b) Continuous variable                           | e (c) Quantitative variable                             | e(d) Qualitative variable |
|     | Answer the next thr            | ee question based on                              | the following informa                                   | tion.                     |
|     | A farmer co                    | ollects growth (in cm) $\sum x_i = 7$             | of 10 plants in a morand $\sum x_i^2 = 15$              | nth and finds that        |
| 68. | Which is considered            | statistics?                                       |   |                           |
|     | (a) Jaman obtained 75          | in statistics                                     | (b) Shafiq lives at Road                                | l no. 5                   |
|     | (c) Mean monthly incom         | me in a city is 60,000 tak                        | a(d) Width of a book is                                 | 10 cm                     |
| 69. | What is the value of           | $\sum (x_i + 4) \text{ if } \mathbf{x} = \{2,3\}$ | ?   |                           |
|     | (a) 23                         | (b) 47  | (c) 22  | (d) 13                    |
| 70. | If $x_1 = 2, x_2 = 3, x_3 = 3$ | $5, x_4 = 7 \text{ and } y_1 = 3, y_2$            | $= 4, y_3 = 5, y_4 = 8; \sum_{i=2}^{4} x_i$             | $y_i = ?$                 |
|     | (a) 14                         | (b) 201   | (c) 93  | (d) 117                   |
| 71. | From the following t           | $\mathbf{able,}\ \sum_{i=1}^{4}x_{i}y_{i}=?$      |   |                           |
|     |                                | X   1  <br>  Y   20                               | 5         3         2           12         3         14 |                           |
|     | (a) 14                         | (b) 201   | (c) 99  | (d) 109                   |
| 72. | What is the value of           | $\sum (x_i - 4)^2$ ?                              |   |                           |
|     | (a) 23                         | (b) 135   | (c) 484   | (d) 119                   |
| 73. | If the square of sum           | mation is subtracted                              | the sum of square, the                                  | e value is -              |
|     | (a) -8                         | (b) 34  | (c) 8   | (d) -34                   |
|     |                                |   |   |                           |

| 74. | 4. Which one is not an example of ratio scale? |                       |                           |              |
|-----|--|-----------------------|---------------------------|--------------|
|     | (a) Room no.                                   | (b) Income            | (c) Number of accidents   | s (d) Weight |
| 75. | Which one is discret                           | e?                    |                           |              |
|     | (a) Weight                                     |                       | (b) Amount of rainfall    |              |
|     | (c) Temperature                                |                       | (d) No. of member in a    | family       |
| 76. | Which type of scale                            | of measurement are r  | eligion and blood gro     | up?          |
|     | (a) Interval                                   | (b) Ratio             | (c) Nominal               | (d) Ordinal  |
|     | Answer the next two                            | questions based on t  | the following informat    | ion          |
|     |  | X =                   | 20, 25, 30, 40            |              |
| 77. | Find $\sum (X_i + 10)$                         |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 150  | (b) 155               | (c) 125                   | (d) 250      |
| 78. | $\sum (X_i - 30)^2$                            |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 225  | (b) 230               | (c) 420                   | (d) 235      |
|     | Answer the next two                            | questions based on t  | the following informat    | ion          |
|     |  | X =                   | =3,5,7,10                 |              |
| 79. | Find $\sum (X_i + 3)$                          |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 28   | (b) 32                | (c) 37                    | (d) 40       |
| 80. | $\sum (X_i - 5)^2$                             |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 16   | (b) 33                | (c) 12                    | (d) 8        |
|     | Answer the next two                            | questions based on t  | the following informat    | ion          |
|     |  | X =                   | = 6, 8, 10, 12            |              |
| 81. | Find $\sum (X_i - 4)$                          |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 20   | (b) 30                | (c) 32                    | (d) 22       |
| 82. | $\sum (X_i + 2)^2$                             |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 196  | (b) 504               | (c) 210                   | (d) 220      |
|     | Answer the next two                            | questions based on t  | the following informat    | ion          |
|     |  | X =                   | = 4, 9, 13, 15            |              |
| 83. | Find $\sum (2X_i)$                             |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 68   | (b) 70                | (c) 82                    | (d) 74       |
| 84. | $\sum (X_i - 10)^2$                            |                       |                           |              |
|     | (a) 71   | (b) 80                | (c) 85                    | (d) 92       |
|     | Answer the next thr                            | ee questions based on | the following information | ation.       |
|     | The values of $x_i$ and $f_i$ are given below: |                       |                           |              |

85. **Find** 
$$\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i x_i$$
.

(a) 20

(b) 21

(c) 22

(d) 24

86. Compute  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i x_i^2$ .

(a) 30

(b) 35

(c) 66

(d) 64

87. Determine  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i^2 x_i$ .

(a) 74

(b) 49

(c) 78

(d) 65

Answer the next three questions based on the following information.

The values of  $x_i$  and  $f_i$  are given below:

88. Find  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i x_i$ .

(a) 50

(b) 74

(c) 56

(d) 60

89. Compute  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i x_i^2$ .

(a) 256

(b) 274

(c) 476

(d) 300

90. **Determine**  $\sum_{i=1}^{4} f_i(x_i - 5)^2$ .

(a) 61

(b) 48

(c) 52

(d) 58

### Collection, Organization, and Presentation of Data

91. How many sources of data are there?

(a) 5

(b) 4

(c) 3

(d) 2

92. What is the raw material of research?

(a) Data

(b) Theory

(c) Graph

(d) Mean

93. Data obtained through direct observation is called-

(a) Primary data

(b) Secondary data

(c) Original Data

(d) Informal data

94. Which formula is used to find angles for Pie Chart?

(a)  $\theta_i = \frac{f_i}{N} \times 100$ 

(b)  $\theta_i = \frac{f_i}{100} \times 360$ 

(c)  $\theta_i = \frac{f_i}{N} \times 360$  (d)  $\theta_i = \frac{f_i}{N-1} \times 360$ 

| 95. | Who invented Stem                 | and Leaf plot?   |  |                           |  |  |
|-----|-----------------------------------|--|--|---------------------------|--|--|
|     | (a) Karl Pearson                  | (b) R.A. Fisher  | (c) David Cox  | (d) John Tukey            |  |  |
| 96. | If all the rats in Syll           | net is a population, al                                    | l the rats in Sylhet A                                 | irport is –               |  |  |
|     | (a) Data                          | (b) Sample   | (c) Statistics   | (d) Frequency             |  |  |
| 97. | Which rule is sugges              | ted by H.G. Sturges  | for determining numb                                   | er of class (k)?          |  |  |
|     | (a) $K = 1 + 3.322 log N$         | (b) $K = 1 + 3.222 log N$                                  | (c) $K = 1 - 3.222 log N$                              | (d) $K = 1 + 2.332 log N$ |  |  |
| 98. | To show runs per ov               | er in a cricket match,                                     | which diagram can b                                    | e used?                   |  |  |
|     | (a) Histogram                     | (b) Bar Diagram  | (c) Ogive  | (d) Frequency polygon     |  |  |
|     | 2.1 Situation Set                 | t  |  |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   |  | on the following info                                  | mmetica                   |  |  |
|     |                                   | <del>-</del>   | on the following info                                  |                           |  |  |
|     | reading of oo freed are r         |  |  | ecoca.                    |  |  |
|     |                                   | Radius (cm)         0-10           No. of Trees         20 | 10-20 20-30 30-40<br>15 21 24                          |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   | 110. 01 11005   20   |  |                           |  |  |
| 99. | How many trees hav                | e radius between 10 a                                      | and 30?  |                           |  |  |
|     | (a) 30                            | (b) 15   | (c) 36   | (d) 21                    |  |  |
| 100 | . How many trees ha               | ve radius at least 20?                                     |  |                           |  |  |
|     | (a) 44                            | (b) 45   | (c) 24   | (d) 21                    |  |  |
| 101 | . What percent of tre             | ees have radius betwe                                      | en 20 and 40?  |                           |  |  |
|     | (a) 44%                           | (b) 56%  | (c) 46%  | (d) 53%                   |  |  |
|     | Answer the next two               | questions based on t                                       | the following plot                                     |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   | <b>Data:</b> 18, 21, 22, 23,                               | 24, 26, 31, 33, 33, 35, 37                             | 7, 42                     |  |  |
|     |                                   | Sten   | n   Leaf   |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   |  | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$ |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   |  | $egin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$    |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   |  | $4 \mid 2$   |                           |  |  |
|     | <b>Key:</b> 2   1 means <b>21</b> |  |  |                           |  |  |
| 102 | . How many data val               | ues are greater than                                       | 30 in the stem-and-lea                                 | af plot?                  |  |  |
|     | (a) 3                             | (b) 4  | (c) 5  | (d) 6                     |  |  |
| 103 | . What is the median              | of the data shown in                                       | the stem-and-leaf pl                                   | ot?                       |  |  |
|     | (a) 26                            | (b) 31   | (c) 30   | (d) 29                    |  |  |
|     | Answer the next two               | questions based on t                                       | the following plot                                     |                           |  |  |
|     |                                   |  |  |                           |  |  |

|                      |                            | Stem   Leaf<br>1   3 7 8<br>2   0 2 5 9<br>3   1 1 4 6                                       |                     |
|----------------------|----------------------------|--|---------------------|
|                      |                            | $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & 4 & 0 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$                                   |                     |
|                      |                            | <i>Key</i> : $2 \mid 5 = 25$   |                     |
| 104. What is the mod | le of the data set?        |  |                     |
| (a) 31               | (b) 22                     | (c) 13   | (d) None (no mode)  |
| 105. What is the med | lian of the data sho       | own in the stem-and-leaf p   | olot?               |
| (a) 26               | (b) 31                     | (c) 30   | (d) 29              |
| ` '                  | ` '                        | based on the following inf   | ` '                 |
| The heights of 100 p | plants were measured,      | and this frequency distribution  | on was constructed. |
|                      | Height (cm)  No. of Plants | 0-20         20-40         40-60         60-80           25         30         20         25 | )                   |
| 106. How many plant  | s have height betw         | veen 20 and 60?  |                     |
| (a) 50               | (b) 30                     | (c) 20   | (d) 25              |
| 107. How many plant  | s have height at le        | ast 40?  |                     |
| (a) 50               | (b) 45                     | (c) 40   | (d) 25              |
| 108. What percent of | plants have height         | t between 20 and 80?   |                     |
| (a) 80%              | (b) 75%                    | (c) 60%  | (d) 50%             |
| ` '                  | THREE questions            | based on the following inf   | formation.          |
| The weights of 120 f | ruits were recorded a      | nd this frequency distribution   | was constructed.    |
|                      | Weight (grams)             | 0-50   50-100   100-150   150  | )-200               |
|                      | No. of Fruits              |  | 30                  |
| 109. How many fruits | weigh at least 100         | ) grams?   |                     |
| (a) 55               | (b) 50                     | (c) 60   | (d) 65              |
| 110. How many fruits | weigh less than 10         | 00 grams?  |                     |
| (a) 68               | (b) 70                     | (c) 65   | (d) 50              |
| 111. What percent of | fruits weigh betwe         | een 50 and 150 grams?  |                     |
| (a) 50%              | (b) 55%                    | (c) 60%  | (d) $75\%$          |
| Answer the next      | two questions base         | d on the following informa   | ation               |
|                      | Class Interval             | <10   10-20   20-30   30-40  | )                   |
|                      | Frequency                  | 6 3 7 4  |                     |

