

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

The BREXX Array functions are an implementation outside the REXX standard. They allow more direct access to the items of an array compared to compound variables (stems). The definition overhead is also smaller, which allows larger arrays as with stems. For performance reasons, the internal checking of boundaries, limits and content is kept at a basic level, if exceeded the REXX script will most likely end with an OC4.

I. String Array Functions

Why String Arrays? There is a performance and storage overhead with stems, the stem name must be located in a binary tree before the contents can be read. The allocation for content also contains a reserve in case a new version is a bit longer to avoid reallocation of the memory.

String Arrays have a pointer array addressing each content directly, adding a new item is therefore 2 times faster than in a stem, reading about 5 times faster. Another benefit is you can easily add low-level functions (written in C) to work on the arrays directly. SQSORT, SHSORT, SSEARCH, SSELECT are some examples.

SCREATE(size)

Creates a Source Array, returned is the Source Array Number, which must be used in various Source Array functions. The size refers to the maximum number of entries of the array. Exceeding the maximum might lead to an OC4 or other abends.

Depending on virtual storage availability, you can have up to 32 different arrays.

For example, see SGET.

Returns the allocated **array-number** which can be used in subsequent array functions.

SSET(array-number,[item-index],string-value)

Sets a certain element of the array with a string value. The item index must not exceed the maximum size defined in the SCREATE function. If the item-index is not specified, the entry is added at the end of the array.

The item index must not exceed the maximum size defined in the SCREATE function. To minimize the overhead there is no checking of the limits in place. Exceeding it will cause an OC4.

For example, see SGET.

SGET(array-number,item-index,[offset])

Gets (returns) an element of the array as a string value. If an offset is defined the returned value starts at it.

The item index must not exceed the maximum size defined in the SCREATE function. To minimize the overhead there is no checking of the limits in place. Exceeding it will cause an OC4.

Example

```
smax=15
s1=screate(smax)
do i=1 to smax
  call sset(s1,i,right(i,3,'0')'. Record')
end
do i=1 to smax
  say sget(s1,i)
```

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end

Result

```
001. Record
002. Record
003. Record
004. Record
005. Record
006. Record
007. Record
008. Record
009. Record
010. Record
011. Record
012. Record
013. Record
014. Record
015. Record
```

SSWAP(array-number,item-number-1, item-number-2)

Swaps the position of 2 elements in the array. As only pointers are moved a very fast function.

SCLC(array-number,item-number-1, item-number-2)

Compares 2 elements of the array. SCLC is much faster than loading both items and comparing it to the REXX level.

returns

```
<0      if item-1 < item-2
0        if item-1 < item-2
>0      if item-1 > item-2
```

Example

```
smax=15
s1=screate(smax)
do i=1 to smax
    call sset(s1,i,right(i,3,'0')'. Record')
end
do i=1 to smax
    say "Compare item "i" and 8, result: "sclc(s1,i,8)
end
```

Result

```
Compare item 1 and 8, result: -7
Compare item 2 and 8, result: -6
Compare item 3 and 8, result: -5
Compare item 4 and 8, result: -4
Compare item 5 and 8, result: -3
Compare item 6 and 8, result: -2
Compare item 7 and 8, result: -1
Compare item 8 and 8, result: 0
Compare item 9 and 8, result: 1
Compare item 10 and 8, result: 1
Compare item 11 and 8, result: 1
Compare item 12 and 8, result: 1
Compare item 13 and 8, result: 1
```

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```
Compare item 14 and 8, result: 1
Compare item 15 and 8, result: 1
```

SQSORT(array-number,[ASCENDING/DESCENDING],[sort-offset])

Sorts an array using the quick sort algorithm in ascending or descending order, default is ascending. The sort-offset defines the sorting scope up to the end of the item, any substrings prior to it are not treated. If you define for example 5, the array is sorted at offset 5 (up to the rest of the item). The sort-offset defaults to 1.

This sort is 100-150 times faster than the BREXX quick sort running on stems.

Returns the number of sorted items.

Example

```
max=25
s1=SREAD("'pej.songs2'")
call slist s1
call sqsort(s1,'ASC',26)/* Sort Array S1 beginning column 26(song name) */
call slist s1           /* display sorted array */
call sfree s1
```

Result, song names are in sorted order

Entries of Source Array: 0

Entry Data

```
-----
00001  LED ZEPPELIN          STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
00002  EAGLES                HOTEL CALIFORNIA
00003  AC/DC                 BACK IN BLACK
00004  JOURNEY              DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00005  PINK FLOYD           ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
00006  QUEEN               BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00007  TOTO                HOLD THE LINE
00008  KISS                 I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
00009  BON JOVI             LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00010  NIRVANA              SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00011  DEEP PURPLE          SMOKE ON THE WATER
00012  METALLICA            NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
00013  THE ROLLING STONES    (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTIO
00014  BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN     BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00015  QUEEN               WE WILL ROCK YOU
00016  LYNYRD SKYNYRD       FREE BIRD
00017  SURVIVOR            EYE OF THE TIGER
00018  THE CLASH            SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
00019  JIMI HENDRIX          HEY JOE
00020  FLEETWOOD MAC         LITTLE LIES
00021  AC/DC                 HIGHWAY TO HELL
00022  THE POLICE           ROXANNE
```

Entries of Source Array: 0

Entry Data

```
-----
00001  THE ROLLING STONES    (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
00002  PINK FLOYD           ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
```

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00003	AC/DC	BACK IN BLACK
00004	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00005	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00006	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00007	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
00008	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
00009	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
00010	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
00011	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE
00012	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
00013	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
00014	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
00015	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00016	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
00017	THE POLICE	ROXANNE
00018	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
00019	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00020	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
00021	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
00022	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU

SHSORT(array-number,[ASCENDING/DESCENDING],[sort-offset])

Sorts an array using the shell sort algorithm in ascending or descending order, default is ascending.

The sort-offset defines the sorting scope up to the end of the item, any substrings prior to it are not treated. If you define for example 5, the array is sorted at offset 5 (up to the rest of the item). The sort-offset defaults to 1.

This sort is 100-150 times faster than the BREXX shell sort running on stems.

SMERGE(array-number-1,array-number-2)

Merges 2 arrays into a new array, based on their sort order.

Returns the number of merged items.

Example

```
max=10
s1=SCREATE(max)      /* Create a String Array called S1 */
s2=SCREATE(max)      /* Create a String Array called S2 */
do i=1 to max
  call sset(s1,i,right((max-i+1),4,'0')' A Record') /* Add new Record in
Array S1 at position i */
  call sset(s2,i,right((max-i+1),4,'0')' B Record') /* Add new Record in
Array S1 at position i */
end
say "Source Array S1"
say "-----"
call slist s1
say "Source Array S2"
say "-----"
call slist s2
s3=smerge(s1,s2)      /* Merge Array S1 and S2 into S3 */
say "Source Array S3"
```

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```
say "-----"  
call slist s3  
return
```

