#### **Software Complexities**

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From Manning Publications

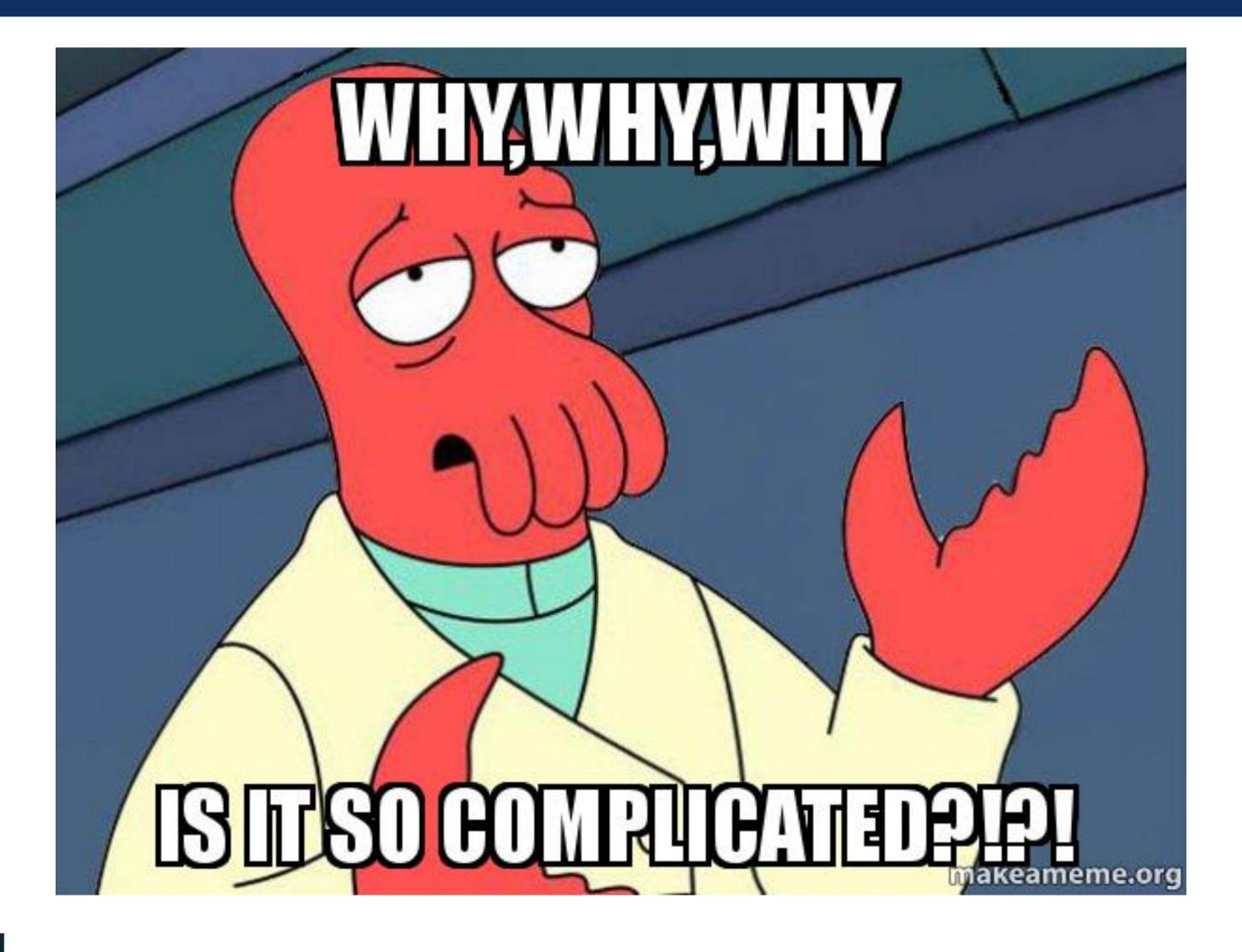


















Ask who/what is to blame

Try and answer why

The key to simplicity







#### Who/what is to blame

The Developer

The Technology

The Client

The End User







#### Who/what is to blame

The Developer

The Technology

The Client

The End User

#### BLAME ALL THE THINGS







# Why is software development complex?







# Software is invisible Software cannot be visualised







# Software is constantly changing







# Why is complexity so bad?