(c) 0.40

(d) 0.35

112. What is relative frequency of the class with the highest frequency?

(b) 0.45

(a) 0.25

| 113. Which curve i   | s suitable for  |                    |                    |
|--|---|--------------------|--------------------|
| (a) Histogram  | (b) Bar Diagram   | (c) Pie Chart      | (d) Ogive          |
| 114. Example of pr   | rimary data —   |                    |                    |
| ii. A professor ha   | ected data for research<br>ad a studnet collect data for<br>collected data from a newsp |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii     | (d) i, ii and iii  |
| 115. Which of the  | following is an example   | of secondary data? |                    |
| ii. Data collected   | from a published journal<br>by a government agency a<br>l directly through interview    |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) ii and iii  | (c) i and iii      | (d) i, ii and iii  |
| 116. Which of the  | following represents pri  | mary data?         |                    |
| ii. Data compiled  | ects soil samples for analys<br>l in a textbook<br>oner surveys customers dire          |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and iii  | (b) i and ii  | (c) ii and iii     | (d) i, ii, and iii |
| 117. Which of thes   | e are examples of secon   | dary data?         |                    |
| ii. A student con  | ed from census data<br>ducting a direct experimen<br>racted from a government of        |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and iii  | (b) i and ii  | (c) ii and iii     | (d) i, ii, and iii |
| 118. Which one tru   | ie of primary data?   |                    |                    |
| i. Original<br>ii. Suitable<br>iii. Reliable   |   |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii     | (d) i, ii and iii  |
| 119. Which statem  | ent is true about second  | dary data?         |                    |
| <ul><li>i. Already publis</li><li>ii. Economical</li><li>iii. Always up-to-</li></ul>      |   |                    |                    |
| Which one is c   | orrect?   |                    |                    |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii     | (d) i, ii and iii  |
| 120. Which one is  | true about secondary d  | ata?               |                    |
| <ul><li>i. Easy to collect</li><li>ii. Collected by s</li><li>iii. Free from bia</li></ul> |   |                    |                    |

|      | Which one is correct  | ?                         |   |                     |  |  |
|------|---|---------------------------|---|---------------------|--|--|
|      | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii             | (c) ii and iii  | (d) i, ii and iii   |  |  |
|      | i. Specific to the study ii. More reliable iii. Less time-consuming |                           |   |                     |  |  |
|      | Which one is correct (a) i and ii                                   | (b) i and iii             | (c) ii and iii  | (d) i, ii and iii   |  |  |
|      | . ,   | f Central Tende           |   |                     |  |  |
|      | 3.1 General Que   | stions                    |   |                     |  |  |
| 122. | Which statement is  | correct                   |   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) Quartiles are well de   | efined                    | (b) Outliers affect Medi                                | an                  |  |  |
|      | (c) Median is always pro  | esent in data             | (d) Quadratic mean is v                                 | videly used         |  |  |
| 123. | Which measure is s  | uitable for open-ende     | d distribution?   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) Median  | (b) Mode                  | (c) Geometric Mean                                      | (d) Arithmetic mean |  |  |
| 124. | Which is not a meas   | sure of central tenden    | cy?   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) Arithmetic mean   | (b) Mode                  | (c) Range   | (d) Quadratic mean  |  |  |
| 125. | When is the statem  | ent $AM = GM = HM$        | true?   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) When the values are   | e natural numbers         | (b) When all the values                                 | are equal           |  |  |
|      | (c) When all the values   | have equal frequency      | (d) When mode is great                                  | er than median      |  |  |
| 126. | If a value is zero, w   | hich measure is not u     | sable?  |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) Arithmetic Mean   | (b) Harmonic Mean         | (c) Geometrtic Mean                                     | (d) Mode            |  |  |
| 127. | How many measure  | of central tendency a     | re there?   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) 2   | (b) 3                     | (c) 4   | (d) 5               |  |  |
| 128. | Which measure of c  | entral tendency is sui    | table for qualitative v                                 | ariable?            |  |  |
|      | (a) Arithmetic Mean   | (b) Harmonic Mean         | (c) Quadratic Mean                                      | (d) Mode            |  |  |
| 129. | In presence of negati   | tive values, which mea    | asure is not usable?                                    |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) Arithmetic Mean   | (b) Geometric Mean        | (c) Quadratic Mean                                      | (d) Harmonic Mean   |  |  |
|      | Answer the next two   | questions based on t      | he following informati                                  | ion                 |  |  |
|      |   | Accident 4<br>Frequency 2 | $ \begin{array}{c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c $ |                     |  |  |
| 130. | Fifth Decile is –   |                           |   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) 0   | (b) 8.5                   | (c) 7.5   | (d) 8               |  |  |
| 131. | Which of the follow   | ing is mode?              |   |                     |  |  |
|      | (a) 4   | (b) 8                     | (c) 0   | (d) 7               |  |  |

| 132. Which measure alw   | ays gives a value from                 | within the values?                    |                                     |
|--|--|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Mode                            |
| 133. Which one is not a  | proper measure of ce                   | ntral tendency?                       |                                     |
| (a) 2nd Quartile   | (b) Third Decile                       | (c) 3rd Quintile                      | (d) 110th Percentile                |
| 134. Which one is small  | est?                                   |                                       |                                     |
| (a) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - Median)^2$  | (b) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - \bar{X})^2$ | $(c) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - \sigma)^2$ | $(d) \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - Mode)^2$ |
| 135. Which measure is r  | not used in determining                | g skewness?                           |                                     |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Mode                            |
| 136. When is the relatio   | $\mathbf{nship}\ AM = HM = GN$         | I true?                               |                                     |
| (a) All values are equal   |  | (b) The values form a g               | eometric progression                |
| (c) The values form an   | arithmetic progression                 | (d) All values are distin             | ct                                  |
| 137. In the presence of o  | outlier(s), which meas                 | ure of central tendend                | cy is suitable?                     |
| (a) Arithmetic mean  | (b) Median                             | (c) Quadratic mean                    | (d) Power mean                      |
| 138. Which measure is s  |  | th population growth                  | ?                                   |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Harmonic mean                   |
| 139. Which measure is b  | _                                      | erage rates of change                 | over time?                          |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Harmonic Mean                   |
| 140. Which measure is bution?  | est for determining a                  | verage income in a hi                 | ghly skewed income distri-          |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Harmonic Mean                   |
| 141. Which can be meas   | sured from Ogive?                      |                                       |                                     |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean                     | (c) Median                            | (d) Harmonic Mean                   |
| 142. If a rate is defined  | as $R = \frac{c}{d}$ , where c is c    | onstant, then which n                 | neasure is perfect?                 |
| (a) Weighted arithmetic  | c mean                                 | (b) Harmonic mean                     |                                     |
| (c) Quadratic mean   |  | (d) Weighted geometric                | mean                                |
| 143. Which measure mig   |  |                                       |                                     |
| (a) Arithmetic mean  | (b) Geometric mean                     | (c) Quadratic mean                    | (d) Mode                            |
| 144. Which relationship  |  |                                       |                                     |
| (a) $AM \times GM = HM^2$  | (b) $AM \times HM = GM^2$              | (c) $AM \times HM = GM^3$             | (d) $AM \div GM = HM^2$             |
| 145. The arithmetic mean and geometric mean of two non-zero positive numbers are 15 and 10, respectively. What is harmonic mean? |  |                                       |                                     |
| (a) 6.61   | (b) 6.67                               | (c) 7.66                              | (d) 6.76                            |
| 146. For two non-zero positive numbers, the harmonic mean is 8 and the geometric mean is 12. What is the arithmetic mean?        |  |                                       |                                     |
| (a) 16   | (b) 18                                 | (c) 20                                | (d) 22                              |
| 147. For two non-zero p<br>25. What is the geom  | -                                      | narmonic mean is 10 a                 | and the arithmetic mean is          |
| (a) 7.07   | (b) 20                                 | (c) 25                                | (d) 30                              |

# 3.2 Arithmetic Mean

| 148. | If $\sum (x_i - k) = 0$ , wha                 | at is the value of k?                                      |  |  |
|------|---|--|--|--|
| (    | (a) n   | (b) $\bar{x}$  | (c) x                                  | (d) $n\bar{x}$   |
| 149. | If $\sum (x_i - a)^2$ is mini                 | mized, then the value                                      | <b>of</b> <i>a</i> <b>is:</b>          |  |
| (    | (a) $\bar{x}$                                 | (b) 0  | (c) Median                             | (d) Mode   |
| 150. | Find the arithmetic                           | <b>mean:</b> $6, 9, 12, \cdots, 84$                        |  |  |
| (    | (a) 40  | (b) 45   | (c) 50                                 | (d) 55   |
| 151. | The arithmetic mea                            | n of first 10 natural n                                    | umbers is:                             |  |
| (    | (a) 6   | (b) 8.5  | (c) 5.5                                | (d) 5.6  |
| 152. | Arithmetic Mean of                            | first 25 natural numb                                      | oers is –                              |  |
| (    | (a) 12  | (b) 13   | (c) 14                                 | (d) 26   |
| 153. | An equation is: $y =$                         | $\mathbf{5x} + 9. \ \mathbf{If} \ \bar{x} = 20, \bar{y} =$ | ?                                      |  |
| (    | (a) 100                                       | (b) 209  | (c) 109                                | (d) 29   |
| 154. | An equation is: $y =$                         | $5x + 9$ . If $\bar{x} = 20$ , what                        | is $\bar{y}$ ?                         |  |
| (    | (a) 100                                       | (b) 209  | (c) 109                                | (d) 29   |
| 155. | Given the relationsh                          | $\mathbf{nip} \ y = 2x - 4, \ \mathbf{and} \ \bar{x} =$    | 15, find the value of $i$              | <i>.</i>   |
| (    | (a) 26  | (b) 34   | (c) -26                                | (d) 35   |
| 156. | Arithmetic Mean of                            | two numbers is 25. I                                       | f a number is 40, wha                  | t is the other number?                                       |
| (    | (a) 40  | (b) 50   | (c) 25                                 | (d) 10   |
|      | The Arithmetic Meanumber?                     | ean of two numbers i                                       | s 30. If one number                    | is 40, what is the other                                     |
| (    | (a) 20  | (b) 30   | (c) 40                                 | (d) 60   |
|      | The Arithmetic Menumber?                      | ean of two numbers i                                       | s 35. If one number                    | is 50, what is the other                                     |
| (    | (a) 25  | (b) 20   | (c) 40                                 | (d) 70   |
|      |   |  |  | ${ m ombined}$ arithmetic mear ${ m AM}$ of the other class? |
| (    | (a) 88.36                                     | (b) 88.40  | (c) 84.55                              | (d) 78.33  |
| 160. | The summation of d                            | leviation of each value                                    | e from their arithmeti                 | c mean is –  |
| (    | (a) 0   | (b) 1  | (c) 2                                  | (d) 4  |
| 161. | For grouped data, w                           | which formula is correct                                   | ct for Arithmetic Mea                  | nn?  |
| (    | (a) $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$ | (b) $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum x_i}{N}$                         | (c) $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{n}$ | (d) $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum f_i}{N}$                           |
| 162. | Arithmetic mean of                            | the series 2, 12, 22, $\cdot$                              | $\cdots$ , 92 is–                      |  |
| (    | (a) 45  | (b) 46   | (c) 47                                 | (d) 55   |
| 163. | What is the arithme                           | etic mean of first n od                                    | d natural numbers?                     |  |
| (    | (a) $\frac{n+1}{n}$                           | (b) n  | (c) n+1                                | (d) $\frac{n+1}{2}$  |

| 164. What is the arithm                        | 164. What is the arithmetic mean of first n even natural numbers?                                  |   |   |  |  |
|--|--|---|---|--|--|
| (a) $\frac{n+1}{2}$                            | (b) $n+1$  | (c) n   | (d) $\frac{n-1}{2}$                               |  |  |
| 165. The arithmetic me                         | an of first n natural n  |   |   |  |  |
| (a) $\frac{n}{2}$                              | (b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$  | (c) $\frac{n^2}{2}$                                 | (d) $\frac{n^2-1}{2}$                             |  |  |
| 166. Arithmetic means the combined mean        |  | g equal no. of items a                              | re 30, 32, and 34. What is                        |  |  |
| (a) 30.33                                      | (b) 32.67  | (c) 32.00   | (d) 33.00   |  |  |
| 3.3 Harmonic M                                 | <b>I</b> ean   |   |   |  |  |
| 167. Which formula is o                        | orrect for harmonic n  | nean?   |   |  |  |
| (a) $\frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{f_i}{x_i}}$ | (b) $\frac{f_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{f_i}{x_i}}$   | (c) $\frac{\sum f_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{f_i}{x_i}}$ | (d) $\frac{\sum f_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n \frac{1}{x_i}}$ |  |  |
| 168. What is the harmo                         | nic mean of these val  | ues: 10, 12, 13, 15, 20                             | ,25   |  |  |
| (a) 12.49                                      | (b) 14.93  | (c) 14.39   | (d) 13.49   |  |  |
| 169. A rate is defined as used?                | $\mathbf{s}\;R=rac{c}{d};\;\mathbf{c}\;\mathbf{and}\;\mathbf{d}\;\mathbf{are}\;\mathbf{ar}$       | bitrary numbers. If c                               | is constant, which mean is                        |  |  |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean                            |  | (b) Geometric Mean                                  |   |  |  |
| (c) Harmonic Mean                              |  | (d) Weighted Geometric Mean                         |   |  |  |
| 170. A rate is defined a is used?              | $\mathbf{s} \ R = \frac{c}{d}; \mathbf{c} \ \mathbf{and} \ \mathbf{d} \ \mathbf{are} \ \mathbf{s}$ | arbitrary numbers. If                               | d is constant, which mean                         |  |  |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean                            |  | (b) Geometric Mean                                  |   |  |  |
| (c) Harmonic Mean                              |  | (d) Weighted Geometri                               | c Mean  |  |  |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean                            |  | (b) Geometric Mean                                  |   |  |  |
| (c) Harmonic Mean                              |  | (d) Weighted Geometric Mean                         |   |  |  |
| 171. Which is the respr                        | esentation of Harmon   | ic Mean?  |   |  |  |
| (a) Mean of Reciprocal                         |  | (b) Reciprocal of Mean                              |   |  |  |
| (c) Reciprocal of Mean                         | of Reciprocal  | (d) None of the above                               |   |  |  |
| 3.4 Geometric I                                | Mean   |   |   |  |  |
| 172. Which data set is s                       | suitable for Geometric   | : Mean?   |   |  |  |
| (a) $1, -1, 2, 4, 6, 7$                        | (b) $1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32$   | (c) $0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 6$                              | (d) $1, 1, 2, 3, 4, 4, 5$                         |  |  |
| 173. Find geometric me                         | an: 2, 4, 8, 16  |   |   |  |  |
| (a) 6.65                                       | (b) 6.56   | (c) 5.66  | (d) 5.56  |  |  |
| Answer the next the                            | ree questions based or   | n the following inform                              | ation   |  |  |
|  | The data collected in a  | research is this: 1, 2, 4, 8                        | , 16, 32  |  |  |
| 174. Which measure is                          | suitable?  |   |   |  |  |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean                            | (b) Geometric Mean   | (c) Median  | (d) Mode  |  |  |

