

OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING

Poland



REGIONAL AVERAGE: 77.2

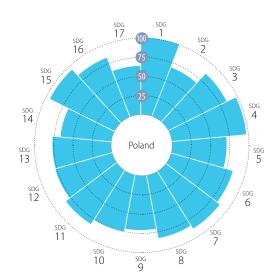
89.1 100

STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)





AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2 "Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





DG1 – No Poverty overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)		Year F 2021	_	rend	SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure	Value Ye		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%) everty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)		2021		T T	Population using the internet (%) Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	84.5 20 185.8 20		
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)		2018			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related			
DG2 – Zero Hunger	5.0	2010		•	infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2 20	018	
revalence of undernourishment (%)	2 5	2010		A	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	31.1 20	121	
revalence of undernourishment (%) revalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)		2018		T	top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)			_
revalence of stanting in children under 5 years of age (%) *		2014		*	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.9 20		
revalence of obesity, BMI \geq 30 (% of adult population)		2016		Ţ	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.2 20		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)		2017		Ţ	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	7.2 20		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		2018		Ť	Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	2.5 20		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)		2015		→	Gap in internet access by income (percentage points) Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	34.9 20 43.4 20		
ield gap closure (% of potential yield)	44.5	2015	•	•	·	43.4 20	J17	
ports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	2.0	2018	•		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being					Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42.9 20		
laternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	7	2017	•		Palma ratio	1.0 20		
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)		2017		*	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	12.8 20)18	•
lortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)		2019		†	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		2019		†	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	0.0 20	018	D
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		NA		•	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	19.7 20	110	
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,					2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)	19.7 20	119	•
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	18.7	2016	•	T	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	99.3 20	017	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	20	2016		•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	50 20		
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)					Population with rent overburden (%)	7.0 20	019	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)		2019		\rightarrow	SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production			
e expectancy at birth (years)		2019		↑	Electronic waste (kg/capita)	11.7 20)19 🚅	
olescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		2018		↑	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	30.7 20		
ths attended by skilled health personnel (%)		2016		↑	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	5.2 20		
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)		2019		1	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	32.8 20		
iversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)		2017		1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	3.4 20		
ojective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)		2020		1	Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	0.6 20		
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)		2016				0.0 20	,,,,	Ė
p in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)		2019		Ψ.	SDG13 – Climate Action			
ly smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	22.7	2014	•		CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	8.5 20	019	•
G4 – Quality Education					(tCO ₂ /capita)			
t primary enrollment rate (%)	97.8	2018	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	1.0 20		
ver secondary completion rate (%)	99.9	2018	•	1	CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	361.6 20		
eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8	2008	•		Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	35.5 20	018	
ticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)	95.4	2018	•	1	SDG14 – Life Below Water			
tiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	43.5	2019	•	1	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	89.5 20	019	ð
A score (worst 0–600 best)	513.0	2018	•	1	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	44.4 20	020	ð
iation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	12.6	2018	•	1	Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	59.9 20	014	ð
derachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	13.8	2018	•	1	Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	35.8 20	016	D
silient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	39.3	2018		1	Fish caught that are then discarded (%)	2.9 20	016	ð
OG5 – Gender Equality					Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 20	018	ð
mand for family planning satisfied by modern methods					SDG15 – Life on Land			
% of females aged 15 to 49)	† 71.8	2020	•	7	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	87.3 20	110	
io of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	100.8	2019	•	个	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	91.2 20		
io of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)		2019		个	Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	1.0 20		
ats held by women in national parliament (%)		2020		÷	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 20		
nder wage gap (% of male median wage)		2018		Ť	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.0 20	110	•
nder wage gap (// 6) male median wage/ nder gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	136.2				(per million population)	1.0 20	018	D
			_					-
GG – Clean Water and Sanitation	00 =	201-		A	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions	07.0	110 -	
oulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)		2017		T	Homicides (per 100,000 population)	0.7 20		9
oulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)		2017		1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	9.1 20	אונ •	9
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)		2017		•	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	71 20	020	Þ
chropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)		2018		•	they live (%) Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.1 20	120 -	
rce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)		2013		1	Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	100.0 20		
pulation using safely managed water services (%)		2017		1	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	56 20		
oulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	75.5	2017	•	<u>↑</u>	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	• 0.0 20		
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy					Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD			
pulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0			1	per 100,000 population)	0.0 20	019	D
ulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	100.0	2016	•	1	Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	28.7 20	020	D
emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total	1.9	2019	•	→	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 20		
ectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)					Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	195.1 20		
re of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	9.3	2019	•	Ψ_				Ī
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth					SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	0.1.30	110 🧸	
usted GDP growth (%)	2.3	2019	•		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	9.1 20	JIÖ	•
tims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)		2018		•	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	0.1 20)19	D
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a				1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	NA N	JA =	D
nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	80./	2017		•	Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst)	40.4 20		
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)		2020		ψ.	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	55.6 20		
tal work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)		2015		1	Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	4.3 20		
nployment-to-population ratio (%)	68.2	2019	•	1	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)			
outh not in employment, education or training (NEET)					Promotival Lettorillative flingsy (MODS) n= 100 DGS()	89.1 20	119	-

^{*} Imputed data point

