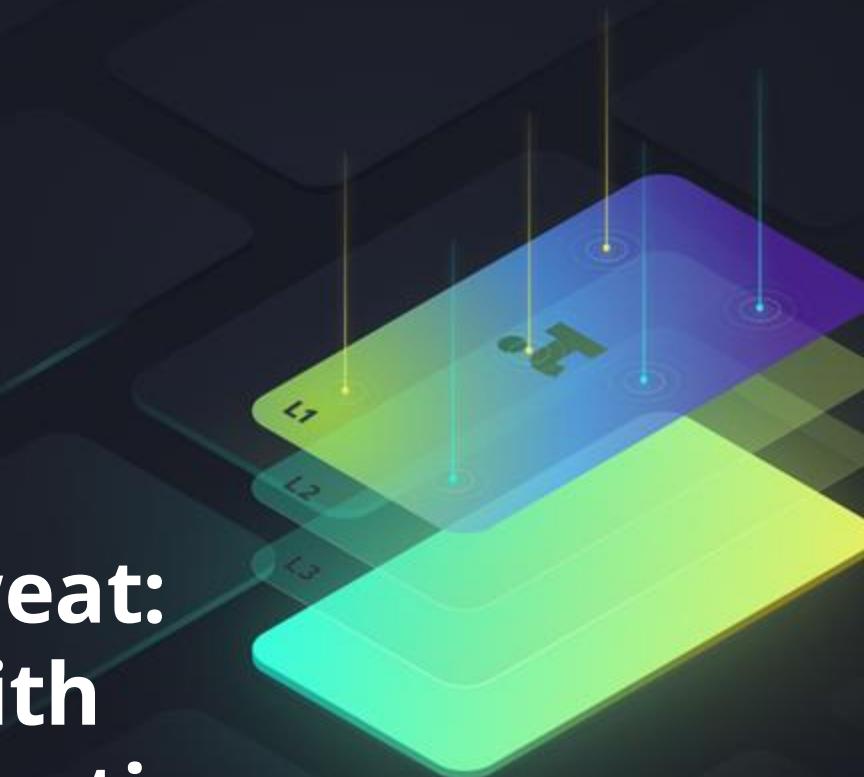


# Mobile App Security Conference

## Making Attackers Sweat: Raising the Bar with Software Protection





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Quarkslab's main representative at GlobalPlatform



# Quarkslab

Securing every bit of your data



× Mobile App Security Conference

French cybersecurity company  
founded in 2011

€ 8m fundraising in 2020

110+ employees  
20% PhDs

324 conferences  
247 Blogposts <https://blog.quarkslab.com>  
51 academic articles

Security audit, pentesting, vulnerability research

Software protection

- Obfuscation, RASP, Integrity
- Whitebox cryptography
- Secure data storage

Offices in France and Argentina

# Attacking an EV Supply Equipment through its companion app



Ricardo Mori



Alex Chazal



Robin David



## Autel MaxiCharger AC Wallbox:

- residential and commercial
- connected (USB, Ethernet, Bluetooth, WiFi, NFC)
- access via apps iOS/Android
- billing features
- FOTA



## Compromise the EV charger:

- get **free charging**
- **damage** car/battery
- get **access** to:
  - home/company network
  - nearby devices
  - cloud-based vendor back-end
  - ...

## I - Firmware retrieval – 3 days

App reversal to find firmware retrieval URL



- Packed with SecNeo
- Dynamic analysis to retrieve app code
- Static analysis to retrieve URL

## II - Firmware decryption – 3 days

Firmware was encrypted:

- Call in a **crypt-analyst**

## IV – Exploitation - 7days

- **2 exploitation chains** (Bluetooth, USB)
- Persistent across firmware updates
- Did not work on day-D: different firmware version



## III – Vulnerability research – 20 days

Firmware analysis:

- No mitigations / protections (ASLR, obfuscation)
- No symbols:
  - use **internal tool** for function similarity -> FreeRTOS
- Static analysis to identify 3 vulnerabilities:
  - Bluetooth stack: 2 vulns
  - USB stack: 1 vuln

# Why it's important to protect IoT devices and their companion apps?

They provide:

- a window into your home/company network
- access to the devices they interact with
- access to cloud-based services



Don't let them be the weakest link of  
your security posture

	Firmware retrieval	Firmware decryption	Vulnerability discovery	Exploitation	Total
Actual case	3 p.days	3 p.days	20 p.days	7 p.days	33 p.days
No protection			20 p.days with internal tool	7 p.days	
Light protection	3 p.days <b>Packing</b>	3 p.days + crypt-analyst <b>light encryption</b>			
Strong protection					

	Firmware retrieval	Firmware decryption	Vulnerability discovery	Exploitation	Total
Actual case	3 p.days	3 p.days	20 p.days	7 p.days	33 p.days
No protection	A few hours	0 p.days	20 p.days with internal tool	7 p.days	27 p.days
Light protection	3 p.days <b>Packing</b>	3 p.days + crypt-analyst <b>light encryption</b>			
Strong protection					

