## Exercises Set 6

#### Paul Dubois

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#### Abstract

As this is the last session, there will be no compulsory questions this time.

## 1 Lagrangian multiplier technique



#### 1.1 Unconstrained optimization

Let  $f(x,y) = 2x^2 - 3x + 4y^2 + 4y + 20$ . Find  $(x^*,y^*) \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that f reaches its minimum (i.e.  $f(x^*,y^*) \leq f(x,y) \quad \forall (x,y) \in \mathbb{R}^2$ ).

#### 1.2 Constrained optimization

Let  $f(x,y)=2x^2-3x+4y^2+4y+20$ . Suppose further that we want 3x+5y=2. Find  $(x^*,y^*)\in\mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $3x^*+5y^*=2$  and f reaches its minimum (i.e.  $f(x^*,y^*)\leq f(x,y) \quad \forall (x,y)\in\mathbb{R}^2,\ 3x+5y=2$ ).

#### 1.3 Lagrange multiplier

Let  $f(x,y) = 2x^2 - 3x + 4y^2 + 4y + 20$ . Suppose further that we want 3x + 5y = 2. Let  $\mathcal{L}(x,y,\lambda) = f(x,y) - \lambda(3x + 5y - 2)$ . Find the point where  $\nabla f = 0$ 

# 2 Support Vector Machines

### 2.1 Theory

Define a line in  $\mathbb{R}^2$  with parameters  $\mathbf{w}$  and b defined by  $\mathbf{w}.\mathbf{x} = b$  (or  $\mathbf{w}.\mathbf{x} - b = 0$ ) for  $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2$ . This line cut the plane in 2 regions:

- $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $\mathbf{w}.\mathbf{x} b < 0$
- $\mathbf{x} \in \mathbb{R}^2$  such that  $\mathbf{w}.\mathbf{x} b > 0$

The goal is to find  $\mathbf{w}$  and b such that all points of the first class are in the first region, and all points of the second class are in the second region.

#### 2.2 Practice