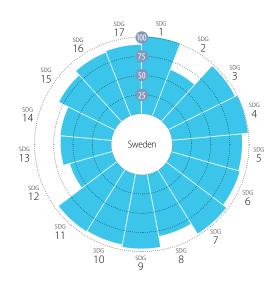
▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Sweden 2 /165 REGIONAL AVERAGE: 77.2 STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value 0.3	Year I	_	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value '94.5 2			Trer
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.20/day (%)		2021		†	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	128.8 2			1
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)			•		Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				į
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	0.5	2010		•	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.2 2	2018	•	1
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2 5	2010		•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	66.2 2	2021	•	
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018 2018		A	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)			•	_
Prevalence of sturning in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		A	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	2.0 2		•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	20.6			1	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018		_1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2010		→	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	14.8 2			1
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2017		1	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	77.5 2			1
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		J.	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2019		1
/ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	68.6				Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	35.5 2	:01/	•	1
exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	85.4			•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
	05.4	2010			Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	29.8 2	2015	•	1
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio	1.0 2	2018	•	1
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		T	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.9 2	2018	•	-
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2019		T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
Aortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		T	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	00.7	2018	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2019		1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	0.0 2	.010		
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA	NA			2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	6.0 2	2019		
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	9.1	2016	•	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	100.0 2	0017		4
age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and					Satisfaction with public transport (%)	71 2			
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	7	2016	•		Population with rent overburden (%)		2019		
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	3.1	2019	•	1).J Z	.017	_	-
ife expectancy at birth (years)	82.4			1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	20.	2015		
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2018		★	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	20.1 2		•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		NA			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	63.3 2		•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97	2019	•	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	18.4 2			(
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	86	2017		1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	36.1 2			
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	7.3	2020	•	1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	13.3 2			
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	1.2	2016			Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.7 2	2018	•	-
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	21.2	2018		1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	10.1	2018		1	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	42.5	0010		
DG4 – Quality Education					(tCO ₂ /capita)	4.3 2	2019	•	Ī
et primary enrollment rate (%)	99.9	2010		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	2.7 2	2015	•	
. ,	* 99.4			†	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0 2	2019	•	(
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		NA			Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	32.1 2	2018	•	-
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)				1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	48.4			†	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	61.2 2	0119	•	_
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	502.3			$\dot{\uparrow}$	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	63.5 2			,
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.7			Ţ	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	41.3 2			
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	19.0			†	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	19.3 2			
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	30.4			†	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2016		
				•	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
DG5 – Gender Equality						0.1 2	.010		_
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	86.7	2017		1	SDG15 – Life on Land	500	2010	_	
(% of females aged 15 to 49) atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	102.4	2010		1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	59.0 2			•
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	90.4			†	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	58.2 2			
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	47.0			†	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
sender wage gap (% of male median wage)		2019		†	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2	2018	•	
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	49.2				Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	1.6 2	2018	•	
	77.2	2010							-
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation	4.5.5	200			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0			T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.1 2		•	
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	99.3			1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	26.9 2	:018	•	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	79 2	2020	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	100.0				they live (%) Property Pights (worst 1 - 7 host)				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m ³ /capita)	32.3				Property Rights (worst 1–7 best) Right registrations with civil authority (% of children under 2gg 5)		2020		ĺ
opulation using safely managed water services (%)	99.9			1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 2			1
opulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	93.4	2017		1	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best) Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2020		
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0 2	2019	•	
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2018	•	1	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD per 100,000 population)	1.8 2	2019	•	
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	937	2020	•	
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total				•	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)		2019			Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	57.6 2			
nare of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	40.8	2019	•	1		J1.U Z	.017	_	-
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
djusted GDP growth (%)	-03	2019			Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	16.8 2	:018		•
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	1.0 2	2019	•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a					public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	99.7	2017		T	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA EGO 7			
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.8	2020	•	1	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	56.0 2			
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2015		†	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst) Shifted profits of multipotionals (USS hillion)	45.7 2			(
mployment-to-population ratio (%)	77.1			1	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	11.7 2			_
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)				•	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	88.5 2	1019	•	•
(% of population aged 15 to 29)	/.0	2019		1					

^{*} Imputed data point

