

Class 9: Madness of crowds

Matthew J. Salganik

Sociology 204: Social Networks
Princeton University

2/2 Consequences of interdependent individual decisions: Information cascades



What happens if we have a bunch of people who are all being influenced by each other?

Alice

Private Signal
Public Action

Alice

Private Signal shot bad
Public Action

Alice

Private Signal shot bad

Public Action no shot

	Alice	Bob
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad
Public Action	no shot	

	Alice	Bob
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad
Public Action	no shot	no shot

	Alice	Bob	Clarence
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	

	Alice	Bob	Clarence
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot

	Alice	Bob	Clarence	David
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot	

	Alice	Bob	Clarence	David
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot

	Alice	Bob	Clarence	David	Edgar
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good	shot good	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot	

	Alice	Bob	Clarence	David	Edgar
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good	shot good	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot

	Alice	Bob	Clarence	David	Edgar
Private Signal	shot bad	shot bad	shot good	shot good	shot good
Public Action	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot	no shot

This example highlights some important points about information cascades:

1. cascades can occur pretty easily

This example highlights some important points about information cascades:

1. cascades can occur pretty easily
2. cascades can lead to non-optimal outcomes

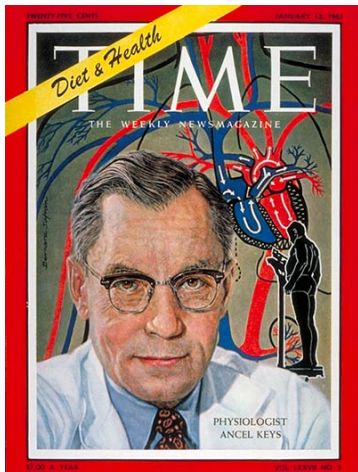
This example highlights some important points about information cascades:

1. cascades can occur pretty easily
2. cascades can lead to non-optimal outcomes
3. can be fragile (if someone is willing to break them)

This example highlights some important points about information cascades:

1. cascades can occur pretty easily
2. cascades can lead to non-optimal outcomes
3. can be fragile (if someone is willing to break them)
4. cascades depend on the difference between private signal and public behavior

Could something like this really happen?



Summary:

- ▶ many decisions are interdependent

Summary:

- ▶ many decisions are interdependent
- ▶ when there are interdependent decisions, individual rationality can lead to collective irrationality

Next class:

- ▶ Gladwell, M. (1996). The tipping point. *The New Yorker*.
- ▶ Watts, Chapter 8.
- ▶ Watts, D.J. (2002). A simple model of global cascades on random networks. *Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences*. (Warning: this paper has hard math)