- 1. $N \cdot 1/2^{N-1}$, 绿宝书原题,扩展:如果不是半圆而是长度 p 的圆弧(假设圆周长为 1),那么 $N \cdot p^{N-1}$
- 2. 10, 用 markcov chain 的 absorbing states 的方程组可以解出来,绿宝书上有类似题目
- 3. 2.62, 绿宝书原题
- 4. $2 \times \min(p, 1-p)$, see <u>www.mathproblems.info/prob11-tucker.pdf</u>
- 5. 40/3, 灯泡互相 independent, 并且 memory-less, 计算寿命最小值的 expectation, 用 order statistics
- 6. correct
- 7. $1-n/2^{n-1}$ 等价条件是对任何一条边,其长度必须大于其他边的和
- 8. I think average is better for a 20 mins window, median would be better for a longer time window
- 9. (n+1)/3
- $10. \times \& (x-1) == 0$
- 11. smart pointer, will update code soon
- 12. leetcode, reverse a linked list, will update code soon
- 13. find the smallest M x_i , will update code soon
- 14. KMP, will update code soon
- 15. exp(x), after using Taylor expansion, we can use divide and conquer to calculate the power of x
- 16. stream median algorithm: see here
 - www.cs.dartmouth.edu/~ac/Teach/CS49-Fall11/Notes/lecnotes.pdf Chapter 9 streaming algorithm for finding any order statistics (including median), called Munro-Paterson Algorithm.
 - a. Keep a filters a,b such that a <= median <= b
 - b. As we read stream, calculate a and b's ranking and shrink a and b towards the middle
- 17. Leetcode, will update code soon