LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING Lower-middle-income Countries





STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



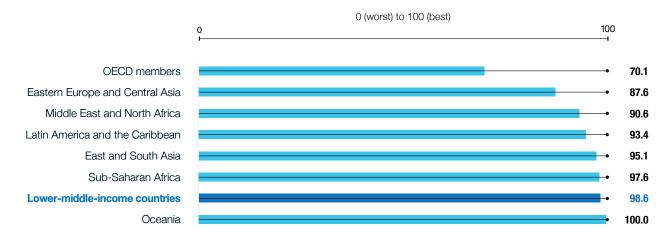
SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



LOWER-MIDDLE-INCOME COUNTRIES

SDG1 – No Poverty			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	10.4 2021		Population using the internet (%)	35.3 2019	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	35.9 2021 •	→	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	49.8 2019	•
SDG2 – Zero Hunger	12.7.2010	→	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.7 2018	•
Prevalence of undernourishment (%) Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	12.7 2018 • 31.5 2018 •	4	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	22.1.2021	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.6 2018	4	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	33.1 2021	•
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	7.7 2016	4	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1 2018	•
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.2 2017	→	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.5 2018	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.3 2018	1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.8 2015	•	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	43.9 2017	•
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	3.8 2018		Palma ratio	2.4 2018	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities		
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	215.4 2017	7	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	37.1 2018	•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	22.3 2019		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	68.4 2019	
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	42.4 2019		2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)		•
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	206.0 2019	4	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	62.5 2017	
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.4 2019	1	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	67.2 2020	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.4 2019	•	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production		
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	22.5 2016	\rightarrow	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0 2016	•
age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	1600 2216		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	2.6 2019	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	169.8 2016 •		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	8.0 2012	•
raffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	17.3 2019 •	4	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.6 2012	•
ife expectancy at birth (years)	69.8 2019 •	\rightarrow	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	12.7 2010	•
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	39.8 2018	1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	0.6 2010	•
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	75.6 2017 •		SDG13 – Climate Action		
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	84.9 2019 •	1	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	1 6 2010	
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage	54.8 2017	7	(tCO ₂ /capita)	1.6 2019	
(worst 0–100 best)			CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.1 2015	•
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.0 2020 •	<u> </u>	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	94.0 2020	•
DG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water		
et primary enrollment rate (%)	93.9 2019 •	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	23.5 2019	•
ower secondary completion rate (%)	75.2 2019 •	→	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	37.5 2020	•
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	89.1 2018 •		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	17.7 2014	•
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	15.1 2016	•
Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	65.8 2020	4	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	6.1 2016	•
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	05.8 2020		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018	•
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	72.1 2019 •	→	SDG15 – Life on Land		
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	45.4 2019	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	33.9 2019	•
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	17.5 2020 •	\rightarrow	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	29.6 2019	•
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.8 2020	•
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	88.1 2017 •	7	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.2 2018	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	59.8 2017 •	7	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports		
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	54.7 2017		(per million population)	0.1 2018	•
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	3.6 2018 •		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions		
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	2.1 2013 •	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	5.8 2018	•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	57.2 2018	•
opulation with access to electricity (%)	86.1 2018	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	40.6 2016	→	they live (%)	63.7 2020	•
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	1 7 2010		Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	3.9 2020	•
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.7 2019 •	7	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	72.9 2019	•
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	35.3 2020	•
djusted GDP growth (%)	-2.2 2019		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	8.5 2019	•
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	5.9 2018	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.0 2019	•
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	58.3 2017	↑	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	44.5 2020	•
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	6 E 2020 -		Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020	
Inemployment rate (% of total labor force)	6.5 2020	+		0.0 2020	_
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	40.000	
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.1 2015	1	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP) For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	4.9 2018 NA NA	•
			public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	INA INA	_
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	14.9 2019	•
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	2.4 2019	•
			Statistical Performance Index (worst 0=100 best)	65.4 2019	

^{*} Imputed data point



Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)

65.4 2019 • 7