| 175. What is the arithm  | etic mean of the data     | ?                     |                       |  |
|--|---------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--|
| (a) 8.5  | (b) 10                    | (c) 8                 | (d) 10.5              |  |
| 176. What is the geome   | tric mean?                |                       |                       |  |
| (a) 8.5  | (b) 5.66                  | (c) 6.55              | (d) 16                |  |
| 3.5 Mode   |                           |                       |                       |  |
| 177. Which of the follow   | ring may be used to d     | etermine mode?        |                       |  |
| (a) Histogram  | (b) Frequency Curve       | (c) Ogive             | (d) Frequency Polygon |  |
| 178. What is the mode  | the set: 7, 8, 8, 9, 9, 1 | 13, 17, 9, 8, 8       |                       |  |
| (a) 17   |                           | (b) 9                 |                       |  |
| (c) 8  |                           | (d) Cqannot be determ | ined                  |  |
| 179. What is the mode  | of the data set: 4, 7,    | 2, 4, 9, 4, 2, 9?     |                       |  |
| (a) 2  | (b) 4                     | (c) 9                 | (d) 7                 |  |
| <ul> <li>(a) The middle value when data are arranged in order</li> <li>(b) The average of all the values</li> <li>(c) The value that occurs most frequently</li> <li>(d) The difference between highest and lowest values</li> <li>181. Find the mode of the following frequency distribution:</li> <li>Value   2   3   4   5   6 / Frequency   3   5   2   7   1</li> </ul> |                           |                       |                       |  |
| (a) 3  | (b) 5                     | (c) 6                 | (d) 5                 |  |
| 182. In a symmetrical u  | . ,                       | ` '                   | •                     |  |
| (a) Mean < Median <  |                           | (b) Mean > Median >   |                       |  |
| (c) Mean = Median =  |                           | (d) Mode > Mean       |                       |  |
|  |                           |                       |                       |  |
| 3.6 Median   |                           |                       |                       |  |
| 183. Which can be meas   | sured from the Ogive?     | •                     |                       |  |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) Geometric Mean        | (c) Median            | (d) Mode              |  |
| 184. Median can be dete  | ermined from the-         |                       |                       |  |
| (a) Histogram  | (b) Frequency curve       | (c) Ogive             | (d) Pie Chart         |  |

| Interval  | 10-20 | 20-30 | 30-40 | 40-50 | 50-60 | 60-70 |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Frequency | 5     | 12    | 18    | 25    | 20    | 10    |

#### 3.7 Partition Values

#### 3.8 Situation Set

185. What is the median?

Answer the next three questions based on the following information

The following table shows weekly production of milk (in liters) by different varieties of cows.

| (a) 43                      | (b) 44                  |           |          | (c) $45$  |           |          | (d) $50$            |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|----------|-----------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| 186. What is the lo         | wer limit of c          | lass in   | terval f | or first  | quartil   | le?      |                     |
| (a) 10                      | (b) 20                  |           |          | (c) 30    |           |          | (d) 40              |
| 187. What is the 3r         | d quartile?             |           |          |           |           |          |                     |
| (a) 55.75                   | (b) 43.75               | 5         |          | (c) 53.1  | 15        |          | (d) 53.75           |
| Answer the nex              | t two (2) que           | estions   | based o  | on the    | followin  | ng infor | mation              |
|                             | Class                   | $\leq 20$ | 20-25    | 25-50     | 50-60     | 69-70    | $\geq 70$           |
|                             | Frequency               | 5         | 10       | 10        | 7         | 5        | 3                   |
|                             | Cumulative<br>Frequency | 5         | 15       | 25        | 32        | 37       | 40                  |
| 188. <b>How many val</b>    | ues are betwe           | een 20    | and 70°  | ?         |           |          |                     |
| (a) 20                      | (b) 32                  |           |          | (c) 35    |           |          | (d) 37              |
| 189. Which one is t         | he median cl            | ass?      |          |           |           |          |                     |
| (a) 20-25                   | (b) 25-5                | 0         |          | (c) 50-6  | 30        |          | (d) 60-70           |
| 190. What is the m          | edian of the            | followi   | ng valu  | es: 4, 5  | , 2, 1, 8 | 8, 3     |                     |
| (a) 1.5                     | (b) 2                   |           |          | (c) 3.5   |           |          | (d) 4               |
| Answer the nex              | t three quest           | ions as   | per th   | e follov  | ving inf  | formati  | on.                 |
|                             | 4                       | 2 44 59   | 64 70 72 | 2 74 91 9 | 94 are 9  | values.  |                     |
| 191. What is the <b>5</b> 0 | th percentile           | ?         |          |           |           |          |                     |
| (a) 64                      | (b) 70                  |           |          | (c) 72    |           |          | (d) 71              |
| 192. Below which v          | alue lie 70 pe          | ercent v  | values?  |           |           |          |                     |
| (a) 42                      | (b) 44                  |           |          | (c) 59    |           |          | (d) 74              |
| 193. Above which v          | alue lie $30\%$         | observ    | ations?  |           |           |          |                     |
| (a) 3rd Quartile            | (b) Med                 | ian       |          | (c) 30tl  | n Percen  | tile     | (d) 70th percentile |
| Answer the nex              | t three quest           | ions as   | per th   | e follov  | ving inf  | formati  | on.                 |
|                             |                         |           |          |           |           |          |                     |

| 194. What is the  | median?   |                |                   |
|---|---|----------------|-------------------|
| (a) 64  | (b) 70  | (c) 72         | (d) 71            |
| 195. What is the  | first quartile?   |                |                   |
| (a) 42.4  | (b) 44.7  | (c) 51.5       | (d) 64.2          |
| 196. Above which  | value lie 60% observati   | ons?           |                   |
| (a) 70.4  | (b) 72.0  | (c) 74.6       | (d) 66.4          |
| 3.9 Multip  | le Completion   |                |                   |
| 197. Inappropriat   | e for algebraic analysis-   | -              |                   |
| <ul><li>i. Median</li><li>ii. Mode</li><li>iii. Geometric M</li><li>Which one is tr</li></ul> |   |                |                   |
| (a) i   | (b) ii  | (c) i & ii     | (d) ii & iii      |
| 198. With negativ   | ve observations, which ca   | annot be used  |                   |
| <ul><li>i. Arithmetic M</li><li>ii. Geometric M</li><li>iii. Harmonic M</li></ul>             | Iean  |                |                   |
| Which one is  |   |                |                   |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 199. A good meas  | sure of central tendency  | -              |                   |
| <ul><li>i. is loosly defin</li><li>ii. takes into co</li><li>iii. easily under</li></ul>      | nsideration all values  |                |                   |
| Which one is  | correct?  |                |                   |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 200. A good meas  | sure of central tendency  | -              |                   |
|   | d by extreme values<br>he entire dataset accurately<br>to compute       |                |                   |
| Which one is  | correct?  |                |                   |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 201. A good meas  | sure of central tendency  | -              |                   |
| ii. provides a si   | lifferent samples<br>ngle representative value<br>eme values completely |                |                   |
| Which one is  | correct?  |                |                   |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii   | (c) ii and iii | (d) i, ii and iii |

| 202 | 2. Median is –  |                        |                           |                             |
|-----|---|------------------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
|     | <ul><li>i. Affected by extreme</li><li>ii. Rigidly defined</li><li>iii. Suitable for open-er</li></ul>        |                        |                           |                             |
|     | Which one is correct  | t?                     |                           |                             |
|     | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii          | (c) ii and iii            | (d) i, ii and iii           |
| 203 | 8. Mode is –  |                        |                           |                             |
|     | <ul><li>i. The most frequently</li><li>ii. Unaffected by extre</li><li>iii. Always unique in a</li></ul>      | me values              |                           |                             |
|     | Which one is correct  | t?                     |                           |                             |
|     | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii          | (c) ii and iii            | (d) i, ii and iii           |
| 204 | A rate is defined as which mean is used?  |                        | rbitrary numbers. If      | neither c or d is constant, |
|     | i. Weighted Arithmetic<br>ii. Weighted Harmonic<br>iii. Harmonic Mean   |                        |                           |                             |
|     | Which one is correct  | t?                     |                           |                             |
|     | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii          | (c) ii and iii            | (d) i, ii and iii           |
| 205 | . What is true of har   | rmonic mean?           |                           |                             |
|     | <ul><li>i. uses all values in tha</li><li>ii. undefined if the any</li><li>iii. affected by extreme</li></ul> | value is zero          |                           |                             |
|     | Which one is correct  | t?                     |                           |                             |
|     | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii          | (c) ii and iii            | (d) i, ii and iii           |
| 206 | 6. Arithmetic Mean is   | s –                    |                           |                             |
|     | <ul><li>i. Rigidly defined</li><li>ii. Unaffected by sampl</li><li>iii. Suitable for algebra</li></ul>        |                        |                           |                             |
|     | Which one is correct  | t?                     |                           |                             |
|     | (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii          | (c) ii and iii            | (d) i, ii and iii           |
|     | 4 Measures o  | of Dispersion          |                           |                             |
| 207 | 7. Which of the follow  | ving is the best measu | re of dispersion?         |                             |
|     | (a) Range   |                        | (b) Mean deviation        |                             |
|     | (c) Standard deviation  |                        | (d) Coefficient of variat | ion                         |
| 208 | 3. What is the minim  | um possible value of s | tandard deviation?        |                             |
|     | (a) ∞   | (b) -1                 | (c) 0                     | (d) 1                       |
| 209 | o. For two values, ratestandard deviation   | nge is found to be 8.  | What are the valu         | es of mean deviation and    |
|     | (a) (2,4)   | (b) (4,4)              | (c) (4,8)                 | (d) (8,8)                   |
|     |   |                        |                           |                             |

| 210. For two values, the standard deviation     | range is found to be                             | 12. What are the value               | ues of mean deviation and         |  |
|---|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| (a) $(2,4)$                                     | (b) (4,4)  | (c) (6, 6)                           | (d) (8,8)                         |  |
| 211. The mean and coeff is the value of stands  |  | distribution are 5 and               | d $30\%$ , respectively. What     |  |
| (a) 1.5   | (b) 6.5  | (c) 7.6                              | (d) 10.2                          |  |
| 212. What is the correct                        |  |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{n}} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2$ | (b) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{n-1}\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$ | (c) $\frac{1}{n}\sum(x_i-\bar{x})$   | (d) $\sqrt{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})}$ |  |
| 213. What is the standar                        |  |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) $\sqrt{\frac{(n^2-1)}{6}}$                  | (b) $\sqrt{\frac{(n^2-1)}{12}}$                  | (c) $\sqrt{\frac{n(n+1)(2n+1)}{6n}}$ | (d) $\sqrt{\frac{n(n+1)}{2}}$     |  |
| 214. The Mean Deviatio                          | n of two unequal num                             | bers is 3. What is the               | eir range?                        |  |
| (a) 1.5   | (b) 3  | (c) 6                                | (d) 12                            |  |
| 215. What is the standar                        | rd deviation of first 10                         | natural numbers?                     |                                   |  |
| (a) 2.87  | (b) 3.02   | (c) 0                                | (d) 2.78                          |  |
| 216. Which measure is u                         | mit-free?  |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) Range                                       |  | (b) Mean deviation                   |                                   |  |
| (c) Standard deviation                          |  | (d) Coefficient of variation         |                                   |  |
| 217. Which measure is s                         | uitable for an open-en                           | ided distribution?                   |                                   |  |
| (a) Range                                       | (b) Mean deviation                               | (c) Standard deviation               | (d) Quartile deviation            |  |
| 4.1 Situation Set                               | t  |                                      |                                   |  |
| Answer the next two                             | questions based on t                             | he following informat                | ion.                              |  |
| The tem   | peratures (in ${}^{o}C$ of tw                    | vo cities in a country               | are 30 and 35.                    |  |
| 218. What is their Mean                         | deviation?                                       |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) 1.2   | (b) 2.5  | (c) 3.0                              | (d) 5.5                           |  |
| 219. What is the coeffici                       | ent of variation?                                |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) $2.7\%$                                     | (b) 8.3%   | (c) 5.8%                             | (d) 7.7%                          |  |
| 5 Moments, S                                    | Skewness, and K                                  | Kurtosis                             |                                   |  |
|   | ·  |                                      |                                   |  |
| 5.1 Moments                                     |  |                                      |                                   |  |
| 220. Which is not a type                        |  |                                      |                                   |  |
| (a) Central Moments                             | (b) Raw Moments                                  | (c) Corrected Moments                | (d) Rectified Moments             |  |
| 221. The second momen                           | _  | <b>5</b> 77                          |                                   |  |
| (a) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^n}{w}$          | (b) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}{w}$           | (c) $\frac{\sum (x_i - w)^2}{n}$     | (d) $\frac{\sum (x_i - w)^n}{2}$  |  |
|   |  |                                      |                                   |  |

