HTML5 Element Exercise - Content Sectioning & Text Content

You may use this resource to help answer these questions:
https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/HTML/Element

* Required

Use this tag for sidebars, inserts, advertisements, the biography of the author, and related links on a blog *

<main>

This tag surrounds content that could be placed somewhere else and stand on its own. *
This tag is for content that is "a self-contained composition independently distributable or reusable"

<article>

Do not use the <section> element as a generic container this is what <div> is for, especially when the sectioning is only for styling purposes. *

○ True

◉ False

Not all links within a document must be in a nav element *

◉ True

○ False

Articles can contain multiple sections. *

◉ True

○ False

Use this tag for the bottom area of a document, article, or section *

<footer>

This element is a generic container for flow content, which does not inherently represent anything. It can be used to group elements for styling purposes (using the class or id attributes), or because they share attribute values. It should be used only when no other semantic element (such as <article> or <nav>) is appropriate. *

<div>

If you wanted to display some text "exactly as it is laid out" including with line breaks, you should use this tag. *

This element represents preformatted text. Text within this element is typically displayed in a non-proportional ("monospace") font exactly as it is laid out in the file. Whitespace inside this element is displayed as typed.

<pre>

<article> and <section> typically contain a heading (h1 - h6) *

○ True

◉ False

Use this tag for the top area of a document, article, or section *

this tag is good for "a group of introductory or navigational aids"

<header>

This tag is for "a thematic grouping of content" *

<section>

Use this tag to enclose an area that may contain some or all of the following: information about the author, copyright data, links to related documents *

<footer>

This element encloses the main content in the <body> *

<main>

This element encloses contact information related to its nearest <article> or <body> ancestor; in the latter case, it applies to the whole document *

<address>

You would use this tag for a forum post, a magazine or newspaper article, a blog entry, a user review, an object, or any other independent item of content *

<article>

The footer element often has a list of links that don't need to be in a nav element *

◉ True

◯ False

When deciding whether or not to use <section> or <div>, you should use <section> if you want the content to appear in the outline *

◯ True

◉ False

Much like <ol> and <ul> create lists, this tag is used to create a list of terms and descriptions *

Common uses for this element are to implement a glossary or to display metadata (a list of key-value pairs).

<dl>

When deciding between <article> and <section>, If something can stand on its own, use the <article> element *

◉ True

◯

False

These tags structure content on a page by topic & importance *

<h1>,<h2>,<h3>,<h4>,<h5>,<h6>

You could use this tag to enclose any of the following: image, illustration, diagram, code snippet *

<figure>

There can only be one of these tags per document, and the tag is for the primary content in the document *

This tag cannot be used for content that is repeated across a set of documents; nor can it be used for sidebars, navigation links, copyright information, site logos, and search forms (unless the document's main function is as a search form)

<main>

A document may have several nav elements *

◉ True

◯ False

This tag is intended for a block of major navigation links *

<main>

A caption can be associated with the <figure> element by inserting a <figcaption> inside it *

◉ True

○ False

Sections can contain multiple articles *

◉ True

○ False

SUBMIT

Never submit passwords through Google Forms.

This content is neither created nor endorsed by Google. Report Abuse - Terms of Service - Additional Terms

Google Forms