

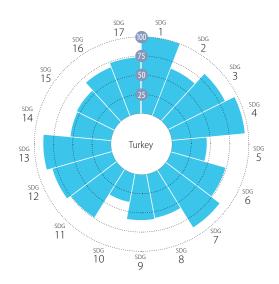
OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING Turkey





AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture". The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX





DG1 – No Poverty overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	Value Year Ratir		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure Population using the internet (%)	Value Year Ra 74.0 2019		
overty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	0.0 2021		Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	74.0 2019		
overty rate after taxes and transfers (%)	17.2 2015	_	Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related			
DG2 – Zero Hunger	17.2 2015		infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	3.2 2018	•	•
3	2.5.2010		The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of	40.5 2021	•	
revalence of undernourishment (%)	2.5 2018		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)		_	
evalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%) evalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	6.0 2018 • 1.7 2018 •		Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	0.4 2018	•	•
evalence of wasting in children under 3 years of age (%) evalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population)	32.1 2016		Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	1.0 2017		
uman Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	2.3 2017	•	Researchers (per 1,000 employed population)	4.4 2018		
ereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)	3.2 2017		Triadic patent families filed (per million population)	0.9 2018		
ustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	0.6 2015		Gap in internet access by income (percentage points)		•	
eld gap closure (% of potential yield)	NA NA •		Female share of graduates from STEM fields at the tertiary level (%)	34.7 2014	•	
sports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)	8.1 2018		SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities			
	0.1 2010		Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	49.0 2016	•	•
DG3 – Good Health and Well-Being			Palma ratio	1.9 2015	•	
aternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	17 2017	T	Elderly poverty rate (% of population aged 66 or over)	17.0 2015	•	
eonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	5.3 2019	T	SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities			
ortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	10.0 2019		Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	8.6 2018	•	
cidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)	16.0 2019		Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than			
ew HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)	NA NA •		2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (µg/m³)	45.2 2019	•	•
ge-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer, diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	16.1 2016	1	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)	98.6 2017	•	
ge-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and			Satisfaction with public transport (%)		•	
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	47 2016 •		Population with rent overburden (%)	NA NA	-	
affic deaths (per 100,000 population)	6.7 2019	1		14/1 14/1	_	
e expectancy at birth (years)	78.6 2019		SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production	10.2 5511	_	
olescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)	25.6 2018		Electronic waste (kg/capita)	10.2 2019	•	
ths attended by skilled health personnel (%)	97.4 2014	_	Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)	28.7 2012		
rviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	97 2019		SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	2.7 2012		
iversal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	74 2017		Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)	25.5 2010		
bjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	4.9 2020	1	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	1.7 2010		
p in life expectancy at birth among regions (years)	2.9 2016		Non-recycled municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	1.0 2018	•	_
p in self-reported health status by income (percentage points)	12.6 2018	1	SDG13 – Climate Action			
ily smokers (% of population aged 15 and over)	26.5 2016		CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	4.0. 2010		
OG4 – Quality Education			(tCO ₂ /capita)	4.9 2019	•	
	95.0 2018	7	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)	0.5 2015	•	
t primary enrollment rate (%)	* 100.0 2018 •		CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	2.0 2019	•	
wer secondary completion rate (%) eracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	99.8 2017		Carbon Pricing Score at EUR60/tCO ₂ (%, worst 0–100 best)	23.6 2018	•	
rticipation rate in pre-primary organized learning (% of children aged 4 to 6)			SDG14 – Life Below Water			
rtiary educational attainment (% of population aged 25 to 34)	35.3 2019		Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)	3.8 2019	•	
A score (worst 0–600 best)	462.7 2018		Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)	50.5 2020	_	
riation in science performance explained by socio-economic status (%)	11.0 2018		Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)	61.6 2014		
nderachievers in science (% of 15-year-olds)	25.2 2018		Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%)	23.2 2016		
esilient students in science (% of 15-year-olds)	48.2 2018	- 1	Fish caught by trawing of diedging (%)	5.8 2016		
·	40.2 2010		Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)	0.0 2018		
OG5 – Gender Equality				0.0 2010	Ť	-
emand for family planning satisfied by modern methods	60.1 2018	-	SDG15 – Life on Land			
% of females aged 15 to 49)			Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%)	2.3 2019		
tio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	81.1 2019		Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)	4.3 2019		
tio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	47.5 2019 • 17.3 2020 •		Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)	0.9 2020		
ats held by women in national parliament (%)			Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)	0.0 2018	•	
nder wage gap (% of male median wage)	6.9 2014		Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	0.7 2018	•	
nder gap in time spent doing unpaid work (minutes/day)	237.5 2015		(per million population)			_
OG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions			
oulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	98.9 2017 •		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	2.6 2018		
ulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	97.3 2017 •	1	Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)	30.6 2018	•	
shwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	44.6 2017 •		Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where	59 2020		
hropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	30.4 2018		they live (%)			
rce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	13.2 2013	1	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	4.6 2020		
ulation using safely managed water services (%)	NA NA •		Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	98.4 2019		
ulation using safely managed sanitation services (%)	65.2 2017 •	\rightarrow	Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	40 2020		
G7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	NA NA		
oulation with access to electricity (%)	100.0 2018	1	Exports of major conventional weapons (TIV constant million USD	0.3 2019	•	
ulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	NA NA	•	per 100,000 population)			
emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per total			Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)	50.0 2020		
ectricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	1.3 2019	→	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	0.6 2020		
re of renewable energy in total primary energy supply (%)	15.9 2019	1	Persons held in prison (per 100,000 population)	322.0 2017		
			SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals			
G8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth	2.2.2010 =		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	5.9 2018	•	
usted GDP growth (%)	-3.2 2019		For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional	NA NA		
ims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	6.5 2018		public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)	INA INA	-	
ults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a	68.6 2017	1	Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	30.6 2019		
nobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)			Corporate Tax Haven Score (best 0–100 worst) *	0.0 2019	•	
ndamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	0.4 2020	× .	Financial Secrecy Score (best 0–100 worst)	59.5 2020	•	
al work-related accidents embodied in imports (per 100,000 population)	0.2 2015		Shifted profits of multinationals (US\$ billion)	3.7 2017	•	
nployment-to-population ratio (%) uth not in employment, education or training (NEET)	50.3 2019	7	Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)	84.6 2019	•	
ATTENDED FOR THE PROPERTY OF THE STATE OF TH	28.8 2019					_

^{*} Imputed data point

