New measues to elicit risk attitudes of farmers

Task 1.2.2 Risk aversion and pesticide use

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What?

Accurate measure of the risk aversion of farmers

Why?

- pesticides -> lower risk of loss from farming
- pesticides applied before pests arrive
- if farming is a lottery, pesticides reduce its downside risk
- the higher the risk (loss) aversion, the higher the pesticide use

What can we learn?

with a precise risk aversion measure...

- 1. estimation of **subjective costs** to farmers of cutting or eliminating pesticides;
- 2. amount of pesticides that could be cut by **imposing the risk-neutral** pesticide use;
- 3. potential adjustment of **policy** to individual (or sector) risk attitudes.

How?

State of the art in risk literature is far from optimal

- Despite experimental and empirical efforts, there are problems with the very concept of risk attitudes
- Experimental methods currently used have shown low external validity
- low correlation with questionnaires & field behavior

Aim: developing new risk elicitation measure

- takes into account noise & cognitive abilities
- takes into account risk perception
- theory and lab experiments in progress (ANR RETRISK)
- FAST: application to the field and farmers

