

# F2FS and EXT4 Reliability



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# Motivation

- F2FS created for Flash storage devices - notably phones
- Not much data on reliability of F2FS
- Only info on reliability was found on old forums from ~2014
- Native Android Filesystem is EXT4
  - How does F2FS compare with EXT4?

# Configurations

aineshbakshi/Git-Benchmark:

- Runs 1-3:
  - Total Pulls: 10,000
  - Pulls Per Test: 100
- Runs 4-5:
  - Total Pulls: 5,000
  - Pulls Per Test: 50

System:

- Ubuntu 16.04.5
- Linux 4.4.0-104-generic

Micro SD Card (SDHC):

- SanDisk Ultra Class 10
- 32 GB
  - 4 Partitions of 7.43 GB
    - 2x F2FS
    - 2x EXT4

GCC

- Version *5.4.0 - 20160609*

# Configurations

## EXT4:

- `rw`
- `block_validity`
- `delalloc`
- `barrier`
- `user_xattr`
- `acl`
- `resuid=0`
- `resgid=0`
- `errors=continue`
- `commit=5`
- `min_batch_time=0`
- `max_batch_time=15000`
- `stripe=0`
- `data=ordered`
- `inode_readahead_blks=32`
- `init_itable=10`
- `max_dir_size_kb=0`

## F2FS:

- *F2FS-tools: mkfs.f2fs Ver: 1.6.1 (2016-03-22)*
- *Info: Debug level = 0*
- *Info: Label =*
- *Info: Segments per section= 1*
- *Info: Sections per zone = 1*
- *Info: Trim is enabled*
- *Info: sector size = 512*
- *Info: total sectors = 62325760 (30432 MB)*
- *Info: zone aligned segment0 blkaddr: 512*
- *Info: Discarding device*
- *Info: This device doesn't support TRIM*
- *Info: Overprovision ratio = 1.150%*
- *Info: Overprovision segments = 352 (GC reserved = 181)*
- *Info: format successful*

# Runner Script

```
Terminal
File Edit View Terminal Tabs Help
~/bin/bash

# output is in format
# $PULL_NUM $SIZE $AGED $UNAGED

# git script params
SRC_REPO="/home/michael/osproj/linux/"
DEST="/home/michael/osproj/aged"
OUTPUT_FILE="/home/michael/osproj/f2fs_aged_out.txt"
TOTAL_PULLS="5000"
PULLS_PER_TEST="50"
TEST_SCRIPT="/home/michael/osproj/fs-age-benchmark/grep_f2fs.sh"

# test script params
PATH_TO_AGED="/home/michael/osproj/aged"
AGED_BLK_DEV="/dev/mmcblk0p3"
PATH_TO_UNAGED="/home/michael/osproj/flat"
UNAGED_BLK_DEV="/dev/mmcblk0p4"

umount $PATH_TO_AGED
umount $PATH_TO_UNAGED
mount $AGED_BLK_DEV $PATH_TO_AGED
mount $UNAGED_BLK_DEV $PATH_TO_UNAGED

python /home/michael/osproj/fs-age-benchmark/git_benchmark.py $SRC_REPO $DEST $0
UTPUT FILE $TOTAL_PULLS $PULLS_PER_TEST $TEST_SCRIPT $PATH_TO_AGED $AGED_BLK_DEV
$PATH_TO_UNAGED $UNAGED_BLK_DEV | tee -a master_output_f2fs.txt

OUTPUT_FILE="/home/michael/osproj/ext4_aged_out.txt"
TEST_SCRIPT="/home/michael/osproj/fs-age-benchmark/grep_ext4.sh"
AGED_BLK_DEV="/dev/mmcblk0p1"
UNAGED_BLK_DEV="/dev/mmcblk0p2"

umount $PATH_TO_AGED
umount $PATH_TO_UNAGED
mount $AGED_BLK_DEV $PATH_TO_AGED
mount $UNAGED_BLK_DEV $PATH_TO_UNAGED

python /home/michael/osproj/fs-age-benchmark/git_benchmark.py $SRC_REPO $DEST $0
UTPUT FILE $TOTAL_PULLS $PULLS_PER_TEST $TEST_SCRIPT $PATH_TO_AGED $AGED_BLK_DEV
$PATH_TO_UNAGED $UNAGED_BLK_DEV | tee -a master_output_ext4.txt
1,1 All
```