| 222. Which relatonship                  | p is correct?                             |   |                                       |
|---|---|---|---------------------------------------|
| (a) $\mu_1' = \bar{x} + a$              | (b) $\mu_1' = \bar{x} - a$                | (c) $\mu_2' = \bar{x} + a$                    | (d) $\mu_1 = \bar{x} - a$             |
| 223. What is formula o                  | of rth raw moment fo                      | or grouped data abou                          | t a?                                  |
| (a) $\frac{\sum f_i(x_i-a)^r}{n}$       | (b) $\frac{\sum f_i(x_i - \bar{x})^r}{n}$ | (c) $\frac{\sum (x_i-a)^r}{n}$                | (d) $\frac{\sum (x_i+a)^r}{n}$        |
| 224. Which quantity u                   | niquely characterizes                     | s a distribution?                             |                                       |
| (a) Median                              | (b) Quantile                              | (c) Moments                                   | (d) Trend                             |
| Which one is corre                      | ect?                                      |   |                                       |
| (a) i and ii                            | (b) i and iii                             | (c) ii and iii                                | (d) i, ii and iii                     |
| 225. Which can be use                   | ed to measure dispers                     | sion?   |                                       |
| (a) $\mu'_2$                            | (b) $\mu_1$                               | (c) $\mu_2$                                   | (d) $\mu'_1$                          |
| 226. The formula of co                  | efficient of variance                     | $(\mathrm{CV})$ is $-$                        |                                       |
| (a) $\frac{\sqrt{\mu_2}}{n} \times 100$ | (b) $\frac{\mu_2}{\mu_1} \times 100$      | (c) $\frac{\sqrt{\mu_2}}{\bar{x}} \times 100$ | (d) $\frac{\mu_3}{\sigma} \times 100$ |
| 227. First moment aro                   | ound zero is –                            |   |                                       |
| (a) 0                                   | (b) 1                                     | (c) -1  | (d) Arithmetic Mean                   |
| 228. Which moment is                    | equal to zero?                            |   |                                       |
| (a) First raw moment                    | t around 1                                | (b) Second central r                          | moment                                |
| (c) First central mom                   | nent                                      | (d) Second raw mor                            | nent around 0                         |
| 229. Which might have                   | e a negative value?                       |   |                                       |
| (a) $\mu_4$                             | (b) $\mu_3$                               | (c) $\mu'_2$                                  | (d) $\mu_2$                           |
| 230. 2nd Central Mon                    | nent is –                                 |   |                                       |
| (a) $\mu_2 - \mu_1'$                    | (b) $\mu_2 + \mu_1'$                      | (c) $\mu_2 - \mu_1^{\prime 2}$                | (d) $\mu_2' - \mu_1'^2$               |
| 231. First central mon                  | nent is equal to –                        |   |                                       |
| (a) 1                                   | (b) 0                                     | (c) -1  | (d) $\bar{x} - a$                     |
| 232. First moment aro                   | ound a is equal to –                      |   |                                       |
| (a) 1                                   | (b) 0                                     | (c) -1  | (d) $\bar{x} - a$                     |
| 233. The first raw mor                  | ment about 3 is -5. V                     | Vhat is the value of a                        | rithmetic mean?                       |
| (a) 2                                   | (b) -2                                    | (c) 0   | (d) 8                                 |
| 234. The first raw mor                  | ment about 4 is -4. V                     | Vhat is the value of a                        | rithmetic mean?                       |
| (a) 2                                   | (b) -2                                    | (c) 0   | (d) 8                                 |
| 235. The first raw mor                  | ment about 0 is 2. W                      | hat is the value of ar                        | ithmetic mean?                        |
| (a) 2                                   | (b) -2                                    | (c) 0   | (d) 8                                 |
| 236. The arithmetic m                   | ean of a variable is 4                    | . What is the first ra                        | w moment around 2?                    |
| (a) 2                                   | (b) -2                                    | (c) 0   | (d) 8                                 |
| 237. The arithmetic m                   | ean of a variable is 1                    | 0. What is the first r                        | raw moment around 0?                  |
| (a) 10                                  | (b) -2                                    | (c) 0   | (d) 8                                 |

| 238. The arithmetic m   | $\mathbf{e}$ an of a variable is $2$ | .6. What is the firs       | t raw moment around 6?          |
|---|--------------------------------------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|
| (a) 2.2   | (b) $-3.4$                           | (c) 0.1                    | (d) 1.8                         |
| 239. If the values in a   | dataset have mean 4.                 | 8, what is the first       | moment about the mean?          |
| (a) 0   | (b) 4.8                              | (c) 1.0                    | (d) -4.8                        |
| 240. The mean of a va   | riable is 3.2. Find the              | e first raw moment         | around 0.                       |
| (a) 3.2   | (b) $-3.2$                           | (c) 0                      | (d) 1.2                         |
| 241. The first raw mo data?   | ment around 0 of a d                 | lata set is 5. What        | is the arithmetic mean of the   |
| (a) 3   | (b) 4                                | (c) 5                      | (d) 6                           |
| 242. The first raw mor  | ment around 5 of a d                 | ata set is 15. What        | t is the arithmetic mean of the |
| (a) 8   | (b) 20                               | (c) 12                     | (d) 15                          |
| 243. The first raw mor  | ment around 3 of a d                 | ata set is 18. What        | t is the arithmetic mean of the |
| (a) 6   | (b) 17                               | (c) 28                     | (d) 21                          |
| 244. The first raw mordata?   | ment around 10 of a o                | data set is 50. Wha        | t is the arithmetic mean of the |
| (a) 52  | (b) 24                               | (c) 60                     | (d) 40                          |
| i. positive ii. not negative iii. positive or negati Which one is corre | ve                                   |                            |                                 |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii                        | (c) ii and iii             | (d) i, ii and iii               |
| 5.2 Skewness  |                                      |                            |                                 |
| 246. The following gra  | ph is an example of -                | -                          |                                 |
|   | ,                                    |                            |                                 |
| (a) Positive Skew   | (b) Negative Skew                    | (c) No Skew                | (d) Not detectable              |
| 247. For a symmetrica   | al distribution, what is             | s the value of $\beta_1$ ? |                                 |
| (a) 0   | (b) 1                                | (c) -1                     | (d) $\infty$                    |
| Answer the next?  | questions based on t                 | the following inform       | nation                          |
|   | (a)                                  | (b) (c)                    |                                 |
|   |                                      |                            |                                 |

| 248. The curve (a) is an  | n example of                                 |                            |                            |
|---|--|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) Positive Skew   | (b) Negative Skew                            | (c) No Skew                | (d) Not detectable         |
| 249. The curve (b) is an  | n example of                                 |                            |                            |
| (a) Positive Skew   | (b) Negative Skew                            | (c) No Skew                | (d) Not detectable         |
| 250. In Image (b), what   | t is denoted by 4th va                       | lue?                       |                            |
| (a) Mean  | (b) Median                                   | (c) Mode                   | (d) All of the above       |
| 251. In Image (c), what   | is in 6th value?                             |                            |                            |
| (a) Mean  | (b) Median                                   | (c) Mode                   | (d) None of the above      |
| 252. What is the value  | corresponding to the                         | position 3?                |                            |
| (a) Mean  | (b) Median                                   | (c) Mode                   | (d) None of the above      |
| 253. What is the value  | corresponding to the                         | position 7?                |                            |
| (a) Mean  | (b) Median                                   | (c) Mode                   | (d) None of the above      |
| 254. If $\gamma_1 > 0$ , the data   | is -   |                            |                            |
| (a) Negatively skewed   | (b) Positively skewed                        | (c) Symmetric              | (d) Uncertain              |
| 255. Which relationship   |  |                            |                            |
| (a) $M_o = 2Me - \bar{x}$   | (b) $M_o = 3Me - \bar{x}$                    | (c) $M_o = 3Me - 2\bar{x}$ | (d) $M_o = 2Me - 3\bar{x}$ |
| 256. Characteristics of   | a skewed distributon a                       | are –                      |                            |
| i. $Mean \neq Median \neq$<br>ii. Differences of upper<br>iii. Frequency curve is | r and lower quartiles from                   | n median are unequal       |                            |
| 257. In a distribution, µ   | $\mu_2 = 25, \mu_3 = 20, \text{ and } \mu_4$ | = 2200; the distribution   | on is –                    |
| (a) Negativelky skewed  | d (b) leptokurtic                            | (c) Platykurtic            | (d) Symmetric              |
| 258. For a data, $Q_3 = 41$   | $1.6, Q_1 = 17.2, Median =$                  | 29, &AM = 30; What is      | s Coefficient of skewness? |
| (a) 24.4  | (b) 1  | (c) $0.03$                 | (d) 29.45                  |
| 259. In case of positive  | skewness, which one                          | is correct?                |                            |
| (a) $Mean > Median >$   | > Mode                                       | (b) $Mean < Median <$      | < Mode                     |
| (c) $Mean = Median =$   | = Mode                                       | (d) $Mean > Median <$      | < Mode                     |
| 260. For a symmetrical  | distribution, $\beta_1 =$                    |                            |                            |
| (a) 1   | (b) -1                                       | (c) 0                      | (d) 3                      |
| 261. $\sqrt{\beta_1} = -0.23$ implies   | s–   |                            |                            |
| (a) Left Skew   | (b) Symmetry                                 | (c) Right Skew             | (d) Mesokurtic             |
| 262. $\gamma_1 = 0.43$ implies—   |  |                            |                            |
| (a) Left Skew   | (b) Symmetry                                 | (c) Right Skew             | (d) Mesokurtic             |
| 263. $\gamma_1 = 0.0001$ implies-   | -  |                            |                            |
| (a) Left Skew   | (b) Symmetry                                 | (c) Right Skew             | (d) Mesokurtic             |
| 264. First 3 moments a  | bout 2 are 1, 2 and 8,                       | respectively. What is      | the arithmetic mena?       |
| (a) 1   | (b) 2  | (c) 3                      | (d) 4                      |

265. What is the second central moments of first 10 natural numbers?

- (a) 9.90
- (c) 8.25
- (d) 5.67

266. Frequencies of low and high values are smaller in - distribution

- (a) Positively skewed
- (b) Negatively skewed (c) Symmetric
- (d) Mesokurtic

267. Frequencies of higher values are smaller and of low values are higher in – distribution

- (a) Positively skewed
- (b) Negatively skewed (c) Symmetric
  - (d) Mesokurtic

268. Frequencies of higher values are higher and of low values are lower in - distribution

- (a) Positively skewed
- (b) Negatively skewed (c) Symmetric
- (d) Mesokurtic

269. In a postively-skewed distribution-

- i. Frequencies of higher values are lower
- ii. Frequencies of low values are higher
- iii. Frequencies of higher values are higher

Which one is correct?

- (a) i and ii
- (b) i and iii
- (c) ii and iii
- (d) i, ii and iii

270. In a negatively-skewed distribution-

- i. Frequencies of higher values are lower
- ii. Frequencies of low values are lower
- iii. Frequencies of higher values are higher

Which one is correct?

- (a) i and ii
- (b) i and iii
- (c) ii and iii
- (d) i, ii and iii

271. In a symmetric distribution-

- i. Frequencies of higher values are lower
- ii. Frequencies of low values are higher
- iii. Frequencies of low values are lower

Which one is correct?

