## A\* algorithm (U, V, C, D)

- 1. Let U be source and V be destination.
- 2. Start traversing from the U.
- 3. Let C = h(n) and D = g(n).
- 4. Let Ui=(U1,U2,....,Un) where U1 to Un are intermediate nodes between U and V.
- 5. If U ==> V is directly connected

$$f(n) = h(n) + g(n)$$

where g(n) is backtracking distance

else U => V is not directly connected

$$f(n) = h(n) + g(n)$$

where g(n) is distance which is summation of distance from destination to source node.

6. Total A\* cost  $f(i) = \sum_{n=1}^{i} f(n)$  summation from U to V.