# F2FS Script

```
AGED_PATH=$1
AGED_BLKDEV=$2
UNAGED_PATH=$3
UNAGED_BLKDEV=$4

# remount aged and time a recursive grep
umount $AGED_PATH &>> log_f2fs.txt
mount $AGED_BLKDEV $AGED_PATH &>> log_f2fs.txt
AGED="$(TIMEFORMAT='%3R'; time (grep -r "t26EdaovJD" $AGED_PATH) 2>&1)"
SIZE="$(du -s $AGED_PATH | awk '{print $1}')"

# create a new f2fs filesystem, mount it, time a recursive grep and dismount it
mkfs.f2fs $UNAGED_BLKDEV #&>> log_f2fs.txt
mount $UNAGED_BLKDEV $UNAGED_PATH &>> log_f2fs.txt
cp -a $AGED_PATH/* $UNAGED_PATH 2>/dev/null
umount $UNAGED_PATH &>> log_f2fs.txt
mount $UNAGED_BLKDEV $UNAGED_PATH
UNAGED="$(TIMEFORMAT='%3R'; time (grep -r "t26EdaovJD" $UNAGED_PATH) 2>&1)"
umount $UNAGED_PATH &>> log_f2fs.txt

# return the size and times
echo "$SIZE $AGED $UNAGED"
```

# Modifications

git\_benchmark

```
145     try:
146         subprocess.check_call(shlex.split(git_pull_cmd),
147                               cwd = dest_repo, stderr = devnull,
148                               stdout = devnull)
149     except:
150         traceback.print_exc()
151         output_file.write("<<pull {} failed>>\n".format(pull))
152         print("<<pull {} failed>>\n".format(pull))
153         continue
154
```

# Results

F2FS:

```
0 332388 20.872 21.549
50 337380 21.763 21.274
100 341276 23.086 22.322
150 346040 23.767 21.946
200 349492 24.435 23.281
```

```
<<pull 204 failed>>
<<pull 240 failed>>
```

```
250 358072 25.104 23.132
```

```
<<pull 255 failed>>
<<pull 441 failed>>
```

```
450 416888 27.622 24.846
```

```
<<pull 451 failed>>
<<pull 633 failed>>
```

```
650 446108 29.366 27.029
700 450104 30.591 26.278
750 455456 31.896 27.348
800 461052 32.246 28.230
```

```
<<pull 813 failed>>
<<pull 3234 failed>>
```

EXT4:

*pulls output*

```
0 290588 13.377 13.858
50 293444 14.331 14.805
100 295616 15.082 15.056
150 298696 15.371 15.736
200 300724 15.607 15.707
```