- (a) i and ii
- (b) i and iii
- (c) ii and iii
- (d) i, ii and iii

272. Which formula is correct for determining skewness?

(a) 
$$\gamma_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_3^2}{\mu_2^3}}$$

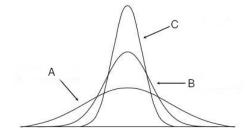
(b) 
$$\gamma_1 = \sqrt{\beta_1^2}$$

(c) 
$$\gamma_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_3}{\mu_2^3}}$$

(d) 
$$\frac{\mu_2}{\sqrt{\mu_3^2}}$$

Kurtosis 5.3

273. Which curve is platykurtic?



| (a) A  | (b) B                                | (c) C                        | (d) None                           |
|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| 274. How many types of   | f kurtosis are there?                |                              |                                    |
| (a) 2  | (b) 3                                | (c) 4                        | (d) 5                              |
| 275. The standard devia central moment?  | ation of a mesokurtik                | distribution is 2. Wh        | nat is the value of the 4th        |
| (a) 4  | (b) 8                                | (c) 16                       | (d) 48                             |
| 276. $\beta_2 = \sqrt{9}$ implies dat  | a are-                               |                              |                                    |
| (a) Leptokurtic  | (b) Platykurtic                      | (c) Mesokurtic               | (d) Symmetric                      |
| 277. $\beta_2 = 4$ implies data  | are-                                 |                              |                                    |
| (a) Leptokurtic  | (b) Platykurtic                      | (c) Mesokurtic               | (d) Symmetric                      |
| 278. $\beta_2 = 3$ implies data  | are-                                 |                              |                                    |
| (a) Leptokurtic  | (b) Platykurtic                      | (c) Mesokurtic               | (d) Symmetric                      |
| 279. $\beta_2 = 1$ implies data  | are-                                 |                              |                                    |
| (a) Leptokurtic  | (b) Platykurtic                      | (c) Mesokurtic               | (d) Symmetric                      |
| 280. The relationship be   | etween $\beta_2$ and $\gamma_2$ is – |                              |                                    |
| (a) $\beta_2 = \gamma_2 - 3$   | (b) $\gamma_2 = \beta_2 - 3$         | (c) $\gamma_2 = 3\beta_2$    | $(d) \gamma_2 = \frac{\beta_2}{3}$ |
| 281. For a mesokurtik d  | istribution, $\beta_2 =$             |                              |                                    |
| (a) 0  | (b) -3                               | (c) 3                        | (d) 1                              |
| 282. What is the relatio   | nship between $\gamma_2$ and         | $\beta_2$ ?                  |                                    |
| (a) $\gamma_2 = \beta_2 + 3$   | (b) $\gamma_2 = 2\beta_2 - 3$        | (c) $\gamma_2 = \beta_2 - 1$ | $(d) \gamma_2 = \beta_2 - 3$       |
| 5.4 Misc   |                                      |                              |                                    |
| 283. What is formula of  | the left inner fence for             | or a box and whisker p       | plot?                              |
| (a) $Q_1 - 1.5 \times IQR$   | (b) $Q_3 + 1.5 \times IQR$           | (c) $Q_1 - 3 \times IQR$     | (d) $Q_3 + 1.5 \times IQR$         |
| 284. What is the formul  | a of IQR?                            |                              |                                    |
| (a) $IQR = Q_3 + Q_1$  | (b) $IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$                | (c) $IQR = 2Q_3 - Q_1$       | (d) $IQR = \frac{Q_3 - Q_1}{2}$    |
| 285. Which is not used   | in constructing Box &                | Whisker Plot?                |                                    |
| (a) Mode   | (b) $X_L$                            | (c) $Q_1 \& Q_3$             | (d) $Q_1, Q_2 \& Q_3$              |
| 286. In a symmatric dissipation i. Arithmetic Mean = 1 ii. $Q_2 - Q_1 = Q_3 - Q_2$ iii. $Q_1 - X_L = X_H - Q_3$ Which one is true? | Mode = Median                        |                              |                                    |
| (a) i & ii   | (b) ii & iii                         | (c) i &iii                   | (d) i, ii &iii                     |

# 5.5 Box and Whisker Plot

• Q1 = 25

287. The following values represent the quartiles of a data set:

| <ul> <li>Q2 = 50</li> <li>Q3 = 75</li> </ul>                     |  |  |                   |
|--|--|--|-------------------|
| ·  | artile range (IQR)?  |  |                   |
| (a) 25   | (b) 50   | (c) 75                                     | (d) 100           |
| 288. In a box and whisl  | ker plot, the following  | statements hold true                       | :                 |
| ii. The whiskers extend  | ox represents the interqual from the minimum to the resented by the top of the | the maximum data values                    | s.                |
| Which one is correct   | et?  |  |                   |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii  | (c) ii and iii                             | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 5.6 Five Number  | er Summary   |  |                   |
| 289. In a given data set   | the following values   | are recorded:                              |                   |
| ii. The median is alwa   |  | veen Q3 and Q1.  nmary is the largest data | point.            |
| Which one is correct   | et?  |  |                   |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii  | (c) ii and iii                             | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 290. The five-number s   | ummary of a data set   | consists of the follow                     | ng:               |
| i. Minimum value<br>ii. Maximum value<br>iii. Median (Q2), First | Quartile (Q1), Third Q   | uartile (Q3)                               |                   |
| Which one is correct   | et?  |  |                   |
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii  | (c) ii and iii                             | (d) i, ii and iii |
| 291. Which is not inclu  | ded in five number su  | ımmary?                                    |                   |
| (a) Arithmetic Mean  | (b) $X_H$  | (c) $Q_2$                                  | (d) $Q_3$         |
| 6 Correlation  | n and Regressio  | n  |                   |
| 6.1 Correlation  | G  |  |                   |
| 292. Who proposed the  | formula of correlation   | n goofficient?                             |                   |
| (a) R. A. Fisher   | (b) Bowley   | (c) Spearman                               | (d) Karl Pearson  |
| ` '  | . ,  | ` ' -                                      | (d) Rail I carson |
| 293. The lowest possibl<br>(a) 1                                 | (b) 0  | $(c) -\infty$                              | (d) -1            |
| . ,  | . ,  | · /  | ,                 |
| 294. The linear associat (a) Correlation                         | (b) Regression   | (c) Randomness                             | (d) Regularity    |
|  |  |  |                   |

| 295 | . Which measures the      | e strength of inear ass   | sociation between two                         | random variables?              |  |  |  |
|-----|---------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
|     | (a) Correlation           | (b) Regression  | (c) Correlation coeff<br>cient                | i-(d) Regression coefficient   |  |  |  |
| 296 | . Karl Pearson's metl     | hod of determining th   | e strength of correlat                        | ion is not applicable for —    |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Qualitative variable  | (b) Quantitative variable   | e(c) Discrete variable                        | (d) Continuous variable        |  |  |  |
| 297 | . For two independen      | t variables, the value  | of the correlation coe                        | efficient is —                 |  |  |  |
|     | (a) -1                    | (b) 1   | $(c) \infty$                                  | (d) 0                          |  |  |  |
| 298 | . Two variables havin     | g changes in same di  | rection at same rates                         | display —                      |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Perfect negative cor  | relation  | (b) Partial positive corn                     | relation                       |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Perfect positive corr | elation   | (d) Partial negative cor                      | relation                       |  |  |  |
| 299 | . Two variables havin     | g changes in opposite   | direction at same ra                          | tes display —                  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Perfect negative cor  | relation  | (b) Partial positive corn                     | relation                       |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Perfect positive corr | elation   | (d) Partial negative cor                      | relation                       |  |  |  |
| 300 | . Two variables havin     | g changes in same di  | rection at different ra                       | tes display —                  |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Perfect negative cor  | relation  | (b) Partial positive correlation              |                                |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Perfect positive corr | elation   | (d) Partial negative cor                      | relation                       |  |  |  |
| 301 | . Two variables havin     | g changes in opposite   | direction at different                        | rates display —                |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Perfect negative cor  | relation  | (b) Partial positive corr                     | relation                       |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Perfect positive corr | elation   | (d) Partial negative cor                      | relation                       |  |  |  |
| 302 | . When a variable is      | changing, but another   | r is not affected, it is                      | called                         |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Perfect negative cor  | relation  | (b) Partial positive correlation              |                                |  |  |  |
|     | (c) Perfect positive corr | elation   | (d) Zero correlation                          |                                |  |  |  |
| 303 | . TEXT                    |   |   |                                |  |  |  |
|     | (a) Choice                | (b) Choice  | (c) Choice                                    | (d) Choice                     |  |  |  |
|     | Answer the next two       | questions based on t  | he following informat                         | ion                            |  |  |  |
|     | A study was conducted     | to find the impact of stu-  | dy hour on students' GP.                      | A and the following was found: |  |  |  |
|     | $\sum (z)$                | $(x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) = 30, \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) = 30, \sum (x_i - \bar{x})(y_i - \bar{y}) = 30$ | $(x_i - \bar{x})^2 = 45$ , and $\sum (y_i)^2$ | $(\bar{y} - \bar{y})^2 = 55$   |  |  |  |
| 304 | . What is the value o     | f correlation coefficien  | nt?   |                                |  |  |  |
|     | (a) $0.50$                | (b) 0.60  | (c) -0.60                                     | (d) -0.50                      |  |  |  |
| 305 | . What is the value o     | $\mathbf{f} \ b_{yx}$ ?   |   |                                |  |  |  |
|     | (a) 0.58                  | (b) -0.67   | (c) 0.67                                      | (d) -1.75                      |  |  |  |
|     |                           |   |   |                                |  |  |  |

# 7 Time Series

| <ul><li>306. Which is not a time series data?</li><li>(a) Number of calls received per week</li><li>(c) No. of earthquakes in different regions</li></ul> |                                       |  | * *                                   | <ul><li>(b) No. of road accidents on different days</li><li>(d) No. of particles decayed in each second</li></ul> |  |  |  |
|---|---------------------------------------|--|---------------------------------------|---|--|--|--|
| <ul><li>307. Which is not a time series data?</li><li>(a) Daily closing prices of a stock</li><li>(c) Number of students in a each class</li></ul>        |                                       |  | • , ,                                 | <ul><li>(b) Annual temperature records of a city</li><li>(d) Number of visitors to a website each day</li></ul>   |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>(a) Number</li><li>(b) Height of</li><li>(c) Tota sal</li></ul>   | of calls reconstruction of children a | le of time series da<br>eived by a call center<br>at different ages<br>imployees at a companient countries in 2020 | each month                            |   |  |  |  |
| 309. Which is i. Linear tre   |                                       | trend?   |                                       |   |  |  |  |
| ii. Non-linea<br>iii. Cyclic ta   | ar trend                              |  |                                       |   |  |  |  |
| Which one   | e is correct                          | t?   |                                       |   |  |  |  |
| (a) i and ii  |                                       | (b) i and iii  | (c) ii and iii                        | (d) i, ii and iii   |  |  |  |
| 310. Which ca   | n measure                             | e trend most precis  | sely?                                 |   |  |  |  |
| (a) Graphic   | al method                             |  | (b) Semi-average n                    | nethod  |  |  |  |
| (c) Moving  | average met                           | thod   | (d) Quarter-averag                    | (d) Quarter-average method  |  |  |  |
| 311. Which is   | the multip                            | plicative time serie   | es model?                             |   |  |  |  |
| (a) $Y_t = T_t$   | $\times S_t \times C_t \times$        | $R_t$  | (b) $Y_t = T_t \times D_t \times$     | (b) $Y_t = T_t \times D_t \times C_t \times R_t$  |  |  |  |
| (c) $Y_t = T_t$   | $\times P_t \times C_t \times$        | $R_t$  | (d) $Y_t = T_t \times G_t \times G_t$ | (d) $Y_t = T_t \times G_t \times C_t \times R_t$  |  |  |  |
| 312. In additiv   | ve model,                             | in the long run, $\sum$  | $R_t =$                               |   |  |  |  |
| (a) 0   |                                       | (b) 1  | (c) Undefine                          | (d) Infinity  |  |  |  |
| 313. In multip  | licative m                            | odel, in the long r  | un, $\sum R_t =$                      |   |  |  |  |
| (a) 0   |                                       | (b) 1  | (c) Undefine                          | (d) Infinity  |  |  |  |
| Answer th   | e next two                            | o questions based o  | on the following info                 | rmation   |  |  |  |
| Commodity below.  | wise expor                            | et shipments (In mill  | ion US\$) of Frozen and               | d live fish in Bangladesh are given   |  |  |  |
|   | Months                                | 2022-23 (July-Dec)   | 2023-24 (Jan-Jun)   20                | 022-23 (July-Dec)_  |  |  |  |
|   | Amount                                | 246.38   | 175.19                                | 215.13  |  |  |  |
|   |                                       | Table  | e 1: Source:BB                        |   |  |  |  |

314. Which component of time series is most evident?

(a) Irregular variation (b) Cyclic variation (c) Trend (d) Seasonal variation

| 315. Which value is mo          |                             |                            | (1) 222                     |
|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|
| (a) 200                         | (b) 190                     | (c) 130                    | (d) 220                     |
| 316. A linear trend goe         | s along a –                 |                            |                             |
| (a) a curved line               | (b) a wave                  | (c) straight line          | (d) circle                  |
| 317. Which of the follow        | wing is an example of       | seasonal variation in      | a time series?              |
| (a) Increase in ice crea        | am sales during summer      | (b) Rising fuel prices of  | over decades                |
| (c) Stock market crash          | 1                           | (d) Unemployment rat       | te changes due to war       |
| 318. Which business is          | most likely to experie      | nce strong seasonal v      | ariation in its sales?      |
| (a) A supermarket               | (b) A toy store             | (c) A furniture store      | (d) A gas station           |
| 319. Which of the follow        | wing is an example of       | cyclic variation in a t    | time series?                |
| (a) Boom and recessio           | n phases in an economy      |                            |                             |
| (b) Increase in electric        | eity consumption during s   | ummer                      |                             |
| (c) High demand for u           | umbrellas during the rainy  | season                     |                             |
| (d) Sudden decline in           | stock prices due to a pane  | demic                      |                             |
| 320. Which of the follow        | wing is an example of       | a trend in a time ser      | ies?                        |
| (a) Gradual increase ture       | in global average temper    | a-(b) Increase in ice crea | am sales during summer      |
| (c) Fluctuations in sto         | ck prices due to news even  | ts(d) Sudden drop in airl  | ine bookings due to a storm |
| 321. Which type of tre decades? | end is usually observed     | d in a country's pop       | ulation growth over severa  |
| (a) Upward trend                | (b) Downward trend          | (c) Seasonal trend         | (d) Cyclic trend            |
| 322. Which of the follow        | wing best represents a      | downward trend in a        | a time series?              |
| (a) Declining birth rat         | ses in a country over seven | ral decades                |                             |
| (b) Increase in online          | shopping during holiday s   | seasons                    |                             |
| (c) Fluctuations in sto         | ock market prices           |                            |                             |
| (d) Sudden rise in fuel         | prices due to a crisis      |                            |                             |
| 323. Which factor is n revenue? | nost likely to contribu     | ite to an upward tre       | end in a company's annua    |
| (a) Improved marketing          | ng strategies over time     | (b) Seasonal discounts     | and promotions              |
| (c) Short-term fluctua          | tions in customer demand    | l (d) Unpredictable sup    | ply chain disruptions       |
| 324. Which factor is me         | ost likely to cause cycl    | ic variation in a time     | e series?                   |
| (a) Festive shopping to         | rends                       | (b) Long-term busines      | s cycles                    |
| (c) Daily fluctuations          | in temperature              | (d) Random fluctuation     | ons in demand               |
| 325. A non-linear trend         | l goes along a –            |                            |                             |
| (a) a curved line               | (b) a wave                  | (c) a cubic pattern        | (d) Any of the above        |
| 326. Which measure of           | trend is subjective?        |                            |                             |
| (a) Semi-average meth           | nod                         | (b) Graphical method       |                             |
| (c) Moving average me           | ethod                       | (d) None of the above      |                             |
| Answer the next T               | HREE questions based        | on the following infe      | ormation                    |