#### Communication issues

Product flaws, cost and delays







### Difficulty enumerating

Less understanding of the possible states







### Ugly code

Hard to integrate, maintain and extend







#### The unknown

Security breaches, re writes and over abstraction







#### Fickle business decisions

Loss of data integrity, high barrier of entry and increased personnel turnover







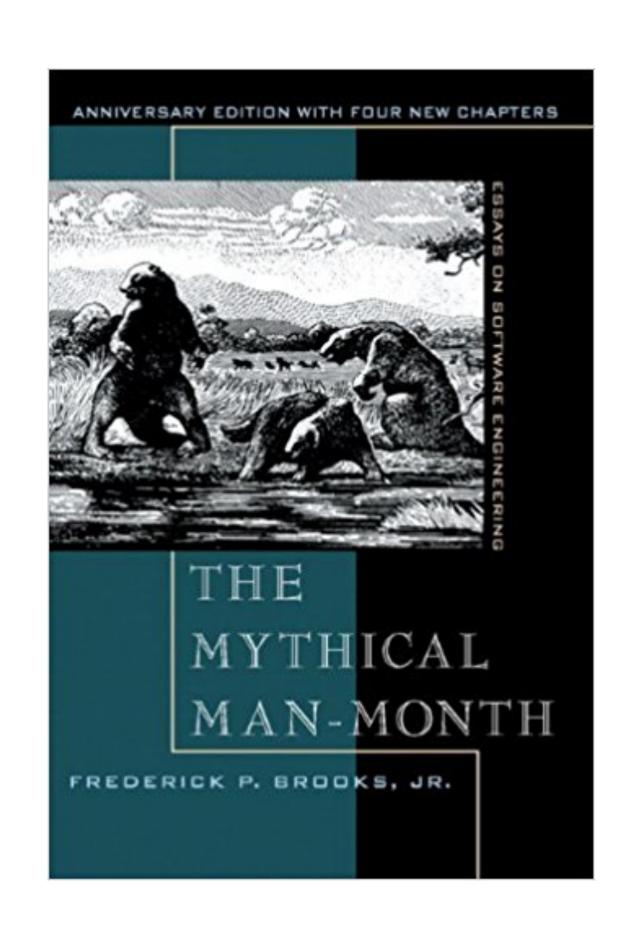
# Complexity is the most common difficulty but not all complexity is inevitable







