
Robot Classify

Release Alpha

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INSTALATION AND OVERVIEW

1.1 Introduction

RobotClassify allows for non-data scientist such as citizen developers and other operational people involved with analyzing and reporting on business data. The goal is to automate the entire ML process (feature-engineering, training, prediction).

This version of the app is optimized for loading datafiles to train with, and test files for predctiona, optimized for submission in Kaggle competitions. Currently, we only support Machine Learning classification problems. The Machine Learning component is based upon mLib, a library that I created to put into code, techniques I have learning during my ML course work. T

My motivation for project centers around my interest in machine learning for citizen developers. Taking the complicated tasked of feature engineering, model selection, and training and makeing it a simple point and click excersie without any prior machine learning training.

Using RobotClassify requires four simple steps that can all be accomplished via the RobotClassify.herokuapp.com.

**. LOAD A CSV DATA FILE. THIS IS DONE BE CREATING A PROJECT
AND SPECIFING THE TRAINING AND TEST FILES (EXAMPLES ARE
FOUNX IN THE EXAMPLES FOLDER)**

. CREATE A RUN. THE RUN RECORD DEFINES THE FILE ATTRIBUTES AND THE NATURE OF THE TRAINING. FOR THIS, WE NEED TO SPECIFY:

- The target variable that is to be predicted
- Record Key column
- Predict set out. These are the columns that are used to create the predict file in a format that can be used to submit the test results in a Kaggle competition
- Classification model to train
- Scoring method
- Algorithm type (There are two approaches used to automate feature engineering)

. RUN THE TRAINING

. REVIEW THE RESULTS

5.1 Implementation Overview

The application is build with Flask and Flask What-the-forms for the frontend.

Roles There are two roles: Editor: Able to create, update, train and delete projects and training runs Viewer: Only able to view results

5.1.1 API End Points

The following APIs endpoints are available. Detailed html documentation can be found at <https://robotclassify.herokuapp.com/docs/index.html>

– Home Page –

- GET / (home)

– Documentation Page –

- GET /docs/index.html

— Projects —

- GET /projects (List all projects) - get:project
- GET /projects/int:project_id (Project page) - get:project
- POST/GET /projects/create (create a new project) - post:project
- PATCH /projects/int:project_id/edit (edit a project) - patch:project
- DELETE /projects//delete (Delete a project) - delete:project

— Runs —

- GET /runs/int:run_id (Display a run results) - get:run
- GET/POST /runs/create/int:project_id (Create a run) - get:post
- DELETE /runs/int:run_id/delete (Delete a run) - delete:post
- PATCH /run/int:run_id/edit (edit a run) - patch:run

— Train —

- GET /train/int:run_id (run ML training for a run) post:train
- GET /train/int:run_id/download (download testing results file, .. code-block:
kaggle file) get:train

5.2 Project dependencies, local development and hosting instructions

- Detailed instructions for scripts to install any project dependencies, and to run the development server.
- Documentation of API behavior and RBAC controls

5.3 Runing and Testing Instrunctions

URL: <https://robotclassify.herokuapp.com/>

There are three approaches to running and evaluating RobotClassify:

. UNITTEST

. CURL

There are scripts to help with each one.

For example, the Titanic Kaggle competition (<https://www.kaggle.com/c/titanic.com>), provides two data sets, the Training set and test set. Loading these into Robot Classify, we would set the run parameters as follows:

- Target Variable: Survived
- Record Key: PassengerID
- Predict set out: Survived, PassengerID
- Classification model: xgbc
- Scoring method: f1
- Use Algorithm I for feature engineering: True

This will give a training result that would put you in the top 8% of competitors.

Unit tests are run using the script `test.sh`. This script requires Postgress on the local machine where the test is being run.