Result

Source Array S1

```
00001    0010 A Record  
00002    0009 A Record  
00003    0008 A Record  
00004    0007 A Record  
00005    0006 A Record  
00006    0005 A Record  
00007    0004 A Record  
00008    0003 A Record  
00009    0002 A Record  
00010    0001 A Record
```

Source Array S2

```
00001    0010 B Record  
00002    0009 B Record  
00003    0008 B Record  
00004    0007 B Record  
00005    0006 B Record  
00006    0005 B Record  
00007    0004 B Record  
00008    0003 B Record  
00009    0002 B Record  
00010    0001 B Record
```

Source Array S3

```
00001    0001 A Record  
00002    0001 B Record  
00003    0002 A Record  
00004    0002 B Record  
00005    0003 A Record  
00006    0003 B Record  
00007    0004 A Record  
00008    0004 B Record  
00009    0005 A Record  
00010    0005 B Record  
00011    0006 A Record  
00012    0006 B Record  
00013    0007 A Record  
00014    0007 B Record  
00015    0008 A Record  
00016    0008 B Record  
00017    0009 A Record  
00018    0009 B Record  
00019    0010 A Record  
00020    0010 B Record
```

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SREVERSE(array-number)

reverses the order of an array, the first item becomes the last item, the last item the first item, etc. The reverse takes place in the specified array. There is no new array created. The reverse process is very quick as just the string addresses are swapped, not the string content.

Returns the number of elements of the array.

Example

```
smax=10
s1=screate(smax)
do i=1 to smax
    call sset(s1,i,right(i,6,'0')". Record")
end
say "Original"
say "-----"
call slist s1
call sreverse(s1)
say "Reversed"
say "-----"
call slist s1
call sfree(s1)
EXIT 0
```

Result

```
Original
-----
00001    000001. Record
00002    000002. Record
00003    000003. Record
00004    000004. Record
00005    000005. Record
00006    000006. Record
00007    000007. Record
00008    000008. Record
00009    000009. Record
00010    000010. Record
Reversed
-----
00001    000010. Record
00002    000009. Record
00003    000008. Record
00004    000007. Record
00005    000006. Record
00006    000005. Record
00007    000004. Record
00008    000003. Record
00009    000002. Record
00010    000001. Record
```

SFREE(array-number,[KEEP])

Removes the specified array and all its entries. All storage allocations are freed. If **KEEP** is specified all items are freed, but the array itself (array-number) remains allocated.

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For example, see SWRITE.

SWRITE(array-number,dsn/ddname)

Writes all entries of the specified array into an external dataset.

The dataset can be either a fully qualified Dataset Name or a pre-allocated DD Name.

returned is the number of written entries.

For example, see SREAD.

SREAD(dsn/ddname<,size-of-array>)

Reads all entries of an external dataset into a new String Array. The dataset can be either a fully qualified Dataset Name or a pre-allocated DD Name. The optional parameter size-of-array is recommended for large datasets. If omitted the size of the array grows dynamically to accommodate the content.

returned is the newly created Array number.

Example:

```
s1=sread("'pej.songs'")          /* import CSV formatted DSN */
s2=screate(sarray(s1))          /* create formatted version */
do i=1 to sarray(s1)
  parse value sget(s1,i) with band':'song
  call sset(s2,i,left(band,25) song)
end
call slist s2
say swrite(s2,"'pej.songs2'")' Entries exported'
```

The contents of pej.songs, list of 20 best rock songs (not rated by me):

```
LED ZEPPELIN:      STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
EAGLES:           HOTEL CALIFORNIA
AC/DC:            BACK IN BLACK
JOURNEY:          DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
PINK FLOYD:       ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
QUEEN:            BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
TOTO:             HOLD THE LINE
KISS:             I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
BON JOVI:         LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
NIRVANA:          SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
DEEP PURPLE:      SMOKE ON THE WATER
METALLICA:        NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
THE ROLLING STONES: (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN: BORN IN THE U.S.A.
QUEEN:            WE WILL ROCK YOU
LYNYRD SKYNYRD:   FREE BIRD
SURVIVOR:         EYE OF THE TIGER
THE CLASH:        SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
JIMI HENDRIX:     HEY JOE
FLEETWOOD MAC:    LITTLE LIES
AC/DC:            HIGHWAY TO HELL
THE POLICE:       ROXANNE
```

Result of fetched DSN:

```
      Entries of Source Array: 1
Entry   Data
-----
```

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00001	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
00002	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
00003	AC/DC	BACK IN BLACK
00004	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00005	PINK FLOYD	ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
00006	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00007	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE
00008	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
00009	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00010	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00011	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
00012	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
00013	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
00014	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00015	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
00016	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
00017	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
00018	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
00019	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
00020	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
00021	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
00022	THE POLICE	ROXANNE

22 Entries exported

SLIST(array-number,[from],[to],[heading])

Prints the array content. With the optional from and to parameters, you can limit the range of entries to be printed. The optional heading parameter is printed in the heading line.

For example, see SREAD and others

SSEARCH(array-number,search-string, from,[“CASE”/“NOCASE”])

Searches in a String Array for a certain string and returns the index number. For repeated searches, you can use the from parameter.

Returns index position if found, or zero.

Example

```
s1=sread("'pej.songs2'")
ssc="ON"
ssi=ssearch(s1,ssc) /* Search string ON in array */
do while ssi>0
  say "Found at "ssi": "sget(s1,ssi)
  ssi=ssearch(s1,ssc,ssi+1)
end
```

Result

Found at 4: JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
Found at 9: BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
Found at 11: DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
Found at 13: THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTI ON

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SSELECT(array-number,search-1,[search-2,...,search-99])

Creates a subset of the array when an entry matches one of the specified search strings in a new array. There are up to 99 search strings allowed. The search is case-sensitive.

Returns the newly created array.

Example

```
s1=sread("'pej.songs2'")
call slist s1
s2=sselect(s1,'ON','OF','EE') /* Search ON, OF, EE in array */
say copies('-',32)
say 'Selected'
say copies('-',32)
call slist s2
call sfree(s1)
call sfree(s2)
```

Result

```
      Entries of Source Array: 0
Entry  Data
-----
00001  LED ZEPPELIN          STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
00002  EAGLES                 HOTEL CALIFORNIA
00003  AC/DC                   BACK IN BLACK
00004  JOURNEY                 DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00005  PINK FLOYD             ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
00006  QUEEN                  BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00007  TOTO                   HOLD THE LINE
00008  KISS                   I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
00009  BON JOVI               LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00010  NIRVANA                SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00011  DEEP PURPLE            SMOKE ON THE WATER
00012  METALLICA              NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
00013  THE ROLLING STONES     (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
00014  BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN      BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00015  QUEEN                  WE WILL ROCK YOU
00016  LYNYRD SKYNYRD         FREE BIRD
00017  SURVIVOR              EYE OF THE TIGER
00018  THE CLASH              SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
00019  JIMI HENDRIX           HEY JOE
00020  FLEETWOOD MAC          LITTLE LIES
00021  AC/DC                  HIGHWAY TO HELL
00022  THE POLICE             ROXANNE
-----

Selected
-----

      Entries of Source Array: 1
Entry  Data
-----
00001  JOURNEY                 DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00002  QUEEN                  BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00003  BON JOVI               LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00004  NIRVANA                SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00005  DEEP PURPLE            SMOKE ON THE WATER
```

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00006	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTI
00007	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00008	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
00009	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
00010	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
00011	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES

SCCHANGE(array-number,from-1,to-1[,from2,to2[,from3,to3]])

Changes the content of the array (line by line), from-1 is replaced by to1, from2 by to2, etc. If multiple change parameters are specified, a subsequent change may re-change a previous change.

returned is the number of changes performed.

