OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

Luxembourg 12 14

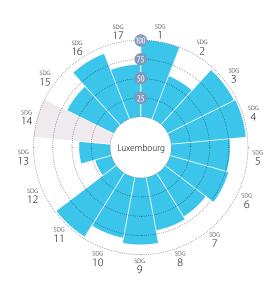
REGIONAL AVERAGE: 77.2

COUNTRY SCORE

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



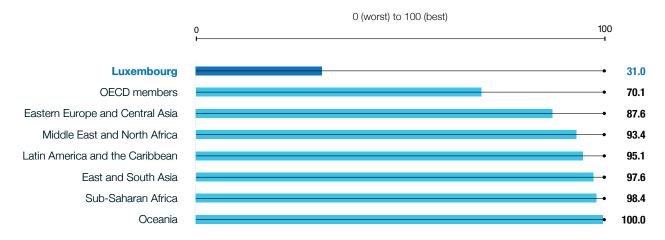
SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



LUXEMBOURG

DG1 – No Poverty everty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year F 2021		Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)		Year 2019		g Tre
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2021		†	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	121.8			
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2018			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
·	11.7	2010		•	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.6	2018	•	1
DG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	2040			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	F2.4	2021		4
revalence of undernourishment (%)		2018		T	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	52.4	2021	•	_
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)		2018		1
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		T	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018		4
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		→	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		7
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst) ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017 2018		1	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2018		1
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015			Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2019		
eld gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•	Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	27.6	2016	•	•
rports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	304.5			•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	304.3	2010			Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	34.8	2015	•	-
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio	1.2	2018	•	•
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		T	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	7.1	2018	•	•
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2019		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		T	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	• 00	2018	•	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2019		1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA			2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	9.5	2019		•
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.0	2016		1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	100.0	2017		
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and					Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2017		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	12	2016	•		Population with rent overburden (%)		2018		
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	4.1	2019	•	1		. 1.7	_010		
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2019		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	10.0	201-		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	4.6	2018	•	1	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019		
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	2009	•	•	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	225.9			
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	99	2019	•	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0-100 best)	83	2017	•	1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.4	2019		1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2010		
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	NA	NA			Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	_	_
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	14.0	2018		1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	16.8	2019	•	1	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	15 O	2019		
OG4 – Quality Education					(tCO ₂ /capita)	13.9	2019		
et primary enrollment rate (%)	99.0	2018		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	15.7	2015	•	•
	* 97.1			†	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2020	•	
reracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		NA			Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	68.9	2018	•	
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)				1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2019		†	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA	NA		
SA score (worst 0–600 best)	476.7			Ţ	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		NA	•	
riation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		j	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		NA	•	
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		Ţ	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		NA		
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		1	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA	NA	•	
DG5 – Gender Equality				•	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
					SDG15 – Life on Land				_
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods % of females aged 15 to 49)	NA	NA				01.0	2010		
itio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	95.2	2019		7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2019		
ntio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		•
ats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019		→	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,				
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2014		•	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		2018		
nder wage gap (% of male median wage) nder gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	118.5			•	(per million population)	7.9	2018	•	
		_515	_	_					
G6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	00.5	201-		A	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		201-		
oulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2017		
oulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	45.9	2018	•	
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	87	2019	•	
thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018			they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	67	2020		
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	156.0			→	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
pulation using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
bulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	90.0	2017		1	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				
oulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0			1	per 100,000 population)	0.0	2019	•	
oulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	15.5	2020	•	
emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	106.2	2019	•	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		NA		
lectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	111.5			
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	7.4	2019	•	→	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				ĺ
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					·	0.1	2010		
iusted GDP growth (%)	0.9	2019	•		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	გ. I	2018	•	
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	1.0	2019	•	
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NΑ	NA		
nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	98.8	2017		•	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	•	•	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	5.6	2015	•	7	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	-66.0			
nployment-to-population ratio (%)	67.3	2020	•	1					
uth not in employment, education or training (NEET)					Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	/8.2	2019	-	

^{*} Imputed data point

