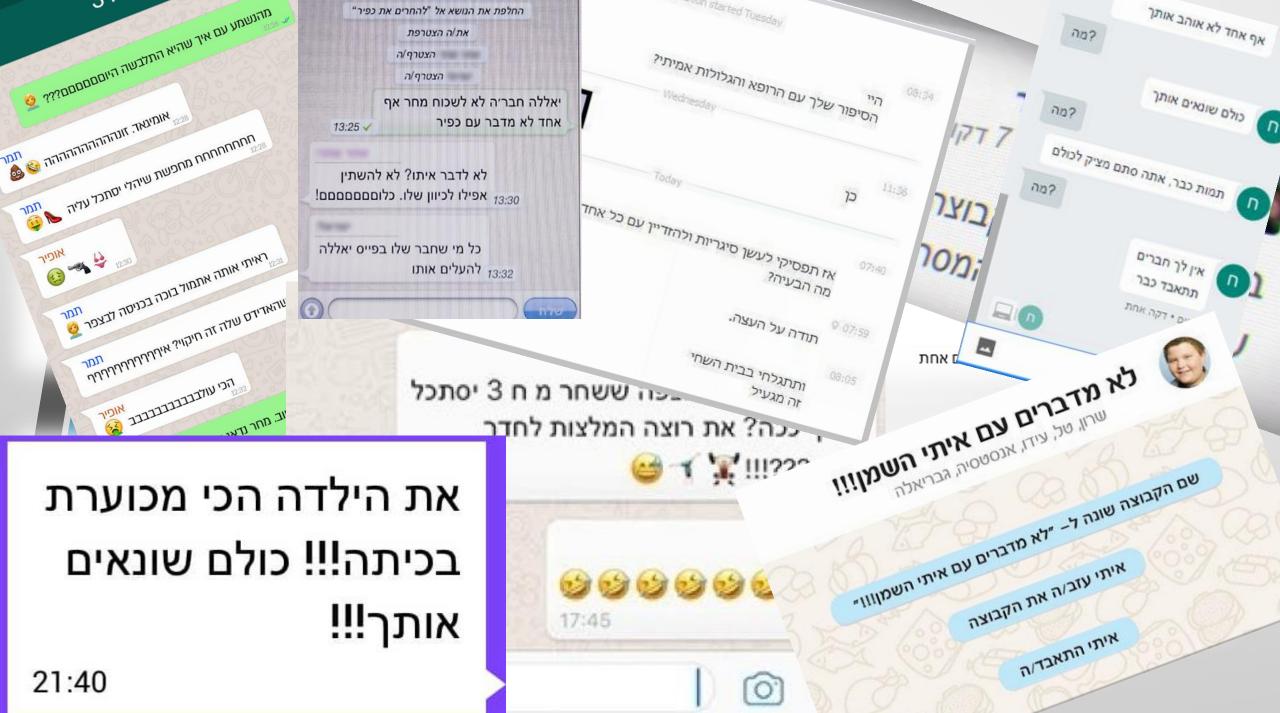
Cyber bullying

Final project in Hebrew natural language processing course



Background

- The internet can be a productive and empowering place for children
- There are many dangers on the Internet that can affect the development of children
- So what is Cyberbullying?
 - When someone bullies or harasses others on the internet
 - Posting rumors, threats, sexual remarks, a victims' personal information, or pejorative labels
 - Common among teenagers



The Domain and The Problem

- The domain- cyber bulling
- The problem- Detection of Cyberbullying in social networks

Research Questions

- Can social network messages be classified as violent or not?
- What are types of cyberbullying?



The Data



What is the data?

- Massages of children and teenagers from the social media
- Tagged data

How we got the data?

(eep)

Keepers



How many?