SSUBSTR(array-number,from-column,[length],[INTERNAL/EXTERNAL])

Creates an array with the substring of each line (according to the SUBSTR REXX function). EXTERNAL (default) creates a new array with the substring results. INTERNAL works on the existing array.

returned is the array number that has been created/used.

SCOUNT(array-number,search-string-1[,search-string-2[,search-string-3...]])

Counts the lines containing the search strings. Multiple occurrences of a search string in a line are not counted, but hits of additional search strings on a line will be counted.

returned is the number of lines containing the search strings

SDROP(array-number,drop-string-1[,drop-string-2[,drop-string-3...]])

Drops lines containing the drop strings. An empty drop string is treated to drop empty lines.

returned is the number of lines containing the search strings

SSPLIT(string-to-split,delimiter-chars)

SPLIT splits a string into lines and stores them in a SARRAY. The optional delimiter table defines the split character(s), which shall be used to separate the lines. The delimiter string may consist of more than one character. This function is useful if you have file content in one string containing the line-feed character. SSPLIT returns the array number created.

SEXTRACT(array-number,begin-lino,end-lino)

SEXTRACT extracts lines of a SARRAY. The first parameter is the line to begin, second is the last line to be extracted, it is not the number of lines. End-lino defaults to the last line of the source array.

SCUT(array-number,begin-string,end-string[,from-line],[NO-DELIMITER/DELIMITER])

SCUT extracts lines of a SARRAY. If **NO-DELIMITER** is specified, the extraction starts with the lines after the begin-string and ends with the line before the end string is found. If DELIMITER is specified, the delimiter lines are included. The default is NO-DELIMITER.

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For example, we have the following SARRAY (s1):

```
      Entries of Source Array: 0
```

```
Entry   Data
```

```
-----
```

```
00001   Record 1
00002   Record 2
00003   Record 3
00004   Record 4
00005   Record 5
00006   From Here
00007   Data 1
00008   Data 2
00009   Data 3
00010   End
00011   Record 6
00012   Record 7
00013   Record 8
00014   Record 9
00015   Record 10
15 Entries
```

And the following REXX

```
s2=sextract(s1,"From Here","End")
call slist s2
```

Result

```
      Entries of Source Array: 1
```

```
Entry   Data
```

```
-----
```

```
00001   Data 1
00002   Data 2
00003   Data 3
3 Entries
```

SARRAY (array-number)

Returns information about the Source Array. The following BREXX variables are set:

```
sarrayhi      highest element number set in the array
sarraymax     maximum entries available
sarrayADDR    address of the Source Array
```

Returns the highest array entry.

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II. Integer Array Functions

A. Simple Integer Array

ICREATE(elements,mode)

Creates an integer array with the size elements. Returned is the array number to be used to address the array with **ISSET** and **IGET**. You can have up to 64 integer arrays. Depending on the virtual storage they may contain 1 million elements and more. Accessing integer arrays is very fast as there is no overhead compared to STEM variables.

Elements number entries available

mode is the initialization type

Element-Number	index of an element
NULL	elements are set to 0
DESCENT	index of the element in reverse order
SUNDARAM	prime numbers (Sundaram algorithm)
PRIME	prime numbers (sieve of Eratosthenes)

If the mode is not set the array remains uninitialized.

Returns the allocated **array-number** which can be used in subsequent array functions.

ISSET(array-number,element-number,integer-value)

Sets a certain element of an array with an integer value.

IGET(array-number,element-number)

Gets (returns) a certain element of an array with an integer value.

IADD(array-number,row,column,integer-value)

Adds an integer value to a certain element of the array.

ISUB(array-number,row,column,integer-value)

subtracts an integer value from a certain element of the array.

IAPPEND(array-1,array-2)

Create a new array by appending array-1 by array-2.

Returns the newly created **array-number** which can be used in subsequent array functions.

IARRAY(array-number)

Returns the highest array index set in the integer array

ILIST(array-number,[from],[to],[heading])

Prints the array content. With the optional from and to parameters, you can limit the range of entries to be printed. The optional heading parameter is printed in the heading line.

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B. Integer Matrix

The integer matrix is based on an integer array, the rows and columns are internally translated into the position in the array.

IMCREATE(rows,columns)

Creates an integer matrix containing the specified number of rows and columns. The matrix is initialized with zeros.

Returns the allocated **array-number** which can be used in subsequent array functions.

IMSET(array-number,row,column,integer-value)

Sets a certain element of the matrix to an integer value.

IMGET(array-number,row,column)

Gets (returns) a certain element of the matrix.

IMADD(array-number,row,column,integer-value)

Adds an integer value to a certain element of the matrix.

IMSUB(array-number,row,column,integer-value)

subtracts an integer value from a certain element of the matrix.

IARRAY(array-number,'ROW'/'COLUMN')`

Returns the number of rows or columns of the matrix.

IFREE(array-number)

Frees a defined integer array or matrix.

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III. Float Array

FCREATE(elements,mode)

Creates an float array with the size elements. Returned is the array number to be used to address the array with **FSET** and **FGET**. You can have up to 64 integer arrays.

Returns the allocated **array-number** which can be used in subsequent array functions.

FSET(array-number,element-number,float-value)

Sets a certain element of an array with a float value.

FGET(array-number,element-number)

Gets (returns) a certain element of the float array.

FARRAY(array-number)

Returns the highest array index set in the float array

FLIST(array-number,[from],[to],[heading])

Prints the array content. With the optional from and to parameters, you can limit the range of entries to be printed. The optional heading parameter is printed in the heading line.

FFREE(array-number)

Frees a defined float array.

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IV. Linked List functions

LLCREATE()

Creates a Linked List, returned is the Linked List Number(llist-number) which must be used in various Linked List operations.

The Linked List is bidirectional. You can have up to 32 different Linked Lists, depending on the virtual storage availability.

Returns the allocated **linked-list-number** which can be used in subsequent linked list functions.

LLFREE(llist-number)

Removes the Linked List and all its entries. All storage allocations are freed.

LLCLEAR(llist-number)

Clears (removes) the Linked List entries, but the list header remains intact. From there you can add new entries to it.

LLADD(llist-number,"entry-text")

Adds a new entry (lentry) at the end of the Linked List and links up the previous entry with a forward and the new entry backward reference. If the operation is successful a pointer (llpointer) to the new entry is returned. If the operation fails a return code < 0 is returned.

