ENGLISH-SANSKRIT DICTIONARY

A

A or (before vowels) An: I. This article has no equiv, in Sanskrit and is expressed by the singular number alone: there is a large silk-cotton tree on the banks of the Godavari अस्ति गोदावरीतीरे विशालः शाल्मलीतरुः H. i. ; there was a king named Cintamani अभूद्राजा चिन्तामणि-नीम Va. II. But कश्चित् (काचित्, किञ्चित्) should be addded when special attention is directed to the object: a (certain) Yaksha कश्चिद् यद्धाः, Me. I. 1.; A (certain) saint named Marichi कश्चित्मरीचिनीम महर्षिः, D. iii. III. When it means a species of, विशेष:, भेदः, etc. should be added: Asoka is a tree अशोको वृद्धविशेष:. IV. When used distributively, (a) expr. by avy. comp. with प्रति, or, by the repetition of the word in proper agreement with the verb: give (me) 500 sovereign a day प्रत्यहं सुवर्णपञ्चशतानि देहि, H. iii; (b) the simple gen. may be used in connection with num. adverbs: dinner twice a day द्विरह्नो मोजनम्, V. In O. E. sometimes = on, in, for: q.v.: the world runs awheel *चक्रैर्जगद्धावति.

ABAFT : पश्चाद्भागे (with gen.) : a. the mast *गुणवृत्तस्य पश्चाद्भागे.

Аванdon: (1) त्यजति, परि-,सं-, (त्यज्, с. 1.); (2) जहाति, वि-, क्षप-, (हा, с. 3.); (3) उज्मति, सम्-, प्र-, (उज्म्, с. 6.); (4) उत्-स्जति, वि-, (सज्, с. 6.).

ABANDONED: I. Lit. ন্যক: (কা, ক'): v. To abandon. II. Fig.: extremely wicked: q. v. (1) দ্বন্থ: (ছা, ছ'); (2) অণ্ডিনবুন: (না, ন্ত্ৰ) (- of a character).

ABANDONMENT: (1) त्याग:; (2) परित्याग:; (3) उत्सर्ग:; Ph: a. of wordly connexions: सन्नास:

Аваse: (1) अभि भवति (भू, с. 1.); (2) नमयति (с. of नम्): v. To humble, to lower.

ABASEMENT : अभिमन: : V. Humiliation.

Abash: (1) ह्रेपयित (c. of हो); (2) लङ्जयित (c. of लङ्ज).

ABATE (v.t.): I. To lessen, diminish: q. v. ज्यप्ति (nomi). II. Leg. t. t., To put down: q.v.

Авате (v i.): (1) च्लायते (Pass. of च्ला); (2) प्रि-हीयते. (Pass. of हा); (3) अप-चीयते (Pass. of च): v. To decrease.

ABATEMENT: I. Decrease, diminution: q.v.: हास: II. Diminution of price: Ph. I will make an a. of five per cent *पञ्चनं रातं लघ्यामि. III. Leg. t. t.: v. Failure.

Abbess: (1) विहारपालिनी; (2) मठाध्यत्ता.

Аввеу: (1) विहार: ; (2) но:.

Аввот: (1) विहारपति:; (2) मठाध्यत्तः; (3) मठाधीशः

Abbreviate : सम्-िच्चपित (च्चिप् c. 6.) : v. To contract, shorten.

Abbreviation: (1) संदोप: ; (2) समास: ; (3) संग्रह:

Abdicate (v.i.) : *राज्यं स्वाधिकारं वा त्यजति, परि-त्यजति

Abdicate (v.t.) : त्यजति, परि-, (त्यज्, c. i.): v. To resign.

Abdication: (1) त्यागः, परित्यागः (when the sense is clear); (2) राज्यत्यागः (=a. of a throne); (3) पदत्यागः (of an office).

Abdomen: (1) विस्तः; (2) उदरम्: v. Belly.

ABDUCT : हरति, अप-, (ह, c. 1.), Si. i. 51.

Abduction: (1) हरणम्; (2) अपहरणम्.

ABERRATION: (1) अन: ; (2) विश्रम: ; (3) उन्मार्ध-गमनम्. Ph. a. of mind मितिश्रम:, Sa. vi. : a. of light *तेजोभ्रान्तिः

ABET: प्रोत्-साहयति (c. of सह्): v. To aid, instigate, encourage.