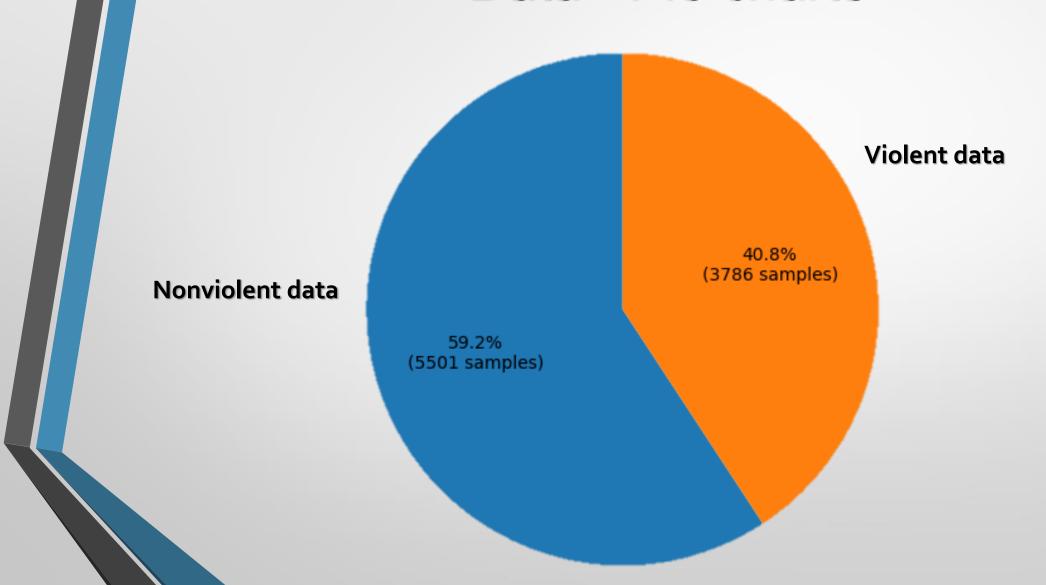
- 5501 nonviolent massage
- 3787 violent sentences



