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## Part1

# **Implement Code**

```
// 1.
    private static long getClock() {
        // TO BE IMPLEMENTED
        return System.nanoTime();
   }
    // 2.
    private static double toMillisecs(long ticks) {
        // TO BE IMPLEMENTED
       return ticks * 1E-6;
    }
    // 3.
    public <T, U> double repeat(int n, Supplier<T>
supplier, Function<T, U> function, UnaryOperator<T>
preFunction, Consumer<U> postFunction) {
        logger.trace("repeat: with " + n + " runs");
        this.running = false;
       this.ticks = 0;
        for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            T value = supplier.get();
            if(Objects.nonNull(preFunction))
                value = preFunction.apply(value);
            resume();
            U result = function.apply(value);
            pauseAndLap();
            if(Objects.nonNull(postFunction))
                postFunction.accept(result);
       return meanLapTime();
```

#### **Passed Test**

### Part2

#### **Implement Code**

```
public void sort(X[] xs, int from, int to) {
        rangeCheck(xs.length, from, to);
        final Helper<X> helper = getHelper();
        // TO BE IMPLEMENTED
        for (int i = from+1; i < to; i++) {</pre>
            for (int j = i - 1; j \ge 0; j--) {
                if(helper.compare(xs, j, j+1) > 0) {
                // if (xs[j].compareTo(xs[j + 1]) > 0) {
                    helper.swap(xs, j, j + 1);
                } else {
                    break;
                }
            }
        }
    }
    // 2.
    static void rangeCheck(int arrayLength, int
fromIndex, int toIndex) {
        if (fromIndex > toIndex) {
            throw new
IllegalArgumentException("fromIndex(" + fromIndex + ") >
toIndex(" + toIndex + ")");
        } else if (fromIndex < 0) {</pre>
```

```
throw new
ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException(fromIndex);
        } else if (toIndex > arrayLength) {
            throw new
ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException(toIndex);
    }
    // 3. main method
public static void main(String[] args) throws IOException
        int repeatTimes = 5;
        int n = 100;
        Config config = Config.load();
        Helper<Integer> helper =
HelperFactory.create("InsertionSort", n, config);
        helper.init(n);
        Integer[] nums = helper.random(Integer.class, r -
> r.nextInt(1000));
        // random
        double meanTime = new Timer().repeat(repeatTimes,
() \rightarrow nums, t \rightarrow {
            SortWithHelper<Integer> sorter = new
InsertionSort<>(helper);
            t = sorter.sort(t);
            assertTrue(helper.sorted(t));
            return null;
        });
        logger.info("random: "+meanTime);
        // ordered
        meanTime = new Timer().repeat(repeatTimes, () ->
nums, t \rightarrow {}
            SortWithHelper<Integer> sorter = new
InsertionSort<>(helper);
            t = sorter.sort(t);
            assertTrue(helper.sorted(t));
            return null;
        });
        logger.info("ordered: "+meanTime);
        // partially-order
        UnaryOperator<Integer[]> partiallySort = t->{
```

```
SortWithHelper<Integer> sorter = new
InsertionSort<>(helper);
            Random random = new Random();
            int max = random.nextInt(t.length);
            int min = random.nextInt(max);
            sorter.sort(t, min, max);
            return t;
        };
        meanTime = new Timer().repeat(repeatTimes, () ->
nums, t \rightarrow {}
            SortWithHelper<Integer> sorter = new
InsertionSort<>(helper);
            t = sorter.sort(t);
            assertTrue(helper.sorted(t));
            return null;
        }, partiallySort, null);
        logger.info("partially-order: "+meanTime);
        // reversed-order
        UnaryOperator<Integer[]> totalSort = t -> {
Arrays.stream(t).sorted(Comparator.reverseOrder()).toArra
y(Integer[]::new);
        meanTime = new Timer().repeat(repeatTimes, () ->
nums, t \rightarrow {}
            SortWithHelper<Integer> sorter = new
InsertionSort<>(helper);
            t = sorter.sort(t);
            assertTrue(helper.sorted(t));
            return null;
        }, totalSort, null);
        logger.info("reversed-order: "+meanTime);
    }
```

**Screenshot** 

```
NOG206 src main juva edu new coe inco205 sort srple @ membrodort

| manipulation | main juva | manipulation | main membrodort | main membr
```

#### **Passed Test**

```
| Project | Did |
```

### Conclusion

As the screenshot shown, the reversed-order array is the most time-consuming.

The number of comparisons is not certain. The less the number of comparisons, the more the data movement after the insertion point, especially when the total amount of data is huge.

The best time complexity is O(n) when the array is in order, and the worst time complexity is  $O(n^2)$  when the array is in reverse order. It is known that the average time complexity of inserting an element into an ordered array is O(n), then n operations are performed, so the average time complexity is  $O(n^2)$ .