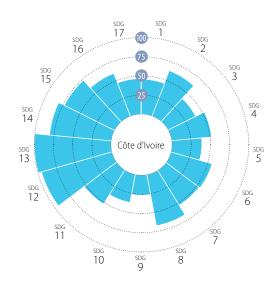
## CÔTE D'IVOIRE

### OVERALL PERFORMANCE

# COUNTRY RANKING Côte d'Ivoire 131/165 57.6 REGIONAL AVERAGE: 51.9 STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)

56.1

### AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



### SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS

0



100

Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

### INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



# CÔTE D'IVOIRE

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Year Ra	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	20.2 2021		Population using the internet (%)	36.5 2019	•
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	43.6 2021 •	7	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	66.2 2019	• 1
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	2.9 2018	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	19.9 2018 •		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)		
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	21.6 2016 •	-	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0 2020	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.1 2016 •	<b>→</b>	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.0 2018	• •
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	10.3 2016	Ψ.	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1 2016	• ,
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.1 2017 •	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Gereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	2.3 2018	7	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	47.0 2015	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.9 2015		Palma ratio	2.0 2018	
exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	2.1 2018		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	2.0 2010	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	60.1 2018	• .
Naternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	617 2017 •	7	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than		
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	33.0 2019 •		2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	28.3 2019	• •
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	79.3 2019 •		Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	62.4 2017	• •
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	137.0 2019 •	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	48 2019	• 4
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.5 2019 •	T	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	29.1 2016	<b>4</b>	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0 2010	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)			Electronic waste (kg/capita)	1.1 2019	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	269 2016 •		Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	5.7 2012	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	24.1 2019	T	SO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.3 2012	•
ife expectancy at birth (years)	62.9 2019	7	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	4.2 2010	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		<b>→</b>	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.3 2010	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	73.6 2016	•	SDG13 – Climate Action		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	76 2019	<b>1</b>	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage	47 2017	_	(tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.5 2019	• '
(worst 0–100 best)	47 2017 •		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)	0.0 2015	• 4
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4 2019 •	1	CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2019	•
DG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water		
et primary enrollment rate (%)	95.0 2019 🔸	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	93.3 2019	• '
ower secondary completion rate (%)	52.6 2019 •	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	40.9 2020	• ,
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	58.4 2018 •		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	25.8 2014	• ,
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	3.5 2016	• 4
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	42.5.2010	_	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	0.5 2016	•
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	43.5 2018	7	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018	
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	65.6 2019 •	<b>→</b>	SDG15 – Life on Land		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	71.2 2019 •	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	71.2 2019	• •
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	11.4 2020 •	<b>→</b>	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	79.4 2019	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2020	
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	72.9 2017 •	$\rightarrow$	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	1.1 2018	•
pulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	32.1 2017 •	<b>→</b>	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	5.1 2017 •		(per million population)	0.0 2018	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.6 2018 •		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	0.4 2013 •	1		11.6 2015	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	34.7 2018	• 4
opulation with access to electricity (%)	67.0 2018	7	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	18.2 2016	T	they live (%)	46 2019	• •
O <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per		À	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.0 2020	• 4
total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)	1.0 2018	Т	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	71.7 2019	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	36 2020	• •
djusted GDP growth (%)	-3.0 2019		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	17.5 2016	•
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.9 2018		Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0 2019	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	A13 2017 A	-	per 100,000 population)		
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	41.3 2017 •	7	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	28.9 2020	• '
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	3.5 2020 •	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020	• •
ındamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2020 •	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals		
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.0 2015	<b>1</b>	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	4.5 2018	• •
(per 100,000 population)	0.0 2013	·	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NA NA	
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	12.1 2018	• •
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0 2019	•
			Statistical Parformance Index (worst 0, 100 host)	E6 1 2010	

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point



Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)

56.1 2019 • 7