- 1) Write a function [y,c] = cubnat(t,z) which computes the extended knot vector and coefficient vector for the natural cubic spline that interpolates the data values z_1, \ldots, z_n at the points $a = t_1 < \cdots < t_n = b$.
- 2) Write a script to define an anonymous function f. Input a value of n, and let $t := \{t_1, \ldots, t_n\}$ be n equally-spaced points in [a, b]. Set z = f(t). Then call on cubnat to produce the corresponding interpolating spline. Print out the extended knot vector and the coefficients of the interpolating spline. Compute and print the maximum and RMS errors on 501 equally-spaced points in [a, b]. Plot the spline and the test function on these 501 points (on the same figure).
- 3) Run your script with the function $f(x) = e^x \sin(2\pi x)$ on the interval [-1, 1] with n = 9. Hand in listings of your function cubnat and the main script along with the output of the code and the plot.
- 4) Modify your script to create a table similar to the one in Example 1.10 for the clamped cubic spline.