The `test.sh` script will:

. CREATE THE ROBOTCLASSIY_TEST DATABASE

**. GET A TOKEN AND USER ID FOR THE API USER (PLACED INTO
ENVIRONMENT VARIABLES)**

. POPULATE THE TEST DATABASE WITH DATA FOR THE API USER

. RUN THE TESTS

The current implementation is enabled for Curl. Curl will allow for operations against the product database (Hosted on Amazon/Heroku)

`curl_pass.sh curl_fail.sh curl.sh` (setup the environment variables to run Curl manually)

If you need to get an updated token, you need to login to the Web app and issue the following URL:

<https://robotclassify.herokuapp.com/jwt>

This will retrieve the current jwt token for the logged in user.

12.1 Installation

12.1.1 Python 3.7

This project uses python 3.7

To Install [Python](#)

12.1.2 PIP Dependencies

Once you have your virtual environment setup and running, install dependencies by navigating to the root directory and running:

```
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

This will install all of the required packages we selected within the `requirements.txt` file.

12.1.3 Key Dependencies

- [Flask](#) is a lightweight backend microservices framework.
- [SQLAlchemy](#) is the Python SQL toolkit and ORM.
- [Flask-CORS](#) is the extension used to handle cross-origin requests from the frontend server.
- [Auth0](#) Provides authentication and authorization as a service
- [Postgres](#) DOES XXX
- [Heroku](#) DOES XXX
- [Flask-WTF](#) DOES XXX

- `mLib` DOES XXX
- `InitTest` DOES XXX
- `FlaskMigrate` DOES XXX

12.2 Database Setup

The app is running Postgres SQL.

12.3 Running the server

From within the `root` directory to run the server, execute:

```
export FLASK_APP=app.py
export FLASK_ENV=development
flask run
```

12.4 Documentation

12.4.1 HTML Documentation

Live documentation, including this readme, can be found at <https://robotclassify.herokuapp.com/docs/index.html>

12.4.2 PDF Documentation

The PDF version of the documentation is located in the root project directory. Named `robotclassify.pdf`

12.4.3 Generating documentation

Documentation is generated with Sphinx.

Installing Sphinx and support tools

```
To install Sphinx, reference the documents at https://www.sphinx-doc.org/en/master/
↪usage/installation.html
```

For example:

```
.. code-block:: bash

    pip install -U sphinx
```

Install dependencies by navigating to the ``root`` project directory and running:

```
.. code-block:: bash

    cd docs
    pip install m2r
```

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```
pip install recommonmark
pip install rinohtype
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

Generating documentation

Documentation is generated with Sphinx. Use `docs . sh` in the docs folder to generate the documentation

12.5 Error Handling

Errors are returned as JSON objects in the following format:

```
{
  "success": False,
  "error": 400,
  "message": "Bad Request"
}
```

The API returns multiple error types when requests fail:

- 400: Bad Request
- 404: Resource Not Found
- 405: Method Not Allowed
- 422: Not Processable
- 500: Internal Server Error

12.6 Testing

Testing is done with UnitTest and curl. UnitTest is setup to create and use a local Postgres database while Curl is setup to run commands against the

12.6.1 Testing with UnitTest

12.6.2 Testing with Curl

12.7 Development Notes

- Flask Sessions are maintained between REST Calls for Web-based use of the API. The implementation is based upon
- CSRF protection is disabled for certain REST calls to facilitate testing via CuRL.
- Patch and Delete functions are only available via API calls
- UnitTest uses a local postgres database
- UnitTest uses API App Auth0 credentials (verses using Auth0 Web App quickstart code) Auth0 Management API (Test Application)
- Tokens in the headers are used for API authentication

ROBOT CLASSIFY'S API CONTROLLERS

Introduction

Home Page

- GET / (home)

Documentation Page

- GET /docs/index.html

Projects

- GET /projects (List all projects) - get:project
- GET /projects/<int:project_id> (Project page) - get:project
- POST/GET /projects/create (create a new project) - post:project
- PATCH /projects/<int:project_id>/edit (edit a project) - patch:project
- DELETE /projects/<project_id>/delete (Delete a project) - delete:project

Runs

- GET /runs/<int:run_id> (Display a run results) - get:run
- GET/POST /runs/create/<int:project_id> (Create a run) - get:post
- DELETE /runs/<int:run_id>/delete (Delete a run) - delete:post
- PATCH /run/<int:run_id>/edit (edit a run) - patch:run

Train

- GET /train/<int:run_id> (run ML training for a run) post:train
- **GET /train/<int:run_id>/download (download testing results file, kaggle file) get:train**

app.**get_token_from_auth0** ()
Obtains the Access Token from the oAuth object

app.**get_token_from_header** ()
Obtains the Access Token from the Authorization Header

app.**index** ()

Home Page

Display the home page

- **Sample Call::** curl <http://localhost:5000/>
- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL..."
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.send_documents` (*path*)

Documentation Page

Display the documentation pages

- Sample Call:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/docs/index.html
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL..."
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.projects` (*payload*)

List Projects

Display a list of projects

- Sample Call:

