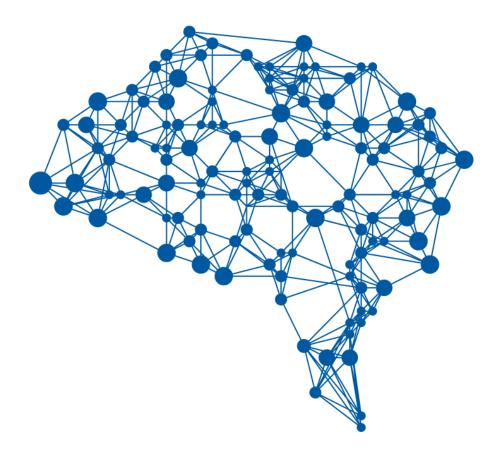
# Deep Learning Homework 4



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# 1 算法实现简介

在这次作业中, 我使用 tensorflow github 中的 cifar10 cnn 代码,进行了一定的修改和调参,希望可以使得算法达到最好的性能。

### 2 数值实验结果

我做了四组数值实验,下面分别将结果展示如下:

#### 2.1 2conv-32-64, ite=50000

```
2017-04-21\ 12:39:10.283589:\ step\ 49950,\ loss=0.76\ (1050.7\ examples/sec;\ 0.122\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 12:39:11.515913:\ step\ 49960,\ loss=0.75\ (1038.7\ examples/sec;\ 0.123\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 12:39:12.732593:\ step\ 49970,\ loss=0.58\ (1052.0\ examples/sec;\ 0.122\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 12:39:13.975698:\ step\ 49980,\ loss=0.59\ (1029.7\ examples/sec;\ 0.124\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 12:39:15.223052:\ step\ 49990,\ loss=0.68\ (1026.2\ examples/sec;\ 0.125\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 12:57:15.110323:\ precision\ @\ 1=0.854
```

#### 2.2 2conv-32-64, ite=438860

```
2017-04-21 10:49:53.340448: step 438820, loss = 0.12 (1148.0 examples/sec; 0.111 sec/batch) 2017-04-21 10:49:54.463862: step 438830, loss = 0.11 (1139.4 examples/sec; 0.112 sec/batch) 2017-04-21 10:49:55.602834: step 438840, loss = 0.11 (1123.8 examples/sec; 0.114 sec/batch) 2017-04-21 10:49:56.711436: step 438850, loss = 0.11 (1154.6 examples/sec; 0.111 sec/batch) 2017-04-21 10:49:57.837942: step 438860, loss = 0.11 (1136.3 examples/sec; 0.113 sec/batch)
```

2017-04-21 10:50:14.644544: precision @ 1 = 0.870

#### 2.3 2conv-32-32-64,ite=50000

```
2017-04-21\ 20:23:15.227485:\ step\ 49950,\ loss=0.77\ (1342.8\ examples/sec;\ 0.095\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 20:23:16.157790:\ step\ 49960,\ loss=0.50\ (1375.9\ examples/sec;\ 0.093\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 20:23:17.112762:\ step\ 49970,\ loss=0.63\ (1340.3\ examples/sec;\ 0.095\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 20:23:18.056657:\ step\ 49980,\ loss=0.62\ (1356.1\ examples/sec;\ 0.094\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 20:23:19.001197:\ step\ 49990,\ loss=0.66\ (1355.1\ examples/sec;\ 0.094\ sec/batch) 2017-04-21\ 21:06:45.512474:\ precision\ @\ 1=0.834
```

#### 2.4 2conv-32-32-64, ite=200000

 $2017\text{-}04\text{-}22 \ 02\text{:}35\text{:}04.625261\text{:} \ \text{step } 199950, \ \log s = 0.32 \ (1304.0 \ \text{examples/sec}; \ 0.098 \ \text{sec/batch}) \ 2017\text{-}04\text{-}22 \ 02\text{:}35\text{:}05.628415\text{:} \ \text{step } 199960, \ \log s = 0.40 \ (1276.0 \ \text{examples/sec}; \ 0.100 \ \text{sec/batch}) \ 2017\text{-}04\text{-}22 \ 02\text{:}35\text{:}06.630871\text{:} \ \text{step } 199970, \ \log s = 0.27 \ (1276.9 \ \text{examples/sec}; \ 0.100 \ \text{sec/batch}) \ 2017\text{-}04\text{-}22 \ 02\text{:}35\text{:}07.636670\text{:} \ \text{step } 199980, \ \log s = 0.30 \ (1272.6 \ \text{examples/sec}; \ 0.101 \ \text{sec/batch}) \ 2017\text{-}04\text{-}22 \ 02\text{:}35\text{:}08.615497\text{:} \ \text{step } 199990, \ \log s = 0.27 \ (1307.7 \ \text{examples/sec}; \ 0.098 \ \text{sec/batch})$ 

2017-04-22 11:42:12.524210: precision @ 1 = 0.853

### 3 代码运行环境及测试平台信息

Python Version: 3.6.0

Tensorflow Version: tensorflow-gpu-1.0.1

CUDA Version: 8.0 OS: Arch Linux

Kernel:  $x86\_64$  Linux 4.10.4-1-ARCH CPU: Intel Core i7-6700K @ 8x 4.2GHz

GPU: GeForce GTX 1060 6GB

RAM: 16003MiB

表 1: 代码运行环境及测试环境表

在没有 NVIDIA GPU 及 CUDA 支持的环境下代码依然可以运行, 只是速度较慢

## 4 总结

针对 cifar10 数据集, cnn 的合适规模大约是两个卷积层, 两层卷积层在 500000 次左右 迭代的效果最好, 过大的规模会降低测试集准确度。