Object Oriented Programming with Java

Lab Exercise

Lah Unit = 1 (2 Hrs actual Time)

- 1.1 Write a program to display any message:
- 1.2 Write a Java program to display default value of all primitive data types of Java.
- 1.3 Write a program check two strings are equal or not.

Lah Unit – 2 (2 Hrs actual Time)

- 2.1 Write a program to give the examples of operators.
 - 2.1.1 Increment and decrement operators.
 - 2.1.2 Bitwise Complement Operator.
 - 2.1.3 Arithmetic operator.
 - 2.1.4 Relational Operator
 - 2.1.5 Bitwise operator.
 - 2.1.6 Conditional Operator.
- 2.2 Write a program to give the example of control statements.
 - 2.2.1 If statements.
 - 2.2.2 Switch Statements.
 - 2.2.3 For loop.
 - 2.2.4 While Statements.
 - 2.2.5 Do statements
- 2.3 Write a program to calculate the following
 - 2.3.1 Find the length of array.
 - 2.3.2 Demonstrate a one-dimensional array.
 - 2.3.3 Demonstrate a two-dimensional array.
 - 2.3.4 Demonstrate a multi-dimensional array.
- 2.4 Write a program give example for command line arguments.

- 2.4.1 To find the sum of command line arguments and count the invalid integers entered.
- 2.4.2 To get the name using command line.
- 2.5 Write a program to print the following triangle of binary digits.

2.5.1	1	2.5.2	5
	1 0 1		4 5
	1 0 0 0 1		3 4 5
	$1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1$		2 3 4 5
	$1\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 0\ 1$		1 2 3 4 5
			012345
2.5.3	1		
	1 2		
	1 2 3		
	1 2 3 4		
	1 2 3 4 5		

- 2.6. Write a program to the find the following
 - 2.6.1 Prime number checking
 - 2.6.2 Sum of digit
- 2.7 Write a program to arrange the numbers in ascending order.
- 2.8 Write a program to calculate the roots of Quadratic equations.
- 2.9 Write a program for calculating Matrix Operations.
 - 2.9.1 Addition.
 - 2.9.2 Multiplication.

I ah Unit — 2 (2 Hrs Real Time)
3.1 Write a program to create a room class, the attributes of this class is roomno, roomtype, roomarea and ACmachine. In this class the member functions are setdata and displaydata.

- 3.2 Write a program create a class 'simpleobject'. Using constructor display the message.
- 3.3 Write a program for the following
 - 1. Example for call by value.
 - 2. Example for call by reference.
- 3.4 Write a program to give the example for 'this' operator. And also use the 'this' keyword as return statement.

- 1.ah 1 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 4.1 Write a program to demonstrate static variables, methods, and blocks.
 - 4.2 Write a program for reuse class. For this program use the above 'room class' program.
 - 4.3 Create class named as 'a' and create a sub class 'b'. Which is extends from class 'a'. And use these classes in 'inherit' class.
 - 4.4 Write a program to give the example for method overriding concepts.
 - 4.5 Write a program to give the example for 'super' keyword.

- I.ah 5 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 5.1 Write a program to create a class named shape. In this class we have three sub classes circle, triangle and square each class has two member function named draw () and erase (). Create these using polymorphism concepts.
 - 5.2 Write a program to give a simple example for abstract class.
 - 5.3 Write a program suppose, it is required to build a project consisting of a number of classes, possibly using a large number of programmers. It is necessary to make sure that every class from which all other classes in the project will be inherited. Since any new classes in the project must inherit from the base class, programmers are not free to create a different interface. Therefore, it can be guaranteed that all the classes in the project will respond to the same debugging commands.

Lah - 6 (2 Hrs Real Time)

- 6.1 Write a program to create interface A in this interface we have two method meth1 and meth2. Implements this interface in another class named MyClass.
- 6.2 Write a program to give example for multiple inheritance in Java.
- 6.3 Write a program to create interface named test. In this interface the member function is square. Implement this interface in arithmetic class. Create one new class called ToTestInt in this class use the object of arithmetic class.
- 6.4 Create an outer class with a function display, again create another class inside the outer class named inner with a function called display and call the two functions in the main class.
- 1.ah 7 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 7.1 Write a class called ColourChecking. Define a color with red = 193, green
 =255 and blue = 183. No separate the rgb values. Find the Hue, saturation and brightness of this color.
 - 7.2 Write a program to check the font class method as follows: Create a font TimesRoman bold and Italic size 12. In this object use the font methods. Then display the attributes of the font.
 - 7.3 Write a program to find the solution for the following problems using Recursion.
 - 7.3.1 Find the maximum of an array. Let a[] be an array of integers. if n=1, a[0] is the only number in the array and so, maximum = a[0]. if n>1, then do the following: find the maximum of n-1 entries of the array. Compare this maximum with the last entry a[n-1] and finalize.
 - 7.3.2 Find the Fibonacci numbers are defined as $F_0=1,F_1=1$ and $F_i=F_{i-1}+F_{i-2}$ for i >2.

Lah - 8 (9 Hrs Real Time)

8.1 Create class point with following instance variable and methods.

Instance variable: private int x,y

Constructors : public Point(), Point(int x, int y)

Methods : public void setX(int x), setY(int y), setXY(int x, int

y)

- 8.2 Create class Number with only one private instance variable as a double primitive type. To include the following methods (include respective constructors) isZero(), isPositive(), isNegative(), isOdd(), isEven(), isPrime(), isAmstrong() the above methods return boolean primitive type. getFactorial(), getSqrt(), getSqr(), sumDigits(), getReverse() the above methods return double primitive type. void listFactor(), void dispBinary().
- 8.3 Write a program to create a package named mypack and import it in circle class.
- 8.4 Write a program to create a package named pl, and implement this package in ex1 class.

- 1.ah 0 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 9.1 Write a program to create automatic type conversions apply to overriding.
 - 9.2 Create class box and box3d. box3d is extended class of box. The above two classes going to pull fill following requirement
 - Include constructor.
 - set value of length, breadth, height
 - Find out area and volume.

Note: Base class and sub classes have respective methods and instance variables.

9.3 Write a program using vector class.

Lab – **10** (2 Hrs Real

- 10.1 Write a program for example of try and catch block. In this check whether the given array size is negative or not.
- 10.2 Write a program for example of multiple catch statements occurring in a program.
- 10.3 Write a program to illustrate sub class exception precedence over base class.
- 10.4 Write a program to illustrate usage of try/catch with finally clause.
- 10.5 Write a program to describe usage of throws clause.
- 10.6 Write a program for creation of user defined exception.

- I ah 11 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 11.1 Write a program to create a text file in the path c:\java\abc.txt and check whether that file is exists. Using the command exists(), isDirectory(), isFile(), getName() and getAbsolutePath().
 - 11.2 Write a program to rename the given file, after renaming the file delete the renamed file. (Accept the file name using command line arguments.)
 - 11.3 Write a program to create a directory and check whether the directory is created.
 - 11.4 Write a program to open one application using process class.
 - 11.5 Write a program using modifiers.

12.1 Write a program to create a file and write data into it using the methods OutputStream class.

- 12.2 Write a program to accept specified number of characters as input and converts them into uppercase characters.
- 12.3 Write a program to get the input from the user and store it into file. Using Reader and Writer file.

- 13.1 Write a program to illustrate creation of threads using runnable class.(start method start each of the newly created thread. Inside the run method there is sleep() for suspend the thread for 500 milliseconds).
 - 13.2 Write a program to create a class MyThread in this class a constructor, call the base class constructor, using super and starts the thread. The run method of the class starts after this. It can be observed that both main thread and created child thread are executed concurrently.

- 1.4h 1.4 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 14.1 Write a program to get the reference to the current thread by calling currentThread() method.
 - 14.2 Write a program to create two threads. In this class we have one constructor used to start the thread and run it. Check whether these two threads are run are not.

- Lah 15 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 15.1 Create a multithreaded program by creating a subclass of Thread and then creating, initializing, and staring two Thread objects from your class. The threads will execute concurrently and display Java is hot, aromatic, and invigorating to the console window.
 - 15.2 Create a multithreaded program as in the previous exercise by creating the MyThread subclass of Thread. But create threads as objects of the class MyClass, which is not a subclass of Thread. MyClass will implement the runnable interface and objects of MyClass will be executed as threads by passing them as arguments to the Thread constructor.

16.1 Write a program for inventory problem in this to illustrates the usage of synchronized keyword.

16.2 Write a program for interthread communication process. In this they have three classes consumer, producer and stock.

- 16.3 Write a program to show how synchronized methods and objects monitors are used to coordinate access to a common object by multiple threads. Clue use first program of this section for use will synchronized methods.
- 16.4 Write a complex program to illustrate how the thread priorities? Imagine that the first thread has just begun to run, even before it has a chance to do anything. Now comes the higher priority thread that wants to run as well. Now the higher priority thread has to do its work before the first thread starts.
- 17.1 Write a Applet program to display the "Hello World" in the browser. Lab 17 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 - 17.2 Write a Applet program that automatically display the text with Font Style, Font type.
- 18.1 Write a Applet program that automatically display the text with Font Style, Font type Using getParameter Method.
 - 18.2 Write a program that displays the menu bar and when You click the options it has to display a dialog box stating which option has been clicked.
 - 18.3 Write a program that has menubar and also a quit option and if the user clicks the quite option the applet should quit.

Lah - 10 (9 Hrs Real Time)

- 19.1 Write a program to create a dialogbox and menu.
- 19.2 Write a program to create a grid layout control.
- 19.3 Write a program to create a border layout control.
- 19.4 Write a program to create a padding layout control.

- Lab 20 (2 Hrs Real Time) 20.1 Write a program to give the example for button control.
 - 20.2 Write a program to give the example for panel control.
 - 20.3 Write a program that will display check boxes and option buttons they are numbered from 1 to. Use a textbox to display the number those corresponding boxes or button checked.
 - 20.4 Write a program to create a simple calculator.
 - 20.5 Write a program as above with combo box and list boxes instead.
 - 20.6 Write a program that displays the x and y position of the cursor movement using Mouse.
 - 20.7 Write a program to create a canvas.
 - 20.8 Write a program that displays the x and y position of the cursor movement using Keyboard.

- 1.ah 21 (2 Hrs Real Time) 21.1 Write a program to create a text box control.
 - 21.2 Write a program to create a analog clock.

- 1.ah 22 (2 Hrs Real Time)
 22.1 Write a program to create a Applet life cycle.
 - 22.2 Write a program for card Layout control.