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Light protection	3 p.days <b>Packing</b>	3 p.days + crypt-analyst <b>light encryption</b>	~ 26 p.days <b>light obfuscation:</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>FreeRTOS: a few days</li><li>applicative part: a few days</li></ul>	7 p.days + additional time per version	~ 39 p.days <b>above allocated time</b>
Strong protection					

	Firmware retrieval	Firmware decryption	Vulnerability discovery	Exploitation	Total
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Strong protection	<b>~ 6-11 p.days</b> <b>RASP</b>	<b>~ 7-14 p.days</b> <b>strong encryption</b>  <b>~ 5-20 days</b> <b>WB encryption</b>	<b>not possible in allocated time:</b> -> change of attack techniques  <b>heavy obfuscation</b>	?? + greater additional time per version	  <b>above allocated time</b>

# Application protection



## PROTECT

### Behavior

- safety, security, revenues

### Sensitive data

- credentials, keys,...
- operating parameters

### Algorithms

- IP/proprietary technology



## THREATS

- Static binary analysis
- Dynamic binary analysis
- Symbolic execution
- Fault-injection
- Side-channel attacks
- Vulnerability exploitation



## ENSURE

### Integrity

- Application signature
- Code integrity
- Compiler/linker options
- RASP

### Confidentiality

- Code obfuscation
- Whitebox cryptography

# Obfuscation: make your code harder to understand



## Complexify / Hide

- Application/program structure (call graph)
- Functions structure (control flow graph)
- Instructions/operations
- Constants
  - meaningful scalars
  - strings, arrays,...

## Diversify

- Protect different versions differently
- Protect several instances of a given version differently

# Obfuscation: make your code harder to understand *automatically*



```
int main (void)  
{  
    ...  
    return 0;  
}
```

Obfuscating compiler



```
9f2a4cd86e3b  
157c0a8d4b7e  
f390c12dd57a  
b6e4c1f8923b  
0db47e0da3f  
298c6d5...
```



# Obfuscation: make your code harder to understand

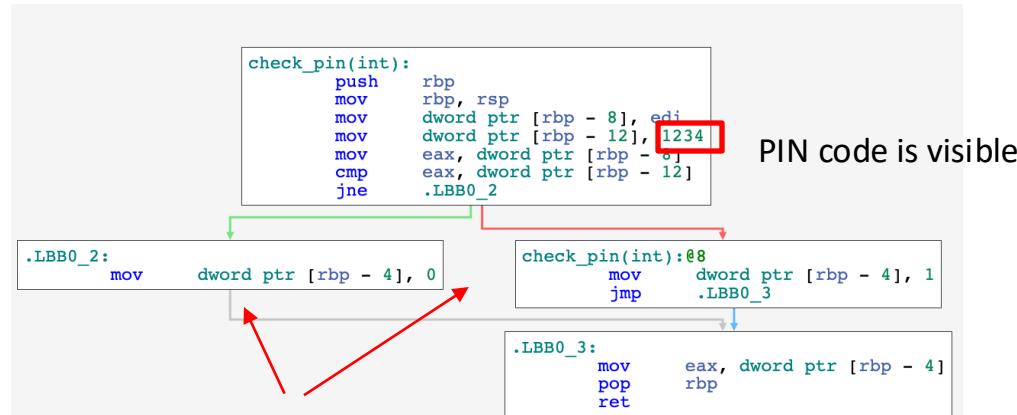
Simple PIN code check  
Source Code

```
int check_pin(int num) {  
    int pin = 1234;  
    if (num == pin)  
        return 1;  
    else  
        return 0;  
}
```