```
export TOKEN=...
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/projects
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 302
<!DOCTYPE HTML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
<title>Redirecting...</title>
```


- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 405
{
  "description": "405 Method Not Allowed...",
  "error": 405,
  "message": "Method Not Allowed",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.show_project(payload, project_id)`

Project

Display a single projects

- Sample Call::

curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/projects/1 -H "Authorization: Bearer \$TOKEN"

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL..."
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.create_projects_submission(payload)`

Create Project

Create Project

- Sample Call:

```
export TOKEN="edfgdfgd..."
curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/projects/create
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
-F "form-project-name=New Test Project"
-F "form-project-description=Testing Project Create"
-F "form-project-trainingFile=@examples/titanic_train.csv"
-F "form-project-testingFile=@examples/titanic_test.csv"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "401: Authorization header is expected.",
  "error": 401,
```

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```
"message": "Unauthorized",
"success": false
}
```

app.**edit_project_submission** (*payload, project_id*)

Edit Project

Edit Project

- Sample Call to edit:

```
curl -X PATCH http://localhost:5000/projects/1/edit
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
-F "form-project-name=Titanic Disaster Patch"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "401: Authorization header is expected.",
  "error": 401,
  "message": "Unauthorized",
  "success": false
}
```

app.**search_projects** (*payload*)

Search Projects

Search Project

- Sample Call to search:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/projects/search
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
-F "search_term=Titanic"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "401: Authorization header is expected.",
  "error": 401,
  "message": "Unauthorized",
  "success": false
}
```

app.**delete_project** (*payload, project_id*)

Delete Project

Delete Project

- Sample Call:

```
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:5000/projects/3/delete
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
{"success": true}
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: If you entered...",
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

app.**show_run**(payload, run_id)

Runs

Display a single run

- Sample Call:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/runs/1
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: If you entered...",
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

app.**create_run_submission**(payload, project_id)

Create Run

Create Run

- Sample Call:

```
curl -X POST http://localhost:5000/runs/create/1
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
-F "form-run-name=New Curl Run"
-F "form-run-description=Via curl"
-F "form-run-targetVariable=Survived"
```

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```
-F "form-run-key=PassengerId"
-F "form-run-predictSetOut=PassengerId"
-F "form-run-predictSetOut=Survived"
-F "form-run-scoring=f1"
-F "form-run-modelList=xgbc"
-F "form-run-basicAutoMethod=True"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "401: Authorization header is expected.",
  "error": 401,
  "message": "Unauthorized",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.delete_run(payload, run_id)`

Delete Run

Delete Run

- Sample Call:

```
curl -X DELETE http://localhost:5000/runs//delete
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
{'success'}
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL was....",
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.edit_run_submission(payload, run_id)`

Edit Run

Edit Run

- Sample Call to edit:

```
curl -X PATCH http://localhost:5000/runs/6/edit
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
-F "form-run-name=Updated Curl Run Patch"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 401
{
  "description": "401: Authorization header is expected.",
  "error": 401,
  "message": "Unauthorized",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.run_submission(payload, run_id)`

Exec Run

Run ML Training based upon run record attributes

- Sample Call to display:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/train/1
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
<!doctype html>...</html>
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL... try again.",
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