Object Oriented Programming with Java

Lab Solutions

Lab - 1 (2 hrs real time)

```
Ex - 1.1
```

```
class Simout
{
    public static void main (String args[])
    {
        System.out.println ("Welcome to Java programming");
        }
}
```

Ex - 1.2

```
class Default
    private short s;
    private int i;
    private long 1;
    private float f;
    private double d;
    private char c;
    private String str;
    private boolean b;
public static void main (String args[ ])
     Default df = new Default();
      System.out.println ("\n short s = " + df.s);
      System.out.println ("\n int i =" + df.i);
      System.out.println ("\n long l =" + df.l );
      System.out.println ("\n float f =" + df.f);
      System.out.println ("\n double d =" + df.d);
      System.out.println ("\n char c =" + df.c);
      System.out.println ("\n String s =" + df.str);
      System.out.println("\n boolean b =" + df.b);
}
```

Ex - 1.3

```
class Streq
{
  public static void main (String args [ ])
```

```
{
String str1 = "Good";
String str2 = "Good";
System.out.println ("\n str1 :"+str1);
System.out.println ("\n str2 :"+str2);
System.out.println ("\n str1 == str2 : " + str1 == str2);
System.out.println ("\n str1.equals(str2): " +
str1.equals(str2));
}
```

Lab - 2 (2 Hrs Real Time)

Ex - 2.1.1

```
Increment and Decrement

Operators class IncDec
{
  public static void main (String args [ ] )
  {
    int x = 8, y = 13;
    System.out.println ("x =" + x);
    System.out.println ("y =" +y);
    System.out.println ("y++ =" + ++x);
    System.out.println ("y++ =" + y++);
    System.out.println ("x =" + x);
    System.out.println ("y =" + y);
    }
}
```

Ex - 2.1.2

```
Bitwise Complement Operator :
  class BitWiseComplement
   {
    public static void main (String args [ ] )
        {
        int x = 8;
        System.out.println ("x =" + x);
        int y = ~x;
        System.out.println ("y =" + y);
        }
    }
}
```

Ex - 2.1.3

```
Arithmetic operators:
  class FloatMath
   {
    public static void main ( String args [ ] )
```

```
float x = 23.5f, y = 7.3f;
System.out.println ("x =" + x);
System.out.println ("y =" + y);
System.out.println ("x + y =" + (x + y));
System.out.println ("x - y =" + (x - y));
System.out.println ("x * y =" + (x* y));
System.out.println ("x / y =" + (x / y));
System.out.println ("x % y =" + (x % y));
System.out.println ("x % y =" + (x % y));
```

Ex - 2.1.4

Ex - 2.1.5

```
Bitwise Operator :
    class Bitwise
    {
       public static void main ( String args [ ] )
       {
            int x = 5, y = 6;
            System.out.println (" x =" +x);
            System.out.println (" y =" + y
            );
            System.out.println (" x & y =" + ( x & y) );
            System.out.println (" x | y =" + ( x | y ) );
            System.out.println (" x ^ y =" + ( x ^ y) );
            System.out.println (" x ^ y =" + ( x ^ y) );
        }
}
```

Ex - 2.1.6

Conditional Operators

```
class Conditional
            public static void main (String args [ ] )
                    int x = 0;
                    boolean isEven = false;
                    System.out.println ("x = " +
                    x);
                   x = isEven ? 4: 7;
                   System.out.println ("x = " +
                   x);
Ex - 2.2.1
     class IfTest
         {
          public static void main ( String args [ ] )
               int x = 4;
               int y = 10;
               if (x > y)
                  System.out.println ("x is greater than y");
                   }
               else {
                  System.out.println ("X is lesser than y");
                    }
                 }
            }
Ex - 2.2.2
      class SwitchTest
        public static void main (String args [ ] )
            {
               char ch = 'A';
               switch (ch)
                    case 'A':
                       System.out.println ("Value is
                       A"); break;
                    case 'B':
                       System.out.println ("Value is B");
                       break;
                     default:
                       System.out.println ("Unknown Value");
```

}

}

Ex - 2.2.3

```
class ForTest
{
  public static void main (String args [ ] )
      {
      int i= 0;
      int sum = 0;
      for( i = 0; i <= 10; i++)
        sum += i;
      System.out.println ("The sum of first 10 Nos =" + sum );
    }
}</pre>
```

Ex - 2.2.4

```
class WhileTest
{
  public static void main (String args [ ] )
  {
    int i=1;
    while (i<=5)
      {
       System.out.println ("i =" + i);
      i++;
      }
  }
}</pre>
```

Ex - 2.2.5

```
class BreakLoop
{
  public static void main (String args [ ])
  {
    int i= 0;
    do {
      System.out.println ("I'm stuck !" )
    ; i++;
    if (i > 5)
      break;
      } while (true);
  }
}
```

Ex - 2.3.1

Ex - 2.3.2

```
// Demonstrate a one-dimensional array.

class Array
{
   public static void main (String args [ ] )
   {
      int num[];
      int size = 5;
      num = new int
      [size]; num [0] = 10;
      num [1] = 20;
      num [2] = 30;
      num [3] = 40;
      num [4]= 50;
      for (int i = 0; i < size; i+ +)
            System.out.println ("num [" + i +" ] =" + num [ i ]);
      }
}</pre>
```

Ex - 2.3.3

```
// ACDemo - Using arraycopy ( )
class ArrayCopy
{
   static char a [ ] = { 'H', 'E', 'L', 'L', 'O'};
   static char b [ ] = { 'W', 'O', 'R', 'L', 'D'};
   public static void main ( String args [ ])
   {
      System.out.print ("Before ArrayCopy a - - >" );
      System.out.println (a);
      System.out.print ("Before ArrayCopy b - - >"
      ); System.out.println (b);
```

```
System.arraycopy (a, 0, b, 0 ,a.length);
             System.out.print ("After ArrayCopy a - - >"
             ); System.out.print (a);
             System.out.print ("After ArrayCopy b - ->" );
             System.out.println (b);
Ex - 2.3.4
      // Demonstrate a two-dimensional array.
      class TwoDArray
        {
          public static void main (String args[])
               int twoD[][] = new int[3][3];
               int i, j , k = 0;
               for (i=0; i<3; i++)
               for (j=0; j<3; j++)
                      twoD[i][j] = k; k+
                      +;
                       }
               for (i=0; i< 3; i++)
                  for ( j = 0; j < 3; j++)
               System.out.print (twoD[i][j] + "
               "); System.out.println();
          }
      }
Ex - 2.4.1
      public class Summation
       public static void main(String a[])
         {
            int sum = 0;
            int invalid = 0;
            for(int I=0; I<a.length;I++)</pre>
            {
```

sum += Integer.parseInt(a[I]);

catch (NumberFormatException e)

invalid++;

try {

{

```
}
           System.out.println("Total no. of arguments :" + a.length);
           System.out.println("Invalid Integers:" + invalid);
           System.out.println("Sum :"+sum);
Ex - 2.4.2
     class cmdline
         public static void main (String args [ ])
              for ( int i=0 ; i < args.length ; i+
                +) System.out.println (args [ i ]);
Ex - 2.5.1
     public class BinaryTriangle
        public static void main (String arg [ ] )
           String k = "1", 1 = " ", s =
           1''; int m =
                                    0;
           int n = 5; //* if necessary change the value of n^{**}
           // for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
               for (int j = 1; j < m; j++)
                       1+= "0";
               System.out.println (k + l + s + "\
               n''); 1 = "";
               m += 2;
             }
Ex - 2.5.2
     public class NumberReverseTriangle
        public static void main (String arg[ ])
            String k= "";
```

```
int n = 5; /* if necessary change the value of n*
  */ for (int i = 5; i >= 0; i--)
  {
     k = i + " " + k;
     System.out.println (k + "\
     n");
     }
}
```

Ex - 2.5.3

```
public class NumberTriangle
{
   public static void main (String arg [ ])
   {
      String k = " ";
      int n = 6; /* if necessary change the value of n * */
      for ( int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
      {
         k += i + " ";
         System.out.println (k + "\n");
         }
    }
}</pre>
```

Ex - 2.6.1

```
class sumdig
{
    public static void main (String args [ ] )
    {
        int i, s;
        i = 927489;
        s=0;
        System.out.println
        (i); while (i>10)
        {
            s += i%10;
            i/=10;
        }
        s += i;
        System.out.println ("the sum of the digits is :" + s);
    }
}
```

Ex - 2.6.2

```
import java.lang.*;
```

```
class prime
   public static void main (String args [ ])
      int i, j, n, lastn;
     double a;
     boolean flag;
     for (i=0; i<1000; i++)
        a = i;
        a = Math.sqrt (a);
        lastn = (int)a;
        flag =true;
        for (j=2;j<=lastn; j+ +)</pre>
         if(i != j)
           if(i % j = =0)
           {
           flag = false;
           break;
            }
         }
       }
     if (flag) System.out.println ("\n'' + i);
  }
 }
```

Ex - 2.7

```
class exarray
{
  public static void main (String args [ ] )
      {
     int [ ] arr = {234,6,846,85,96,198,545,12,60,34,4,87,7,1};
     int i, j, l, temp;
     l= arr.length;
     for (i=0;i<l-1;i++)
      {
        temp = arr [i];
        arr[i] = arr[j];
        arr[j] = temp;
      }
    }
for (i=0;i<l;i++)
    {
        System.out.println (arr[i]);
    }
}</pre>
```

```
} }
```

Ex - 2.8

```
public class Quad
double a, b, c;
Quad(double a, double b, double c)
 a = a;
 b = b;
  c = c;
void root()
  double r1, r2, d, rp, ri;
  d = a* a - 4 * a*c;
  if (d<0)
  {
   rp = -b/(2.0 * a);
   ri = Math.sqrt(Math.abs(d))/(2.0*a);
  System.out.println(" The roots are complex conjugates");
  System.out.println("Roots1 = "+ rp + "i" + ri);
  System.out.println("Roots2 = "+ rp + "i"+ ri);
  if (d==0)
  {
  r1 = -b/(2.0*a);
   System.out.println("The roots are real and equal");
   System.out.println("Root = " + r1);
  if (d>0)
   r1 = (-b + Math.sqrt(d)) / (2.0*a);
   r2 = (-b-Math.sqrt(d))/(2.0*a);
   System.out.println("Root1 = " + r1 + "\n Root2 = " + r2);
   }
  public static void main(String a[])
   Quad q1,q2,q3;
   q1 = new Quad(1.0, -5.0, 6.0);
   q2 = new Quad(4.0, -20.0, 25.0);
   q3 = \text{new Quad}(2.0, 1.0, 2.0);
   q1.root();
   q2.root();
   q3.root();
  }
```

}

Ex - 2.9.1

```
public class MatAdd
public static void main(String a1[])
int I, j, k;
int a[][]={ \{4,7,9,8,3\},\{2,4,7,8,1\},\{1,1,8,1,2\},\{0,0,1,0,4\}\};
int b[][]={ {1,2,8,4,3},{4,1,8,3,1},{2,1,0,0,5},{1,2,1,1,7}};
int c[][];
c = new int[4][5];
for(I=0;I<4;I++)
for(j=0;j<5;j++) c[I][j]=a[I][j]
  +b[I][j];
for(I=0;I<4;I++)
 System.out.println("\n");
  for (j=0; j<5; j++)
    System.out.print(c[I][j]);
  }
 }
}
```

Ex - 2.9.2

```
public class MatMult
public static void main(String a1[])
 int a[][]={ \{0,1,4\},\{2,1,7\} };
 int b[][]={ \{1,7,2,3\},\{4,1,-2,3\},\{4,1,7,2\}\};
 int c[][];
 c = new int[2][4];
 int I, j, k;
 for(I=0;I<2;I++)
  for(j=0;j<4;j++)
  {
  c[I][j]=0;
   for (k=0; k<3; k++) c[I][j]+=a[I]
   [k]*b[k][j];
  }
for(I=0;I<2;I++)
 System.out.println("\n");
for(j=0;j<4;j++) System.out.print("\</pre>
b'' + c[I][j]+'' ");
}
```

