



# ETC3550/ETC5550 Applied forecasting

Week 1: Introduction to forecasting & R



#### **Contact details**

## **Chief Examiner: Professor Rob Hyndman**

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#### **Tutors**

- Mitchell O'Hara-Wild
- Maliny Po
- Nuwani Palihawadana
- Xiefei (Sapphire) Li

#### **Brief bio**

- Professor of Statistics, Monash University
- Co-author of most popular forecasting textbook in the world
- Lead developer of most popular forecasting software in the world

## How my forecasting methodology is used:

- Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme
- Electricity demand
- Australian tourism demand
- Ageing population
- COVID-19 cases

# **CASE STUDY 1: Paperware company**

**Problem:** Want forecasts of each of hundreds of items. Series can be stationary, trended or seasonal. They currently have a large forecasting program written in-house but it doesn't seem to produce sensible forecasts. They want me to fix it.

#### **Additional information**

- Program written in COBOL making numerical calculations limited. It is not possible to do any optimisation.
- Their programmer has little experience in numerical computing.
- They employ no statisticians and want the program to produce forecasts automatically.



# **CASE STUDY 1: Paperware company**

#### **Methods currently used**

- A 12 month average
- **C** 6 month average
- **E** straight line regression over last 12 months
- **G** straight line regression over last 6 months
- H average slope between last year's and this year's values. (Equivalent to differencing at lag 12 and taking mean.)
- I Same as H except over 6 months.
- K I couldn't understand the explanation.



# The Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) is the Australian government drugs subsidy scheme.

- Many drugs bought from pharmacies are subsidised to allow more equitable access to modern drugs.
- The cost to government is determined by the number and types of drugs purchased. Currently nearly 1% of GDP.
- The total cost is budgeted based on forecasts of drug usage.



# **ABC News Online**



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<u>POLITICS</u>

Opp demands drug price restriction after PBS budget blow-out

The Federal Opposition has called for tighter controls on drug prices after the Pharmaceutical Benefits Scheme (PBS) budget blew out by almost \$800 million.

The money was spent on two new drugs including the

Püblic Record

**FEATURES** 

Püblic Record

Federal Election 2001

For a fresh perspective on the federal election, reach into ABC Online's campaign weblog, The Poll

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- In 2001: \$4.5 billion budget, under-forecasted by \$800 million.
- Thousands of products. Seasonal demand.
- Subject to covert marketing, volatile products, uncontrollable expenditure.
- Although monthly data available for 10 years, data are aggregated to annual values, and only the first three years are used in estimating the forecasts.
- All forecasts being done with the FORECAST function in MS-Excel!

## **CASE STUDY 3: Car fleet company**

**Client:** One of Australia's largest car fleet companies

**Problem:** how to forecast resale value of vehicles? How should this affect leasing and sales policies?

# **CASE STUDY 3: Car fleet company**

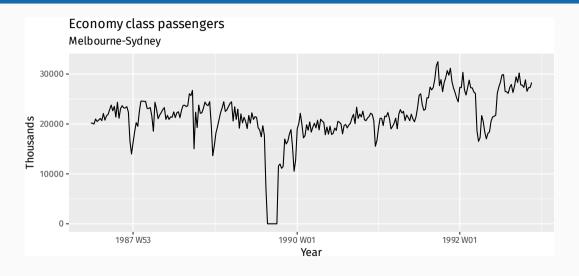
**Client:** One of Australia's largest car fleet companies

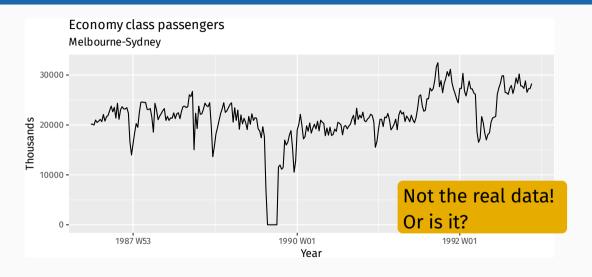
**Problem:** how to forecast resale value of vehicles? How should this affect leasing and sales policies?