# The Mythical Man-Month No Silver Bullet Frederick P Brooks Jr









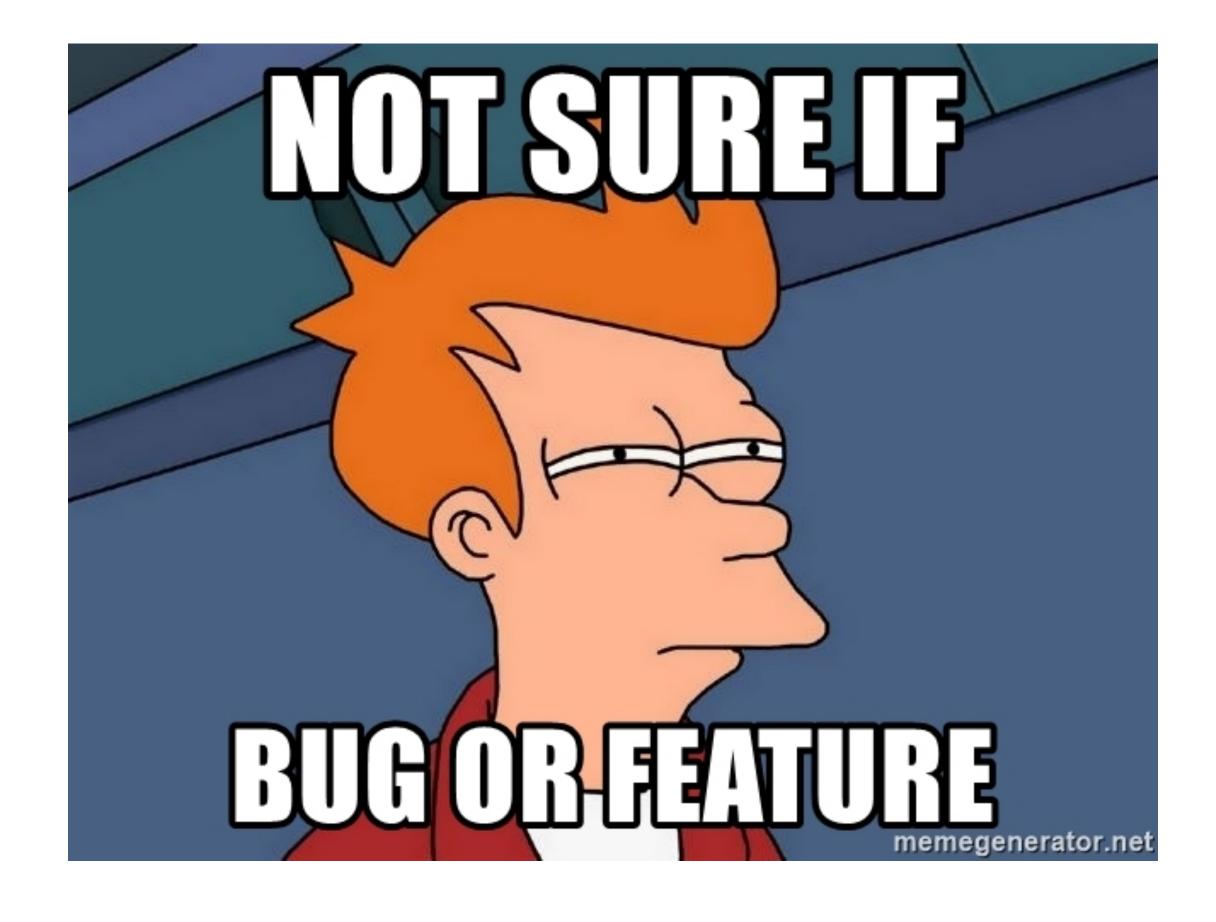
# Essential complexity Vs Accidental complexity







#### Essential complexity









# Nice to haves are **only nice** if they **enhance** the **core functionality**







### Write down your essential features

Include a justification for each essential feature

Will 80% of the system function without the essential feature?

- If so then it isn't essential!







# Every time a feature is added the **level of**complexity is increased across the entire development life cycle of the project







#### Features require

- Testing (code level, UAT, Load, Integration etc..)
- Documentation
- Training
- Designing
- Development
- Maintenance







