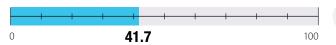
OVERALL PERFORMANCE

COUNTRY RANKING **Solomon Islands**

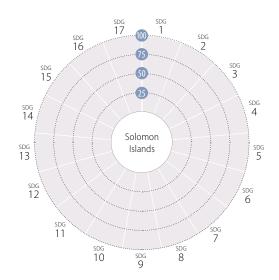




STATISTICAL PERFORMANCE INDEX 0 (WORST) TO 100 (BEST)



AVERAGE PERFORMANCE BY SDG



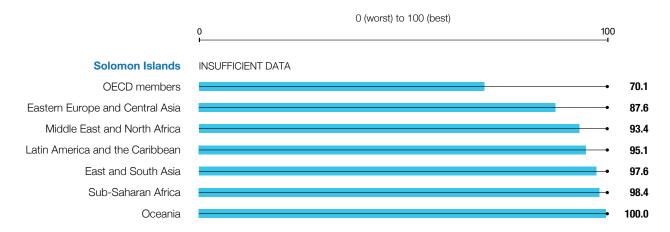
SDG DASHBOARDS AND TRENDS



Notes: The full title of Goal 2"Zero Hunger" is "End hunger, achieve food security and improved nutrition and promote sustainable agriculture".

The full title of each SDG is available here: https://sustainabledevelopment.un.org/topics/sustainabledevelopmentgoals