| Year                 | 2016     | 2017     | 2018      | 2019      | 2020            | 2021      | 2022     | 2023                |
|----------------------|----------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|-----------|----------|---------------------|
| USD Exchange Rate    | 78.35    | 79.49    | 82.87     | 83.26     | 84.60           | 84.37     | 85.80    | 106.70              |
|                      |          | ,        | Table 2:  | Source-   | Investin        | ig.com    |          |                     |
| 327. What is the sec | ond val  | lue of s | semi-av   | erage n   | nethod          | ?         |          |                     |
| (a) 85.40            | (b       | 90.37    |           | (0        | 91.73           |           | (        | (d) 89.78           |
| 328. What kind of a  | trend    | do the   | data h    | ave?      |                 |           |          |                     |
| (a) Upward           |          |          |           | (1        | o) Down         | ward      |          |                     |
| (c) Both upward &    | downwa   | ard      |           | (0        | d) No tr        | end       |          |                     |
| 329. Which compone   | ent of t | ime sei  | ries is v | visible i | n the la        | ater pa   | rt of th | ne data?            |
| (a) Seasonal Variat  | ion (b   | ) Genera | al Trenc  | d (d      | e) Irregu       | ılar Vari | ation (  | (d) Cyclic Variatio |
| Answer the next      | THRE     | E ques   | stions l  | pased or  | n the fo        | ollowing  | g inforr | nation              |
| Year                 |          |          |           | 017 20    |                 |           |          |                     |
| Average Temperature  | (°C)   : | 22.5 2   | 23.0 2    | 4.2 24    | .5 25.          | 0 25.5    | 5 26.0   | 27.0                |
|                      |          | Table    | 3: Sour   | ce–Natio  | nal Wea         | ther Ser  | vice     |                     |
| 330. What is the sec | ond va   | lue of t | ho son    | ni_awara  | ra mat          | hod?      |          |                     |
| (a) 25.75            |          | ) 26.00  | ile seli  |           | e) 25.88        | nou.      | (        | (d) 24.29           |
| 331. What kind of tr |          | ,        | ata aha   | `         | , <b>-</b> 0.00 |           | · ·      | (a) = 1.=0          |
| (a) Upward           | ena ao   | o the da | ata siio  |           | o) Down         | ward      |          |                     |
| (c) Both upward &    | downwa   | ard      |           | `         | l) No tr        |           |          |                     |
| 332. Which compone   | ent of t | he tim   | e series  | s is mos  | t prom          | inent ii  | n the d  | ata?                |
| (a) Seasonal Variat  |          |          | al Trenc  |           |                 |           |          | (d) Cyclic Variatio |
| Answer the next      | `        | ,        |           | `         | , -             |           |          | ` /                 |
| Year                 | 2016     | 2017     | 2018      | 2019      | 2020            | 2021      | 2022     | 2023                |
| USD Exchange Rate    | 78.35    | 79.49    | 82.87     | 83.26     | 84.60           | 84.37     | 85.80    | 106.70              |
|                      |          | r        | Table 4:  | Source-   | Investin        | ıg.com    |          |                     |
|                      |          |          |           |           |                 |           |          |                     |
| 333. What is the sec |          |          | semi-av   |           |                 | ?         |          |                     |
| (a) 85.40            | (b)      | 90.37    |           | (0        | 91.73           |           | (        | (d) 89.78           |
| 334. What kind of a  | trend o  | do the   | data h    | ave?      |                 |           |          |                     |
| (a) Upward           |          |          |           | `         | o) Down         |           |          |                     |
| (c) Both upward &    | downwa   | ard      |           | (0        | l) No tr        | end       |          |                     |
| 335. Which compone   |          |          |           |           |                 |           |          |                     |
| (a) Seasonal Variat  |          | ,        |           | `         | , -             |           |          | (d) Cyclic Variatio |
| Answer the next      | THRE     | E ques   | stions l  | pased or  | n the fo        | ollowing  | g inforr | nation              |
| 336. What is the sen |          | _        | the se    |           |                 | the da    |          |                     |
| (a) 160              | (b       | ) 165    |           | (0        | e) 180          |           | (        | (d) 190             |

| Table 5: Source: Meteorological Department   |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
|--|---|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| 337. Which type of trend do these rainfall data indicate?  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Increasing   | (b) Decreasing  | (c) No trend  | (d) Fluctuating   |  |  |  |  |
| 338. What is the primar  | y variation componer  | nt observed in the dat  | a?  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Seasonal Variation (b) Trend Variation (c) Cyclic Variation (d) Irregular Variation  |   |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 339. Time Series has ho  | w many components?  |   |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 2  | (b) 3   | (c) 4   | (d) 5   |  |  |  |  |
| 340. Which component   | involves period more  | than one (01) year?   |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Seasonal Variation   | (b) Cyclic Variation  | (c) Irregular Variation   | (d) Random Variation  |  |  |  |  |
| 341. Which one is not a  | component of Time S   | Series  |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Seasonal Variation   | (b) Cyclic Variation  | (c) General Trend   | (d) Regular Variation   |  |  |  |  |
| 342. A company is const  | antly getting greater   | revenue than previou  | s year; this is-  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Seasonal Variation   | (b) General Trend   | (c) Irregular Variation   | (d) Cyclic Variation  |  |  |  |  |
| 343. Which is not a met  | hod of finding genera   | l trend?  |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) Graphical Method   | (b) Moving Average  | (c) Semi-Average  | (d) Moving Median   |  |  |  |  |
| Answer the next two  | o questions based on t  | the following table:  |   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Year 2007 2008  | 2009 2010 2011 201  | 2   |  |  |  |  |
|  | 10a1 2001 2000 A  | 2009 2010 2011 201  | 4   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sales 5 35  | $\frac{2009}{34}$ $\frac{2010}{40}$ $\frac{2011}{42}$ $\frac{201}{204}$   |   |  |  |  |  |
| 344. In Semi-Average m   | Sales 5 35  | 34 40 42 204  |   |  |  |  |  |
| 344. In Semi-Average m   | Sales 5 35  | 34 40 42 204  |   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 74   | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n  (b) 24.67  | 34 40 42 204 d average? (c) 95.33   | 4   |  |  |  |  |
|  | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n  (b) 24.67  | 34 40 42 204 d average? (c) 95.33   | 4   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul><li>(a) 74</li><li>345. What is the last va</li><li>(a) 93.55</li></ul>  | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53   | 34 40 42 204 d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33  | (d) 28<br>(d) 59.33   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 74<br>345. What is the last va   | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect   | 34 40 42 204 d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33  | (d) 28<br>(d) 59.33<br>ges due to war?  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>(a) 74</li> <li>345. What is the last va</li> <li>(a) 93.55</li> <li>346. Which component of the co</li></ul> | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation  | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation  | (d) 28<br>(d) 59.33<br>ges due to war?  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>(a) 74</li> <li>345. What is the last va</li> <li>(a) 93.55</li> <li>346. Which component of the co</li></ul> | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series capture   | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation  | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?   |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>(a) 74</li> <li>345. What is the last value (a) 93.55</li> <li>346. Which component (a) Trend</li> <li>347. Which component (a) Trend</li> </ul>  | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series captur (b) Seasonal Variation   | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation res long-term upward (c) Irregular Variation   | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 74  345. What is the last value (a) 93.55  346. Which component (a) Trend  347. Which component (a) Trend  348. Which time series of   | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series captur (b) Seasonal Variation   | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation res long-term upward (c) Irregular Variation fluctuations occurring  | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?  (d) Cyclic Variation  gat regular intervals within   |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 74  345. What is the last value (a) 93.55  346. Which component (a) Trend  347. Which component (a) Trend  348. Which time series of a year?   | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series captur (b) Seasonal Variation omponent represents (b) Seasonal Variation  | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation res long-term upward (c) Irregular Variation fluctuations occurring (c) Irregular Variation  | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?  (d) Cyclic Variation  g at regular intervals within  (d) Cyclic Variation                          |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>(a) 74</li> <li>345. What is the last va</li> <li>(a) 93.55</li> <li>346. Which component of</li> <li>(a) Trend</li> <li>347. Which component of</li> <li>(a) Trend</li> <li>348. Which time series of a year?</li> <li>(a) Trend</li> </ul>  | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series captur (b) Seasonal Variation omponent represents (b) Seasonal Variation of time series is affect   | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation res long-term upward (c) Irregular Variation fluctuations occurring (c) Irregular Variation  | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?  (d) Cyclic Variation  g at regular intervals within  (d) Cyclic Variation  ges during a recession? |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 74  345. What is the last value (a) 93.55  346. Which component (a) Trend  347. Which component (a) Trend  348. Which time series of a year?  (a) Trend  349. Which component (a) Trend  | Sales 5 35  ethod, what is the 2n (b) 24.67  lue of 3-yearly moving (b) 95.53  of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of a time series captur (b) Seasonal Variation component represents (b) Seasonal Variation of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation of time series is affect (b) Seasonal Variation | d average? (c) 95.33 g average? (c) 95.33 ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation res long-term upward (c) Irregular Variation fluctuations occurring (c) Irregular Variation ed by economic chang (c) Irregular Variation | (d) 28  (d) 59.33  ges due to war?  (d) Cyclic Variation  or downward movement?  (d) Cyclic Variation  g at regular intervals within  (d) Cyclic Variation  ges during a recession? |  |  |  |  |

March April

180

200

May

160

June

140

July

170

August

190

Month

Rainfall (mm)

January February

120

150

| 351. Which componer as tax reforms? | nt of time series would   | d be influenced by gove   | ernment policy changes such |
|-------------------------------------|---|---|-----------------------------|
| (a) Trend                           | (b) Seasonal Variati  | on (c) Irregular Variation  | n (d) Cyclic Variation      |
| Answer the next                     | three questions based   | on the following table  | :                           |
|                                     | Year         2016           Car Sales         1200                          | 2017         2018         2019         201           1500         1700         1600         180 |                             |
| 352. What is the first              | value of the 2-yearly   | moving average?   |                             |
| (a) 1350                            | (b) 1300  | (c) 1400  | (d) 1250                    |
| 353. What is the last               | value of the 3-yearly   | moving average?   |                             |
| (a) 1600                            | (b) 1670  | (c) 1630  | (d) 1750                    |
| 354. What is the sem                | i-average for the first   | period of the data?   |                             |
| (a) 1350                            | (b) 1400  | (c) 1450  | (d) 1300                    |
|                                     | n clothes is higher in v<br>ls with this change?                            | vinter season ans less in   | summer. Which component     |
| (a) Trend                           | (b) Seasonal Variati  | on (c) Irregular Variation  | n (d) Cyclic Variation      |
| 356. Death rates of a               | country for 7 years a   | re given below:   |                             |
|                                     | Year         2009         2010         2           Rate         5         7 | 011         2012         2013         2014           6         8         7         12           | 2015                        |
| In semi-average n                   | nethod, which year wi   | ill be excluded?  |                             |
| (a) 2012                            | (b) 2013  | (c) 2015  | (d) 2009                    |
| 357. Which compone                  | nt of time series repre   | esents a natural disaste  | r?                          |
| (a) Seasonal Variation              | on (b) General Trend  | (c) Irregular Variation   | n (d) Cyclic Variation      |
| 358. How many mode                  | els of time series are t  | here to combine the co  | omponents?                  |
| (a) 2                               | (b) 3   | (c) 4   | (d) 5                       |
| 359. Which one reflec               | cts an irregular variat   | ion?  |                             |
| (a) Fluctuation in p                | roduction due to war  | (b) Price hike due to   | famine                      |
| (c) Rise of Tempera                 | ture to drought   | (d) Any of the above  |                             |
| 7.1 Situation                       | Set   |   |                             |
| Answer the next                     | three questions based   | on the following table  | :                           |
| 360. Death rates of a               | country for 7 years a   | re given below:   |                             |
|                                     | Year         2009         2010         2           Rate         5         7 | 011         2012         2013         2014           6         8         7         12           | 2015                        |
| In semi-average n                   | nethod, what is the fir   | rst average?  |                             |
| (a) 5                               | (b) 7   | (c) 6   | (d) 8                       |