}

Lab - 3 (2 hrs Real time)

Ex - 3.1

```
class Room
     int roomNo;
     String roomType;
      float roomArea;
     boolean acMachine;
void setData(int rno, String rt, float area, boolean ac)
  {
     roomNo = rno;
     roomType = rt;
     roomArea = area;
      acMachine = ac;
      }
 void displayData()
 {
     System.out.println("The room #. Is " + roomNo);
     System.out.println ("The room Type is " + roomType);
     System.out.println ("The room area is " \,\, +
     roomArea); String s = (acMachine)
                                         ? "yes " : "no
     "; System.out.println ("The A/c Machine needed " +
     s);
 public static void main(String arg[])
          Room room1 = new Room ();
          room1. setData (101, "Deluxe", 240.0f, true);
          room1.displayData ( );
```

Ex - 3.2

```
class SimpleObject
{
    SimpleObject()
    {
        System.out.println ("No argument Constructor");
        }
        SimpleObject(int a)
        {
        }
}
```

```
System.out.println ("One argument Constructor");
}

public class Constructor
{
   public static void main(String arg[])
   {
      new SimpleObject();
      new
      SimpleObject(100);
      }
}
```

Ex - 3.3

```
// simple types are passed by value
 class Test
    {
     void meth(int i, int j)
      {
        i *=2;
         j /=2;
      }
}
class CallByValue
 public static void main (String args[])
     Test ob = new Test();
     int a =15, b = 20;
     System.out.println ("Before call :a = "+ a +"b = " + b);
     ob.meth (a, b);
     System.out.println ("After call :a = " + a+" b = " + b );
     }
}
   simple types are passed by
value class Test
  {
  int a, b;
  Test(int i, int j)
     {
        a = i;
         b = j;
// pass an object
void meth(Test o)
```

```
{
          o.a *=2;
          o.b /= 2;
     }
     class CallByRef
        public static void (String args[])
          Test ob = new Test (15, 20);
       System.out.println("Before call :ob.a = "+ob.a+" ob.b
       "+ob.b); ob.meth (ob);
      System.out.println("After call :ob.a = "+ob.a+" ob.b "+ ob.b);
Ex - 3.4
     class Point {
         int x;
         int y;
      point ( int x, int y)
             x = x;
             y = y;
     }
     void displayPoint ( ) {
           System.out.println ("The x value is" + x);
           System.out.println ("The y value is" + y);
     public static void main ( String arg [ ] ) {
            Point point = new point (10,20);
             point. displayPoint ();
         }
     }
     // using this
     keyword class
     ThisReturn
        private int i = 0;
     ThisReturn increment()
        i++;
        return this ;
       }
     void print()
```

```
{
  System.out.println ("The i value is" + i);
  }

public static void main (String arg[])
  {
  ThisReturn tr = new ThisReturn();
  tr.increment().increment().increment().print();
  }
}
```

Lab - 4 (2 Hrs Real Time)

Ex - 4.1

```
// Demonstrate static variable , methods, and blocks.
class UseStatic
  {
      static int a=3;
      static int b;
      static void meth(int x)
            System.out.println ("x =" +x);
            System.out.println ("a =" +a);
            System.out.println ("b =" + b);
      static
        {
            System.out.println ("Static block Initialized");
            b = a * 4;
      public static void main (String args [ ])
             meth (42);
// Using Method
class StaticDemo
     static int a = 42;
     static int b = 99;
     static void callme()
          System.out.println ("a =" + a);
 class StaticByName
     public static void main( String args[])
```

```
{
              StaticDemo.callme();
               System.out.println ("b =" + StaticDemo.b);
Ex - 4.2
      class House
            Room r;
          void createHouse()
              r = new Room();
             }
      void displayHouse()
          {
          r.displayData();
           }
      public static void main (String args[])
      {
          House h = new
          House();
          h.createHouse();
          h.displayHouse();
      }
Ex - 4.3
      // a simple example of inheritance
      class A
         {
             int i, j;
            void showij()
            System.out.println (" i and j: " + i + "" + j );
            }
      class B extends A
       {
          int k;
       void showk()
            System.out.println ( "K: " + k);
      void sum()
        {
```

```
System.out.println ("i + j + k: "+ (i + j + k));
}
class Inherit
  public static void main (String args[])
       A superOb = new
       A(); B subOb =
       new B();
 // the superclass may be used by
       itself superOb.i = 10;
       superOb.j = 20;
       System.out.println("Contents of
       superOb:"); super Ob.showij() ;
       System.out.println ();
//the subclass has access to all public members of its superclass
       subOb. i = 1;
       subOb. j =
       2; subOb. k =
       3;
       System.out.println ("Contents of supOb:" );
       subOb.showij ( );
       subOb.showk ( );
       System.out.println ();
 System.out.println ("Sum of i, j and k in subob:");
       subOb.sum ( );
  }
}
```

Ex - 4.4

ĺ

```
System.out.println ("i and j : " + i +" "+ j);
     }
     class B extends A
      {
           int k;
     B()
      {
         i = 0;
         j = 0;
         k = 0;
     B(int a, int b, int c)
      {
         i = a;
         j = b;
         k = c;
       }
     void show()
      {
        System.out.println ("i and j:" + i +" " + j);
        System.out.println (" k:" + k);
     }
     class Override
       {
        public static void main (String args[])
               B \text{ subob} = \text{new } B (
                 1,2,3); subob.show();
                }
     }
Ex - 4.5
     // method overriding
     class A
      {
         int i, j;
         A()
          {
              i = 0;
              j = 0;
            }
     A(int a, int b)
         {
              i = a;
              j = b;
```

```
}
void show()
  {
    System.out.println ("i and j : "+ i +" " + j);
}
class B extends A
  {
     int k;
     B()
      {
         super();
         k = 0;
B(int a, int b, int c)
     super(a, b);
    k = c;
 void show()
 {
    super.show();
     System.out.println("k:" + k);
}
class Override
 {
   public static void main ( String args[])
           B subob = new B(1, 2, 3
           ); subob.show();
            }
```

Lab - 5 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 5.1

```
class Shape
{
  void draw()
  {
    System.out.println("Shape draw()");
    }
  void erase()
```

```
System.out.println (" Shape erase()");
class Circle extends Shape
 void draw()
   {
     System.out.println ("Circle draw()");
     }
void erase()
    System.out.println ("Circle erase()");
     }
class Triangle extends Shape
    void draw()
   System.out.println("Triangle erase()");
       }
class Square extends Shape
  void draw()
    {
      System.out.println ("Square draw()");
void erase()
    System.out.println ("Square erase()");
    }
}
public class Shapes
    public static Shape randshape()
       switch((int)(Math.random()*3))
         {
             case 0: return new Circle();
             case 1: return new Square();
             case 2: return new
             Triangle();
             default : System.out.println("default");
             return new Shape();
              }
 public static void main (String arg[])
  {
     Shape s[] = new Shape[9];
     for (int i = 0; i < s.length; i+
```

```
s[i] = randshape();
for(int i= 0;i < s.length; i+
     +) s[i].draw();
}</pre>
```

Ex - 5.2

```
// A simple demonstration of
 abstract abstract class
      abstract void callme();
      void callmetoo()
         System.out.println ("This is a concrete method .");
class B extends A
  void callme()
     System.out.println ("B' s implementation of callme.");
class AbstractDemo
 public static void main (String args[])
    {
      B b = new B();
      b.callme();
      b.callmetoo();
      }
}
```

Ex - 5.3

```
abstract class
debuggable{ abstract void dump()
{
   System.out.println("debuggable error: no dump() defined for the class");
}
} class X extends
debuggable{ private int a,b,c;
public:
   X( int aa =0,int bb=0,int cc=0)
{
   a = aa;
   b = bb;
   c = cc;
```

```
}
void dump()
System.out.println( "a = " + a +"b=" +b+ "c=" +c);
}
class Y extents
debuggable{ private int i,j,k;
public:
Y(int ii = 0, int jj = 0, int kk = 0)
i = ii;
j = jj;
k = kk;
void dump()
System.out.println( "i = " + i +"j=" +j+ "k=" +k);
class Z extents
debuggable{ private int p,q,r;
Y( int pp =0,int qq=0,int rr=0)
p = pp;
q = qq;
r = rr;
void dump()
System.out.println( "p = " + p + "q=" +q+ "r=" +r);
}
class abstdemo
public static void main(String arg[])
X \times (1, 2, 3);
Y y(2,4,5);
Z z;
x = new
X; y = new
Y; z = new
Ζ;
x.dump();
y.dump();
z.dump();
}
```

Lab - 6 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 6.1

```
// One interface an extend
another. interface
                   А
     void meth1();
     void meth2();
      }
// B now includes meth1() and meth2()--it adds
meth3(). interface B extends A
 {
     void meth3();
 // This class must implement all of A and
 B class MyClass implements B
     public void meth1 ( )
           System.out.println("Implement meth1().");
public void meth2()
       System.out.println ("Implement meth2().");
        }
public void meth3()
       System.out.println ("Implement meth().");
        }
class IFExtend
   public static void main(String arg[])
       MyClass ob = new
       MyClass(); ob.meth1();
       ob.meth2();
       ob.meth3();
    }
```

class Number

Ex - 6.2

```
{
           protected int x;
           protected int y;
           }
      interface Arithmetic
        {
              int add(int a, int b);
              int sub(int a, int b);
      class UseInterface extends Number implements Arithmetic
            public int add(int a, int b)
                return(a + b);
      public int sub(int a, int b)
         {
           return (a - b);
      public static void main(String args[])
          UseInterface ui = new UseInterface();
          System.out.println("Addition --- >" + ui.add(2,3));
          System.out.println("Subtraction ---- >" +
          ui.sub(2,1);
Ex - 6.3
              Interface
      public interface Test
           public int square(int a);
         }
      // Implements
      class arithmetic implements Test
            int s = 0;
            public int square(int b)
    System.out.println("Inside arithmetic class – implemented method square");
               System.out.println("Square of " + " is "+s);
               return s;
               }
            void armeth()
               {
```

```
}
     // use the
     object class
     ToTestInt
       public static void main(String a[])
        System.out.println("calling from ToTestInt class main
                                             method");
        Test t = new arithmetic();
        System.out.println("========");
      System.out.println("created object of test interface - reference
     Arithmetic class ");
        System.out.println("Hence Arithmetic class method square
     called");
        System.out.println("This object cannot call armeth method of
     Arithmetic class");
        System.out.println("=========");
        t.square(10);
        System.out.println("========");
Ex - 6.4
     class Outer{
     String so = ("This is Outer
     Class"); void display()
     System.out.println(so);
     void test() {
     Inner inner = new Inner();
     inner.display();
     //this is an inner class
     class Inner{
     String si =("This is inner Class");
     void display()
     { System.out.println(si);
     class InnerClassDemo{
     public static void main(String args[]){
     Outer outer = new Outer();
     outer.display();
     outer.test();
```

System.out.println("Inside method of class Arithmetic");

}

Lab - 7 (2 hrs Real time)