The internal current pointer (llcurrent) is set to the new entry and can be used in subsequent Linked List operations.

Example see LLINSERT

LLDEL(llist-number,[llist-pointer])

Removes an entry, defined by the current entry or the specified llist-pointer (llpointer). If the operation was successful the internal current pointer (llcurrent) is set to the next entry, if there is no one, to the last element. Returned will be the internal current pointer (llcurrent). If the operation fails a return code < 0 is returned.

Example

```
l11=llread("'pej.songs2'")          /* Create Linked List */
call l11list l11
call llset(l11,"POSITION",3)        /* set to 3. Entry      */
call llset(l11,"AC/DC",3)           /* remove AC/DC       */
call l11list l11
call llfree l11
```

Result

Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)					
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data	
1	3061c8	306258	0	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
2	306258	3062e8	3061c8	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
3	3062e8	306378	306258	AC/DC	BACK IN BLACK
4	306378	306408	3062e8	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
5	306408	306498	306378	PINK FLOYD	ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
6	306498	306528	306408	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
7	306528	3065b8	306498	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE

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8	3065b8	306648	306528	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
9	306648	3066d8	3065b8	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
10	3066d8	306768	306648	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
11	306768	3067f8	3066d8	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
12	3067f8	306888	306768	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
13	306888	306918	3067f8	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
14	306918	3069a8	306888	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
15	3069a8	305498	306918	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
16	305498	306a38	3069a8	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
17	306a38	306ac8	305498	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
18	306ac8	305458	306a38	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
19	305458	305658	306ac8	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
20	305658	306b58	305458	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
21	306b58	305618	305658	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
22	305618	0	306b58	THE POLICE	ROXANNE
Linked List contains 22 Entries					
List counter 22 Entries					
Current active Entry 305618					
Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)					
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data	
1	3061c8	306258	0	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
2	306258	306378	3061c8	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
3	306378	306408	306258	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
4	306408	306498	306378	PINK FLOYD	ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
5	306498	306528	306408	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
6	306528	3065b8	306498	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE
7	3065b8	306648	306528	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
8	306648	3066d8	3065b8	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
9	3066d8	306768	306648	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
10	306768	3067f8	3066d8	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
11	3067f8	306888	306768	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
12	306888	306918	3067f8	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
13	306918	3069a8	306888	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
14	3069a8	305498	306918	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
15	305498	306a38	3069a8	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
16	306a38	306ac8	305498	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
17	306ac8	305458	306a38	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
18	305458	305658	306ac8	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
19	305658	306b58	305458	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
20	306b58	305618	305658	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
21	305618	0	306b58	THE POLICE	ROXANNE
Linked List contains 21 Entries					
List counter 21 Entries					
Current active Entry 306378					

LLINSERT(llist-number,"entry-text"[,llist-pointer])

Inserts a new entry (llentry) **before** the current entry or the specified llist-pointer. All link information from the predecessor and successor entries is updated.

If the operation is successful a pointer (llpointer) to the inserted entry is returned. If the operation fails a return code < 0 is returned.

The internal current pointer (llcurrent) is set to the new entry and can be used in subsequent Linked List operations.

Example

```

ll1=llread("'pej.songs2'")          /* Create Linked List */
say copies('-',32)
say "Run Through Linked List"
say copies('-',32)
say llget(ll1,"FIRST")
do while llset(ll1,"NEXT")>0
    say llget(ll1)
end
call llset(ll1,"POSITION",2)        /* set to 1. Entry */
call llinert(ll1,"CREAM              I AM SO GLAD")

```


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```
call lllist l11
call llfree l11
```

Result

```
-----
Run Through Linked List
-----
LED ZEPPELIN      STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
EAGLES            HOTEL CALIFORNIA
AC/DC             BACK IN BLACK
JOURNEY           DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
PINK FLOYD        ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
QUEEN             BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
TOTO              HOLD THE LINE
KISS              I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
BON JOVI          LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
NIRVANA           SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
DEEP PURPLE       SMOKE ON THE WATER
METALLICA         NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
THE ROLLING STONES (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN BORN IN THE U.S.A.
QUEEN             WE WILL ROCK YOU
LYNYRD SKYNYRD    FREE BIRD
SURVIVOR          EYE OF THE TIGER
THE CLASH         SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
JIMI HENDRIX      HEY JOE
FLEETWOOD MAC     LITTLE LIES
AC/DC             HIGHWAY TO HELL
THE POLICE        ROXANNE
  Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
  1    305258            305138          0    LED ZEPPELIN      STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
  2    305138            3052e8        305258    CREAM              I AM SO GLAD
  3    3052e8            305378        305258    EAGLES             HOTEL CALIFORNIA
  4    305378            305408        3052e8    AC/DC              BACK IN BLACK
  5    305408            305498        305378    JOURNEY            DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
  6    305498            305528        305408    PINK FLOYD         ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
  7    305528            3055b8        305498    QUEEN              BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
  8    3055b8            305648        305528    TOTO               HOLD THE LINE
  9    305648            3056d8        3055b8    KISS               I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
 10    3056d8            305768        305648    BON JOVI           LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
 11    305768            3057f8        3056d8    NIRVANA            SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
 12    3057f8            305888        305768    DEEP PURPLE        SMOKE ON THE WATER
 13    305888            305918        3057f8    METALLICA          NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
 14    305918            3059a8        305888    THE ROLLING STONES (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
 15    3059a8            305a38        305918    BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN BORN IN THE U.S.A.
 16    305a38            304818        3059a8    QUEEN              WE WILL ROCK YOU
 17    304818            305ac8        305a38    LYNYRD SKYNYRD     FREE BIRD
 18    305ac8            305b58        304818    SURVIVOR           EYE OF THE TIGER
 19    305b58            3047d8        305ac8    THE CLASH          SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
 20    3047d8            3049d8        305b58    JIMI HENDRIX       HEY JOE
 21    3049d8            305be8        3047d8    FLEETWOOD MAC      LITTLE LIES
 22    305be8            304998        3049d8    AC/DC              HIGHWAY TO HELL
 23    304998            0             305be8    THE POLICE         ROXANNE
Linked List contains 23 Entries
List counter 23 Entries
Current active Entry 305138
```

LLGET(llist-number[option/llist-pointer])

Returns the entry referred by the option or internal current pointer, or the specified llist-pointer. The internal current pointer (llcurrent) is not changed.

Options:

NEXT sets it to the next element after llcurrent in the Linked List chain. If llcurrent was the last element 0 is returned.

PREVIOUS sets it to the previous element of llcurrent in the Linked List chain. If llcurrent was the first element 0 is returned.

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FIRST sets it to the first element in the Linked List.
LAST sets it to the last element in the Linked List.

Example

```
ll1=llread("'pej.songs2'")          /* Create Linked List */
say copies('-',32)
say "Run Through Linked List"
say copies('-',32)
say llget(ll1,"FIRST")
do while llset(ll1,"NEXT")>0
    say llget(ll1)
end
call llfree ll1
```

Result