# Have a meeting every time a essential feature is added







# Celebrate every time a essential feature is removed







Menu A has 100 options Menu B has 15 options

# Which one is more complicated to the customer, waiter and chef?







# How many **essential features** do you think Twitter has?







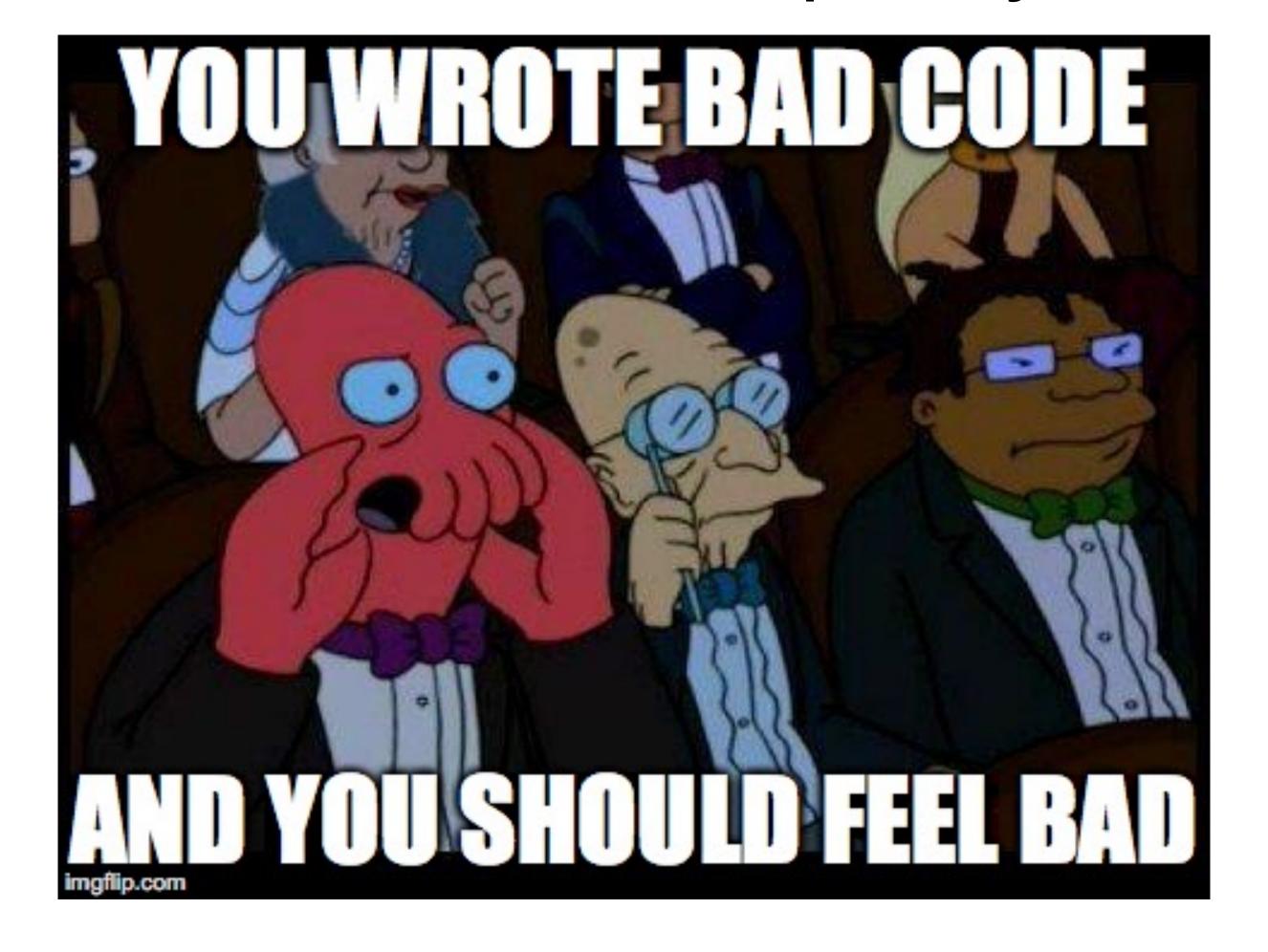
# If you are starting a project from scratch then **ONLY** the essential features should be included in the first release







