OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING **Slovak Republic**

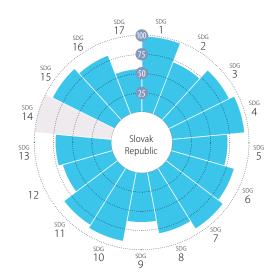
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STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SLOVAK REPUBLIC

DG1 – No Poverty		Year I			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Yea		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) overty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2021		↑	Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	82.9 20° 106.4 20°		
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2018		1	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related			
DG2 – Zero Hunger	7.7	2010		•	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.0 201	18 •	
revalence of undernourishment (%)	6.1	2018		1	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	17.7 202	21 •) /
revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		†	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)			
revalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		†	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0 20° 0.8 20°		
revalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	20.5	2016	•	1	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	6.8 20		
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.4	2017	•	1	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	1.9 20		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	28.5 201		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		4	Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	35.2 201	17 •	•
'ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.5	2018	•		Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.9 201	15 •	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio	0.8 201	18 🔵	•
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		T	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	5.0 201	18 🗨	•
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2019		*	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	0.0 20	18 •) (
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		NA			Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	16.9 201	10 👝	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,					2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	10.9 20	19 -	'
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.2	2016	•	Τ	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	97.2 201	17 🛑	-
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	34	2016	•	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	60 202		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)					Population with rent overburden (%)	3.4 201	19 •	,
affic deaths (per 100,000 population) re expectancy at birth (years)		2019		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2019		Ţ	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	12.8 201	19 🔵)
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016		•	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	80.1 201		
rrviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2019		1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	9.3 201		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	77	2017	•	1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	39.1 20		
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.5	2020	•	1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	7.4 201		
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.9	2016	•	•	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7 20	10	_
p in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2018		1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
ily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.9	2014	•		CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production (tCO ₂ /capita)	6.1 201	19 •	
9G4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.7 20	15 🔵	
t primary enrollment rate (%)	95.6	2018		↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	65.2 20		
wer secondary completion rate (%) eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018 NA			Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	36.5 20		
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2018		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2019		1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	NA NA	Α •	
SA score (worst 0–600 best)	469.3			1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	NA NA)
riation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	18.5	2018	•	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA NA	Α •)
derachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	29.3	2018	•	\rightarrow	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	NA NA	Α •)
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	19.3	2018	•	\rightarrow	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	NA NA		
DG5 – Gender Equality					Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.1 201	18 •)
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	79.2	2020		1	SDG15 – Life on Land			
% of females aged 15 to 49)					Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	85.8 201		
tio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)		2019		1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	86.3 201		
utio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%) eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2019 2020		7	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0 202		
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2019		1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average) Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0 201	18 •	,
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)		NA			(per million population)	1.4 201	18 🛑)
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
pulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	00.8	2017		1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1 201	10	
pulation using at least basic difficulty water services (%)		2017		†	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	14.9 20		
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where			
thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•	they live (%)	76 202	20 •	,
rce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	16.4	2013	•	1	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.3 202	20 🔸)
oulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.8	2017	•	1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 201		
oulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	82.5	2017	•	→	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	49 202		
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14) ** Expects of major conventional weapons (TIV) constant million USD	0.0 20	19 🛡	,
oulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2018	•	1	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	0.3 201	19 🗨)
oulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	96.6	2016	•	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.7 202	20 •	,
emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	1.1	2019		1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA NA		
ectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	192.3 201	17 🔵)
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	9.9	2019	•	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.2 20	18 •)
justed GDP growth (%)		2019			For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional			
itims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.9	2018	•	•	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1 20	19 🛡	•
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	84.2	2017	•	1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA NA)
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NΑ	NA	•	•	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	53.0 201		
		2015		1	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	50.9 202		
'al work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100.000 population)	U.h				Spurga profits of multipationals (USS billion)	0.9 201	17	
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population) nployment-to-population ratio (%)		2019	•	1	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion) Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	85.6 20		

^{*} Imputed data point