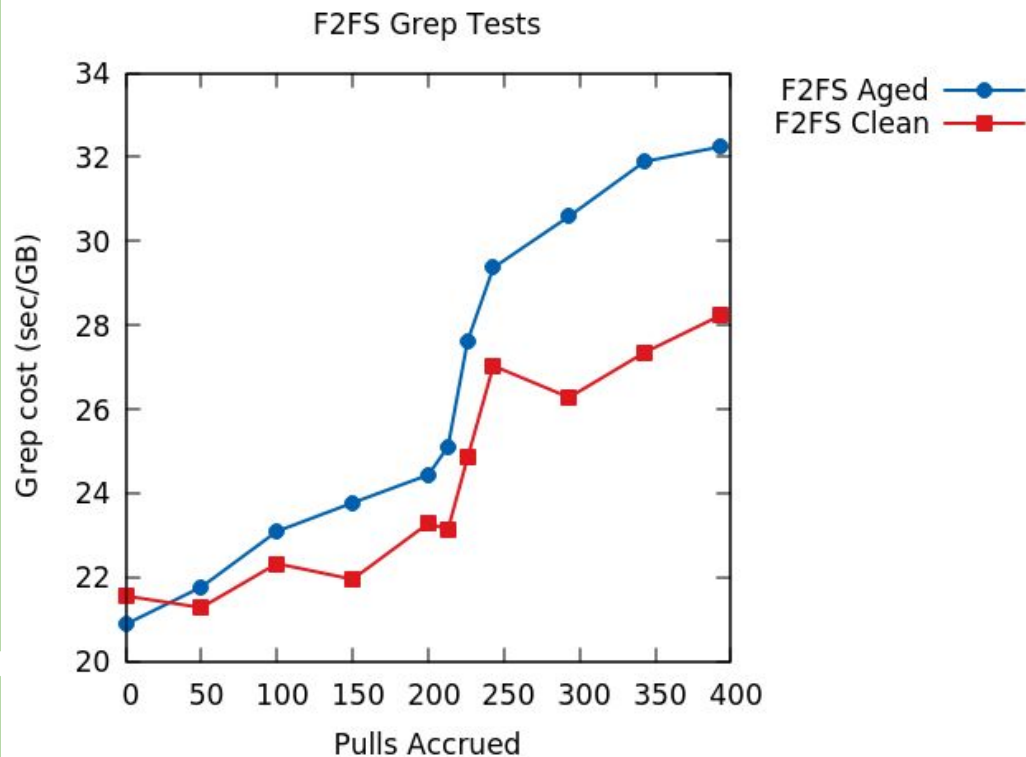
```
<<pull 204 failed>>
<<pull 633 failed>>
```

```
650 385856 18.214 18.895
700 388228 18.643 18.890
750 391332 19.113 19.180
800 394928 19.113 19.573
```

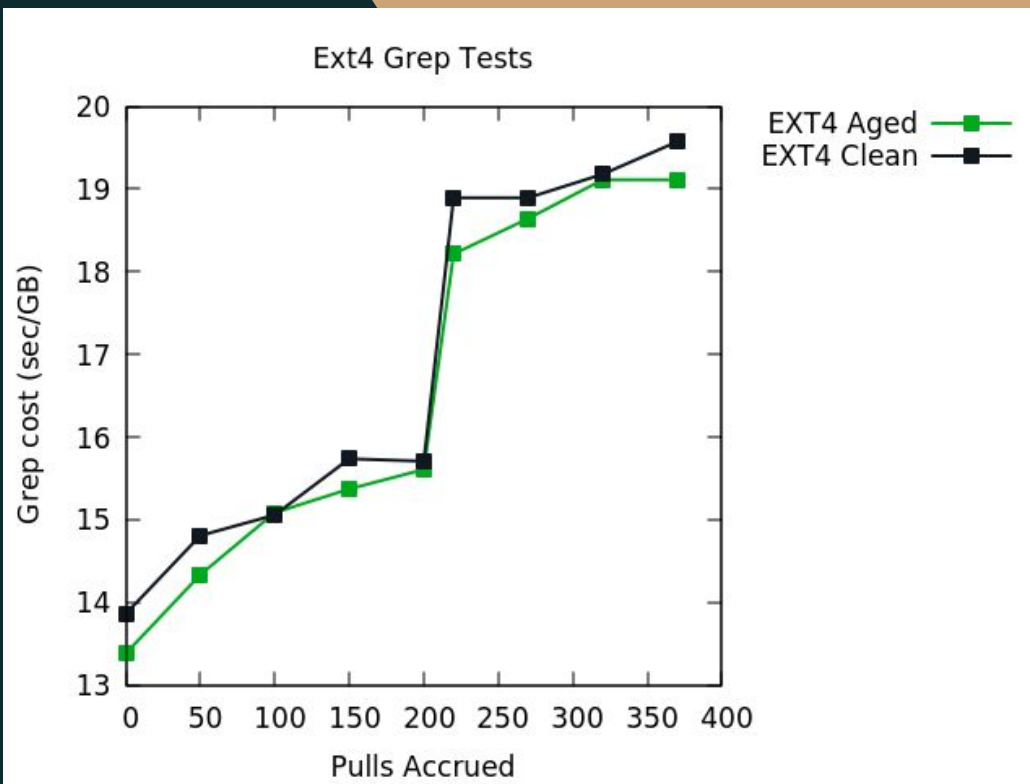
```
<<pull 813 failed>>
<<pull 2375 failed>>
```