#### Accidental complexity









#### New Project

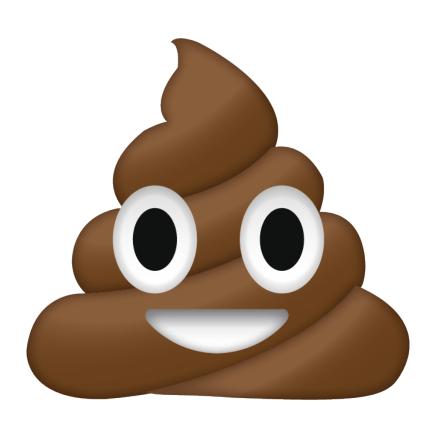


Box fresh shiny toy
- Magpie like





#### Legacy Project



Steaming pile of source code





#### New Project

- You make ALL the accidents

High risk of over generalising the requirements

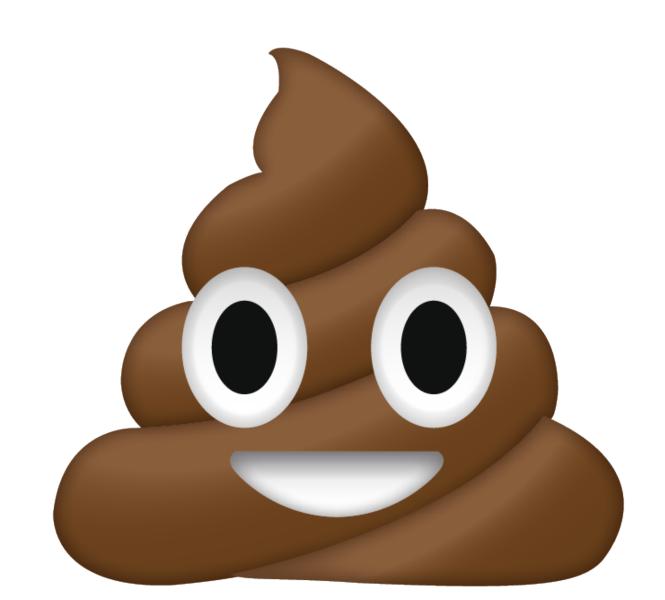
- Keep It Simple Stupid











- If you can, try to **Decouple**, **Downsize** and **Defuse** the complexity from the wider system

- "If it isn't broke don't fix it"

This doesn't make sense in software development



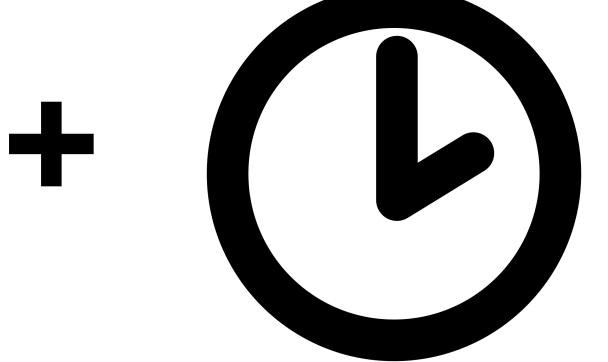


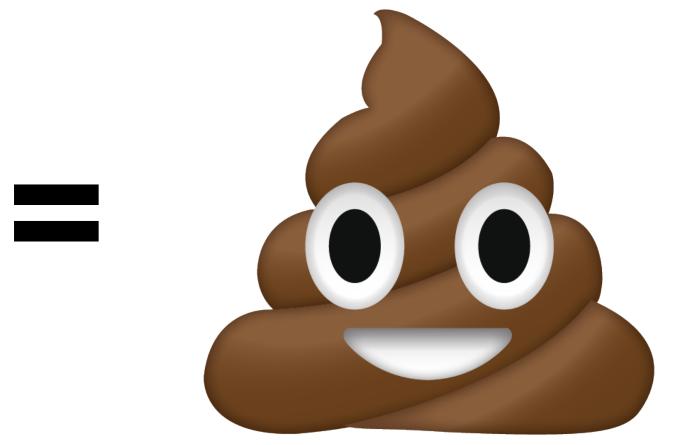


$$A + T = S$$

Accident + Time = Steaming Pile Of Source Code













## The keys to simplicity







# "Software entities are more complex for their size than perhaps any other human construct, because no two parts are alike"

Brooks, F., 1995. *The Mythical Man-Month: Essays on Software Engineering*. 2nd ed. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill: Addison-Wesley.







Don't Repeat Yourself

Don't Over Abstract

Don't Over Generalise







Code that glues two systems together is often easier to write and maintain compared to writing a monolith from scratch







## Buy versus build







### Software should be grown not built







"We still make syntax errors, to be sure; but they are fuzz compared to the **conceptual errors** in most systems. If this is true, building software **will always be hard**. There is inherently **no silver bullet**."

Brooks, F., 1995. *The Mythical Man-Month: Essays on Software Engineering*. 2nd ed. University of North Carolina at Chapel Hill: Addison-Wesley.







## Getting simplicity right is complicated













