Exercises Set 3

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Abstract

Only the questions with a * are compulsory (but do all of them!).

1 Fundamental Theorem of Calculus

Generalization Let f(x) be a continuous function on the closed interval [a, b], and let F(x) be an anti-derivative of f(x). Prove that

$$\int_{a}^{b} f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a).$$

Application Evaluate the following definite integral using the Fundamental Theorem of Calculus:

$$\int_0^{\pi/2} \sin(x) \, dx$$