#### **Additional information**

- They can provide a large amount of data on previous vehicles and their eventual resale values.
- The resale values are currently estimated by a group of specialists. They see me as a threat and do not cooperate.







**Problem:** how to forecast passenger traffic on major routes?

#### **Additional information**

- They can provide a large amount of data on previous routes.
- Traffic is affected by school holidays, special events such as the Grand Prix, advertising campaigns, competition behaviour, etc.
- They have a highly capable team of people who are able to do most of the computing.

# **Unit objectives**

- To obtain an understanding of common statistical methods used in business and economic forecasting.
- To develop the computer skills required to forecast business and economic time series data;
- To gain insights into the problems of implementing and operating large scale forecasting systems for use in business.

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- To obtain an understanding of common statistical methods used in business and economic forecasting.
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#### **Teaching and learning approach**

- Approximately one hour of pre-recorded online videos each week
- One hour online lecture each Monday
- One hour in-person workshop each Tuesday (focus on exam)
- One hour in-person tutorial each week (focus on assignments)

## **Key reference**

Hyndman, R. J. & Athanasopoulos, G. (2021) *Forecasting:* principles and practice, 3rd edition

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- Free and online
- Data sets in associated R packages
- R code for examples
- Embedded online lectures

# **Outline**

Торіс	Chapter
Introduction to forecasting and R	1
Time series graphics	2
Time series decomposition	3
Simple forecasting methods	5
Accuracy evaluation	5
Exponential smoothing	8
ARIMA models	9
Multiple regression and forecasting	7
Dynamic regression	10
	Introduction to forecasting and R Time series graphics Time series decomposition Simple forecasting methods Accuracy evaluation Exponential smoothing ARIMA models Multiple regression and forecasting Dynamic regression

## **Assessment**

Task	Due Date	Value
Forecasting Competition	Fri 7 Mar	2%
Weekly Quizzes	end of weeks 2–11	8%
Assignment 1	Fri 28 Mar	6%
Assignment 2	Thu 17 Apr	6%
Assignment 3	Fri 16 May	6%
Retail Project	Fri 30 May	12%
Final Exam	Official exam period	60%

#### **Assessment**

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- Need at least 45% for exam, and 50% for total.
- **ETC5550 students:** Extra project and exam questions.

## **Unit website**

# af.numbat.space

- Includes all course materials
- Links for assignment submissions
- Link to discussion forum.

Please don't send emails. Use the forum.

### **International Institute of Forecasters**



- The IIF provides a prize to the top student in this subject each year.
- US\$100 plus one year membership.



Available for download from CRAN:

https://cran.r-project.org



Available for download from RStudio:

https://www.rstudio.com/products/rstudio/download/

# **Main packages**



# **Main packages**

```
# Install required packages (do once)
install.packages(c("tidyverse", "fpp3", "GGally), dependencies = TRUE)
```

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```
# Install required packages (do once)
install.packages(c("tidyverse", "fpp3", "GGally), dependencies = TRUE)
```

```
# At the start of each session
library(fpp3)
```

## **Exercises Week 1**

- Make sure you are familiar with R, RStudio and the tidyverse packages.
- Do the first five modules of startr.numbat.space.
- Forecasting competition

# Forecasting competition: forecast the following series

- Google closing stock price on 24 March 2025
- 2 Maximum temperature at Melbourne airport on 14 April 2025
- The difference in points (Collingwood minus Essendon) scored in the AFL match between Collingwood and Essendon for the Anzac Day clash. 25 April 2025
- The seasonally adjusted estimate of total employment for April 2025.

  ABS CAT 6202, to be released around mid May 2025
- Google closing stock price on 26 May 2025

#### **Due Friday 14 March**

For each of these, give a point forecast and an 80% prediction interval.



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For each of these, give a point forecast and an 80% prediction interval.

Prize: \$50 cash prize



# Forecasting competition: scoring

Y = actual, F = point forecast, [L, U] = prediction interval

#### **Point forecasts:**

Absolute Error = 
$$|Y - F|$$

- Rank results for all students in class
- Add ranks across all five items

#### **Prediction intervals:**

Interval Score = 
$$(U - L) + 10(L - Y)_{+} + 10(Y - U)_{+}$$

- $u_+ = \max(u, 0)$
- Rank results for all students
- Add ranks across all five items