Ex - 7.1

```
COLOUR CHECKING
 import java.awt. *;
 public class ColourChecking
   public static void main(String arg [ ])
        Color rgb, hsb;
        rgb = new Color
        (193,255,183); int red, green,
        blue;
       red = rgb.getRed ( );
       green = rgb.getGreen ( );
              = rgb.getBlue (
       blue
       );
       float x [ ] = \{0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f\};
       rgb.RGBtoHSB(red, green, blue, x);
 System.out.println ("RGB Combination");
System.out.println ("Red: "+red+"Green: "+green+"Blue: "+blue);
 System.out.println ("Hue: "+x[0]+"Saturation: "+x[1]+"
                          "Brightness: "+x[2]);
 int r = rgb.HSBtoRGB (0.75f, 0.2375f, 0.95f);
   System.out.println ("\n HSB Combination");
   System.out.println(" Red, Blue and Green Combination : "+ r);
 }
```

Ex - 7.2

```
FONT CHECKING
import java.awt.*;
public class FontChecking
 public static void main (String arg [ ])
    Font f;
     f = new Font ("TimesNewRoman",
     Font.BOLD+Font.ITALIC, 12); String font = f. getName(
     );
     int style
                  = f.getStyle ();
     int size = f.getSize ();
     boolean bold = f.isBold ( );
     boolean normal = f.isPlain ();
     boolean italic = f.isItalic (
System.out.println ("Font : "+ font + "\n Style : "+ style + "\
n Size: "+ size + "\n Bold
                                                : "bold + "\n
```

Italic : "+italic);
}

Ex - 7.3.1

```
ORIAL RECURSION
public class Factorial
   int fact (int n)
    {
        if (n <= 1) return 1;
         else return ( n * fact(n - 1));
        public static void main (String arg [ ])
            int fa, fb, fc;
            int a = 4, b = 5, c = 6;
            Factorial f;
            f = new Factorial ();
            fa = f.fact (a);
            fb =f.fact (b);
            fc = f.fact (c);
       System.out.println("Factorial of "+ a + "is" + fa);
       System.out.println ("Factorial of "+ b + " is" + fb);
       System.out.println("Factorial of "+ c + "is" + fc);
```

Ex - 7.3.2

```
FIBONACCI NUMBERS : RECURSION
public class Fibonacci
{
    long fibo (int n)
        {
        if (n <= 1) return
            1; else
            return (fibo(n - 1) + fibo (n -2));
}
public static void main (String arg [ ])
{
    Fibonacci f;
    long 1;
        f = new Fibonacci ();
        l = f.fibo (5);
        System.out.println ("5th Fibonacci number is : "+1);
    }
}</pre>
```

Lab - 8 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 8.1

```
class ThisRetrun
  private int i = 0;
ThisReturn increment()
  i+ +;
  return this ;
void print()
System.out.println ("The i value is" + i);
public static void main (String arg[])
ThisReturn tr = new ThisRetrun();
 tr.increment().increment().increment().increment().print();
     }
import java.lang.*;
class point
  {
         private int x;
         private int y;
          public point ( ) { }
public point (int x, int y)
         this.x = x;
         this.y = y;
public void setX(int x)
            this.x = x;
public void setY (int y)
      this.y = y;
public void setXY (int x, int y)
     this.x = x;
     this.y = y;
public int getX()
{
```

```
return x;
     }
     public int gety ( )
           return y;
     public int addXY ( )
           return (x + y);
     public void display( )
          System.out.println (x);
          System.out.println (y);
     public double distance (point p2)
      return(Math.sqrt((x-p2.x)*(x-p2.x)+(y-p2.y)*(y-p2.y));
     }
     public static void main (String args[ ])
      {
         double a, b, c;
         point op,op1,op2;
         op = new point(5,
         6); op1 = new
         point(); op2 = new
         point();
         op1.setX(3);
         op1.setY(6);
         op1.getX();
         op1.gety();
         op2.setXY(8,9);
         op2.addXY();
         a =
         op1.distance(op2); b
         = op2.distance(op); c
         = op.distance(op1);
         System.out.println("Distance between point op1 to op2
         is"+a); System.out.println("Distance between point op2 to op
         is" +b); System.out.println("Distance between point op to
         op1 is" +c); System.out.println(" Points Of op, op1, op2");
         op.display();
         op1.display();
         op2.display();
Ex - 8.2
     import java.lang.Math. *;
     import java.lang.Number.*;
     class Num4
```

```
{
      private double db1;
      private long lg;
      public Num4 ( )
       {
           db1 = 108.0d;
           lg = 249;
public Num4(double d, long l)
  {
     db1 = d;
    lg = 1;
 public boolean isZero ( )
   if (db1 == 0.0)
    return true;
    else
    return false;
public boolean isPositive ( )
  {
    if(db1 > 0.0)
     return true;
    else
      return false;
public boolean isNegative ( )
  {
   if (db1 < 0.0)
    return true ;
    else
    return false;
    }
public boolean isodd( )
   if (db1 % 2 != 0.0)
     return true;
    else return
    false;
public boolean isEven ( )
  {
    if (db1 % 2 == 0.0)
      return true ;
    else return false;
public boolean isPrime ( )
     int i, lastn;
```

```
double a;
     boolean
     flag;
     a =
    Math.sqrt(lg);
     lastn = (int)a;
     flag = true;
     for (i=2; i<lastn; i++)</pre>
        if (lg != i)
        {
           if( lg % i ==0)
               flag = false;
              break;
           }
         }
     if (flag)
     return true;
     else return false;
 }
public boolean isAmstrong ( )
 {
   if (db1 == 0.0)
    return true;
    else return false;
public double getFactorial ( )
  double d=1;
   for(int i = 1; i < lg; i++)
  d *=i;
  return d;
public double getSqrt ( )
  double d;
  d = (double)
  lg;
         d=
  Math.sqrt(d);
  return d;
 }
public double getSqr ( )
{
 double d;
 d = (double)
 lg; d = d * d;
 return d;
 }
public double sumDigits()
```

1

```
double d=0;
   while( lg>9)
    d += lg % 10;
    lq = lq/10;
   }
   d += lg;
   return d;
 }
public double getReverse ( )
  double
  =0; double
   temp; while
   (1q > 9)
    temp = lg%10;
    d = d * 10 + temp;
    lg = lg/10;
     System.out.println ("\n"+ temp + "\t" + d +" \t "+lq);
  }
  d = d * 10 + lg;
  System.out.println ("Inside class" + d);
  return d;
 public void dispBinary ( )
System.out.println("ByteValue of lg :" + Long.toBinaryString(lg));
public static void main (String args [ ])
   Num4 mynum = new Num4(
   ); double d = 199;
   System.out.println(" The given numbers are 108.0d and
    249"); System.out.println ("isZero "
   mynum.isZero()
                      ); System.out.println
                       ("isPositive " + mynum. isPositive());
   System.out.println ("isNegative " + mynum.isNegative() );
   System.out.println ("isOdd " + mynum.isodd());
    System.out.println ("isEven " + mynum.isEven());
   System.out.println (" isPrime " +mynum.isPrime());
   System.out.println ("getFactorial " +
   mynum.getFactorial()); System.out.println
                                                   ("getSqrt
    " + mynum. getSqrt()); System.out.println ("getSqr" +
   mynum.getSqr() ); System.out.println ("sumDigits " +
   mynum.sumDigits()); System.out.println ("getReverse"
                       + mynum.getReverse());
  mynum.dispBinary();
   System.out.println (" isPrime " +mynum.isPrime());
```

Ex - 8.3

```
//create a package
package mypack;
class Circle
  double r;
  void area()
     System.out.println("Area of the circle = " + (3.14 * r * r));
class Square
  double s;
  void area()
       System.out.println("Area of the Square = " + (s * s));
class Rectangle
  double 1,b;
  void area()
       System.out.println("Area of the circle = " + (1 * b));
//implements the package
import mypack.Circle;
class Eq
{
  public static void main(String a[])
      Circle c = new Circle();
      c.area();
```

Ex - 8.4

```
package p1;
public class ex
{
     public ex()
     {
         System.out.println("Created");
     }
}
```

Lab - 9 (2 Hrs Real Time)

Ex - 9.1

```
// Automatic type conversions apply to overloading
 class OverloadDemo
     {
      void test()
        System.out.println ("No parameters");
      void test (int a, int b)
  System.out.println ("a and b: " + a +" " + b);
      void test (double a)
  System.out.println ("Inside test (double) a : " + a);
    }
class Overload
  public static void main (String args[])
     OverloadDemo ob = new
     OverloadDemo(); ob.test();
     ob.test(5);
     ob.test(10,20);
     ob.test(23,56);
}
```

Ex - 9.2

```
class Box
  private int length;
  private int breadth;
  public Box ( )
     length =0;
     breadth =0;
public Box (int x, int y)
length = x;
breadth =y;
 }
public void setval (int x, int y)
 length = x;
 breadth = y;
public int area ( )
 return (length * breadth);
class Box3d extends Box
  private int height;
  public Box3d ( )
   super ();
   height = 0;
public Box3d(int x, int y, int z)
     super (x, y);
    height = z;
public void setval (int x, int y, int z)
      super.setval(x, y);
     height = z;
public int volume ( )
     return (super.area ( ) * height );
}
public static void main(String arga [ ])
  Box b1 = new Box ();
   Box3d b2 = new
   Box3d(12,34,18); b1.setval
   (25,30);
```

```
System.out.println ("The area of b1 is : " + b1.area());
         System.out.println ("The volume of b2 is : "+ b2.volume ( ));
Ex - 9.3
      import java.util.*;
      class Vectdemo
       public static void main(String ar[])
          String s = "Delhi";
          String ss = "Chennai";
          Vector v = new Vector();
          v.addElement(s);
          v.addElement(ss);
          System.out.println("Size is " + v.size());
         }
      }
Lab - 10 (2 hrs Real time)
Ex - 10.1
     class NegTest
     public static void main(String a[])
            try
              {
                 int a1[] = new int[-2];
                System.out.println("first element : "+a1[0]);
```

Ex - 10.2

}

```
import java.io.*;
class MultiCatchException
{
   public static void main( String a[])
   {
     int a1[] = { 100,200,300,400,500 };
     System.out.println("enter a number as array index and
```

System.out.println(" generated exception : " + n);

catch (NegativeArraySizeException n)

