## BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

REGIONAL AVERAGE: 71.4

### OVERALL PERFORMANCE

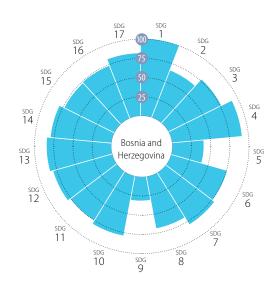
# COUNTRY RANKING Bosnia and Herzegovina 73.7

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX

0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



#### AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



#### SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

#### INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year I		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.1 2021	<b>1</b>	Population using the internet (%)	69.9 2019		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	0.2 2021	·I.	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	47.3 2019	•	,
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.4 2018	•	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2018	1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of			
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.9 2012	<b>→</b>	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	7.0 2019	•	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	2.3 2012	T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2 2018	•	
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	17.9 2016	<b>*</b>	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2 2018	•	
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		7	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	5.5 2018		Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	34.1 2015	•	
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.0 2015	•	Palma ratio	1.3 2018		,
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	NA NA •	_	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			_
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	7.6 2018	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	10 2017 •	T	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than			
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	4.2 2019	T	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	26.8 2019	•	)
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	5.9 2019	T	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.6 2017	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	27.0 2019	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	42 2019	•	,
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA •		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.8 2016 •	1	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	2.0 2015	•	)
age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and			Electronic waste (kg/capita)	7.8 2019		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	80 2016 •		Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	73.8 2012	•	)
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	13.5 2019	<b>1</b>	SO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.3 2012		
fe expectancy at birth (years)	76.8 2019	<b>→</b>	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	17.0 2010	•	)
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	9.1 2018	<b>1</b>	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.5 2010	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9 2015	•	SDG13 – Climate Action			
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	68 2019 •	<b>4</b>	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production			
Iniversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage	61 2017		(tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	8.1 2019	•	
(worst 0–100 best)	61 2017 •		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.4 2015	•	,
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.0 2019 •	1	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	79.4 2019	•	,
DG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
let primary enrollment rate (%)	NA NA •		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA	•	
ower secondary completion rate (%)	NA NA •	•	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	40.7 2020	•	,
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.7 2013 •		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA	•	)
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	0.0 2016	•	
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods			Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	1.2 2016		
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	21.9 2012 •	7	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018		
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	81.7 2019 •	7	SDG15 – Life on Land			_
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	64.5 2019	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	18.2 2019		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	21.4 2020 •	<b>→</b>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	66.7 2019		
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2020		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	96.1 2017	<b>→</b>	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	95.4 2017	<b>1</b>	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0 2010	Ĭ	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	2.7 2017	•	(per million population)	0.5 2018	•	
Anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	1.1 2018	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	2.9 2013	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2 2018		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	15.4 2018		
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0 2018 •	<b>1</b>	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	13.4 2010	Ĭ	
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	63.4 2016	7	they live (%)	70 2019	•	
O <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	03.4 2010		Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.4 2020	•	
total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	1.2 2018 •	1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	99.5 2019		,
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	35 2020		,
	1.3 2019 •		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA NA		
djusted GDP growth (%) ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	3.4 2018		Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million LISD)			
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	J. <del>1</del> 2010		per 100,000 population)	0.0 2019	•	
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	58.8 2017 •	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	28.5 2020	•	
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	16.9 2020 •	<b>1</b>	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2020		
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2020	Ť	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports		•	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	NA NA		
(per 100,000 population)	0.1 2015	<u> </u>	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA	•	
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	38.2 2019		
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)  **	0.0 2019		
			Corporate Tax maveri Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0 2019	_	

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point

Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)

61.2 2019 • ↑