```
-----
Run Through Linked List
-----
LED ZEPPELIN          STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
EAGLES                HOTEL CALIFORNIA
AC/DC                 BACK IN BLACK
JOURNEY               DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
PINK FLOYD            ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
QUEEN                 BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
TOTO                  HOLD THE LINE
KISS                  I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
BON JOVI              LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
NIRVANA               SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
DEEP PURPLE           SMOKE ON THE WATER
METALLICA             NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
THE ROLLING STONES    (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN     BORN IN THE U.S.A.
QUEEN                 WE WILL ROCK YOU
LYNYRD SKYNYRD        FREE BIRD
SURVIVOR              EYE OF THE TIGER
THE CLASH              SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
JIMI HENDRIX          HEY JOE
FLEETWOOD MAC         LITTLE LIES
AC/DC                 HIGHWAY TO HELL
THE POLICE             ROXANNE
```

LLSET(llist-number,option[,sub-option])

Changes the internal current pointer according to the specified option and returns it as a pointer.

Options:

NEXT sets it to the next element after llcurrent in the Linked List chain. If llcurrent was the last element 0 is returned.

PREVIOUS sets it to the previous element of llcurrent in the Linked List chain. If llcurrent was the first element 0 is returned.

FIRST sets it to the first element in the Linked List.

LAST sets it to the last element in the Linked List.

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POSITION sets it to n.th entry, as defined in sub-option. If the specified number is not available it is set to the last entry.

CURRENT returns the current internal current pointer.

ADDRESS sets it according to the address defined in the sub-option.

LLCOPY(l1ist-number,[from],[to],[existing-list],[list-name])

Creates a copy of the Linked List. If an existing linked-list is specified, the entries are added after its existing entries.

from (optional) starts the copying process at from.th entry.

to (optional) ends the copying process with to.th entry.

existing-list (optional) appending an existing Source Array, else a new one will be created

list-name (optional) names the new/appended Link List

returned is the newly created or appended Linked List Number(l1ist-number)

Example

```
max=10
l11=llcreate()           /* Create Linked List */
l12=llcreate()           /* Create Linked List */
call time('r')
do i=1 to max
  adr=lladd(l11,i". Record")
end
call llList l11
do i=1 to 5
  adr=lladd(l12,i". Entry")
end
call llList l12
l13=llcopy(l11,,l12,"Copied")
call llList l13
```

Result

Entries of Linked List: 0 (UNNAMED)					
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data	
1	2e3258	2e3278	0	1. Record	
2	2e3278	2e3298	2e3258	2. Record	
3	2e3298	2e32b8	2e3278	3. Record	
4	2e32b8	2e32d8	2e3298	4. Record	
5	2e32d8	2e32f8	2e32b8	5. Record	
6	2e32f8	2e3318	2e32d8	6. Record	
7	2e3318	2e3338	2e32f8	7. Record	
8	2e3338	2e3358	2e3318	8. Record	
9	2e3358	2e3378	2e3338	9. Record	
10	2e3378	0	2e3358	10. Record	

Linked List contains 10 Entries
List counter 10 Entries
Current active Entry 2e3378

Entries of Linked List: 1 (UNNAMED)				
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data

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1	2e3398	2e33b8	0	1. Entry
2	2e33b8	2e33d8	2e3398	2. Entry
3	2e33d8	2e33f8	2e33b8	3. Entry
4	2e33f8	2e3418	2e33d8	4. Entry
5	2e3418	0	2e33f8	5. Entry
Current active Entry 2e3418				
Linked List contains 5 Entries				
List counter 5 Entries				
Entries of Linked List: 1 (Copied)				
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data

1	2e3398	2e33b8	0	1. Entry
2	2e33b8	2e33d8	2e3398	2. Entry
3	2e33d8	2e33f8	2e33b8	3. Entry
4	2e33f8	2e3418	2e33d8	4. Entry
5	2e3418	2e3458	2e33f8	5. Entry
6	2e3458	2e3478	2e3418	1. Record
7	2e3478	2e3498	2e3458	2. Record
8	2e3498	2e34b8	2e3478	3. Record
9	2e34b8	2e34d8	2e3498	4. Record
10	2e34d8	2e34f8	2e34b8	5. Record
11	2e34f8	2e3518	2e34d8	6. Record
12	2e3518	2e3538	2e34f8	7. Record
13	2e3538	2e3558	2e3518	8. Record
14	2e3558	2e3578	2e3538	9. Record
15	2e3578	0	2e3558	10. Record
Linked List contains 15 Entries				
List counter 15 Entries				
Current active Entry 2e3578				

LLENTRY(llist-number [,llist-pointer]))

Dumps the details of an entry either defined by the internal current pointer (llcurrent) or the llist-pointer.

Linked List Entry	

Address	326f18
Data	42. Record
Next	326f58
Previous	326ed8

LLLIST(llist-number[,from],[to]))

Outputs a detailed list of all entries on a Linked list.

Entries of Linked List: 0				
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data

1	326458	326498	0	1. Record
2	326498	3264d8	326458	2. Record

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3	3264d8	326518	326498	3. Record
4	326518	326558	3264d8	4. Record
5	326558	326598	326518	5. Record
6	326598	3265d8	326558	6. Record
7	3265d8	326618	326598	7. Record
8	326618	326658	3265d8	8. Record
9	326658	326698	326618	9. Record
10	326698	3266d8	326658	10. Record
11	3266d8	326718	326698	11. Record
12	326718	326758	3266d8	12. Record
...				

LLDETAILS(llist-number,option)

Output statistics on the Linked List.

Options:

COUNT	returns the number of current entries in the Linked List.
ADDED	returns the number of added/inserted entries in the Linked List.
DELETED	returns the number of deleted entries in the Linked List.
LIST	returns the listed number of current entries in the Linked List. For this reason, it runs through the entire Linked List and counts the entries. LIST and COUNT should be equal, else there are inconsistencies in the Linked List.
FULL	Print all available information

```
CALL LLDETAILS(0,'FULL')
```

Attributes of Linked List 0

```
-----
Entry Count      9999
   Listed        9999
   Added        10000
   Deleted         1
Current Pointer 326ed8
```

LLDELINK(llist-number[,llist-pointer])

Similar to LLDL an entry defined by the current entry or the specified llist-pointer is removed from the Link List but is kept in storage as an orphan, which might be later inserted in a different position in the same or a different Linked List. This is a fast way of moving elements.

Returned is the address of the orphaned entry.

If the operation was successful the internal current pointer (llcurrent) is set to the next entry, if there is no one, to the last element.

The example is contained in the LLLINK sample.

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LLINK(llist-number, llist-pointer)

Links an orphaned entry to the Linked List **prior** to the current entry and sets the pointers accordingly.

If the operation was successful, the internal current pointer (llcurrent) is set to the newly inserted entry.

Example