`app.download(payload, run_id)`

download results file Run ML Training based upon run record attributes

- Sample Call to display:

```
curl -X GET http://localhost:5000/train/1/download
-H "Authorization: Bearer $TOKEN"
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 200
File Download. Example:
  PassengerId, Survived
    892, 0
    893, 0
    894, 1
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
HTTP Status Code: 404
{
  "description": "404 Not Found: The requested URL... try again.",
  "error": 404,
  "message": "Not Found",
  "success": false
}
```

ROBOT CLASSIFY'S API MODEL

Introduction

There are three models: - Venue - Artists - Shows

class models.**Project** (**kwargs)

An ML Project. Projects are the top-organizing layer for running ML problems

insert ()

Inserts a new model into a database. The model must have a unique id and title.

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project()
p.insert()
```

delete ()

deletes a new model into a database the model must exist in the database

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project()
p.delete()
```

update ()

updates a new model into a database the model must exist in the database

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project.query.filter(p.id == id).one_or_none()
p.name = 'Regression Test'
p.update()
```

class models.**Run** (**kwargs)

insert ()

Inserts a new model into a database. The model must have a unique id and title.

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project()
p.insert()
```

delete ()

deletes a new model into a database the model must exist in the database

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project()
p.delete()
```

update()

updates a new model into a database the model must exist in the database

EXAMPLE:

```
p = Project.query.filter(p.id == id).one_or_none()
p.name = 'Regression Test'
p.update()
```


15.1 Introduction

The projects module is a high-level library to process ML jobs at the project level. All interactions can happen with this API

- Manage Projects
- Load Data
- Explore Data
- Auto-execute ML jobs
- Create cleaning rules
- Train the data, finding the best model
- Deploy model, to process ML transactions

```
mlLib.project.autoFlaskEvaluateClassifier (projectName=None,      trainingFile=None,
testingFile=None,      trainingFileDF=None,
testingFileDF=None,    targetVariable=None,
key=None,    predictSetOut=[None],    train-
ingFileOut=None,    logFileOut=None,    tran-
scriptFile=None,      predictFileOut=None,
resultsFile=None,    modelList=None,    con-
fusionMatrixLabels=[],      scoring='f1',
useProba=False,      bottomImportancePre-
centToCut=None,    setProjectGoals={'f1': (0.9,
'>')},    runVerbose=0,    recommendOnly=None,
basicAutoMethod=None,    doExplore=True,
doTrain=True,    doPredict=True,    skewFac-
tor=None,    toTerminal=True)
```

autoFlaskEvaluateClassifier

Auto-process an ML job for Flask Servers

XXXXX

- Sample Call:

Example Call

- Expected Success Response:

Example Success Response

- Expected Fail Response:

Example fail response

```
mlLib.project.autoEvaluateClassifier(projectName=None, trainingFile=None, testingFile=None, targetVariable=None, key=None, predictSetOut=[None], trainingFileOut=None, logFileOut=None, transcriptFile=None, predictFileOut=None, resultsFile=None, modelList=None, confusionMatrixLabels=[], scoring='f1', useProba=False, bottomImportancePrecentToCut=None, setProjectGoals={'f1': (0.9, '>')}, runVerbose=1, recommendOnly=None, basicAutoMethod=None, doExplore=True, doTrain=True, doPredict=True, skewFactor=None, toTerminal=True)
```

autoEvaluateClassifier

Auto-process an ML job for

XXXXXX

- Sample Call:

Example Call

- Expected Success Response:

Example Success Response

- Expected Fail Response:

Example fail response

```
class mlLib.project.mlProject(name, description=None)
```

mlProject is the top level object for training and running a ML project. Various object methods are used to load, review, and train the data, as well as manage running predictions

Example: project = mlProject('Customer Segements', 'clustering model should factor in both aggregate sales patterns and specific items purchased')

