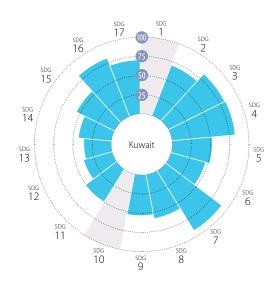
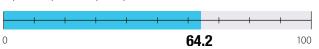


# ▼ OVERALL PERFORMANCE

# COUNTRY RANKING Kuwait 113/165 62.5 REGIONAL AVERAGE: 67.1 STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)

## AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG





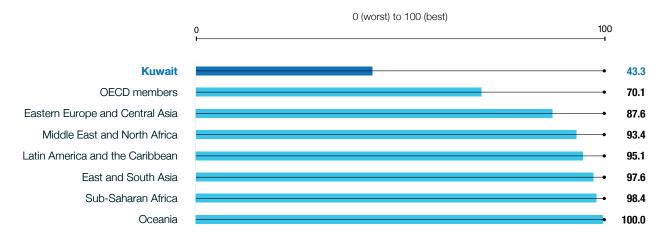
# SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

### INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





SDG1 – No Poverty			Ratin			SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure		Year I		_
overty fieddebafft fatio at \$1.50/ day (70)	14/1		•			Population using the internet (%)		2019		
overty ricadeourit ratio at \$5.207 day (70)	* NA	NA		_	_	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	131.8	2019		
SDG2 – Zero Hunger						Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.0	2018	•	-
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)		2018		T		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of				
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		201		T		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	17.7	2021	•	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)		201		Т	r	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.2	2018	•	_
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	37.9			*		Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	0.1	2018	•	,
luman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2013		*		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
Eereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land) Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	10.5					Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	NA	NA		
xports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)		2015	3	•		Palma ratio	NA	NA	•	
	2.3	2010	) —	_	_	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	10	201	,			Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	NA	NA		
Atternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		T		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	60.7	2019		
leonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births) fortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		4		2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	00.7	2019	•	
ncidence of tuberculosis (per 1,000 live birtis)	22.0			1		Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	NA	NA		-
lew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		NA	•	9	-	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	61	2019	•	•
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	INA	IVA				SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	17.4	2016	5 •	1		Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.1	2010	•	(
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and		20:		_		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	15.8	2019	•	(
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	104	2016	) •			Production-based SO <sub>2</sub> emissions (kg/capita)	284.2	2012	•	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	15.4	2019	•	1	•	SO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	35.5	2012	•	
fe expectancy at birth (years)	81.0	2019	•	1		Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	32.0	2010	•	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	7.9	2018	3	1		Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	57.8	2010	•	
irths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	99.9	201	5	•		SDG13 – Climate Action				
urviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	91	2019	•	1		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	25.6	2019		
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage worst 0–100 best)	76	201	7 •	1		(tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)  CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in imports (tCO <sub>2</sub> /capita)		2015		
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	6.1	2019	•	1		CO <sub>2</sub> emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2019		
DG4 – Quality Education						SDG14 – Life Below Water	0.5	2017		
et primary enrollment rate (%)	82.8	2019	9	1		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	27.1	2019		
ower secondary completion rate (%)	92.4			1		Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
teracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.1	2018	3	0		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		NA		
DG5 – Gender Equality						Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2016		
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods						Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2016		
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	* 66.6	2020	) •	7	_	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		2018		
atio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	117.6	2019	•	1		SDG15 – Life on Land				_
atio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	56.8	2019	•	1	<b> </b>	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	517	2019		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)	6.3	2020	•	7	>	Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		NA		
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation						Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	201	7	1		Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		NA		
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	100.0	201	7	1	•	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	14/1	14/1		
eshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	2,075.0	201	•	•		(per million population)	5.2	2018	•	
nthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	43.1	2018	3 •	•		SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				_
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	287.9	2013	3	7		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.8	2012	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy						Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2015		
opulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2018	3	1		Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where				
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			1		they live (%)	90	2019		
O <sub>2</sub> emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per		2018		1		Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2020	•	•
total electricity output (MtCO <sub>2</sub> /TWh)						Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)  Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		NA		
DG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth								2020		
djusted GDP growth (%)		2019				Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)  Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	NA	NA		
ctims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	* NA	NA	•	•		per 100,000 population)	• 0.0	2019	•	
dults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	79.8	201	7 •	1	•	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	34.3	2020	•	
nemployment rate (% of total labor force)	6.8	2020	) •	4	<b>,</b>	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA	•	
indamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA	NA		•		SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals				
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports	F 7	201		-		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	8.2	2018	•	
(per 100,000 population)	5./	∠U1:	•		1	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional		NA		
						public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		INM	-	
						Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of CDD)	VIV	NIA.	-	
						Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)  Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		NA 2019	•	

<sup>\*</sup> Imputed data point