```
max=10
ll1=llcreate()           /* Create Linked List */
ll2=llcreate()           /* Create Linked List */
do i=1 to max
  adr=lladd(ll1,i". Record") /* add new entry */
end
call llList ll1
posadr=llset(ll1,"POSITION",7) /* set to 7. Entry */
deladr=lldelink(ll1,posadr) /* DELINK it */
say "is now de-linked, ADDR "d2x(deladr)
call llList ll1
say "Insert one entry to LL2 "d2x(llinsert(ll2,"1. Entry"))
call llList ll2
say "LINK into new LList "d2x(llLink(ll2,deladr))
call llList ll2
```

Result

Entries of Linked List: 0 (UNNAMED)				
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data
1	2db238	2db258	0	1. Record
2	2db258	2db278	2db238	2. Record
3	2db278	2db298	2db258	3. Record
4	2db298	2db2b8	2db278	4. Record
5	2db2b8	2db2d8	2db298	5. Record
6	2db2d8	2db2f8	2db2b8	6. Record
7	2db2f8	2db318	2db2d8	7. Record
8	2db318	2db338	2db2f8	8. Record
9	2db338	2db358	2db318	9. Record
10	2db358	0	2db338	10. Record

Linked List contains 10 Entries

List counter 10 Entries

is now de-linked, ADDR 2DB2F8

Entries of Linked List: 0 (UNNAMED)				
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data
1	2db238	2db258	0	1. Record
2	2db258	2db278	2db238	2. Record
3	2db278	2db298	2db258	3. Record
4	2db298	2db2b8	2db278	4. Record
5	2db2b8	2db2d8	2db298	5. Record
6	2db2d8	2db318	2db2b8	6. Record
7	2db318	2db338	2db2d8	8. Record
8	2db338	2db358	2db318	9. Record
9	2db358	0	2db338	10. Record

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```

Linked List contains 9 Entries
      List counter  9 Entries
Insert one entry to LL2 2DB3D8
      Entries of Linked List: 1 (UNNAMED)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
      1      2db3d8          0          0      1. Entry
Linked List contains 1 Entries
      List counter  1 Entries
LINK into new LList 2DB2F8
      Entries of Linked List: 1 (UNNAMED)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
      1      2db2f8      2db3d8          0      7. Record
      2      2db3d8          0          0      1. Entry
Linked List contains 2 Entries
      List counter  2 Entries

```

LLSORT(lList--number,[ASCENDING/DESCENDING],[sort-offset])

Sorts the Linked List using the quick sort algorithm in ascending or descending order, default is ascending.

The sort offset defines the sorting scope up to the end of the item, any substrings before it are not treated. If you define for example 5, the array is sorted at offset 5 (up to the rest of the item). The sort-offset defaults to 1.

returned is the Linked List Number(lList-number), it is the same as the entry list.

Example

```

l11=llread("'pej.songs2'")
call llList l11
call llsort l11
call llList l11      /* sort from column 1, band name */
call llfree l11

```

Result

```

Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
      1      3371c8      337258          0      LED ZEPPELIN      STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
      2      337258      3372e8      3371c8      EAGLES      HOTEL CALIFORNIA
      3      3372e8      337378      337258      AC/DC      BACK IN BLACK
      4      337378      337408      3372e8      JOURNEY      DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
      5      337408      337498      337378      PINK FLOYD      ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
      6      337498      337528      337408      QUEEN      BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
      7      337528      3375b8      337498      TOTO      HOLD THE LINE
      8      3375b8      337648      337528      KISS      I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
      9      337648      3376d8      3375b8      BON JOVI      LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
     10      3376d8      337768      337648      NIRVANA      SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
     11      337768      3377f8      3376d8      DEEP PURPLE      SMOKE ON THE WATER
     12      3377f8      337888      337768      METALLICA      NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
     13      337888      337918      3377f8      THE ROLLING STONES      (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
     14      337918      3379a8      337888      BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN      BORN IN THE U.S.A.
     15      3379a8      336258      337918      QUEEN      WE WILL ROCK YOU
     16      336258      337a38      3379a8      LYNRYD SKYNYRD      FREE BIRD
     17      337a38      337ac8      336258      SURVIVOR      EYE OF THE TIGER
     18      337ac8      336218      337a38      THE CLASH      SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
     19      336218      336418      337ac8      JIMI HENDRIX      HEY JOE
     20      336418      337b58      336218      FLEETWOOD MAC      LITTLE LIES
     21      337b58      3363d8      336418      AC/DC      HIGHWAY TO HELL

```

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22	3363d8	0	337b58	THE POLICE	ROXANNE
Linked List contains 22 Entries					
List counter 22 Entries					
Current active Entry 3363d8					
Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)					
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data	
1	300a38	3009a8	0	AC/DC	BACK IN BLACK
2	3009a8	300918	300a38	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
3	300918	300888	3009a8	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
4	300888	3007f8	300918	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
5	3007f8	300768	300888	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
6	300768	337b58	3007f8	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
7	337b58	337ac8	300768	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
8	337ac8	337a38	337b58	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
9	337a38	3379a8	337ac8	PINK FLOYD	ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
10	3379a8	337918	337a38	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
11	337918	337888	3379a8	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE
12	337888	3363d8	337918	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
13	3363d8	336418	337888	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
14	336418	3377f8	3363d8	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
15	3377f8	336218	336418	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
16	336218	337768	3377f8	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
17	337768	3376d8	336218	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
18	3376d8	337648	337768	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
19	337648	3375b8	3376d8	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
20	3375b8	336258	337648	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
21	336258	337528	3375b8	THE POLICE	ROXANNE
22	337528	0	336258	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
Linked List contains 22 Entries					
List counter 22 Entries					
Current active Entry 337528					

LLWRITE(llist-number,dsn/ddname)

Writes all entries of a Linked List into an external dataset.

The dataset can be either a fully qualified Dataset Name or a pre-allocated DD Name.

returned is the number of written entries.

An example is contained in LLREAD

LLREAD(dsn/ddname)

Reads all entries of an external dataset. The dataset can be either a fully qualified Dataset Name or a pre-allocated DD Name.

returned is the newly created Linked List Number(llist-number).

Example

```
l11=llread("'pej.songs2'")
call l11list l11
say "Records written: "llwrite(l11,"'pej.temp'")
```

Result

Entries of Linked List: 0 (0)					
Entry	Entry Address	Next	Previous	Data	
1	3371c8	337258	0	LED ZEPPELIN	STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
2	337258	3372e8	3371c8	EAGLES	HOTEL CALIFORNIA
3	3372e8	337378	337258	AC/DC	BACK IN BLACK
4	337378	337408	3372e8	JOURNEY	DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
5	337408	337498	337378	PINK FLOYD	ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
6	337498	337528	337408	QUEEN	BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
7	337528	3375b8	337498	TOTO	HOLD THE LINE
8	3375b8	337648	337528	KISS	I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
9	337648	3376d8	3375b8	BON JOVI	LIVIN' ON A PRAYER

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10	3376d8	337768	337648	NIRVANA	SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
11	337768	3377f8	3376d8	DEEP PURPLE	SMOKE ON THE WATER
12	3377f8	337888	337768	METALLICA	NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
13	337888	337918	3377f8	THE ROLLING STONES	(I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
14	337918	3379a8	337888	BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN	BORN IN THE U.S.A.
15	3379a8	336358	337918	QUEEN	WE WILL ROCK YOU
16	336358	337a38	3379a8	LYNYRD SKYNYRD	FREE BIRD
17	337a38	337ac8	336358	SURVIVOR	EYE OF THE TIGER
18	337ac8	336318	337a38	THE CLASH	SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
19	336318	336518	337ac8	JIMI HENDRIX	HEY JOE
20	336518	337b58	336318	FLEETWOOD MAC	LITTLE LIES
21	337b58	3364d8	336518	AC/DC	HIGHWAY TO HELL
22	3364d8	0	337b58	THE POLICE	ROXANNE

Records written: 22

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

V. Matrix Functions

MCREATE(rows,columns)

Creates a (Float) matrix with size [rows x columns]. Returned is the Matrix number to be used in various matrix operations. You can have up to 128 matrixes, depending on the virtual storage available. Accessing a matrix ys is very fast as there is no overhead compared to STEM variables.