System.out.println(" After the try block");

```
find out its value");
            System.out.println("enter and to come out of the programs");
              try
                  String line;
                  int x;
                  BufferedReader d = new BufferedReader( new
                    InputStreamReader(System.in));
            while (( line = d.readLine()) != null)
              if (line.equals("end"))
                  break;
              else {
              try {
                x = Integer.parseInt(line);
                System.out.println("valid element and
                                      it is : "+a1[x]);
                catch (ArrayIndexOutOfBoundsException e)
                        System.out.println("invalid elements ");
                  System.out.println("exception generated: "+e);
                  catch (NumberFormatException n)
                  System.out.println("sorry no characters");
                  System.out.println("generated exception : " + n);
          }catch(IOException i) { }
      }
Ex - 10.3
      // Accept file name as command line
      arguments. import java.io.*;
      class BaseSubException
          public static void main(String a[])
             if(a.length == 0)
                  System.out.println("invalid usage");
            System.out.println("usage : Java <filename> file1
            file2 file3 ...");
                  return;
            for(int I=0;I<a.length; I++)</pre>
                  File f = new File(a[I]);
```

try {

```
String line;
                   DataInput d = new DataInputStream(new
                            FileInputStream(a[I]));
                   if (f.exists() && f.isFile())
                      System.out.println("file exists");
                      System.out.println(f + "is ordinary file");
                 System.out.println("printing the contents of file
                                             named : " + a[I]);
                      System.out.println("========");
                      while((line = d.readLine()) != null)
                            System.out.println(line);
           } catch(FileNotFoundException e)
             if(f.exists() && f.isDirectory())
               System.out.println("========");
               System.out.println("Name : " + f + "is a directory");
     System.out.println("inside catch of FileNotFoundException");
     System.out.println("========");
     else {
        System.out.println("========");
        System.out.println("Name : " + a[I] + "does not exists");
        System.out.println("generated exception :"+e);
        System.out.println("========");
        } catch(IOException p) {
     System.out.println("super class is higher up in the program");
          }
Ex - 10.4
     import java.io.*;
     class
     FinallyException
        public static void main(String a[]) throws Exception
             try
              {
                 BufferedInputStream f1 = null;
                 int size = f1. available();
                 for (int I = 0; I < size; I++)
```

```
System.out.print((char)f1.read());
                       }
                     }
                      catch (NullPointerException n)
                 System.out.println("exception generated : " +n);
                  finally
                   {
                    System.out.println("========");
                    System.out.println("Inside finally");
                    System.out.println("hay I always have the final");
                    System.out.println("========");
                 }
           }
Ex - 10.5
     class ThrowsException
      public static void main(String a[]) throws ArithmeticException
                 System.out.println("Inside
                 main"); int I = 0;
                int j = 40/I;
                 System.out.println("this statement is not printed");
                 }
      /* Output of this program is
         inside main
         java.lang.ArithmeticException: / by Zero
          at ThrowsException.main(ThrowsEception.java:5) */
Ex - 10.6
     import java.io.*;
     class MyException extends Exception
       {
           private int a;
           MyException(int b)
                 a = b;
           public String toString()
                 return "MyException [ " + a + "]";
     class UserdefException
       {
```

```
public int x;
final int k = 5;
void getInt()
 {
 try {
  BufferedReader d = new BufferedReader(new
       InputStreamReader(System.in);
 System.out.println("do some guess work to generate your
      own exception ");
System.out.println("enter a number between 1 and 10");
System.out.println("between these numbers lies the number
to generate your own exception ");
String line;
 while((line = d.readLine()) != null)
        x = Integer.parseInt(line);
         if (x == 5)
             System.out.println(" congrats ! you have
                              generated an exception !");
            throw new MyException(x);
            else
        System.out.println("Wrong guess ! try again");
              continue;
      } catch (MyException m)
      { System.out.println("Generated exception: " +m);
      } catch(NumberFormatException n)
            {
              System.out.println("sorry ! no characters");
              System.out.println("Exiting ...");
        System.out.println("Generated exception :"+n);
      catch(IOException e) { }
public static void main(String a[])
      { UserdefException u = new
      UserdefException(); u.getInt();
```

Lab - 11 (2 Hrs Real Time)

Ex - 11.1

```
import java. io.*;
```

```
class FileMethods1
       public static void main(String args[ ] )
           File f1 = new File( "c:\\java", "abc.txt") ;
            System.out.println("File name :" + f1.getName());
            System.out.println("path :" + f1.getPath());
            System.out.println("Absolute path :"+f1.getAbsolutePath());
            System.out.println(f1.exists() ? "file exists"
                              : "file does not exists");
            System.out.println(f1.isDirectory() ? "file is a directory"
                                   "file is not" + " a directory");
            System.out.println(f1.isFile()? "file is an ordinary
            file"
                              : "file may be a named pipe") ;
       }
Ex - 11.2
     import java.io.*;
     class FileMethods2
        public static void main(String args[])
            for (int i = 0; i<args.length; i++)</pre>
            File
                  f =
                            new
                                   File("c:\\java",
            args[i]); File f1 = new File("c:\\
            java\\renfile"); if (f.exists())
            System.out.println(f + " does exists.");
            System.out.println("Its size is" + f.length() + "bytes");
            f.renameTo(f1);
             System.out.println("Renamed file name :" + f1 + (i+1));
            System.out.println("deleting the renamed file"+f1+(i+1));
            System.out.println ("========");
            f.delete();
            else
             System.out.println(f +" does not exists");
            }
       }
Ex - 11.3
      import java.io.*;
      class FileMethods4
       public static void main (String args[]) throws IOException
```

```
File f = new File
                ("c:/java/temp"); if (f.mkdir())
                    System.out.println("created a directory");
                else
                   System.out.println ("unable to create a directory");
             }
        }
Ex - 11.4
       import java.io.*;
       class Lang
       public static void main(String a[])throws IOException
        Runtime r;
        r = Runtime.getRuntime();
       System.out.println(r.freeMemory());
        int x[] = \{1\};
        r.gc();
         System.out.println(r.freeMemory());
       Process p = r.exec("pbrush.exe");
       System.out.println(r.freeMemory());
       }
       }
Ex - 11.5
      import java.lang.reflect.*;
      import java.util.*;
      class Modi
         public static void main(String a[])throws ClassNotFoundException
             Class c = Class.forName("Lang");
             Method m[] = c.getDeclaredMethods();
             for(int i = 0; i < m.length; i++)
               int mo = m[i].getModifiers();
               if (Modifier.isPublic(mo))
                 System.out.println(m[i].getName());
         }
      }
Lab - 12(2 hrs Real time)
Ex - 12.1
      import java.io.*;
      class ReadWriteFile
       public static byte getInput()[] throws Exception
```

```
{
    byte inp[] = new byte[50];
    System.out.println("enter
    text.");
    System.out.println("only 50 bytes i.e. about 2 lines ...");
    System.out.println("press enter after each line to get
                          input into the program");
    for (int i=0; i<50; i++)
         inp[i] = (byte)System.in.read();
    return inp;
public static void main(String args[])throws Exception
     byte input[] = getInput();
      OutputStream f = new FileOutputStream("c:/java/write.txt");
      for (int i=0; i<50; i++)
          f.write(input [i]);
      f.close();
      int size;
      InputStream f1 = new FileInputStream ("c:/java/write.txt");
      size = f1.available();
      System.out.println("reading contents of file write.txt...");
      for(int i=0; i<size; i++)</pre>
        System.out.print((char)f1.read());
      f.close();
 }
import java.io.*;
class ByteArray
```

Ex - 12.2

```
import java.io.*;
class ByteArray
{
  public static void main(String args[]) throws Exception
  {
    ByteArrayOutputStream f = new ByteArrayOutputStream(12);
    System.out.println ("enter 10 characters and a return");
    System.out.println ("These will be converted to uppercase and displayed");
    while (f.size() != 10)
    {
       f.write(System.in.read());
    }
    System.out.println("Accepted characters into an array");
    byte b[] = f.toByteArray();
```

```
System.out.println("displaying characters in the array");
               for(int l=0;1<b.length;1++)</pre>
                System.out.println((char)b[1]);
               ByteArrayInputStream inp = new ByteArrayInputStream(b);
               int c;
               System.out.println("converted to upper case characters");
               for (int i=0; i<1; i++)
               while((c=inp.read()) != -1)
              System.out.print(Character.toUpperCase((char)c));
                  }
            System.out.println();
            inp.reset();
            }
        }
       }
Ex - 12.3
      import java.io.*;
      public class ReaderWriter
      public static void main(String args[])
        {
       try{
      BufferedReader in = new BufferedReader(new FileReader(args[0]));
      String s, s1 = new String();
      while ((s = in.readLine())!= null)
         s1 += s + "\n";
         in.close();
      BufferedReader stdin = new BufferedReader (new InputStreamReader
                                                 (System.in));
      System.out.println("enter line");
      System.out.println ("usage of BufferedReader and
                                          InputStreamReader...");
      System.out.println (stdin.roadLine());
      StringReader in2= new
      StringReader(s1); int c;
      System.out.println ("printing individual characters of the file"
                                       + args[0]);
      while ((c = in2.read()) != -1)
            System.out.println((char)c);
            BufferedReader in4 = new BufferedReader(new
                                             StringReader (s1));
            PrintWriter p = new PrintWriter (new BufferedWriter(new
                                    FileWriter("demo.out")));
      while((s = in4.readLine()) != null)
      p.println("output " + s );
      p.close();
```

```
}catch (IOException e ) { }
}
```

Lab - 13 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 13.1

```
class IntThread implements Runnable
{
  Thread t;
  IntThread()
        t = new Thread ( this, "Test thread");
       System.out.println (" Child thread :" + t);
       t.start();
          }
   public void run()
    {
     try {
         for (int i= 5; i<0; i--)
            System.out.println ("Child thread :" + i);
            Thread.sleep (500);
            }catch (InterruptedException e) { }
             System.out.println ("Exiting child thread ...");
  public static void main (String args[])
     IntThread i = new
         IntThread(); try {
           for ( int j=5; j > 0; j--)
            {
            System.out.println ("Main thread :" + j);
            Thread.sleep (1000);
               }
              } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
          System.out.println ( "Main thread exiting
          ...");
                  }
        }
```

Ex - 13.2

```
class MyThread extends Thread
{
    MyThread()
    {
       super ("Using Thread class");
       System.out.println ("Child thread:" + this);
```

```
start();
            }
       public void run()
          {
            try
             for ( int i = 5; i > 0; i--)
                System.out.println ("Child thread" + i);
                Thread.sleep (500);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
          System.out.println ("exiting child thread
         ...");
         }
class TestMyThread
  {
   public static void main(String args[])
         new MyThread();
           try {
             for ( int k = 5; k < 0; k--)
          System.out.println ("Running main thread :" + k);
          Thread.sleep(1000);
         }catch (InterruptedException e) { }
        System.out.println ("Exiting main thread . . .");
         }
    }
```

Lab - 14(2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 14.1

```
System.out.println ("number of active thread: " + t.activeCount());
Ex - 14.2
        class CreateThread extends Thread
            String tname;
            Thread t;
            CreateThread(String s)
              {
                 tname = s;
                 t = new Thread(this, s);
                 System.out.println ("New thread :" + t);
                 t.start();
                  }
             public void run()
                {
                  try
                   for (int i = 5; i > 0; i--)
                    System.out.println (tname + ":" + i );
                    Thread.sleep (500);
                 } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
                   System.out.println(tname + "exiting...");
          }
   class ThreadMethod2
       public static void main(String args[])
           CreateThread m1 =new CreateThread("one");
           CreateThread m2 = new CreateThread
           ("two");
        System.out.println("Thread m1 is alive :" + m1.t.isAlive());
       System.out.println ("Thread m2 is alive:" + m1.t.isAlive());
            System.out.println ("Waiting for thread to finish ....");
            m1.t.join();
            m2.t.join();
               } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
      System.out.println(" Thread m1 is alive :" + m1.t.isAlive());
      System.out.println(" Thread m2 is alive :" + m2.t.isAlive());
             System.out.println (" Main thread exiting ...");
                  }
```

