視訊通訊 final project – Motion Interpolation

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- 1. Problem Definition
 - Implement "Motion Interpolation":
 - (1) Add new frames between old ones so as to double the frame rate.
 - (2) Code working on CIF, QCIF files and written in python.
- 2. Algorithm

Assumption:

Any motion between two consecutive original frames is rectilinear and uniform.

Linear motion compensated interpolation $MAD(i,j) = \left(\frac{1}{N*N}\right) * \left[\sum_{x=0}^{N-1} \sum_{y=0}^{N-1} \left| f_{k-1}(x,y) - f_{k+1}(x+i,y+j) \right| \right]$ $V\left(MV_x, MV_y\right) = \arg \min \left\{ MAD\left(i,j\right) \right\}$ $f_k(x,y) = \frac{1}{2} \left\{ f_{k-1}(x,y) + \left[f_{k+1}\left(x - \frac{MVx}{2}, y - \frac{MVy}{2}\right) \right] \right\}$

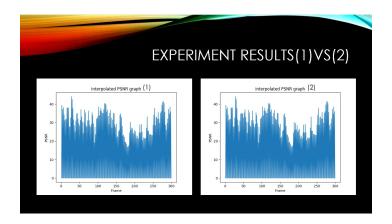
fk is the interpolating frame. MVx,y is the vector between fk-1 and fk+1.

Flow Chart:

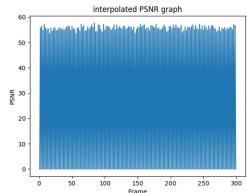


3. Experiment Results









4. Discussions

- (1) Limitations of generating unknown part
- (2) Referencing more frames to confirm accurate vectors
- (3) A useful algorithm of motion search considered
- (4) No machine learning:
 - -> each video can be interpolated fast
 - -> Still owns its mediate accuracy PSNR
 - -> Can implement and test on different sets of videos without model