| 361. What is the fi  | rst value of the 2-yea   | arly moving average?   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|--|--|--|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| (a) 5  | (b) 6  | (c) 7  | (d) 8   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 362. What is the last value of the 3-yearly moving average?  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) 11.10  | (b) 9.68   | (c) 10.65  | (d) 10.67   |  |  |  |  |  |
| Answer the nex   | xt three questions ba  | sed on the following tal   | ble:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following t years.   | able shows the popu  | lation growth rate (in p   | percentage) of a city over seven  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Year   2015   20   | 16   2017   2018   2019  | 2020   2021   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rate (%) 2.5 2.  |  | $\frac{2626}{4.2} = \frac{2621}{4.5}$   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  | •   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 363. What is the av  | verage population gro  | owth rate over the 7 ye  | ars?  |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) $3.2\%$  | (b) $3.5\%$  | (c)~3.6%   | (d) 3.8%  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 364. What is the se  | econd value in the 3-  | yearly moving average?   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) $2.8\%$  | (b) 3.1%   | (c) 3.3%   | (d) $3.5\%$   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 365. Using the sem   | i-average method, w  | hat is the second averag   | ${ m ge}$ ?   |  |  |  |  |  |
| (a) $3.6\%$  | (b) 3.7%   | (c) 3.8%   | (d) 4.0%  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Answer the nex   | xt three questions ba  | sed on the following tal   | ble:  |  |  |  |  |  |
| The following to   | able shows the annua   | ıl rainfall (in cm) record   | ed in a region over seven years.  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Year   2010   2  | 2011   2012   2012   2014  | 2015   2016   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| _  |  | $ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$   |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| _  | Rainfall (cm) 85   | 2011         2012         2013         2014           90         88         92         95  | 100 105   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rainfall (cm) 85   |  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
|  | Rainfall (cm) 85   | 90 88 92 95  |   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m   | Rainfall (cm)   85   | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years?  (c) 93 cm   | 100 105   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m   | Rainfall (cm)   85   nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years?  (c) 93 cm   | 100 105   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm 367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  | Rainfall (cm)   85   nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm   rst value of the 2-year (b) 87 cm  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years?  (c) 93 cm  arly moving average?  (c) 88.5 cm  | (d) 95 cm<br>(d) 89 cm  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm 367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  | Rainfall (cm)   85   nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm   rst value of the 2-year (b) 87 cm  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years?  (c) 93 cm  arly moving average?   | (d) 95 cm<br>(d) 89 cm  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm   | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with the second control of  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  that is the first average?  | (d) 95 cm<br>(d) 89 cm<br>(d) 91 cm   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm 367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm 368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm Answer the next   | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with three questions batch series and series are series as a series are | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tal   | (d) 95 cm<br>(d) 89 cm<br>(d) 91 cm   |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm  Answer the nex   | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ii-average method, wi (b) 89 cm  st three questions ba able shows the average  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tall ge monthly temperature   | (d) 95 cm (d) 89 cm (d) 91 cm (e) (in °C) recorded in a city over                                 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm  Answer the nex   | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with three questions batch series and series are series as a series are | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tall ge monthly temperature  n   Feb   Mar   Apr   Ma   | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm  Answer the nex   | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  di-average method, with three questions batable shows the average Month  Jai   | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tall ge monthly temperature  n   Feb   Mar   Apr   Ma   | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm  Answer the next seven months.  | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  di-average method, with three questions batable shows the average Month  Jai   | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tall ge monthly temperature  n   Feb   Mar   Apr   Mar   Properature   Pr | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm  Answer the next seven months.  | Rainfall (cm)   85    nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-year (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with (b) 89 cm  set three questions based able shows the average method able shows the average method (c)   12   | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following tall ge monthly temperature  n   Feb   Mar   Apr   Mar   Properature   Pr | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over                           |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm Answer the next the following to seven months.  369. What is the m (a) 19.5°C | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with (b) 89 cm  set three questions bate able shows the average Month Jan  Temperature (°C) 12  nean temperature over (b) 20.5°C  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following talge monthly temperature  n Feb Mar Apr Ma  2 14 18 22 26  er the given months?  | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over  y   Jun   Jul    30   32 |  |  |  |  |  |
| 366. What is the m (a) 90 cm  367. What is the fit (a) 86.5 cm  368. Using the sem (a) 88 cm Answer the next the following to seven months.  369. What is the m (a) 19.5°C | Rainfall (cm) 85  nedian annual rainfall (b) 92 cm  rst value of the 2-yea (b) 87 cm  ni-average method, with (b) 89 cm  set three questions bate able shows the average Month Jan  Temperature (°C) 12  nean temperature over (b) 20.5°C  | 90 88 92 95  I for the given years? (c) 93 cm  arly moving average? (c) 88.5 cm  hat is the first average? (c) 90 cm  sed on the following talge monthly temperature  n   Feb   Mar   Apr   Mar   2   14   18   22   26  er the given months? (c) 21.5°C   | (d) 95 cm  (d) 89 cm  (d) 91 cm  ble: e (in °C) recorded in a city over  y   Jun   Jul    30   32 |  |  |  |  |  |

| 371. Using the semi   | i-average method   | d, what is the secon  | nd average  | temperature?       |                 |
|---|--------------------|---|-------------|--------------------|-----------------|
| (a) 24°C  | (b) 25°C           | (c) 26°C  |             | (d) $27^{\circ}$ C |                 |
| Answer the nex  | t three question   | s based on the follo  | owing table | e <b>:</b>         |                 |
| The following to seven months.                              | able shows the n   | nonthly sales reven   | ue (in tho  | usand dollars)     | of a store over |
|   | Month              | Jan   Feb   Mar   A   | Apr   May   | Jun   Jul          |                 |
|   | Revenue (000\$)    | 50 55 60  | 70 75       | 80 85              |                 |
| 372. Which month  | had the highest    | sales revenue?  |             |                    |                 |
| (a) May   | (b) Jun            | (c) Jul   |             | (d) Apr            |                 |
| 373. What is the fir  | est value of the 2 | e-monthly moving a  | average?    |                    |                 |
| (a) 52.5  | (b) 55             | (c) 57.5  |             | (d) 60             |                 |
| 374. Using the semi   | i-average method   | d, what is the first  | average re  | venue?             |                 |
| (a) 57.5  | (b) 55             | (c) 62.5  |             | (d) 65             |                 |
| 7.2 Multiple  | • Completion       |   |             |                    |                 |
| 375. Which of the f   | ollowing are con   | ponents of a time   | series?     |                    |                 |
| i. Trend<br>ii. Seasonal Varia<br>iii. Correlation          | _                  |   |             |                    |                 |
| Which one is co   | orrect?            |   |             |                    |                 |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii      | (c) ii and  | d iii b     | (d) i, ii and i    | ii              |
| 376. Which stateme  | ents about time    | series models are c   | orrect?     |                    |                 |
| ii. The multiplica  |                    | omponents<br>tains some additions.<br>els produce identical f |             |                    |                 |
| Which one is co   | orrect?            |   |             |                    |                 |
| (a) ii  | (b) iii            | (c) i   |             | (d) i, ii and i    | ii              |
| 377. Which of the f   | ollowing are met   | thods of estimating   | trend in t  | time series?       |                 |
| i. Moving Average<br>ii. Sem-average m<br>iii. Simple Rando | ethod              |   |             |                    |                 |
| Which one is co   | orrect?            |   |             |                    |                 |
| (a) i and ii  | (b) i and iii      | (c) ii and  | d iii b     | (d) i, ii and i    | ii              |
| 8 Publishe  | ed Statistics      | s in Banglade   | ${ m sh}$   |                    |                 |

#### Page 35

378. Limitations of published statistics in Bangladesh are -

i. Wrong data collection method

iii. Lack of proper training

ii. Insufficient data

| Which one is correct                                 | et?                  |                              |  |
|--|----------------------|------------------------------|--|
| (a) i and ii   | (b) i and iii        | (c) ii and iii               | (d) i, ii and iii  |
| 379. How many sources                                | of published stati   | stics are there in Bar       | ngladesh?  |
| (a) 2  | (b) 3                | (c) 4                        | (d) 6  |
| 380. <b>Bangladesh Burea</b> (a) Official statistics |                      |                              | atistics(d) None of the above                              |
| 381. Which statistics ar                             | e published by an    | NGO?                         |  |
| (a) Official statistics                              | (b) Non-official sta | tistics(c) Semi-official sta | atistics(d) None of the above                              |
| 382. The primary sourc                               |                      | _                            |  |
| (a) WHO  | (b) BBS              | (c) CPD                      | (d) UNDP   |
| 383. Which statistics ar<br>(a) Official statistics  |                      |                              | orld Wildlife Fund (WWF)?<br>atistics(d) None of the above |
| 384. Which organization                              | n typically publish  | es non-official statisti     | ics in the field of health?                                |
| (a) UNICEF   |                      | (b) World Health             | Organization (WHO)   |
| (c) World Bank                                       |                      | (d) United Nation            | s (UN)   |
| 385. In Bangladesh, a c                              | ensus is usually do  | one every – years            |  |
| (a) 20   | (b) 15               | (c) 10                       | (d) 12   |
| 386. Population census                               | is –                 |                              |  |
| (a) Official statistics                              | (b) Non-official sta | tistics(c) Semi-official sta | atistics(d) None of the above                              |
| 387. In Bangladesh, wh                               | ich ministry prese   | nt the budget?               |  |
| (a) Planning   | (b) Education        | (c) Finance                  | (d) Agriculture  |

# Answer Key:

| 1. (d) R.A. Fisher                                     | 24.  | (b) $b \sum_{i=1}^{n} x_i$    | 48.          | (b)              | 6                          | 72. | (d) | 119                                   |
|--|------|-------------------------------|--------------|------------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|---------------------------------------|
| 2. (d) Database creation                               |      | i=1                           | 49.          | (c)              | 90                         | 73. | (d) | -34                                   |
| 3. (d) Red blood cells in a                            |      | (c) 4<br>son's body           | 50.          | (d)              | 435                        | 74. | (a) | Room no.                              |
| 4. (c) Stars in the Milky V                            |      | (d) Success rate              | 51.          | (c)              | 2612                       | 75. | (d) | No. of member in a family             |
| t (h) Eigh in the Davids (                             |      | (c) Ratio scale               | 52           | (d)              | 7264                       | 76. | (c) | Nominal                               |
| 5. (b) Fish in the Pacific C                           |      | (d) Ratio                     | 92.          | (u)              | 1204                       | 77. | (b) | 155                                   |
| 6. (a) i and ii  | 29.  | (d) Grade in a subject        | 53.          | (c)              | 344                        | 78. | (a) | 225                                   |
| 7 (b) $\sum_{cx}^{20} cx = nc \sum_{cx}^{20} x$        |      |                               | 54.          | (b)              | 330                        | 79. | (c) | 37                                    |
| 7. (b) $\sum_{i=1}^{20} cx_i = nc \sum_{i=1}^{20} x_i$ |      | (b) Number of cars in a       | 55.          | (c)              | 24                         | 80. | (b) | 33                                    |
| 8. (d) Regression                                      | 31.  | (b) Number of students        | $\sin z$     | >                |                            | 81. | (a) | 20                                    |
| 9. (c) Correlation                                     | 32.  | (b) Number of books o         | nas          | shel             | f                          | 82. | (b) | 504                                   |
| . ,  |      | (a) Shoes sizes available     | 57.<br>e in  |                  |                            |     | (c) |                                       |
| 10. (c) Regression analysis                            |      | (a) Grades on a multip        | 58.<br>de-ch | (b)<br>noic      | 174<br>e test (A, B, C, D) |     | (a) |                                       |
| 11. (b) Water molecules in                             |      | ocean (a) Outcomes of rolling | 59.          | (a)              | i and ii                   |     |     |                                       |
| 12. (a) Books in a school l                            | ibra | ry                            | 60.          | (a)              | Temperature                |     | (d) |                                       |
| 13. (b) Grains of sand on a                            |      | (a) Counts of people in ach   |              |                  | Gender                     |     | (c) |                                       |
| 14 (d) Ondinal   |      | (a) Number of languag         | es sp        | οòke             | en by a person             | 87. | (a) | 74                                    |
| 14. (d) Ordinal  | 38.  | (d) No. of particles in       | 62.<br>aton  | $\frac{(c)}{as}$ | Educational Level          | 88. | (b) | 74                                    |
| 15. (b) Ordinal  | 39.  | (c) 206                       | 63.          | (a)              | Temperature                | 89. | (c) | 476                                   |
| 16. (c) Interval                                       | 40.  | (d) 122                       | 64.          | (c)              | Ratio scale                | 90. | (a) | 61                                    |
| 17. (a) Nominal  |      | (b) 65                        | 65.          | (d)              | Grade in a subject         | 91. | (d) | 2                                     |
| 18. (a) $y_i = \frac{x_i}{a}$                          |      | ,                             | 66           | (a)              | $\prod x_i^2$              | 92. | (a) | Data                                  |
| W .  | 42.  | (c) 42                        |              |                  |                            |     | (a) | Primary data                          |
| 19. (c) 150  | 43.  | (c) 54                        | 67.          | (b)              | Continuous variable        |     | (c) | $\theta_i = \frac{f_i}{N} \times 360$ |
| 20. (a) 100  | 44.  | (d) 45                        | 68.          | (c)              | Mean monthly inco          |     |     | city is 60,000 taka<br>John Tukey     |
| 21. (c) 80   | 45.  | (d) 84                        | 69.          | (d)              | 13                         | 96. | (b) | Sample                                |
| 22. (a) 50   | 46.  | (c) 8                         | 70.          | (c)              | 93                         | 97. | (a) | K = 1 + 3.322 log N                   |
| 23. (c) Sample   | 47.  | (b) 62                        | 71.          | (c)              | 99                         | 98. | (b) | Bar Diagram                           |
|  |      |                               |              |                  |                            |     |     |                                       |