Lab - 15 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 15.1

```
import java.lang.Thread;
import java.lang.System;
import java.lang.Math;
import java.lang.*;
class ThreadTest1
   public static void main (String args [ ])
                                             MyThread
        MyThread
                    thread1
                                     new
        ("thread1:"); MyThread
                                  thread2
                                            =
        MyThread ("thread2:"); thread1.start ();
        thread2.start ();
        boolean thread1IsAlive = true;
        boolean thread2IsAlive = true
        ; do
            if (thread1IsAlive && !thread1.isAlive ( ) )
                thread1IsAlive = false;
                System.out.println ("Thread1 is
                dead.");
                 }
          if (thread2IsAlive && ! thread2.isAlive ( ))
               thread2IsAlive = false;
              System.out.println ("Thread 2 is dead.");
                }while (thread1IsAlive || thread2IsAlive);
         }
}
class MyThread extends Thread
static String message [ ] = {"Java", "is", "hot", "aromatic",
                                     "and", "invigorating." };
       public MyThread (String id)
       {
                super (id);
        public void run ( )
            String name = getName ( );
            for (int i=0;i<message.length; ++i )</pre>
              {
```

```
randomWait ( );
                      System.out.println (name + message[i] );
       void randomWait ( )
         try
           {
             sleep ((long)(3000*Math.random ()));
         catch (InterruptedException x )
             System.out.println ("Interrupted!");
          }
      }
Ex - 15.2
     import java.lang.Thread;
     import java.lang.System;
     import java.lang.Math;
     import java.lang.*;
     import java.lang.Runnable;
     class ThreadTest2
       public static void main (String args[ ])
           Thread thread1 = new Thread (new MyClass ("thread1:")
                                  = new
                Thread thread2
                                            Thread
                                                     (new MyClass
            ("thread2:") ); thread1.start ();
           thread2.start ( );
           boolean
                     thread1IsAlive
           true; boolean thread2IsAlive
           = true; do {
            if (thread1IsAlive && !thread1.isAlive ( ) )
                   thread1IsAlive = false;
                  System.out.println ("Thread 1 is
                  dead.");
             if (thread2IsAlive && !thread2.isAlive ( ))
              {
                  thread2IsAlive = false;
                  System.out.println ("Thread 2 is
                  dead.");
                }
                } while (thread1IsAlive || thread2IsAlive );
     class MyClass implements Runnable
```

Object Oriented Programming with Java

static String message [] = {"Java", "is", "hot", "aromatic",

```
"and", "invigorating."};
  String name;
  public MyClass (String id)
        name = id;
  public void run ( )
        for (int i =0;i<message.length;++i)</pre>
          {
             randomWait ( );
             System.out.println (name + message[i]) ;
       }
void randomWait ( )
try
  Thread.currentThread ().sleep((long)(3000*Math.random()));
 catch (InterruptedException x)
       System.out.println ("Interrupted !");
        }
}
```

Lab - 16 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 16.1

```
}
              }
            public static void main(String args[])
                 new OurThread();
                 new OurThread();
                  try {
                    for (int p = 3; p > 0; p--)
                      System.out.println
                      ("======"");
                      System.out.println (" main thread :" + p);
                      System.out.println
                      ("======""); Thread.sleep
                      (1000);
              } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
              System.out.println (" exiting main thread . ..");
               }
          }
       class OurThread extends Thread
           OurThread()
                super ("test thread");
                System.out.println("child thread :" + this);
                start();
                  }
           public void run()
             {
             for (int i=5; i > 0; i--)
              {
               try
                {
                sleep(100);
                } catch(InterruptedException e ) { }
               Inventory.request((int) (Math.random()*100));
                  }
            }
Ex - 16.2
1:
           class Consumer implements Runnable
            Stock c;
            Thread t;
            Consumer (Stock c)
```

on hand");

{

```
this.c = c;
                t = new Thread(this, " producer thread");
                t.start();
                 }
            public void run()
              {
                while (true)
                {
                try {
                  t.sleep(750);
                  } catch (InterruptedException e) { }
               c. getstock((int)(Math.random()*100));
           }
           void stop()
              t.stop();
             }
        }
2:
           class Producer implements Runnable
            Stock s;
            Thread t;
            Producer(Stock s )
              {
                 this.s = s_i
                 t = new Thread(this, "producer thread");
                 t.start();
                }
             public void run()
              {
                while(true)
                  {
                    try
                     {
                    t.sleep(750);
                    } catch (InterruptedException e) { } s.addstock((int)
                  (Math.random()*100));
                    }
              }
      void stop()
        {
        t.stop();
           }
      }
```

```
class Stock
    {
      int goods = 0;
      public synchronized void addstock(int i)
          goods = goods + i;
         System.out.println("Stock added :" + i);
         System.out.println("present stock :" + goods );
         notify();
    public synchronized int getstock(int j)
       while(true)
            {
         if(goods >= j)
               goods = goods - j;
               System.out.println("Stock taken away :" +
               j);
               System.out.println("Present stock :" + goods);
               break;
         else {
            System.out.println("Stock not enough ...");
            System.out.println (" Waiting for stocks to come
            ..."); try
               wait();
                 }catch(InterruptedException e) { }
  } / / end of while
      return goods;
public static void main(String args[])
    Stock j = new Stock();
    Producer p = new Producer(j);
    Consumer c = new Consumer(j);
      try {
         Thread.sleep(10000);
         p.stop();
         c.stop();
         p.t.join();
         c.t.join();
         System.out.println("Thread
         stopped");
        } catch(InterruptedException e) { }
         System.exit(0);
           }
     }
```

Ex - 16.3

```
import
java.lang.Thread;
import
java.lang.System;
import java.lang.Math;
import
java.lang.InterruptedException; class
ThreadSynchronization
  public static void main (String args [ ])
   {
      MyThread
                 thread1
                                   new
                                           MyThread
      ("thread1:"); MyThread
                                 thread2
      MyThread ("thread2:"); thread1.start ();
      thread2.start ();
      boolean
                thread1IsAlive
      true; boolean thread2IsAlive
      = true; do
         if (thread1IsAlive && !thread1.isAlive ( ) )
           {
              thread1IsAlive = false;
               System.out.println ("Thread 1 is
               dead.");
         if (thread2IsAlive && !thread2.isAlive ( ))
          {
              thread2IsAlive = false;
            System.out.println ("Thread 2 is dead.");
                }
          }while (thread1IsAlive | | thread2IsAlive);
     }
}
class MyThread extends Thread
 static String message [ ] = {"Java", "is", "hot", "aromatic,",
                                    "and", "invigorating." };
   public MyThread (String id)
     {
         super (id);
   public void run ( )
          SynchronizedOutput.displayList (getName(), message);
          }
   void randomWait ()
     {
     try
```

{
 sleep ((long) (3000*Math.random ()));
}

Ex - 16.4

```
public class ComplexThread extends Thread
   private int delay;
   ComplexThread (String name, float seconds)
      super (name);
      delay = (int) seconds * 1000;// delays are in
      public void run ( )
{
 while (true)
  System.out.println (Thread.currentThread ( ).getName ( ) );
  try
   Thread.sleep (delay);
  catch (InterruptedException e)
    return ;
     }
}
public static void main (String argc[ ])
{
```

```
new ComplexThread ("one potato", 1.1F);
new ComplexThread ("two potato", 1.3F);
new ComplexThread ("three potato", 0.5F);
new ComplexThread ("four", 0.7F);
}
```

Lab - 17(2 hrs Real Time):

Ex - 17.1

```
import java.awt.Graphics;
public class HelloWorld extends java.applet.Applet
{
    public void paint (Graphics g )
        {
             g.drawString ("Hello World" , 5, 50 );
        }
}

// After compiling this run the program using appletviewer.
// create a following HTML coding.
// appletviewer filename (html file name).

< HTML >
        < APPLET CODE = HelloWorld WIDTH=200 HEIGHT = 100>
        < / APPLET >
        < / HTML >
```

Ex - 17.2

```
// Logo version 1.0 rev

import java.awt.Graphics;
import java.awt.Font;

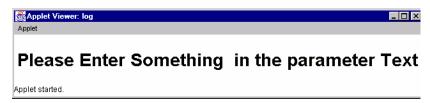
public class log extends java.applet.Applet
  {

   // Declare the object variable array StrLine with 3 values.

    String StrLine[] = new String[1];

   // Declare the Font object called appFont.
    Font appFont;
   public void init()
    {
        // Get the value for the
   }
}
```

```
String att = getParameter("Text");
  StrLine[0] = (att == null) ? "Please Enter Something in
                      the parameter Text !" : att;
// Construct the font with the following attributes :
// Font
            Attrib
                       Size
                               appFont = new Font("
Helvetica", Font.BOLD, 28);
      }
public void paint(Graphics g)
  {
      // Set the Font for object g
      g.setFont(appFont);
      // Display the variable on the screen
      g.drawString(StrLine[0], 5, 50);
```



Lab - 18(2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 18.1

```
/ / aniLogo rev
import java.awt.*;
public class anilogo extends java.applet.Applet implements
Runnable
{
    Rectangle r;

// Declare the object variable array StrLine with 3 values .
    String StrLine[] = new
    String[3]; Font appFont;

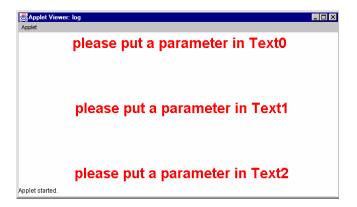
// Create a Thread object called
    myThread Thread myThread = null;

// declare width array
    int width[] = new

int[3]; public void
    init()
```

```
{
// A for loop to find the three lines of text.
       for (int i=0; i < 3; i++)
          String att = getParameter("Text" + i);
          StrLine[i] = (att == null) ? ("please put a parameter
                          in Text" + i ) : att;
       }
      appFont = new Font("Helvetica", Font.BOLD, 28);
 // Set r = to the bounds of the
      applet r = bounds();
}
// Override this methods from the interface Runnable
public void run()
   // Set the current Threads priority.
  Thread.currentThread().setPriority(Thread.NORM PRIORITY-1);
 // Initialize the locations of the two lines of text to be
  // of the screen.
    width[1] = 2000;
    width[2] = 2000;
    repaint();
 // Algorithm to send the first line of Text across the screen.
    for (int i = -50; i < r.width/2; i+=7)
         width[0] = i;
         repaint();
 // Rest
      Rest(1);
      }
// Algorithm to send the second line of text across the screen.
    for (int i=r.width + 20; i > r.width/2; i -= 7)
          width[1] = i;
          repaint();
          Rest(1);
         }
// Algorithm to send the third line of text across the screen
    for(int i = 90; i < r.width/2; i += 7)
```

```
width[2] = i;
           repaint();
          // Rest
           Rest(1);
}
      void Rest(int r)
        {
        // Rest for a period of time
           try
             {
               myThread.sleep(100*r);
               }catch(InterruptedException e)
                  {
                     return;
public void
start()
  {
   if (myThread == null)
      myThread = new Thread(this);
      myThread.start();
    }
}
public void stop()
  {
    if (myThread != null)
         myThread.stop();
         myThread =
         null;
   }
public void paint(Graphics g)
  {
    g.setColor(Color.red);
    g.setFont(appFont);
    for(int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
      g.drawString(StrLine[i], width[i] +(10+i), 30 +(125*i));
       }
    }
}
```