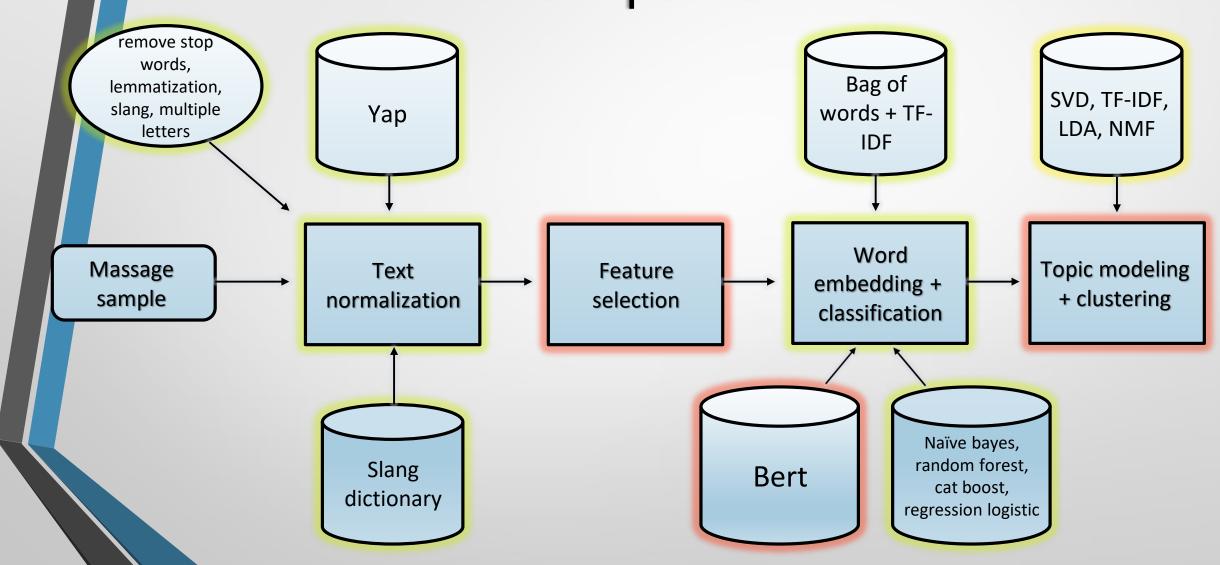
Special characterizes

- Slang, spelling mistake, duplicate characters
- Short massages

Data - Pie charts

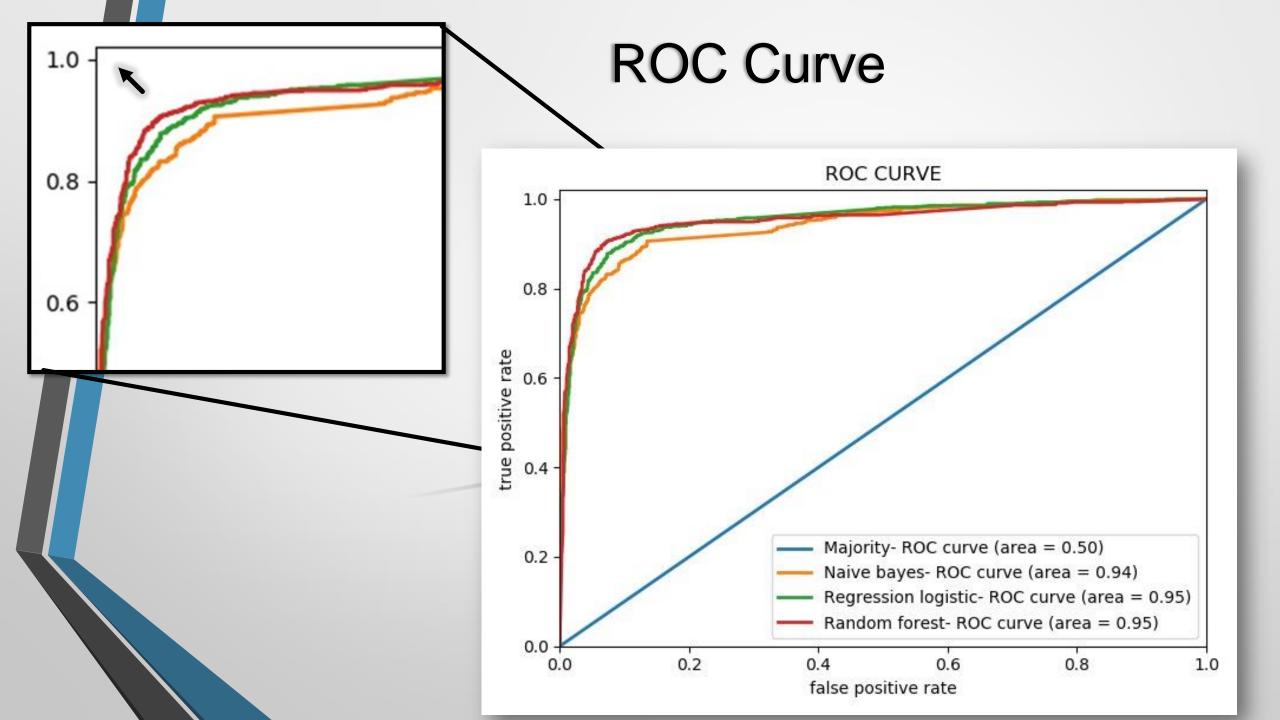


The Pipeline



First Results

	Recall score	Precision score	Accuracy score	F1 score	F2 score
majority	0.5	0.3049	0.6098	0.3788	0.4433
naive bayes	0.8765	0.88	0.8846	0.8782	0.8772
regression logistic	0.8632	0,9018	0.8867	0.8758	0.8668
random forest	0.9072	0.9163	0.9165	0.9113	0.9087



The Types of Cyberbullying

Sexual Comments

Threats

Pejorative

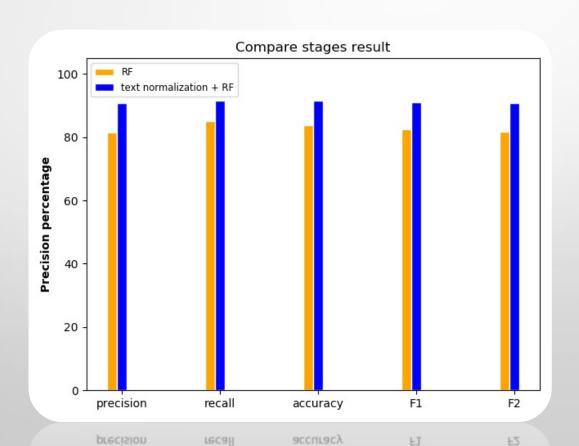






What went as expected

- Text normalization phase improved classifier results
- The better and more complex classifiers provided better results



Surprises and Insights so far

Data – Hebrew slang, duplicate characters, spelling mistake

Examples – "חיימשלי", "טוווווב", "אמשך", "מצתערת"

Yap – incorrect lemmatization for strong word

Examples – "מכות <- חר"

Clustering

Summery

- We succeeded in classifying messages into violence and nonviolence.
- We partially found an answer to the types of cyberbullying.
- We need to continue to improve our classifiers and clusters. First, by adding a feature selection step.

Further work

- Violence score
- Trained the models with more various data
- Classified message by violence type
- Auto-fix violent messages to non-violent messages