INTERNATIONAL SPILLOVER INDEX



SOLOMON ISLANDS

SDG1 – No Poverty	Value Year Rating Tr		SDG9 – Industry, Innovation and Infrastructure			Year R	ating	
Poverty headcount ratio at \$1.90/day (%)	25.8 2021		Population using the internet (%)		1.9 2		•	-
Poverty headcount ratio at \$3.20/day (%)	56.2 2021 • •	7	Mobile broadband subscriptions (per 100 population)	15	9.3 2	019	•	i
SDG2 – Zero Hunger			Logistics Performance Index: Quality of trade and transport-related infrastructure (worst 1–5 best)	2	2 2	018	•	1
Prevalence of undernourishment (%)	13.2 2010	Ť	The Times Higher Education Universities Ranking: Average score of					
Prevalence of stunting in children under 5 years of age (%)	31.7 2015		top 3 universities (worst 0–100 best)	* C).0 2	020	•	•
Prevalence of wasting in children under 5 years of age (%)	8.5 2015	7 J	Scientific and technical journal articles (per 1,000 population)	C	0.0 2	.018	•	1
Prevalence of obesity, BMI ≥ 30 (% of adult population) Human Trophic Level (best 2–3 worst)	22.5 2016 • • 2.1 2017 • •	*	Expenditure on research and development (% of GDP)	١	1 A	NA	•	•
Cereal yield (tonnes per hectare of harvested land)		1	SDG10 – Reduced Inequalities					
Sustainable Nitrogen Management Index (best 0–1.41 worst)	1.2 2015	T	Gini coefficient adjusted for top income	42	2.0 2	.013	•	•
Exports of hazardous pesticides (tonnes per million population)		•	Palma ratio	1	.6 2	018	•	•
SDG3 – Good Health and Well-Being	101 101		SDG11 – Sustainable Cities and Communities					
Maternal mortality rate (per 100,000 live births)	104 2017	^	Proportion of urban population living in slums (%)	1	1 A	NA	•	•
Neonatal mortality rate (per 1,000 live births)	8.2 2019	.	Annual mean concentration of particulate matter of less than	11	.2 2	019		4
Mortality rate, under-5 (per 1,000 live births)	19.7 2019	^	2.5 microns in diameter (PM2.5) (μg/m³)				Ĭ	
Incidence of tuberculosis (per 100,000 population)		7	Access to improved water source, piped (% of urban population)).5 21		•	4
New HIV infections (per 1,000 uninfected population)		•	Satisfaction with public transport (%)	١	1 A	NA		•
Age-standardized death rate due to cardiovascular disease, cancer,			SDG12 – Responsible Consumption and Production					
diabetes, or chronic respiratory disease in adults aged 30–70 years (%)	23.8 2016	7	Municipal solid waste (kg/capita/day)	3	3.3 2	013	•	•
Age-standardized death rate attributable to household air pollution and	137 2016		Electronic waste (kg/capita)).8 2		•	•
ambient air pollution (per 100,000 population)	137 2016		Production-based SO ₂ emissions (kg/capita)		1 A			•
Fraffic deaths (per 100,000 population)		→	SO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)		1 A		•	
ife expectancy at birth (years)		→	Production-based nitrogen emissions (kg/capita)		1 A			
Adolescent fertility rate (births per 1,000 females aged 15 to 19)		Ψ.	Nitrogen emissions embodied in imports (kg/capita)	١	I Al	NA		-
Births attended by skilled health personnel (%)			SDG13 – Climate Action					
Surviving infants who received 2 WHO-recommended vaccines (%)	81 2019 • '	T	CO ₂ emissions from fossil fuel combustion and cement production	C).5 2	019	•	4
Universal health coverage (UHC) index of service coverage (worst 0–100 best)	47 2017 •	→	(tCO ₂ /capita)		IA I	N I A		4
Subjective well-being (average ladder score, worst 0–10 best)	NA NA •	•	CO ₂ emissions embodied in imports (tCO ₂ /capita)		1 Al			
5DG4 – Quality Education			CO ₂ emissions embodied in fossil fuel exports (kg/capita)	C	.0 2	016		-
Net primary enrollment rate (%)	93.4 2019	.	SDG14 – Life Below Water	-		040		
ower secondary completion rate (%)		•	Mean area that is protected in marine sites important to biodiversity (%)		2.4 2		•	
iteracy rate (% of population aged 15 to 24)	NIA NIA =	•	Ocean Health Index: Clean Waters score (worst 0–100 best)		2.9 2		•	1
			Fish caught from overexploited or collapsed stocks (% of total catch)		3.7 21		•	
BDG5 – Gender Equality Demand for family planning satisfied by modern methods			Fish caught by trawling or dredging (%) Fish caught that are then discarded (%)		1 A <i>l</i> 1 A <i>l</i>		•	
(% of females aged 15 to 49)	38.0 2015	→	Marine biodiversity threats embodied in imports (per million population)		A A		•	
Ratio of female-to-male mean years of education received (%)	NA NA •	•		11	1/1	N/A	_	_
Ratio of female-to-male labor force participation rate (%)	96.0 2019	1	SDG15 – Life on Land		147	010		
Seats held by women in national parliament (%)	6.4 2020 •	→	Mean area that is protected in terrestrial sites important to biodiversity (%) Mean area that is protected in freshwater sites important to biodiversity (%)		1.4 21			-
SDG6 – Clean Water and Sanitation			Red List Index of species survival (worst 0–1 best)			NA 020		
Opulation using at least basic drinking water services (%)	67.8 2017	1	Permanent deforestation (% of forest area, 5-year average)).3 2			-
opulation using at least basic sanitation services (%)	33.5 2017 • •	→	Terrestrial and freshwater biodiversity threats embodied in imports	C	.5 2	010	Ť	
reshwater withdrawal (% of available freshwater resources)	NA NA •		(per million population)	١	1 A	NA		
anthropogenic wastewater that receives treatment (%)	0.0 2018	•	SDG16 – Peace, Justice and Strong Institutions					
carce water consumption embodied in imports (m³/capita)	NA NA •		Homicides (per 100,000 population)	3	3.8 2	008	•	
DG7 – Affordable and Clean Energy			Unsentenced detainees (% of prison population)		3.2 2		•	-
opulation with access to electricity (%)	66.7 2018 •	1	Population who feel safe walking alone at night in the city or area where		1.4	N I A		
opulation with access to clean fuels and technology for cooking (%)	8.5 2016 • •	→	they live (%)	N	1 A	NA		•
CO ₂ emissions from fuel combustion for electricity and heating per	NIA NIA	•	Property Rights (worst 1–7 best)	1	1 A	NA	•	•
total electricity output (MtCO ₂ /TWh)	NA NA •		Birth registrations with civil authority (% of children under age 5)	88	3.0 2	019	•	•
SDG8 – Decent Work and Economic Growth			Corruption Perception Index (worst 0–100 best)	4	42 2	020	•	-
djusted GDP growth (%)	-5.8 2019 •	•	Children involved in child labor (% of population aged 5 to 14)	13	3.8 2	015	•	(
ictims of modern slavery (per 1,000 population)	NA NA •	•		* C	0.0 2	019	•	
Adults with an account at a bank or other financial institution or with a mobile-money-service provider (% of population aged 15 or over)	NA NA •	•	per 100,000 population) Press Freedom Index (best 0–100 worst)		1 A		•	
Jnemployment rate (% of total labor force)	0.8 2020	1	Access to and affordability of justice (worst 0–1 best)	١	1 A	NA	•	•
undamental labor rights are effectively guaranteed (worst 0–1 best)	NA NA •	•	SDG17 – Partnerships for the Goals					
Fatal work-related accidents embodied in imports	NIA NIA		Government spending on health and education (% of GDP)	13	3.4 2	018	•	1
(per 100,000 population)	NA NA •	_	For high-income and all OECD DAC countries: International concessional public finance, including official development assistance (% of GNI)		I Al		•	
			Other countries: Government revenue excluding grants (% of GDP)	26	5.3 2	019	•	J
					0.0 2		•	4
			C 1 1 1 1 C 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					

^{*} Imputed data point



41.7 2019 • 7

Statistical Performance Index (worst 0–100 best)