```
# A tsibble: 15,150 x 6 [1Y]
# Kev:
      Country [263]
   Year Country GDP Imports Exports Population
  <dbl> <fct>
                              <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                       <dbl>
   1960 Afghanistan 537777811. 7.02 4.13
                                             8996351
   1961 Afghanistan 548888896. 8.10 4.45
                                             9166764
   1962 Afghanistan 546666678. 9.35
                                      4.88
                                             9345868
   1963 Afghanistan 751111191.
                              16.9
                                      9.17
                                             9533954
   1964 Afghanistan 800000044.
                              18.1 8.89
                                             9731361
   1965 Afghanistan 1006666638.
                              21.4
                                     11.3
                                             9938414
   1966 Afghanistan 1399999967.
                              18.6
                                    8.57
                                            10152331
   1967 Afghanistan 1673333418.
                              14.2
                                      6.77
                                            10372630
   1968 Afghanistan 1373333367.
                              15.2
                                      8.90
                                            10604346
   1969 Afghanistan 1408888922.
                              15.0
                                     10.1
                                            10854428
# i 15,140 more rows
```

```
# A tsibble: 15,150 x 6 [1Y]
# Kev:
      Country [263]
   Year Country GDP Imports Exports Population
   Index <fct>
                              <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                       <dbl>
   1960 Afghanistan 537777811. 7.02 4.13
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                              21.4
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                        <dbl>
                                <dbl>
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         Kev
                                       <dbl>
   1960 Afghanistan 537777811. 7.02 4.13
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                                16.9
                                        9.17
                                                9533954
   1964 Afghanistan 800000044.
                                18.1
                                        8.89
                                                9731361
   1965 Afghanistan 1006666638.
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                                       11.3
                                                9938414
   1966 Afghanistan 1399999967.
                                18.6
                                        8.57
                                               10152331
   1967 Afghanistan 1673333418.
                                14.2
                                        6.77
                                               10372630
   1968 Afghanistan 1373333367.
                                15.2
                                        8.90
                                               10604346
   1969 Afghanistan 1408888922.
                                15.0
                                       10.1
                                               10854428
# i 15,140 more rows
```

```
# A tsibble: 15,150 x 6 [1Y]
# Kev:
           Country [263]
   Year Country
                          GDP Imports Exports Population
   Index
        Kev
                   Measured variables
   1960 Atghanistan 53////811.
                                (.02
                                       4.13
                                               8996351
   1961 Afghanistan 548888896. 8.10
                                       4.45
                                               9166764
   1962 Afghanistan 546666678. 9.35
                                       4.88
                                               9345868
   1963 Afghanistan 751111191.
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                                       9.17
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                                       6.77
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                               15.2
                                       8.90
                                              10604346
   1969 Afghanistan 1408888922.
                               15.0
                                       10.1
                                              10854428
# i 15,140 more rows
```

#### tourism

