

**Topic:** Identifying multiplication**Question:** Which of these is multiplication?**Answer choices:**

- A       $3 \times 2 = 6$
- B       $3 \cdot 2 = 6$
- C       $(3)(2) = 6$
- D      All of these



**Solution: D**

All of the answer choices represent multiplication.



**Topic:** Identifying multiplication**Question:** Simplify the expression.

$$(3 \times 2 \cdot 2)(4) \times 2$$

**Answer choices:**

A      48

B      96

C      24

D      12



**Solution: B**

We need to identify that every operation in this expression is multiplication, because the parentheses, the  $\times$  symbol and the  $\cdot$  symbol all represent multiplication. So we'll perform one multiplication at a time. Remember that, when it comes to multiplication, the order doesn't matter.

$$(3 \times 2 \cdot 2)(4) \times 2$$

$$(6 \cdot 2)(4) \times 2$$

$$(12)(4) \times 2$$

$$48 \times 2$$

$$96$$



**Topic:** Identifying multiplication**Question:** Simplify this expression.

$$3(-7) - 5 + 2 \times 6 - 3 + 4 \cdot 5$$

**Answer choices:**

- A     23
- B     3
- C     -9
- D     -76



**Solution: B**

To simplify

$$3(-7) - 5 + 2 \times 6 - 3 + 4 \cdot 5$$

group the multiplications in brackets.

$$[3(-7)] - 5 + [2 \times 6] - 3 + [4 \cdot 5]$$

$$[-21] - 5 + [12] - 3 + [20]$$

Group positives, group negatives and add. The brackets can be dropped.

$$12 + 20 - 21 - 5 - 3$$

$$32 - 29$$

$$3$$