normal compilation

BEFORE protection

unobfuscated assembly code view



PIN code is visible

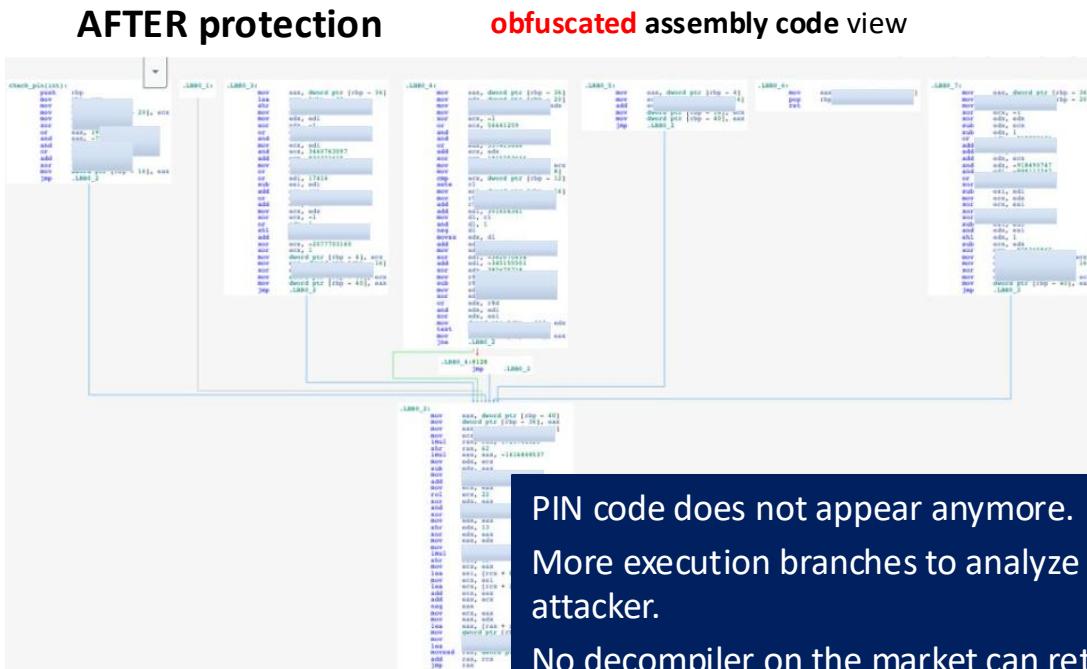
Easy to spot 2 execution branches

# Obfuscation: make your code harder to understand

## Simple PIN code check Source Code

```
int check_pin(int num) {  
    int pin = 1234;  
    if (num == pin)  
        return 1;  
    else  
        return 0;  
}
```

Obfuscation

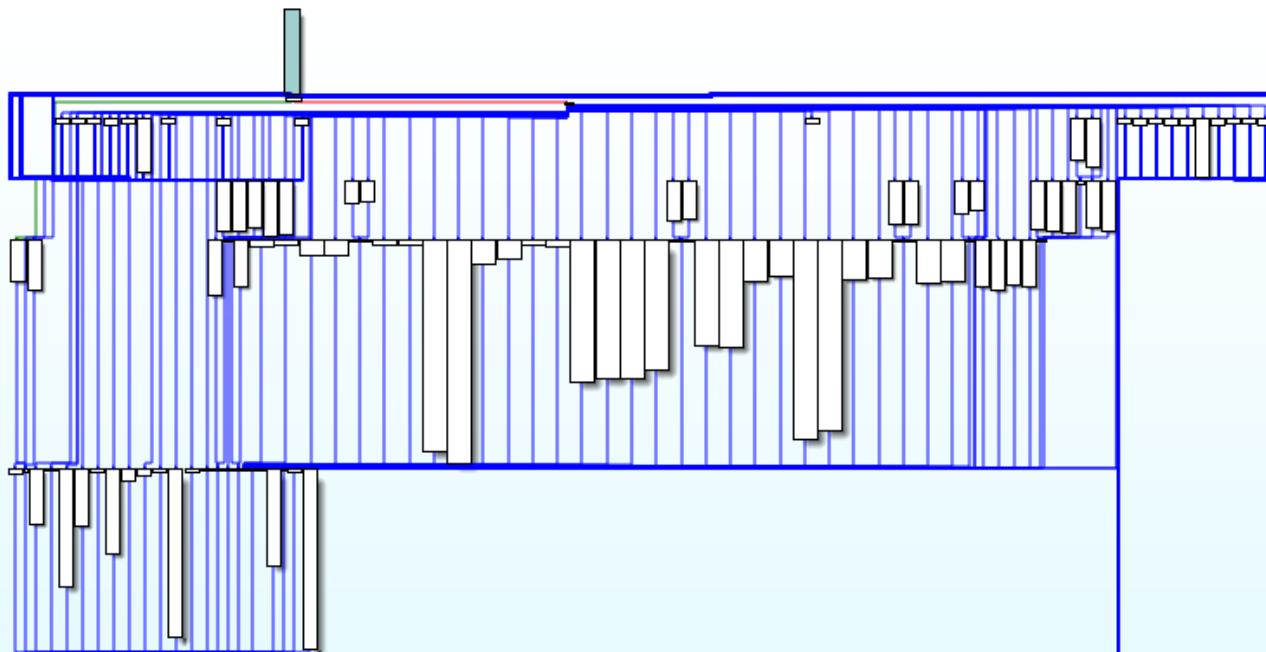


PIN code does not appear anymore.

More execution branches to analyze for an attacker.

No decompiler on the market can retrieve the original code

# OBFUSCATION: a more complex example



# RAISE THE BAR FOR ATTACKERS

**Slow them down, raise the required level of expertise!**

**... but no technique alone is sufficient to protect code/data:**

- **Combine and layer software protections**
  - Obfuscation, RASP, integrity, encryption,...
- **Combine software and hardware protections**
  - HW secure enclaves, memory encryption engines,...
- **Diversify: protect each version of your code differently**
  - Or even each instance when possible
- **Don't just protect sensitive assets**
  - Spread protection everywhere to reduce attack surface



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Thank you!

