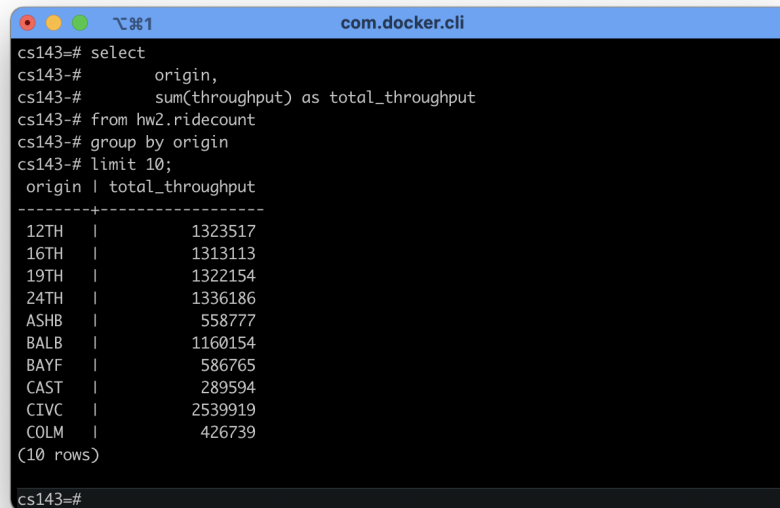


Homework 2

part 1

1a

```
select
    origin,
    sum(throughput) as total_throughput
from hw2.ridecount
group by origin
limit 10;
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window titled "com.docker.cli" with a prompt "cs143=#". The user enters a SQL query to select the origin and the sum of throughput from the hw2.ridecount table, grouped by origin, with a limit of 10. The output is a table with 10 rows, showing origins and their corresponding total throughput values.

```
cs143=# select
cs143-#      origin,
cs143-#      sum(throughput) as total_throughput
cs143-# from hw2.ridecount
cs143-# group by origin
cs143-# limit 10;
origin | total_throughput
-----+-----
12TH   | 1323517
16TH   | 1313113
19TH   | 1322154
24TH   | 1336186
ASHB   | 558777
BALB   | 1160154
BAYF   | 586765
CAST   | 289594
CIVC   | 2539919
COLM   | 426739
(10 rows)

cs143=#
```

1b

```
select
    name,
    location,
    sum(hw2.ridecount.throughput) as total_throughput
from hw2.station
join hw2.ridecount
on ridecount.origin = station.abbreviation
group by name, location
having sum(hw2.ridecount.throughput) > 100000
limit 10;
```

```
com.docker.cli
cs143=# select
cs143-#      name,
cs143-#      location,
cs143-#      sum(hw2.ridecount.throughput) as total_throughput
cs143-# from hw2.station
cs143-# join hw2.ridecount
cs143-# on ridecount.origin = station.abbreviation
cs143-# group by name, location
cs143-# having sum(hw2.ridecount.throughput) > 100000
cs143-# limit 10;
-----+-----+-----
name | location | total_throughput
-----+-----+-----
12th St. Oakland City Center (12TH) | Oakland | 1323517
16th St. Mission (16TH) | San Francisco | 1313113
19th St. Oakland (19TH) | Oakland | 1322154
24th St. Mission (24TH) | San Francisco | 1336186
Ashby (ASHB) | Berkeley | 558777
Balboa Park (BALB) | San Francisco | 1160154
Bay Fair (BAYF) | San Leandro | 586765
Castro Valley (CAST) | Castro Valley | 289594
Civic Center/UN Plaza (CIVC) | San Francisco | 2539919
Coliseum/Oakland Airport (COLS) | Oakland | 684904
(10 rows)
cs143=#
```

1c

```
select
  o.location as location_origin,
  d.location as location_destination,
  sum(throughput) as total_rides
from hw2.ridecount r
join hw2.station o
on r.origin = o.abbreviation
join hw2.station d
on r.destination = d.abbreviation
group by location_origin, location_destination
order by total_rides desc
limit 10;
```

```
com.docker.cli
cs143=# select
cs143-#       o.location as location_origin,
cs143-#       d.location as location_destination,
cs143-#       sum(throughput) as total_rides
cs143-# from hw2.ridecount r
cs143-# join hw2.station o
cs143-# on r.origin = o.abbreviation
cs143-# join hw2.station d
cs143-# on r.destination = d.abbreviation
cs143-# group by location_origin, location_destination
cs143-# order by total_rides desc
cs143-# limit 10;
location_origin | location_destination | total_rides
-----
San Francisco  | San Francisco         | 6406085
San Francisco  | Oakland               | 3923381
Oakland        | San Francisco         | 3835810
San Francisco  | Berkeley              | 1113659
Berkeley       | San Francisco         | 1059120
San Francisco  | Walnut Creek          | 924245
Walnut Creek   | San Francisco         | 919046
Oakland        | Oakland               | 869137
San Francisco  | El Cerrito            | 705177
El Cerrito     | San Francisco         | 650115
(10 rows)
```

1d

```
select throughput, origin, destination, tstamp
from hw2.ridecount
where throughput = (select max(throughput) from hw2.ridecount);
```

```
com.docker.cli
cs143=# select throughput, origin, destination, tstamp
cs143-# from hw2.ridecount
cs143-# where throughput = (select max(throughput) from hw2.ridecount);
throughput | origin | destination | tstamp
-----
1826 | 24TH | CIVC | 2017-01-21 16:00:00
(1 row)
```

part2

2a

Origin, Destination, Hour $\gamma_{\text{avg(Throughput)}}(\sigma_{\text{Throughput} \neq 0}(\text{RideCountWeekday}))$

2b

```
select
    a.location as origin,
    b.location as destination,
    tstamp as date_hour
from hw2.ridecount
join hw2.station a
on hw2.ridecount.origin = a.abbreviation
join hw2.station b
on hw2.ridecount.destination = b.abbreviation
where a.location = 'San Francisco' and b.location = 'San Francisco'
```

$$\Pi_{\text{Origin, Destination, Date, Hour, Throughput}} \sigma_{a.\text{location} = \text{"San Francisco"} \wedge b.\text{location} = \text{"San Francisco"}} \left(\left(\text{RideCount} \bowtie_{\text{RideCount.origin} = a.\text{abbreviation}} \rho_a(\text{station}) \right) \bowtie_{\text{RideCount.destination} = b.\text{abbreviation}} \rho_b(\text{station}) \right)$$

part 3

```
create type flag as enum ('online', 'offline', 'lost/stolen');

create table scooter (
    scooter_id smallint not null, -- primary key not null
    status flag not null,
    primary key (scooter_id)
);

create table customer (
    user_id integer not null, -- primary key not null
    ccnum numeric(16),
    expdate timestamptz,
    email varchar(100) not null,
    primary key (user_id)
);

create table trip (
    trip_id integer not null, -- primary key not null
    user_id integer not null, -- foreign key not null
    scooter_id smallint not null, -- foreign key not null
    start_time timestamptz not null default current_timestamp,
    end_time timestamptz,
    pickup point not null,
    dropoff point,
    foreign key (user_id) references customer(user_id),
    foreign key (scooter_id) references scooter(scooter_id),
    primary key (trip_id)
);
```