```
# A tsibble: 24,320 x 5 [10]
# Kev:
            Region, State, Purpose [304]
  Quarter Region State Purpose
                                  Trips
     <atr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                  <dbl>
 1 1998 O1 Adelaide SA
                         Business 135.
 2 1998 02 Adelaide SA Business 110.
3 1998 03 Adelaide SA Business 166.
 4 1998 Q4 Adelaide SA
                         Business 127.
 5 1999 O1 Adelaide SA
                         Business
                                  137.
 6 1999 O2 Adelaide SA
                         Business
                                  200.
 7 1999 Q3 Adelaide SA
                         Business 169.
8 1999 Q4 Adelaide SA
                         Business 134.
 9 2000 Q1 Adelaide SA
                         Business 154.
10 2000 Q2 Adelaide SA
                         Business 169.
# i 24.310 more rows
```

#### tourism

```
# A tsibble: 24,320 x 5 [10]
# Kev:
            Region, State, Purpose [304]
  Quarter Region State Purpose
                                  Trips
     <qtr> <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                  <dbl>
 1 1998 O1 Adelaide SA
                         Business 135.
 2 1998 O2 Adelaide SA
                         Business 110.
 3 1998 O3 Adelaide SA
                         Business 166.
 4 1998 Q4 Adelaide SA
                         Business 127.
 5 1999 O1 Adelaide SA
                         Business
                                  137.
 6 1999 O2 Adelaide SA
                         Business
                                  200.
 7 1999 Q3 Adelaide SA
                         Business 169.
 8 1999 Q4 Adelaide SA
                         Business 134.
 9 2000 Q1 Adelaide SA
                         Business 154.
10 2000 Q2 Adelaide SA
                         Business 169.
# i 24.310 more rows
```

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# Kev:
            Region, State, Purpose [304]
  Quarter Region State Purpose
                                  Trips
          <chr> <chr> <chr>
                                  <dbl>
   Index
 1 1998 Ol Adelaide SA
                         Business
                                   135.
 2 1998 O2 Adelaide SA
                         Business 110.
 3 1998 O3 Adelaide SA
                         Business 166.
 4 1998 Q4 Adelaide SA
                         Business 127.
 5 1999 O1 Adelaide SA
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                                   137.
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# i 24.310 more rows
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#### tourism

```
# A tsibble: 24,320 x 5 [10]
# Kev:
             Region, State, Purpose [304]
  Ouarter Region State Purpose
                                  Trips
                                   <fdb>>
   Index
           Kevs
 1 1998 Ul Adelaide SA
                          Business
                                   135.
 2 1998 02 Adelaide SA
                          Business 110.
 3 1998 O3 Adelaide SA
                          Business 166.
 4 1998 Q4 Adelaide SA
                          Business 127.
 5 1999 O1 Adelaide SA
                          Business
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                          Business
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# A tsibble: 24,320 x 5 [10]
# Kev:
             Region, State, Purpose [304]
  Ouarter Region State Purpose
                                   Trips
   Index
           Kevs
                                   Measure
 1 1998 Ul Adelaide SA
                          BUSINESS
                                   135.
 2 1998 02 Adelaide SA
                          Business 110.
 3 1998 O3 Adelaide SA
                          Business 166.
 4 1998 Q4 Adelaide SA
                          Business 127.
 5 1999 O1 Adelaide SA
                          Business
                                   137.
 6 1999 O2 Adelaide SA
                          Business
                                   200.
 7 1999 Q3 Adelaide SA
                          Business 169.
 8 1999 Q4 Adelaide SA
                          Business 134.
 9 2000 Q1 Adelaide SA
                          Business 154.
10 2000 Q2 Adelaide SA
                          Business 169.
# i 24.310 more rows
```

- A tsibble allows storage and manipulation of multiple time series in R.
- It contains:
  - An index: time information about the observation
  - Measured variable(s): numbers of interest
  - Key variable(s): optional unique identifiers for each series
- It works with tidyverse functions.

## The tsibble index

Time index variables can be created with these functions:

Frequency	Function
Annual	start:end
Quarterly	yearquarter()
Monthly	yearmonth()
Weekly	yearweek()
Daily	as_date(),ymd()
Sub-daily	as_datetime()