Returns the allocated **matrix-number** which can be used in subsequent matrix functions.

MSET(matrix-number,row,column,float-value)

Sets a certain element of the matrix with a float value.

MGET(matrix-number,row,column)

Gets (returns) a certain element of the matrix.

MMULTIPLY(matrix-number-1,matrix-number-2)

Multiplies 2 matrices and creates a new matrix, which is returned. Input matrices remain untouched. The format of matrix-1 is [rows x columns], therefore the format of matrix-2 must be [columns x rows]. The format of the result matrix is rows x rows.

MINVERT(matrix-number)

Inverts the given matrix and creates a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix must be squared and remains untouched. The format of the result matrix remains the same as the input matrix.

MTRANSPOSE(matrix-number)

Transposes the given matrix and creates a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. If the format of the input matrix is [rows x columns] then the result matrix is columns x rows.

MCOPY(matrix-number)

Copies the given matrix and creates a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. Formats of both matrices are equal.

MNORMALISE(matrix-number,mode)

Normalises the given matrix and creates a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. The formats of both matrices are equal.

mode	STANDARD	row is normalized to mean=0 variance=1
	ROWS	row value is divided by the number of rows

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

MEAN

row value is normalized to mean=0, variance remains unchanged

MDELROW(matrix-number,row-number[,row-number[,row-number...]])

Copies the given matrix without the specified rows-to-delete as a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched.

MDELCOL(matrix-number,col-number[,col-number[,col-number...]])

Copies the given matrix without the specified columns-to-delete as a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched.

MPROPERTY(matrix-number[, "FULL"/"BASIC"])

Returns the properties of the given matrix in BREXX variables:

<code>_rows</code>	number of rows of matrix
<code>_cols</code>	number of columns of matrix.

If **FULL** is specified additionally the following stem variables are returned:

<code>_rowmean.column-i</code>	mean of rows of column-i
<code>_rowvariance.column-i</code>	variance of rows of column-i
<code>_rowlow.column-i</code>	lowest row value of column-i
<code>_rowhigh.column-i</code>	highest row value of column-i
<code>_rowsum.column-i</code>	sum of row value of column-i
<code>_rowsqr.column-i</code>	sum of squared row value of column-i
<code>_colsum.row-i</code>	sum of column values of row-i
<code>_colsqr.row-i</code>	sum of squared column values of row-i

MSCALAR(matrix-number,number)

Multiplies each element of a matrix with a number (float). The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched.

MADD(matrix-number-1, matrix-number-2)

Adds each element of a matrix-1 with the same element of matrix-2. The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. Matrix-1 and matrix-2 must have the same dimensions.

MSUBTRACT(matrix-number-1, matrix-number-2)

Subtracts each element of a matrix-2 from the same element of matrix-1. The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. Matrix-1 and matrix-2 must have the same dimensions.

MPROD(matrix-number-1, matrix-number-2)

Multiplies each element of a matrix-1 with the same element of matrix-2. The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched. Matrix-1 and matrix-2 must have the same dimensions.

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MSQR(matrix-number)

Squares each element of the matrix. The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched.

MINSCOL(matrix-number,)

Inserts a new column as the first column. The initial first column becomes the second column, etc. The result is stored in a new matrix, which is returned. The input matrix remains untouched.

MFREE([matrix-number/integer-array-number,"MATRIX"/"INTEGER-ARRAY"])

Frees the storage of allocated matrices and/or integer arrays. If no parameter is specified all allocations are freed. To release a specific matrix or integer-array the matrix-number or integer-array-number must be used as the first parameter, followed by the type to release.

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

VI. Conversions between String Arrays, Linked Lists, and STEMS.

STEM2S("stem-name.")

Copies a stem variable into a Source Array, **stem-name.0** must contain the number of items.

The copy process takes stem-name.1, stem-name.2, ... up stem-name.n (where n is contained in stem-name.0) and copies it into a String Array.

Returned is the number of the String Array.

Example

```
xmax=1000
do i=1 to xmax
    fred.i=i". record"
end
FRED.0=xmax
say "Set Time "time('e')
call time('r')
s1=stem2s("fred.")
say "Copy Time "time('e')
call slist s1,xmax-10,xmax
```

Result

```
Set Time 0.130996
Copy Time 0.066642
    Entries of Source Array: 0
Entry   Data
-----
00990   990. record
00991   991. record
00992   992. record
00993   993. record
00994   994. record
00995   995. record
00996   996. record
00997   997. record
00998   998. record
00999   999. record
01000   1000. record
```

S2STEM("array-number","stem-name.")

Copies a SARRAY into a stem

Returned is the number of the items in the stem (String Array).

Example

```
smax=1000
s1=screate(smax)
do i=1 to smax
    call sset(s1,, "Record "i)
end
call slist s1,smax-10,smax
call time('r')
call s2stem(s1,"Fred.")
say "S2STEM "time('e')
```

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```
do i=smax-10 to smax
  say i fred.i
end
```

Result

Entries of Source Array: 0

Entry	Data
-------	------

00990	Record 990
00991	Record 991
00992	Record 992
00993	Record 993
00994	Record 994
00995	Record 995
00996	Record 996
00997	Record 997
00998	Record 998
00999	Record 999
01000	Record 1000
S2STEM 0.253646	
990	Record 990
991	Record 991
992	Record 992
993	Record 993
994	Record 994
995	Record 995
996	Record 996
997	Record 997
998	Record 998
999	Record 999
1000	Record 1000

S2IARRAY

Copies a SARRAY into an integer array.

Returned is the array number of the created array (Integer Array).

S2FARRAY

Copies a SARRAY into a float array.

Returned is the array number of the created array (Float Array).

S2LL(array-number,[from],[to],[existing-linked-list],[“list-name”])

Copy a String Array into Linked List.

from (optional) starts the copying process at from.th entry.

to (optional) ends the copying process with to.th entry.

existing-list (optional) appending an existing Linked List, else a new one will be created

list-name (optional) name of the new/appended Linked List

returned is the Linked List Number(llist-number)

Example

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

