CLOISTER: I. A portico: q.v. II. A monastery : q.v.: विहार:.

CLOISTRAL: v. Monastic.

CLOISTER

Close (v.t.) : I. To shut : q.v. : अपि-द्धाति (धा, c. 3), c. the back door : पिधे हि पद्मद्वारकम्, Mr.; to c. the eyes: लोचने मीलयति, नि-, (c. of मोल), Me. II. To bring into contact : संहन्ति (हन्, c. 2). III. To conclude, finish : q.v.: समापयति (c. of आप्). IV. To confine: q.v. To c. in or round : परिवृणोति : v. To surround.

Close (v.i.): I. To come together: (1) नि-मौलति (मील्, c. 1) (of the eye); (2) समा-रोहति (रुह्, c. 1) (of wounds).: v. To unite. II. To come to an end : expr. by अवसित: (ता, तं), समाप्तः (प्ता, प्तं), etc.; when he c. d: वचस्यवसिते तस्मिन्, Ku.

CLOSE ON Or UPON: स्थिरीकरोति: V. Agree, decide.

CLOSE UP: आवृणोति (वृ, c. 5): v. To block up. CLOSE WITH: I. To close on: q.v. II. To unite with : q.v. III. To grapple with : संगच्छति (गम्, c. 4), समेति (इ, c. 2), etc.

Close (adj.): I. Shut fast: (1) पिहित: (ता, तं); (2) संवृतः (ता, तं); (3) बद्धः (द्धा, द्धं) (=bound). II. Secret, retired: q.v.: विविक्तः (का, क्तं). III. Confined, as air : निरुद्धः (द्धा, द्धं). IV. Reticent, taciturn: q.v. V. Niggardly : q.v. : बद्धमुप्टि (mfn.). VI. Dense, compact : q.v. : घन: (ना, नं). VII. Adjoining, near : q.v. : सन्निहितः (ता, तं), are always c. at hand : हस्ते नित्यसान्निध्यानि, D. VIII. Of style: v. Concise. IX. Intimate: (1) घनः (ना, नं) ; (2) निविदः (हा हं), very c. friendship: निविडतमा मैत्री, Bha. X. Accurate, careful: q.v.

CLOSE (adv.): I. Densely: q.v. II. Near: q.v.: (1) उपान्ते; (2) समीपतः.

Close (subs.): I. An enclosure : q.v. : वृति:. II. End, termination : q.v. : अवसानम्, c. of the day: दिवावसानम, R. III. Junction: q.v.

Close-fisted, Close-handed : बद्धमुष्टि (mfn.), your c. ness in giving me a look : इष्टिदाने तव बद्ध-मुष्टिता, N.

CLOSELY: v. Densely; nearly; strictly; accurately; firmly; secretly.

Closeness: I. Compact: q.v.: वनता. II. Nearness: q.v. : नैकट्यम्. III. Niggardliness: q.v. IV. Of air: निरुद्धवातता. V. Of style: v. Conciseness. VI. Narrowness: q.v. VII. Accuracy: q.v. VIII. Secrecy: q.v. CLOSE-STOOL: *उपशयनपीठम् ; विण्मूत्राधार्:.

CLOSET (subs.) : कोष्ट:.

CLOSET (v.): I. To conceal: q.v. II. To consult: q.v.

СLOT (v.t.): पिण्ड (mn.).

CLot(v.): (1) पिण्डीभवति ; (2) घनीभवति. C. tedhair: जटा, -जुट:.

Cloth: I. Lit.: (1) акян, coarse с. स्थलवस्त्रम, P. ii. 5.; fine c.: सूद्रमवस्त्रम, N. com.; (2) पट: or पट्ट:, making of different kinds of c. : अनेक-विधपटरचना, P. ii. 5.: v. Also clothes. II. A profession: q.v.

CLOTHE (v.): I. To put on c. s: c. ing herself: गृहीतवस्त्रा, Ku.; c. ing himself: परिधाय वाससी, K.: v. To put on clothes. II. To invest with raiment : वस्त्रं etc. परिधापयति (c. of धा) or वासयति (c. of वस). III. To provide with c. s: but should feed and c. her: ग्रासाच्छादनन्तु देयमेव, K. b. IV. To cover or invest: q.v.

CLOTHES, CLOTHING: (1) वसन्म, when (her) c. were being drawn off: आकृष्यमाणे वसने, Mah.; (2) वस्त्रम्, taking off c.: वस्त्राणि मोचयित्वा, P.; (3) वासस् (n.), Basantasenā's c. are wet : हिन्ते वाससी वसन्तसेनायाः, Mr.; (4) अंशुक्रम्; (5) अम्बरम् (rare); (6) परिच्छद:, pretty c. कमनीयपरि-च्छद:, Ki.; (7) परिधानम् (=under-c.), by whom even her c. was taken away : येनास्या: परिधानमप्य-पहतम, Ve. N.B. The first five words gen. = a single piece of cloth and their dual is often used to denote a suit of c. as the Hindu's dress consisted only of two pieces of garment: v. Dress.

CLOTHIER: (1) पट- or पट्टकार: (maker); (2) वस्त्रविक्रेतृ (m.) (seller).

CLOUD (subs.): (1) मेघ: ; (2) जलद: ; (3) जल-