Ex - 18.2

```
import java.awt. *;
public class MenuExample extends Frame
   String menuSelection = "Select a menu
   item."; public static void main (String args
   [ ] ) { MenuExample win = new MenuExample (
   );
public MenuExample ( )
  super ("MenuExample");
 pack ( );
  resize (400,400);
  addMenu();
  show ( );
  }
void addMenu()
 MenuBar menubar = new MenuBar
  (); Menu file = new Menu
  ("File"); Menu edit = new Menu
  ("Edit"); Menu view = new Menu
  ("View"); file.add ("Open");
  file.add("Save");
  file.add("Close");
  file.add("Quit");
  edit.add( "Copy");
  edit.add("Cut");
  edit.add ("Zoom");
  menubar.add (file);
  menubar.add(edit);
 menubar.add(view);
  setMenuBar(menubar);
public void paint(Graphics g)
```

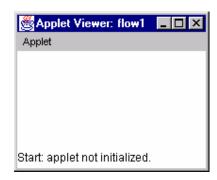
```
g.drawString (menuSelection, 100, 100);
public boolean handleEvent(Event event)
   if (event.id = =Event.WINDOW DESTROY)
   System.exit (0);
   return true;
    }
  else if (event.id = = Event.ACTION EVENT &&
            event. target instanceof MenuItem )
    if ("Quit".equals (event.arg) )
    System.exit (0);
    return true;
     }
     else
    menuSelection = "You selected" +event.arg.toString ( )
     repaint ();
     return true;
   else
    return false;
```

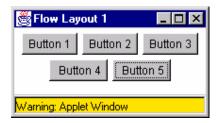


Ex - 18.3

```
import java.awt.*;
public class flow1 extends Frame
public flow1()
super ("Flow Layout 1");
```

```
setLayout (new FlowLayout ( ) );
add (new Button ( "Button 1") );
add (new Button ( "Button 2") );
add ( new Button ( "Button 3") );
add ( new Button ( "Button 4") );
add (new Button ( "Button 5") );
setBounds (100,100,200,100);
setVisible (true);
}
public static void main (String arg [ ])
{
new flow1();
}
```





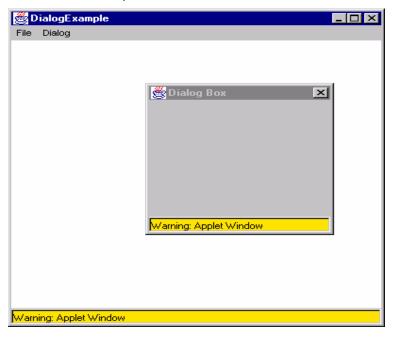
Lab - 19 (2 Hrs Real Time)

Ex 19.1

```
import java.awt.*;
public class DialogExample extends Frame
{
    Dialog dialog;
    public static void main (String args [ ])
    {
        DialogExample win = new DialongExample();
        }
    public DialogExample ( )
        {
            super ("DialogExample");
            pack ( );
            resize (400,400);
```

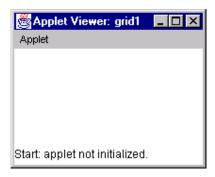
```
addMenus();
            createDialog();
            show();
        void addMenus()
          MenuBar menubar = new MenuBar();
          Menu file = new Menu ("File");
          Menu dialog = new Menu
          ("Dialog"); file.add ("Quit");
          dialog.add("Show");
          dialog.add("Hide");
          menubar.add (file);
          menubar.add(file);
          menubar.add(dialog);
          setMenuBar (menubar);
        void createDialog ( )
         dialog = new Dialog (this, "Dialog Box", false);
         dialog.resize (200,200);
public boolean handleEvent(Event event)
   if (event.id = =Event.WINDOW DESTROY)
        System.exit (0);
        return true;
    else if (event.id == Event.ACTION EVENT &&
      event.target instanceof MenuItem)
          if ("Quit." equals (event.arg) )
           {
             System.exit (0);
             return true;
            } else if ("Show".equals (event.arg ) )
             { dialog.show ( );
             return true;
             } else
                  dialog.hide ();
                  return true;
                   }
                  else
                   return false;
```

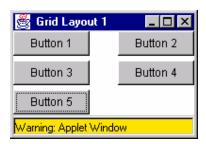
}



Ex - 19.2

```
Grid Layout
import java.awt.*;
public class grid1 extends Frame
public grid1()
super (" Grid Layout 1");
setLayout (new GridLayout (3, 3, 30, 5) );
add (new Button ("Button 1" ) );
add (new Button ("Button 2") );
add (new Button ( "Button 3") );
add (new Button ("Button 4")
); add (new Button ("Button 5")
setBounds(100,100,200,100);
setVisible (true);
public static void main(String arg [ ])
{
new grid1();
  }
```

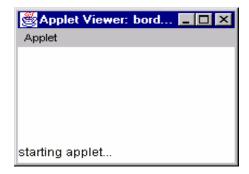


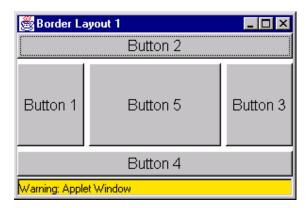


Ex - 19.3

```
Border Layout
import java.awt.*;
public class border1 extends Frame
public border1()
super ("Border Layout 1");
setFont (new Font ("Helvetica", Font. PLAIN, 16 ) );
setLayout (new BorderLayout (5, 5));
add ( new Button ("Button 1"), BorderLayout.WEST);
add ( new Button ("Button 2"), BorderLayout.NORTH);
add ( new Button ("Button 3"), BorderLayout.EAST);
add ( new Button ("Button 4"), BorderLayout.SOUTH);
add ( new Button ("Button 5" ), BorderLayout.CENTER);
setBounds(100, 100, 300, 200);
setVisible(true);
public static void main (String arg [ ])
new border1();
  }
```

}

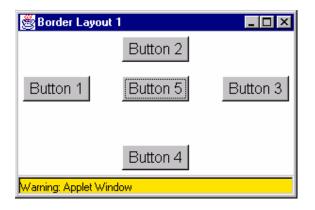




Ex - 19.4

```
Padding Layout
import java.awt.*;
public class border2 extends Frame
public border2 ( )
super ("Border Layout 1");
setFont (new Font ("Helvetica", Font.PLAIN, 16)
); setLayout (new BorderLayout (5, 5));
Panel p1 = new Panel();
pl.add (new Button ("Button 1") );
add ("West", p1);
Panel p2 = new Panel();
p2.add ( new Button ("Button 2" )
); add( "North", p2);
Pane1 p3 = new Panel();
p3.add ( new Button ("Button 3")
); add ("East", p3);
Pane1 p4 = new Panel();
p4.add ( new Button ("Button 4")
); add ("South", p4);
Panel p5 = new Panel();
p5.add ( new Button ("Button 5")
); add ("Center", p5);
setBounds (100, 100, 300, 200);
setVisible (true);
```

```
} static public void main (String [ ]argv )
{
new border2 ( );
}
```



Lab - 20 (2 Hrs Real Time)

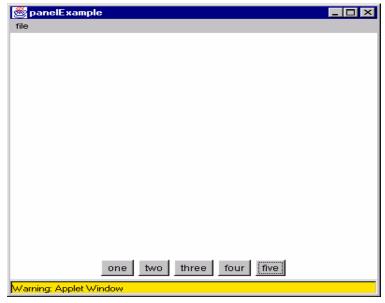
```
//Win version 1.0 rev
import java.awt.*;
public class Win extends java.applet.Applet
      public void init()
   // Set the Layout to FlowLayout
      setLayout(new FlowLayout(FlowLayout.CENTER, 10, 10));
  // Add a Label and a Button
      add (new Label ("Please press the button
      below:")); Button show = new Button("Show
      Window"); add(show);
}
// After compiling this run the program using appletviewer.
// create a following HTML coding.
// appletviewer filename (html file name).
<applet code = Win width=200 height=100>
</applet>
```



```
import java.awt. *;
public class PanelExample extends Frame
 {
      public static void main (String args[] )
            panelExample win = new panelExample();
        }
public panelExamaple ()
  {
      super
      ("panelExample"); pack
      ( );
      resize
      (400,400);
      addMenus ();
      addpanel ();
      show ( );
    }
void addMenus ( ) {
MenuBar menubar = new MenuBar (
); Menu file = new Menu("File");
file.add ("Quit" );
menubar.add (file);
setMenuBar (menubar);
void addpanel ( ) {
Panel panel = new Panel();
panel.add(new Button ("one") );
panel.add (new Button ("two") );
panel.add (new Button ("three") );
panel.add (new Button ("four") );
panel.add (new Button ("five")
add ("South", panel );
public boolean handleEvent (Event event ) {
if(event.id == Event.WINDOW DESTROY)
{ System.exit ( 0);
return true;
```

}else if (event.id = =Event.ACTION_EVENT &&

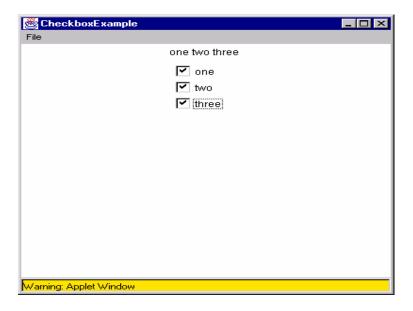
```
event.target instanceof MenuItem ) {
  if("Quit", equals (event .arg) )
  { System.exit (0);
  return true;
}else
  { return
  false;
}
}else return false;
}
```



```
import java.awt.*;
public class CheckboxExample extends Frame
{ Label label = new Label ("Default Text");
Checkbox checkbox[] = new Checkbox[6];
public static void main (String args [] ) {
CheckboxExample win = new CheckboxExample();
public CheckboxExample()
{
super ("CheckboxExample");
addMenus();
addComponents();
pack();
resize(400,400);
show();
}
void addMenus() {
```

```
MenuBar menubar = new
MenuBar(); Menu file = new
Menu("File"); file.add("Quit");
menubar.add(file);
setMenuBar (menubar);
void addComponents ( ) {
add ("North", label );
label.setAlignment(Label.CENTER);
Panel panel = new Panel();
Panel panel1 = new Panel();
panel1.setLayout (new GridLayout (3,1) );
Panel panel2 = new Panel();
panel2. setLayout (new GridLayout (3,1) );
checkbox [0] = new Checkbox ("one");
checkbox [1] = new Checkbox ("two");
checkbox [2] = new Checkbox ("three");
CheckboxGroup group = new CheckboxGroup ( );
checkbox [3] = new Checkbox ("four", group, false );
checkbox [4] = new Checkbox ("five", group, false
); checkbox [5] = new Checkbox ("six", group,
false); for (int i=0;i<3;++i)
panel1.add (checkbox [i]);
panel.add (panel1) ;
panel.add(panel2);
add("Center", panel);
public boolean handleEvent (Event event)
  {
if (event.id == Event.WINDOW DESTROY)
{ System.exit (0);
return true;
}else if (event.id == Event.ACTION EVENT && event.target
instanceof MenuItem)
if ("Quit".equals(event.arg ) )
{ System.exit(0);
return true;
else
return false;
}
else if (event.id == Event.ACTION EVENT && event.target
instanceof Checkbox )
String text ="";
for (int i=0;i<6; ++i) {
if (checkbox [i].getState ( ) )
text += checkbox[i].getLabel ( ) + " ";
label.setText(text);
```

