

Selex as root per app

10/03/20

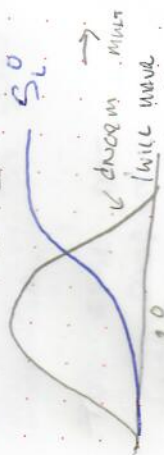
Here is the correct eqn:

$$L(\theta|\theta) = \pi \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(\hat{L}_i - \tilde{L}_i)^2} / 2\sigma^2 d\tilde{L}_i$$

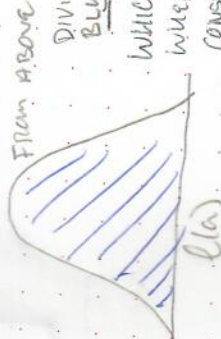
$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(\hat{L}_i - \tilde{L}_i)^2} / 2\sigma^2 d\tilde{L}_i$$

where  $\tilde{L}_i$  is obs,  $S$  is selex, &  $\sigma$  is all possible lengths.

The numerator of this eqn is simply one for those obs, due to the fact we yield a distribution (all pts), but due to  $S_0$  the resultant dist. don't integrate to 1; we just need to normalize curve by dividing by the area beneath.



The area beneath it is given by  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma^2} e^{-\frac{1}{2\sigma^2}(\hat{L}_i - \tilde{L}_i)^2} d\tilde{L}_i$ . Will vary w/ each predicted length, we need to ensure the right things are divided into another.



So to minimize function calls of integrate, simply make a "lookup table" of all possible denominators given  $\tilde{L}_i$ . A sanity check is that the denominator be 1 in the absence of  $S_0$  (this is how it "looks funny" for  $WL$ ,  $WL = S_0 = 1$  so  $\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x = 1$ ).