BEE SWARM POPULATION SIZE

A deterministic model to explore the essential swarm size to start a successful bee colony. By: Kyle, Hadleigh, & Ricky.

OBJECTIVE

- ➤ To approximate the population of a single bee colony over the course of three years in order to the number of bees required to start a successful hive
- ➤ Useful for bee keepers seeking to begin new hives, or wanting to artificially split a hive

METHODOLOGY

- ➤ We are using data from a variety of beekeepers to set our parameters, which include
 - > Birth and death rates during different seasons.
 - ➤ Average swarm sizes.
 - The maturation periods for eggs, and larvae.
 - ➤ Varied hive starting size
- ➤ Coding structure

METHODOLOGY

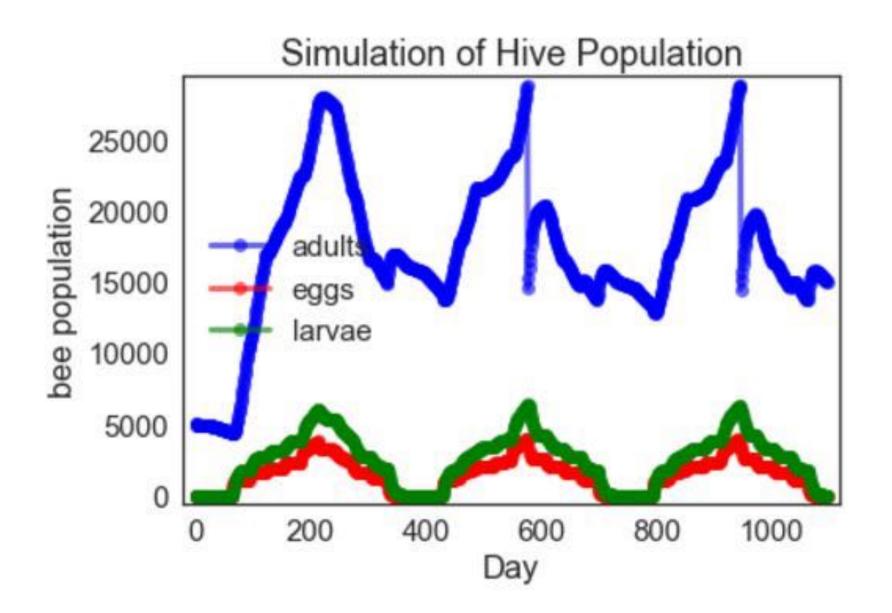
Paramaters

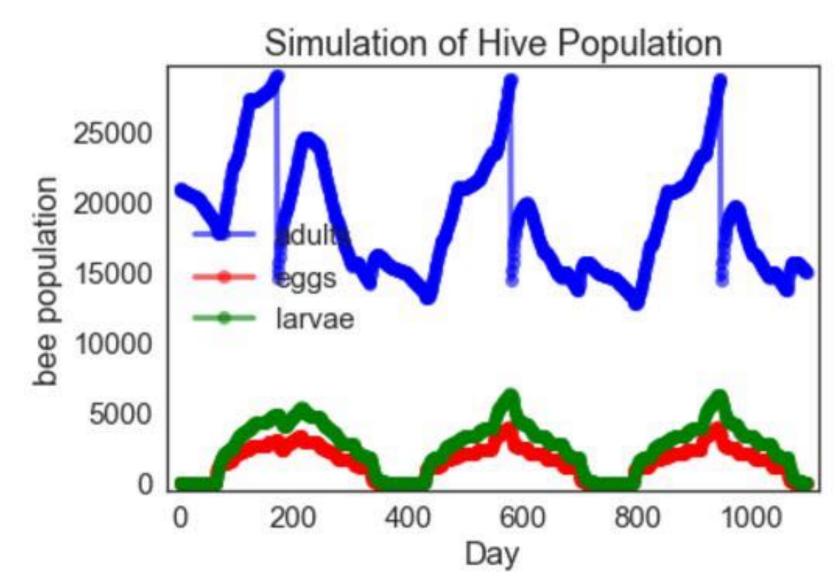
- ➤ Birth and death rates during different seasons.
- > Average swarm sizes.
- The maturation periods for eggs, and larvae.
- ➤ Varied hive starting size

Coding Structure

- ➤ Used 12 part piecewise function to model changing birth and death rates throughout the year
- ➤ Called the varied birth and death rates using a separate function we called with in our simulation.
- Swept parameters to test different initial population sizes

RESULTS





- Plot of bee population within a single hive within 3 year.
- Hive splits when population reaches 30,000

CONCLUSIONS

- ➤ Bee populations converge to the same population curve within 3 years
- ➤ Limitations include
 - ➤ Not reliable for populations < 3000
 - ➤ Does not account for weather/environmental changes between years