

Packet Tracer - Configure Initial Router Settings

Topology





Objectives

Part 1: Verify the Default Router Configuration

Part 2: Configure and Verify the Initial Router Configuration

Part 3: Save the Running Configuration File

Background

In this activity, you will perform basic router configurations. You will secure access to the CLI and console port using encrypted passwords. You will also configure messages for users logging into the router. These banners will warn unauthorized users that access is prohibited. Finally, you will verify and save your running configuration.

Part 1: Verify the Default Router Configuration

Step 1: Establish a console connection to R1.

- a. Choose the blue **Console** cable from the available connections.
- b. Click PCA and select RS 232.
- c. Drag the cable, click **R1** and select **Console**.
- d. Click PCA > Desktop tab > Terminal.
- e. Click **OK** and press **ENTER**. You are now able to configure **R1**.

Step 2: Enter privileged mode and examine the current configuration.

You can access all the router commands from privileged EXEC mode. However, because many of the privileged commands configure system parameters, privileged access should be password-protected to prevent unauthorized use.

a. Enter privileged EXEC mode by entering the **enable** command.

Router> enable

Router#

Notice that the prompt changed in the configuration to reflect privileged EXEC mode.

b. Enter the **show running-config** command:

Router# show running-config

c. Answer the following questions:

What is the router's hostname?						
How many Fast Ethernet interfaces does the Router have?						
How many Gigabit Ethernet interfaces does the Router have?						

Packet Tracer - Configure Initial Router Settings

		How many Serial interfaces does the router have?					
		What is the range of values shown for the vty lines?					
	d.	Display the current contents of NVRAM. Router# show startup-config					
		startup-config is not present					
		Why does the router respond with the startup-config is not present message?					
Ра	rt	2: Configure and Verify the Initial Router Configuration					
		configure parameters on a router, you may be required to move between various configuration modes. tice how the prompt changes as you navigate through the router.					
Ste	p 1	: Configure the initial settings on R1.					
Note : If you have difficulty remembering the commands, refer to the content for this topic. The comma the same as you configured on a switch.							
	a.	Configure R1 as the hostname.					
	b. Configure letr	Configure letmein as the console password and enable login.					
	C.	Configure itsasecret as the encrypted privileged EXEC password.					
	d.	Encrypt all plain text passwords.					
 Configure a message of the day banner that warns against unauthorized access. A sample be Unauthorized access is strictly prohibited. 							
Ste	p 2	: Verify the initial settings on R1.					
	a.	Verify the initial settings by viewing the configuration for R1. What command do you use?					
	b.	Exit the current console session until you see the following message:					
		R1 con0 is now available					
		Press RETURN to get started.					
	c.	Press ENTER; you should see the following message:					
		Unauthorized access is strictly prohibited.					
		User Access Verification					
		Password:					
		Why should every router have a message-of-the-day (MOTD) banner?					

	If you are not prompted for a password, what console line command did you forget to configure?					
d.	Enter the passwords necessary to return to privileged EXEC mode.					
	If you configure any more passwords on the router, are they displayed in the configuration file as plain text or in encrypted form? Explain.					
Part	3: Save the Running Configuration File					
Step	1: Save the configuration file to NVRAM.					
a.	You have configured the initial settings for R1 . Now back up the running configuration file to NVRAM to ensure that the changes made are not lost if the system is rebooted or loses power.					
	What command did you enter to save the configuration to NVRAM?					
	What is the shortest, unambiguous version of this command?					
	Which command displays the contents of the NVRAM?					
b.	Verify that all of the parameters configured are recorded. If not, analyze the output and determine which commands were not done or were entered incorrectly. You can also click Check Results in the instruction window.					
Step	2: Optional bonus: Save the startup configuration file to flash.					
int file	though you will be learning more about managing the flash storage in a router in later chapters, you may be terested to know now that —, as an added backup procedure —, you can save your startup configuration to to flash. By default, the router still loads the startup configuration from NVRAM, but if NVRAM becomes rrupt, you can restore the startup configuration by copying it over from flash.					
Co	omplete the following steps to save the startup configuration to flash.					
a.	Examine the contents of flash using the show flash command:					
	R1# show flash					
	How many files are currently stored in flash? 3					
	Which of these files would you guess is the IOS image?					
	Why do you think this file is the IOS image?					
b.	Save the startup configuration file to flash using the following commands:					
D.	R1# copy startup-config flash					
	Destination filename [startup-config]					

The router prompts to store the file in flash using the name in brackets. If the answer is yes, then press **ENTER**; if not, type an appropriate name and press **ENTER**.

c. Use the **show flash** command to verify the startup configuration file is now stored in flash.

Suggested Scoring Rubric

Activity Section	Question Location	Possible Points	Earned Points
Part 1: Verify the Default Router	Step 2c	5	
Configuration	Step 2d	2	
	Part 1 Total	7	
Part 2: Configure and Verify the	Step 2a	2	
itial Router Configuration	Step 2c	4	
	Step 2d	2	
	Part 2 Total	8	
Part 3: Save the Running	Step 1a	6	
Configuration File	Step 2a (bonus)	4	
	Part 3 Total	10	
Pac	75		
Total Se	100		