ALBANIA

▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

Albania 64/165 REGIONAL AVERAGE: 71.4

AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





SDG1 – No Poverty Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value Year Rating Tr 0.2 2021		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)		Year 2019		g Trer 1
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	8.5 2021		Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2019		1
	8.3 2021	<u>^</u> ,	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related	02.1	2015	, _	
SDG2 – Zero Hunger Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	2 6 2010	^	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2.3	2018	•	•
	3.0 2010 -	•	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of		2026		
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	11.3 2017 • • 1.6 2017 • •	7	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	0.0	2020) —	
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	21.7 2016	1	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.1	2018	•	4
Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		¥ .	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.2	2008	•	•
	2.4 2017 • • 4.8 2018 • •	*	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	1.0 2010	→	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	41.7	2012		
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst) Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	0.0 2013	•	Palma ratio		2018		
	NA NA •	• -	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
5DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NΑ	NA	•	
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	15 2017 • •	T	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	7.5 2019 • •	T	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	17.5	2019	•	7
Nortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	9.7 2019 • •	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	92.4	2017	7	-
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0 2019 🔸 🕻	7	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	46	2020)	٦
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	0.0 2019 •	1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				_
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	17.0 2016	1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	1.0	2017		4
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	2010	•	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)		2015		4
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	68 2016	•	Electronic waste (kg/capita)		2019		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)			Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2012		
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	=	1	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
fe expectancy at birth (years)		→	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		2010		(
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		-	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.0	2010)	-
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		•	SDG13 – Climate Action				
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	95 2019 •	ፐ	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	1 9	2019		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage	59 2017 • -	→	(tCO ₂ /capita)	1.5	2012		
(worst 0–100 best)	F 4 2020 A		CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.4	2015	•	
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	5.4 2020	<u>T</u>	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	0.0	2016	•	(
DG4 – Quality Education			SDG14 – Life Below Water				
et primary enrollment rate (%)	97.9 2019 •	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	70.7	2019	•	
ower secondary completion rate (%)	92.8 2019 •	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	56.8	2020	•	
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.3 2018 •		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	NA	NA		(
DG5 – Gender Equality			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	79.8	2016	•	-
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	6.3. 2010		Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	23.7	2016	•	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	6.3 2018 • •	•	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0	2018		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	91.5 2019 🔸	Ψ [SDG15 – Life on Land				
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	77.1 2019 • •	1		E7 3	2019		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	29.5 2020 • 4	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2019		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%) Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2019		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	91.0 2017 • •						
opulation using at least basic armiting water services (%)	97.7 2017	^	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0	2018	, •	
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.6	2018	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		•					
			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	3.7 2013	T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)		2018		•
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	44.3	2018	•	
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0 2018	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	68	2020) –	
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	77.4 2016 • •	1	they live (%)				
O ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	0.5 2018	1	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2020		•
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	2.2 20.0	•	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)		2019		-
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2020		•
ljusted GDP growth (%)	0.2 2019		Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	2.8	2010) •	
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.9 2018 •	•	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	. 00	2019		
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	40.0 2017	_	per 100,000 population)				
mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	40.0 2017 • •	7	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		2020		•
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	11.7 2020 •	Λ.	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.5	2020	•	•
ındamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.5 2020 •	4	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
atal work-related accidents embodied in imports	0.2.2015	A	Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	6.5	2018	•	
(per 100,000 population)	0.2 2015	_	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional				
			public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	NΑ	. NA		-
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	25.3	2019	•	-
			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	0.0	2019	•	(

^{*} Imputed data point

