REGIONAL AVERAGE: 77.2

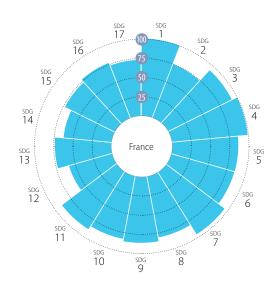
OVERALL PERFORMANCE

FRANCE 81.7 165





AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





DG1 – No Poverty everty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year 2021	Rating	Trend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value 83.3	Year I 2019		g Tre
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		2021		†	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)		2019		
overty reaccount ratio at \$3.20 day (%)			3		Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related				
DG2 – Zero Hunger				Ť	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	4.0	2018	•	1
evalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5	2018	2		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	66.8	2021	•	(
evalence of and modular ment (70) evalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) *		2018		*	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)				
evalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%) *		2018		†	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population) Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)		2018 2018		
evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)		2016		į.	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)		2018		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.5	2017	7	→	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)		2018		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	6.9	2018	3	1	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		2019		
ıstainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		4	Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)		2016		
eld gap closure (% of potential yield)		2015		•	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities				
ports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	6.7	2018	3 •		Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	33.3	2015		
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Palma ratio		2018		
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)		2017		↑	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)		2018		•
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2019		Ţ	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities				
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		Ţ	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	• 00	2018	•	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2019		1	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than				
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population) ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,	0.1	2016	•		2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	11.2	2019	•	
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	10.6	2016	5	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	100.0	2017	•	-
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	4.0	2011			Satisfaction with public transport (%)		2020		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	10	2016)		Population with rent overburden (%)		2019		•
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2019		1	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production				
fe expectancy at birth (years)		2019		1	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	21.0	2019	•	
dolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2018		1	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		2019		
rths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016		+	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		2012		
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2019		1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	42.1			
niversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	16.3	2010	•	
ubjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best) ap in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2020		1	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.8	2018	•	
ap in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2018		1	SDG13 – Climate Action				
ip in sen-reported health status by income (percentage points) illy smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)		2018		†	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production				
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	23.7	2010	, •	•	(tCO ₂ /capita)	5.0	2019	•	
OG4 – Quality Education					CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	19	2015	•	
et primary enrollment rate (%)	100.0			↑	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)		2019		
, , ,	* 100.0			1	Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)		2018		
eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24) rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)		NA 2018		1	SDG14 – Life Below Water				
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6) rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)		2018		1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	81.1	2010	•	
A score (worst 0–600 best)	493.7			†	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2019		
riation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)		2018		→	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	16.0			
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		1	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)		2016		
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)		2018		1	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		2016		
DG5 – Gender Equality					Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.4	2018	•	
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods					SDG15 – Life on Land				
% of females aged 15 to 49)	95.5	2005	5	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	80.4	2019		
tio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	96.6	2019	9 •	1	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)		2019		
tio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		1	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
eats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		†	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)		2018		
nder wage gap (% of male median wage)	13.7	2016	5		Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports				
nder gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	89.1	2010	•		(per million population)	7.1	2018	•	
DG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation					SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions				
oulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	100.0	2017	7	1	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	1.2	2018	•	
oulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		†	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		2018		
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where				
thropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•	they live (%)		2020		
rce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	41.0	2013	•	7	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)		2020		
oulation using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0			
oulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	88.4	2017	7 🛑	→	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)		2020		
OG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	0.0	2019	•	
oulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0	2018	3	1	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	3.5	2019	•	
oulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0			†	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	22 Q	2020		
emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total		2019		1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)		2020		
ectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	106.1			
are of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	10.7	2019	•	7		. 00.1	_017		
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals	17.7	2010		
usted GDP growth (%)	1.4	2019	9		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13./	2018		
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.4	2019	•	
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA	NA		
nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)		2017			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)		2019		
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2020		↑	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)		2020		
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2015		↑	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)		2017		
		2010		T					
nployment-to-population ratio (%) uth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	65.6	2015		•	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	86.3	2010	-	

^{*} Imputed data point