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| 99. (c) 36                  | 124. (c) Range                           | 149. (a) $\bar{x}$                                  | 172. (b) 1, 2, 4, 8, 16, 32               |
|-----------------------------|--|---|---|
| 100. (b) 45                 | 125. (b) When all the valu               | uels50re(a)ut0                                      | 173. (c) 5.66                             |
| 101. (a) 44%                | 126. (c) Geometrtic Mean                 | 151. (c) 5.5  | 174. (b) Geometric Mean                   |
| 102. (d) 6                  | 127. (d) 5                               | 152. (b) 13   | 175. (d) 10.5                             |
| 103. (b) 31                 | 128. (d) Mode                            | 153. (c) 109  | 176. (b) 5.66                             |
| 104. (a) 31                 | 129. (b) Geometric Mean                  | 154. (c) 109  | 177. (a) Histogram                        |
| 105. (d) 29                 | 130. (c) 7.5                             | 155. (a) 26   | 178. (c) 8                                |
| , ,                         | 131. (b) 8                               | 156. (d) 10   | 179. (b) 4                                |
| 106. (a) 50                 | 132. (d) Mode                            | 157. (a) 20   | 180. (c) The value that occurs most frequ |
| 107. (b) 45                 | 100 (1) 110/1 D                          | , ,   | 181. (d) 5                                |
| 108. (b) 75%                | , ,                                      | 158. (b) 20   | 182. (c) Mean $=$ Median $=$ Mode         |
| 109. (a) 55                 | 134. (a) $\sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i - Median)$ |   | 183. (c) Median                           |
| 110. (c) 65                 | 135. (b) Geometric Mean                  | 160. (a) 0  | 184. (c) Ogive                            |
| 111. (c) 60%                | 136. (a) All values are equ              | 161. (a) $\bar{X} = \frac{\sum f_i x_i}{\sum f_i}$  | 185. (b) 44                               |
| 112. (d) 0.35               | 137. (b) Median                          | 162. (c) 47   | 186. (c) 30                               |
| 113. (d) Ogive              | 138. (b) Geometric Mean                  |   | 187. (d) 53.75                            |
| 114. (a) i and ii           | 139. (b) Geometric Mean                  |   | 188. (b) 32                               |
| 115. (a) i and ii           | · ,                                      |   | 189. (b) 25-50                            |
| 116. (a) i and iii          | 140. (c) Median                          | 165. (b) $\frac{n+1}{2}$                            | 190. (c) 3.5                              |
| 117. (a) i and iii          | 141. (c) Median                          | 166. (c) 32.00                                      | 191. (b) 70                               |
| , ,                         | 142. (b) Harmonic mean                   | 167. (a) $\frac{n}{\sum_{i=1}^{n} \frac{f_i}{x_i}}$ | 192. (d) 74                               |
| 118. (d) i, ii and iii      | 143. (d) Mode                            | $\angle i=1$ $x_i$                                  | 193. (d) 70th percentile                  |
| 119. (a) i and ii           | 144. (b) $AM \times HM = GM$             | ДР68. (c) 14.39                                     | 194. (b) 70                               |
| 120. (a) i and ii           | 145. (b) 6.67                            | 169. (c) Harmonic Mean                              | 195. (c) 51.5                             |
| 121. (a) i and ii           | 146. (b) 18                              | 170. (a) Arithmetic Mean                            | 196. (c) 74.6                             |
| 122. (a) Quartiles are well | define(a) 7.07                           | 170. (c) Harmonic Mean                              | 197. (c) i & ii                           |
| 123. (b) Mode               | 148. (b) $\bar{x}$                       | 171. (c) Reciprocal of Mea                          | n 1988. R(ec) i pir a cad iii             |

| 199. | (c) ii and iii                                  | 223.              | (a) $\frac{\sum f_i(x_i-a)^r}{n}$             | 247.   | (a) 0   | 273.         | (a) A                            |
|------|---|-------------------|---|--|---|--------------|----------------------------------|
| 200. | (a) i and ii                                    | 224.              | (c) Moments                                   | 248.   | (b) Negative Skew                               | 274.         | (b) 3                            |
| 201. | (a) i and ii                                    | 224.              | (d) i, ii and iii                             | 249.   | (a) Positive Skew                               | 275.         | (d) 48                           |
| 202. | (b) i and iii                                   | 225.              | (c) $\mu_2$                                   | 250.   | (d) All of the above                            | 276.         | (c) Mesokurtic                   |
| 203. | (a) i and ii                                    | 226.              | (c) $\frac{\sqrt{\mu_2}}{\bar{x}} \times 100$ | 251.   | (b) Median                                      | 277.         | (a) Leptokurtic                  |
|      | (a) i and ii                                    |                   |   | 252.   | (c) Mode  | 278.         | (c) Mesokurtic                   |
|      |   |                   | (d) Arithmetic Mean                           |  |   | 279.         | (b) Platykurtic                  |
| 205. | (a) i and ii                                    | 228.              | (c) First central mom                         | $\underset{\text{ent}}{\overset{233}{\text{.}}}$ | (a) Mean  | 280.         | (b) $\gamma_2 = \beta_2 - 3$     |
| 206. | (b) i and iii                                   | 229.              | (b) $\mu_3$                                   | 254.   | (b) Positively skewed                           | 281.         | (c) 3                            |
| 207. | (c) Standard deviation                          | 230.              | (d) $\mu_2' - \mu_1'^2$                       | 255.   | (c) $M_o = 3Me - 2\bar{x}$                      | 282.         | (d) $\gamma_2 = \beta_2 - 3$     |
| 208. | (c) 0   | 231.              | (b) 0   | 257.   | (b) leptokurtic                                 | 283.         | (a) $Q_1 - 1.5 \times IQR$       |
| 209. | (b) (4,4)                                       | 232.              | (d) $\bar{x} - a$                             | 258.   | (d) 29.45                                       | 284.         | (b) $IQR = Q_3 - Q_1$            |
| 210  | (c) (6, 6)                                      |                   | (b) -2  | 259.   | (a) Mean > Median                               | $^{285}_{M}$ | $ode^{(a)}$ Mode                 |
|      |   |                   | ,   |  | (c) 0   |              | (d) i, ii &iii                   |
| 211. | (a) 1.5   | 234.              | (c) 0   |  |   | 287.         | (b) 50                           |
| 212. | (a) $\sqrt{\frac{1}{n} \sum (x_i - \bar{x})^2}$ | 235.              | (a) 2   | 261.   | (a) Left Skew                                   | 288.         | (a) i and ii                     |
|      |   | 236.              | (a) 2   | 262.   | (c) Right Skew                                  | 289.         | (b) i and iii                    |
| 213. | (b) $\sqrt{\frac{(n^2-1)}{12}}$                 | 237.              | (a) 10  | 263.   | (b) Symmetry                                    | 290.         | (d) i, ii and iii                |
| 214. | (c) 6   | 238.              | (b) -3.4                                      | 264.   | (c) 3   | 291.         | (a) Arithmetic Mean              |
| 215. | (a) 2.87  | 239.              | (a) 0   | 265.   | (c) 8.25  | 292.         | (d) Karl Pearson                 |
| 216. | (d) Coefficient of varia                        | ation<br>240.     | (a) 3.2                                       | 266.   | (c) Symmetric                                   | 293.         | (d) -1                           |
|      | (d) Quartile deviation                          |                   |   | 267.   | (a) Positively skewed                           | 294.         | (a) Correlation                  |
|      | (b) 2.5   |                   | (b) 20  | 268.   | (b) Negatively skewed                           | $1^{295}$ .  | (c) Correlation coefficient      |
| 219. | (d) 7.7%  |                   |   | 269.   | (a) i and ii                                    | 296.         | (a) Qualitative variable         |
|      | , ,   |                   | (d) 21  | 270  | (a) :: and :::                                  | 297.         | (d) 0                            |
| 220. | (d) Rectified Moments                           | <sup>S</sup> 244. | (c) 60  | ∠1U.   | (c) ii and iii                                  | 298.         | (c) Perfect positive correlation |
| 221. | (a) $\frac{\sum (x_i - \bar{x})^n}{w}$          | 245.              | (b) i and iii                                 | 271.   | (b) i and iii                                   | 299.         | (a) Perfect negative correlation |
| 222. | (b) $\mu_1' = \bar{x} - a$                      | 246.              | (a) Positive Skew                             | 272.   | (a) $\gamma_1 = \sqrt{\frac{\mu_3^2}{\mu_2^3}}$ | 300.         | (b) Partial positive correlation |
|      |   |                   |   |  |   |              |                                  |

| 301. (d  | Partial negative co                 | o3231a (io)nImproved marketin                             | <b>1345</b> tr   | ( <b>4c</b> ) | gl5s33ver time      | 367.              | (a) | 86.5 cm                       |
|----------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------|---------------|---------------------|-------------------|-----|-------------------------------|
| 302. (d  | ) Zero correlation                  | 324. (b) Long-term busines                                | 5 <b>346</b> y.c | el(ecs)       | Irregular Variation | 1368.             | (b) | 89 cm                         |
| 303. (a  | ) Choice                            | 325. (d) Any of the above                                 | 347.             | (a)           | Trend               | 369.              | (c) | 21.5°C                        |
| 304. (b  | 0.60                                | 326. (b) Graphical method                                 | 348.             | (b)           | Seasonal Variation  | <sup>1</sup> 370. | (b) | 18°C                          |
| 305. (c) | 0.67                                | 327. (b) 90.37  | 349.             | (c)           | Irregular Variation | <sup>1</sup> 371. | (c) | 26°C                          |
| 306. (c) | ) No. of earthquake                 | es3128 diffe)r&hwægdons                                   | 350.             | (b)           | Seasonal Variation  | <sup>1</sup> 372. | (c) | Jul                           |
| 307. (c) | ) Number of studen                  | t <b>329.</b> a( <b>c</b> )a <b>thregasi</b> ar Variation | ı351.            | (d)           | Cyclic Variation    | 373.              | (a) | 52.5                          |
| 308. (a  | ) Number of calls re                | e <b>330</b> e(d)y2 <b>5.88</b> ll center each            | <b>352</b> n     | t(lan)        | 1350                | 374.              | (b) | 55                            |
| 309. (a  | ) i and ii                          | 331. (a) Upward   | 353.             | (c)           | 1630                |                   | , , | i and ii                      |
| 310. (c) | ) Moving average m                  | ne <b>332</b> d(b) General Trend                          | 354.             | (a)           | 1350                | 376.              | ` / |                               |
| 311. (a  | $) Y_t = T_t \times S_t \times C_t$ | $333_t$ (b) 90.37   | 355.             | (b)           | Seasonal Variation  | 1                 | ` ' |                               |
| 312. (a  | ) 0                                 | 334. (a) Upward   | 356.             | (b)           | 2013                | 311.              | (a) | i and ii                      |
| 313. (b  | ) 1                                 | 335. (c) Irregular Variation                              | ı357.            | (c)           | Irregular Variation |                   | (d) | i, ii and iii                 |
| 314. (d  | ) Seasonal variation                | n 336. (b) 165  | 358.             | (a)           | 2                   | 379.              | (b) | 3                             |
| 315. (b  | ,                                   | · ,   |                  | ` ′           | Any of the above    | 380.              | (a) | Official statistics           |
| `        | ) a curved line                     | 338. (a) Seasonal Variation                               |                  | , ,           |                     | 381.              | (c) | Semi-official statistics      |
| 317. (a  | ) Increase in ice cre               | a389sa(es) during summer                                  | 361.             | (b)           | 6                   | 382.              | (b) | BBS                           |
| 318. (b  | ) A toy store                       | 340. (b) Cyclic Variation                                 | 362.             | (c)           | 10.65               | 383.              | (b) | Non-official statistics       |
| 319. (a  | ) Boom and recession                | ofi4pha(se): Regunlacco/raniaytion                        | 363.             | (b)           | 3.5%                | 384.              | (b) | World Health Organization (WH |
| 320. (a  | ) Gradual increase i                | i <b>s 421 ok/ab) aGeræga</b> lt <b>arpæ</b> ratu:        | r <b>3</b> 64.   | (b)           | 3.1%                | 385.              | (c) | 10                            |
| 321. (a  | ) Upward trend                      | 343. (d) Moving Median                                    | 365.             | (c)           | 3.8%                | 386.              | (a) | Official statistics           |
|          |                                     |   |                  |               |                     |                   |     |                               |

387. (c) Finance

322. (a) Declining birth rat344n (a):95n33y over several366ca(1e): 92 cm