```
setTrainingPreferences(crossValidationSplits=None, parallelJobs=None, modelType=None, modelList=None, testSize=None, randomState=None, uniqueThreshold=None, dropDuplicates=None, clusterDimensionThreshold=None, varianceThreshold=None, kmeansClusters=None, useStandardScaler=None, fbeta=None, runHyperparameters=None, runEstimatorHyperparameters=None, runMetaClassifier=None, runAutoFeaturesMode=None, smallSample=None, highDimensionality=None, gridSearchVerbose=None, gridSearchScoring=None, featuresToReport=None, logTrainingResultsFilename=None, useProbaForPredict=None, recommendOnly=None, basicAutoMethod=None, competitionMode=None, skewFactor=None, bottomImportancePrecentToCut=None)
```

setTrainingPreferences

setTrainingPreferences for an ML job

XXXXXX

- Sample Call:

```
Example sample call
```

- Expected Success Response:

```
Example Success Response
```

- Expected Fail Response:

```
Example fail response
```

setHyperparametersOverride (*modelName*, *override*, *forBaseEstimator=False*, *forMetaClassifier=False*)

Purpose: Set the hyperparameters to override the defaults for a model

Example:

```
hyperparameters = {
    'lasso__alpha' : [0.001, 0.01, 0.1, 1, 5, 10]
}
project.setHyperparametersOverride(self, 'lasso', hyperparameters)

hyperparameters = {
    'lasso__alpha': [0.001, 0.005, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10]
}
hyperparameters = {
    'ridge__alpha': [0.001, 0.005, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10]
}
hyperparameters = {
    'elasticnet__alpha':
        [0.001, 0.005, 0.01, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5, 1, 5, 10],
    'elasticnet__l1_ratio' : [0.1, 0.3, 0.5, 0.7, 0.9]
}
hyperparameters = {
    'randomforestregressor__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200, 500],
    'randomforestregressor__max_features': ['auto', 'sqrt', 0.33]}
hyperparameters = {
    'gradientboostingregressor__n_estimators': [50, 100, 200, 500],
    'gradientboostingregressor__learning_rate':
        [0.001, 0.05, 0.1, 0.5],
    'gradientboostingregressor__max_depth': [1, 5, 10, 50]}
hyperparameters = {'decisiontreeregressor__max_depth':
    [1, 8, 16, 32, 64, 200]}
hyperparameters = {
    'logisticregression__C' : np.linspace(1e-4, 1e3, num=50),
    'logisticregression__max_iter': [25, 50, 100, 300, 500]
}
hyperparameters = {
    'logisticregression__C' : np.linspace(1e-4, 1e3, num=50),
    'logisticregression__max_iter': [25, 100, 300, 500]
}
hyperparameters = {'randomforestclassifier__n_estimators':
    [100, 200],
    'randomforestclassifier__max_features':
    ['auto', 'sqrt', 0.33]}
hyperparameters = {'gradientboostingclassifier__n_estimators':
```

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```
[50, 100, 200, 500],
'gradientboostingclassifier__max_depth': [1, 10, 50, 100],
'gradientboostingclassifier__learning_rate':
[.1, .01, .001, .0001]}
```

setConfusionMatrixLabels (*list*)**Example:** `project.setConfusionMatrixLabels([(0,'Paid'), (1, 'Default')])`**setTarget** (*value, boolean=False, trueValue=None, convertTable=None, tableName=None*)

Purpose: Set the target variable for supervised learning.

Call: `setTarget(self, value, boolean=False, trueValue=None, convertTable=None, tableName=None):`**Example:**`project.setTarget('loan_status')``trueValue` = what is the true values `boolean` = is this a boolean value `convertTable` = a table of how to convert values**importFile** (*name, type=None, description=None, location=None, fileName=None, sheet-Name=None, df=None, hasHeaders=False, range=None, isDefault=False*)**def** `importFile(self, name, type=None, description=None, location=None, fileName=None, sheet-Name=None, hasHeaders = False, range=None, isDefault=False):`**project.importFile**('Loan Data', `type='csv'`, `description='Lending Club Data from 2017-2018'`, `fileName='LendingClub2017_2018ready.csv'`, `hasHeaders = True, isDefault=True`)**exportFile** (*name, filename*)

Purpose: Export the named file. (Projects can have multiuple files associated with them)

Call: `def exportFile(self, name, filename):`**Example:** `project.exportFile('Loan Data', 'fileout.csv')`**getColumn** (*name, columnName*)