```
s1=sread("'pej.songs2'")
call sList s1
ll2=s2ll(s1,,,, "LL Songs")
call llList(ll2)
call sfree(s1)
call llfree(ll2)
```

Result

```
Entries of Source Array: 0
Entry  Data
-----
00001  LED ZEPPELIN          STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
00002  EAGLES                 HOTEL CALIFORNIA
00003  AC/DC                  BACK IN BLACK
00004  JOURNEY                DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
00005  PINK FLOYD             ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
00006  QUEEN                  BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
00007  TOTO                   HOLD THE LINE
00008  KISS                   I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
00009  BON JOVI               LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
00010  NIRVANA                SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
00011  DEEP PURPLE            SMOKE ON THE WATER
00012  METALLICA              NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
00013  THE ROLLING STONES     (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
00014  BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN      BORN IN THE U.S.A.
00015  QUEEN                  WE WILL ROCK YOU
00016  LYNYRD SKYNYRD         FREE BIRD
00017  SURVIVOR               EYE OF THE TIGER
00018  THE CLASH              SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
00019  JIMI HENDRIX           HEY JOE
00020  FLEETWOOD MAC          LITTLE LIES
00021  AC/DC                  HIGHWAY TO HELL
00022  THE POLICE             ROXANNE

Entries of Linked List: 0 (LL Songs)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
1      337138      3371c8      0      LED ZEPPELIN      STAIRWAY TO HEAVEN
2      3371c8      337258      337138      EAGLES            HOTEL CALIFORNIA
3      337258      3372e8      3371c8      AC/DC             BACK IN BLACK
4      3372e8      337378      337258      JOURNEY           DON'T STOP BELIEVIN'
5      337378      337408      3372e8      PINK FLOYD        ANOTHER BRICK IN THE WALL
6      337408      337498      337378      QUEEN             BOHEMIAN RHAPSODY
7      337498      337528      337408      TOTO              HOLD THE LINE
8      337528      3375b8      337498      KISS              I WAS MADE FOR LOVIN' YOU
9      3375b8      337648      337528      BON JOVI          LIVIN' ON A PRAYER
10     337648      3376d8      3375b8      NIRVANA           SMELLS LIKE TEEN SPIRIT
11     3376d8      337768      337648      DEEP PURPLE       SMOKE ON THE WATER
12     337768      3377f8      3376d8      METALLICA         NOTHING ELSE MATTERS
13     3377f8      337888      337768      THE ROLLING STONES (I CAN'T GET NO) SATISFACTION
14     337888      337918      3377f8      BRUCE SPRINGSTEEN BORN IN THE U.S.A.
15     337918      3362d8      337888      QUEEN             WE WILL ROCK YOU
16     3362d8      3379a8      337918      LYNYRD SKYNYRD    FREE BIRD
17     3379a8      337a38      3362d8      SURVIVOR          EYE OF THE TIGER
18     337a38      336618      3379a8      THE CLASH         SHOULD I STAY OR SHOULD I GO
19     336618      3365d8      337a38      JIMI HENDRIX      HEY JOE
20     3365d8      337ac8      336618      FLEETWOOD MAC     LITTLE LIES
21     337ac8      336598      3365d8      AC/DC             HIGHWAY TO HELL
22     336598      0          337ac8      THE POLICE        ROXANNE

Linked List contains 22 Entries
List counter 22 Entries
Current active Entry 336598
```

LL2S([list-number],[from],[to],[existing-array])

Copy a Linked List into a Source Array.

from (optional) starts the copying process at from.th entry.
to (optional) ends the copying process with to.th entry.
existing-array (optional) appending an existing Source Array, else a new one will be created

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

returned is the Linked List Number(llist-number)

Example

```
max=8
lll=llcreate()
do i=1 to max
  adr=lladd(lll,i". Record")
end
call llList lll
s1=ll2s(lll)
say "Linked List copied into Source Array "s1
call slist(s1)
call llfree(lll)
call sfree(s1)
```

Result

```
      Entries of Linked List: 0 (UNNAMED)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
      1      2e3218      2e3238          0      1. Record
      2      2e3238      2e3258      2e3218      2. Record
      3      2e3258      2e3278      2e3238      3. Record
      4      2e3278      2e3298      2e3258      4. Record
      5      2e3298      2e32b8      2e3278      5. Record
      6      2e32b8      2e32d8      2e3298      6. Record
      7      2e32d8      2e32f8      2e32b8      7. Record
      8      2e32f8          0      2e32d8      8. Record
Linked List contains 8 Entries
      List counter 8 Entries
Current active Entry 2e32f8
Linked List copied into Source Array 0
      Entries of Source Array: 0
Entry      Data
-----
00001      1. Record
00002      2. Record
00003      3. Record
00004      4. Record
00005      5. Record
00006      6. Record
00007      7. Record
00008      8. Record
```

LL2STEM("llist-number")

Copies a Linked List into a stem

Returned is the number of the items in the stem (Linked List entries).

Example

```
max=1000
/* -----
 * Copy LLIST into STEM
 * -----
*/
```


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```
LL1=LLCREATE("LLIST")
do i=1 to max
    call LLADD(LL1,'FRED 'i)
end
call time('r')
call ll2stem(LL1,'myStem.')
say "LL2STEM "time('e')
do i=mystem.0-10 to mystem.0
    say i mystem.i
end
```

Result

```
LL2STEM 0.195885
990 FRED 990
991 FRED 991
992 FRED 992
993 FRED 993
994 FRED 994
995 FRED 995
996 FRED 996
997 FRED 997
998 FRED 998
999 FRED 999
1000 FRED 1000
```

STEM2LL("stem-name.")

Copies stem into a Linked List, **stem-name.0** must contain the number of items.

The copy process takes stem-name.1, stem-name.2, ... up stem-name.n (where n is contained in stem-name.0) and copies it into a Linked List.

Returned is the created Linked List number.

Example

```
max=1000
/* -----
 * Copy STEM into LLIST
 * -----
 */
do i=1 to max
    myStem.i=i". Record"
end
mystem.0=max
call time('r')
ll1=stem2ll('myStem.')
say "STEM2LL "time('e')
call lllist ll1,max-10,max
```

Result

```
STEM2LL 0.080318
      Entries of Linked List: 0 (UNNAMED)
Entry Entry Address      Next      Previous      Data
-----
  990    359498        3594d8        359458    990. Record
  991    3594d8        359518        359498    991. Record
```

BREXX/370 V2R5M2 Array Functions

992	359518	359558	3594d8	992. Record
993	359558	359598	359518	993. Record
994	359598	3595d8	359558	994. Record
995	3595d8	359618	359598	995. Record
996	359618	359658	3595d8	996. Record
997	359658	359698	359618	997. Record
998	359698	3596d8	359658	998. Record
999	3596d8	359718	359698	999. Record
1000	359718	0	3596d8	1000. Record
Linked List address 34b218				
Linked List contains 1000 Entries				
List counter 1000 Entries				
Current active Entry 359718				

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