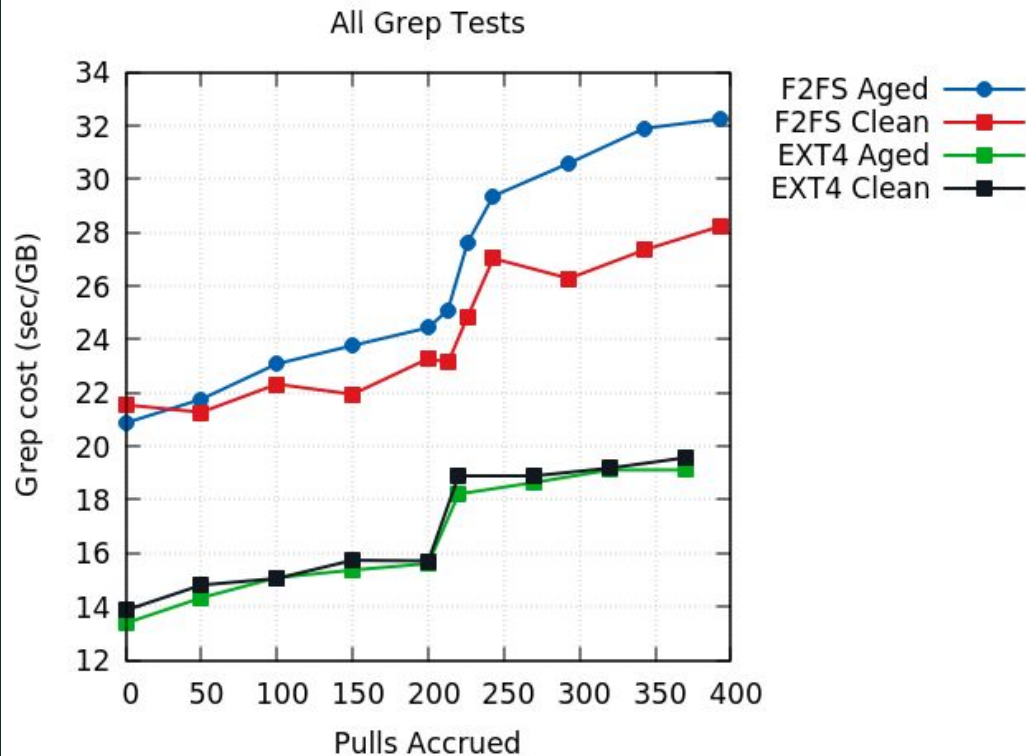
# Results



# Results



# Results



# Results

- Results are inconclusive
  - Not enough data/pulls
- Predictions
  - F2FS will age poorly, especially compared to EXT4
  - EXT4 will age more slowly
- Suggestions
  - Better method of aging

# References

Thank You!

Alex Conway, Ainesh Bakshi, Yizheng Jiao, Yang Zhan, Michael A. Bender, William Jannen, Rob Johnson, Bradley C. Kuszmaul, Donald E. Porter, Jun Yuan, and Martin Farach-Colton. 2017. *File systems fated for senescence? nonsense, says science!*. In Proceedings of the 15th Usenix Conference on File and Storage Technologies (FAST'17). USENIX Association, Berkeley, CA, USA, 45-58