SPAIN

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING **Spain**

20



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)

0 88,9 100

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





DOG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year 2021	Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value 90.7		_	g Tre
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2021		†	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	102.9			
Poverty rate after taxes and transfers (%)			3		Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
·	14.2	2010) •		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.8	2018	•	
5DG2 – Zero Hunger	2.5	2040			The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	FF 0	2021		-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2018		T	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	55.8	2021	•	
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		T	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	1.2	2018	•	-
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		T	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.2	2018	•	-
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		¥	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	7.1	2018	•	1
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		\Pi	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	6.7	2018	•	-
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)	21.2	2019	•	
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		•	Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	29.6	2017	•	
(ield gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	22.9	2018	3 🔵		Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	38.6	2015	•	
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio		2018	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	4	2017	7	1	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	10.2			
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	1.8	2019	•	1		10.2	20.0		
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	3.1	2019	9	1	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities	0.0	2010		
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	9.3	2019	•	1	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	0.0	2018	•	(
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.1	2019	•	1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	9.4	2019	•	•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	90	2016	5	1	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	2.2	_010	. –	•	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.9			
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	10	2016	5	•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2020	•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population) Traffic deaths (per 100,000 population)	20	2019		A	Population with rent overburden (%)	11.1	2019		_
		2019		A	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
ife expectancy at birth (years) dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2019		A	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	19.0	2019	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		NA NA		1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	37.2	2012	•	
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2019		1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	8.2	2012	•	
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2019		4	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	45.0	2010	•	
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2017		†	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	11.0	2010		
		2016			Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	•	
ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)				1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2018		-	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production				
aily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.1	2017	/ _	7	(tCO ₂ /capita)	5.4	2019	•	•
DG4 – Quality Education						1 2	2015		
et primary enrollment rate (%)		2018		1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita) CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	44.7	2015		
	* 97.4			1	Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	46.1			
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)		2018				70.1	2010		-
articipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		2018		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
ertiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2019		1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	84.1		•	٠
ISA score (worst 0–600 best)	486.7			4	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	48.7			
ariation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	35.5			
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		1	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	50.3			
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	37.3	2018	3 •	4	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	14.6			
DG5 – Gender Equality					Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6	2018	•	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	¥ 02.5	2020			SDG15 – Life on Land				
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	* 83.5	2020) •	T	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	57.6	2019	•	
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	99.0	2019	9	1	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	48.4			
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	82.1	2019	•	1	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	44.0	2020	•	1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		
ender wage gap (% of male median wage)	11.5	2014	1 -	•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
ender gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	143.2	2010) •	•	(per million population)	3.6	2018		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				Ī
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	00.0	2017	7	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.6	2018		
pulation using at least basic difficility water services (%)		2017		†	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	14.4			
rshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017			Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where				
othropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2017		•	they live (%)	80	2020	•	
arce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)		2013		1	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	5.2	2020	•	
pulation using safely managed water services (%)		2013		1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
pulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)		2017		†	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2020		
	20.0	∠U1/		•	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)		2019		
OG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy		0.5			Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD				
pulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0			T	per 100,000 population)	1.9	2019		
pulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	5	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22.2	2020	•	
2 emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	0.9	2019	9 •	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
lectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	126.9	2017	•	
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	14./	2019	9 •	7	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
OG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	10.5	2018		
justed GDP growth (%)	0.5	2019	•		For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	2.3	2018	3 •	•	public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.2	2019	•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	03.6	2017	7	1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA	•	
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)					Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	54.5			
indamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2020		1	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	44.0			
ital work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	1.4	2015		1	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	17.0			
					Similed profits of material and office (00% printer)	17.0	ZV I /	_	
mployment-to-population ratio (%) outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)	61.0	2020)	1	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	88.9	2010	_	

^{*} Imputed data point