Purpose: Get a columns from the data file

Call: `def getColumn(self, name, column):`**Example:** `project.getColumn('Loan Data','Name')`**exploreData** (*fileName=None*)**Purpose:** Run the explore data function. This will review the data and make recommendations**Call:** `exploreData(self):`**Example:** `project.exploreData()`**initCleaningRules** (*fileName=None*)

Before adding any cleaning rules you must init

`project.initCleaningRules()`**project.addManualRuleForDefault**(`ed.CLEANDATA_REBUCKET_TO_BINARY`, 'term', [['36 months', ' 36 months'], '36'])**project.addManualRuleForDefault**(`'ed.CLEANDATA_REBUCKET_TO_BINARY`, 'term', [['60 months', ' 60 months'], '60'])

cleanProject (*fileName=None*)

Purpose: Run the cleaning rules established for a project.

Call: cleanProject(self)

Example: project.cleanProject()

cleanAndExploreProject (*fileName=None*)

Purpose: Run clean and explore together

Call: def cleanAndExploreProject(self)

Example: project.cleanAndExploreProject()

prepProjectByName (*tableName=None, outFile=None*)

Purpose: Prepare the ‘table’ for training. This will one-hot encode, for example.

Call: prepProjectByName(self, tableName=None)

Example: project.prepProjectByName(‘Loan Data’)

writePreppedFileByName (*filename, tableName=None*)

Purpose: Once a file has been cleaned and explored

Call:

Example:

writeTrainingSetFileByName (*filename, tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

trainProjectByName (*tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

prepProjectByBatch ()

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

trainProjectByBatch ()

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

exportBestModel (*filename, tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

createPredictFromBestModel (*tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

createPredictFromNamedModel (*namedModel*, *tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

exportNamedModel (*namedModel*, *filename*, *tableName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

addManualRuleForTableName (*tableName*, *functionName*, *columnName*, *value*, *forPredict=True*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

addManualRuleForDefault (*functionName*, *columnName=None*, *value=None*, *forPredict=True*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

setGoals (*goals*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

project.setGoals ({'AUROC':(0.70,'>'),'Precision':(0.386,'>'), 'fbeta':(0.44,'>')})

setOngoingReporting (*True*, *'Loan Data'*)

displayAllScores (*'Loan Data'*)

def displayAllScores(self, *fileName*):

reportResultsOnTrainedModel (*fileName*, *modelName*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

showFeatureImportances (*fileName*, *modelName*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

logTrainingResultsRunDescription (*description=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

logTrainingResults (*fileName*, *outputFileName*, *inputModelName=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
class mlLib.project.predictProject (project, tableName=None, namedModel=None)
```

Purpose: predictProject

Call:

Example:

```
importPredictFile (name, type=None, description=None, location=None, fileName=None, sheet-
                    Name=None, hasHeaders=False, range=None)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
importPredictFileFromProject (project, tableName)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
importPredictFromDF (df, readyForPredict=False)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
prepPredict ()
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
exportPreppedFile (filename, columnName=None, columnData=None, columnName2=None,
                    columnData2=None)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
getColumn (columnName)
```

Purpose: Get a columns from the data file

Call: def getColumn(self, column):

Example: prdict.getColumn('Name')

```
exportPredictClass (filename)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

```
addToPredictFile (columnName, columnData)
```

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

removeFromPredictFile (*columns*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

keepFromPredictFile (*columns*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

exportPredictFile (*filename*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

getPredictFileDF ()

Purpose: Return a dataframe of the predict file.

Call:

Example:

runPredict ()

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

`mlLib.project.loadPredictProject` (*filename*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

`mlLib.project.plot_confusion_matrix` (*cm, classes, normalize=False, title='Confusion matrix',
cmap=<matplotlib.colors.LinearSegmentedColormap
object>*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

This function prints and plots the confusion matrix. Normalization can be applied by setting *normalize=True*.

`mlLib.project.makeStack` (*classifier, list, alias=None*)

Purpose:

Call:

Example:

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