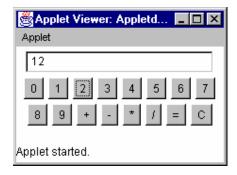
```
return true;
}
else return false;
}
```



```
import java.applet.*;
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
public class Appletdemo extends Applet
Button b[];
TextField
 t1;
String txt="";
 int no1=0, no2=0, no3=0;
 String oprt="";
 public void init()
   {
     b = new Button[16];
     for(int i = 0; i <= 9; i +
     +)
         b[i] = new Button(i + "");
     b[10] = new Button("+");
     b[11] = new Button("-");
```

```
b[12] = new Button("*");
     b[13] = new Button("/");
     b[14] = new Button("=");
     b[15] = new Button("C");
     t1 = new TextField(25);
     add(t1);
     for (int i = 0; i <= 15; i++)
      add(b[i]);
      b[i].addActionListener(new Bh());
   }
 class Bh implements ActionListener
   public void actionPerformed(ActionEvent e)
      String s = e.getActionCommand();
      if (s.equals("+") || s.equals("-") ||
s.equals("*") || s.equals("/") )
      {
          no1 = Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
          oprt = s;
          t1.setText(no1+
          ""); txt = "";
      }
      else if (s.equals("C"))
         no1 = no2 = 0;
         txt = "";
         t1.setText("");
      else if (s.equals("="))
      {
          no2 = Integer.parseInt(t1.getText());
           if (oprt.equals("+"))
                t1.setText((no1 + no2) + "");
           if (oprt.equals("-"))
                t1.setText((no1 - no2) + "");
           if (oprt.equals("*"))
                t1.setText((no1 * no2) + "");
           if (oprt.equals("/"))
                t1.setText((no1 / no2) + "");
           txt = "";
      }
      else
      {
          txt = txt + s;
          t1.setText(txt);
      }
```

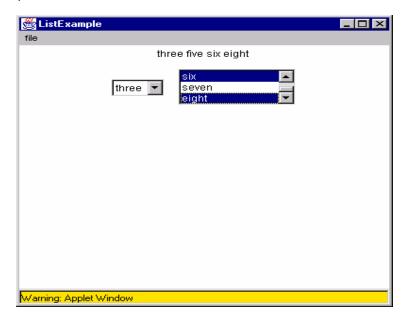
```
}
}
```



```
import java.awt.*;
public class ListExample extends Frame
Label label = new Label ("Default
Text"); Choice choice = new Choice ( );
List list = new List (3, true);
public static void main (String args [ ])
ListExample win = new ListExample ( );
public ListExample ( )
super ("ListExample"
); addMenus();
addComponents();
pack();
resize(400,400);
show();
}
void addMenus()
MenuBar menubar = new
MenuBar(); Menu file = new
Menu("file"); file.add("Quit");
menubar.add(file);
setMenuBar(menubar);
void addComponents()
{
add("North", label);
label.setAlignment
(Label.CENTER); Panel panel = new
Panel();
Panel panel1 = new Panel();
Panel panel2 = new Panel();
```

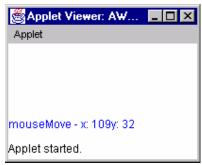
```
try {
choice.addItem ("one");
choice.addItem("two");
choice.addItem ("three");
}catch (NullPointerException ex)
  }
panel1.add (choice);
list.addItem ("four");
list.addItem ("five");
list.addItem ("six");
list.addItem ("seven");
list.addItem ("eight");
panel2. add (list);
panel.add(panel1);
panel.add(panel2);
add("Center", panel);
public boolean handleEvent (Event event)
if (event.id == Event.WINDOW DESTROY )
{ System.exit (0);
return true;
else if (event.id == Event.ACTION EVENT && event .target instanceof
MenuItem)
if ("Quit".equals(event.arg) )
System.exit
(0); returntrue
}
     else
return false;
}
}
if (event.target instanceof Choice || event.target instanceof
     List )
 String text = choice. getSelectedItem () + " ";
 for (int i=0; i<5; ++i)
 if (list.isSelected (i) )
    text += list.getItem (i) + " ";
  }
label.setText(text);
 return true;
}
```

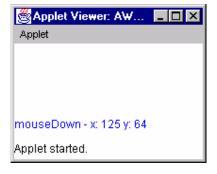
```
else return false;
}
```

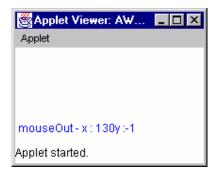


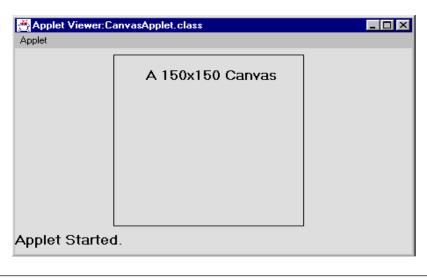
```
import java.awt.*;
import java.applet.*;
public class AWTEventDemo extends Applet
{
     private String message = "Waiting for events . . .";
      // Default constructor
      public AWTEventDemo ( )
             // Call superclass
             super ();
    // Init method, called when applet first initializes public void
init ( )
  {
     setBackground(Color.white );
              // Overridden paint
        method public void paint (
        Graphics
                                      g)
          g.setColor( Color.blue );
           g.drawString (message, 0, size ().height - 10);
         }
         // Overridden methods for event handling
      public boolean mouseEnter (Event evt, int x, int y)
        {
```

```
// Set message .......
        message = "mouseEnter - x:" + x +" Y:" + y;
        / / ... and repaint applet
        repaint();
        / / Signal we have handled the event
       return true;
   }
 public boolean mouseExit (Event evt, int x, int y)
         // Set message ......
    message = " mouseOut - x : " + x + "y :" + y;
          // .... and repaint applet
    repaint();
       // Signal we have handled the event
   return true;
public boolean mouseMove (Event evt, int x, int y)
  {
 // Set message .....
      message = "mouseMove - x: " + x +"y:" + y;
               // .... and repaint applet
     repaint();
          // Signal we have handled the event
     return true;
   }
    / / Mouse click event
     public boolean mouseDown (Event evt, int x, int y)
      {
      // Set message .....
        message = "mouseDown - x: " + x + " y: "+ y;
         / / ... and repaint applet
         repaint();
       / / Signal we have handled the
        event return true ;
```









```
// Demonstrate the key event handlers.
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
         < applet code = "SimpleKey" width=300 height=100>
         < /applet>
*/
public class Simplekey extends Applet implements KeyListener {
String msg = " ";
int X = 10, Y = 20;
public void init() {
   addKeyListener(this);
   requestFocus();
}
public void keyPressed(KeyEvent ke)
        { showStatus("Key Down");
public void keyReleased(KeyEvent ke)
    { showStatus("Key Up");
}
public void keyTyped (KeyEvent ke) {
     msg += ke.getKeyChar();
      repaint();
}
     public void paint(Graphics g)
      { g.drawString(msg, X, Y);
}
Applet Viewer: Simplekey
                               _ 🗆 ×
 Applet
 Key Down
```

Lab - 21 (2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 21.1

```
import java.awt. *;
public class TextExample extends Frame
TextField textfield = new TextField ("Enter text here.");
TextArea textarea = new TextArea ("And it will be inserted here !");
public static void main(String args[])
            TextExample win = new TextExample();
public TextExample()
 {
      super ("TextExample");
      addComponents();
      pack();
      resize(400,400);
      show();
void addMenus()
      MenuBar menubar = new MenuBar ( );
      Menu file = new Menu("File");
      file.add("Quit");
      menubar.add (file);
      setMenuBar(menubar);
void addComponents()
add ("North", textfield);
add("Center", textarea);
public boolean handleEvent(Event event)
   if (event.id == Event.WINDOW DESTROY)
   System.exit(0);
   return true;
  }
 if(event.id == Event.ACTION EVENT && event target instanceof
            MenuItem )
 {
      if ("Quit".equals(event.arg))
      {
            System.exit (0);
            return true;
            }
            else
```



Ex - 21.2

```
import java.awt.*;
public class grid1 extends Frame
public grid1()
super (" Grid Layout 1");
setLayout (new GridLayout (3, 3, 30, 5) );
add (new Button ("Button 1" ) );
add (g.drawString(lastdate, 5, 125);
        if (xm != lastxm || ym != lastym)
            { g.drawLine(xcenter, ycenter-1, lastxm, lastym);
           g.drawLine(xcenter-1, ycenter, lastxm, lastym); }
        if (xh != lastxh || yh != lastyh) {
            g.drawLine(xcenter, ycenter-1, lastxh, lastyh);
            g.drawLine(xcenter-1, ycenter, lastxh, lastyh);
        g.setColor(numberColor);
        g.drawString("", 5, 125);
        g.drawString(today, 5, 125);
        g.drawLine(xcenter, ycenter, xs,
        ys);
```

```
g.setColor(handColor);
        g.drawLine(xcenter, ycenter-1, xm,
        ym); g.drawLine(xcenter-1, ycenter,
        xm, ym); g.drawLine(xcenter, ycenter-
        1, xh, yh); g.drawLine(xcenter-1,
        ycenter, xh, yh); lastxs=xs;
        lastys=ys;
        lastxm=xm;
        lastym=ym;
        lastxh=xh;
        lastyh=yh; lastdate
        = today;
        currentDate=null;
    public void start() {
        timer = new Thread(this);
        timer.start();
    public void stop()
        { timer = null;
    public void run() {
        Thread me = Thread.currentThread();
        while (timer == me) {
            try {
                Thread.currentThread().sleep(100);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
            repaint();
        }
    }
    public void update(Graphics g)
        { paint(g);
    public String getAppletInfo() {
      return "Title: A Clock \nAuthor: Rachel Gollub, 1995 \nAn
analog clock.";
    }
    public String[][] getParameterInfo()
        { String[][] info = {
            {"bgcolor", "hexadecimal RGB number", "The background
color. Default is the color of your browser."},
            {"fgcolor1", "hexadecimal RGB number", "The color of the
hands and dial. Default is blue."},
            {"fgcolor2", "hexadecimal RGB number", "The color of the
seconds hand and numbers. Default is dark gray."}
```

}

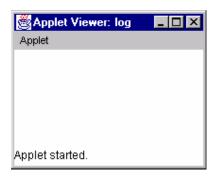


Lab - 22(2 hrs Real Time)

Ex - 22.1

```
public class cycle extends java.applet. Applet
  public void init()
\ensuremath{//} Display the this statement at the bottom of the
   Window showStatus(" The applet is initializing ...");
  // Pause for a period of time
      for (int i = 1; i < 1000000; i+
      +);
        }
     public void start()
      showStatus(" The applet is starting ...");
      for (int i = 1; i < 1000000; i++);
        }
         public void destroy()
         showStatus(" The applet is being destroyed \dots");
        for (int i = 1; i < 1000000; i++);
            }
// After compiling this run the program using appletviewer.
// create a following HTML coding.
// appletviewer filename (html file name).
< applet code = cycle width=200 height=200 >
```

< / applet >



Ex - 22.2

```
/ / Demonstrate CardLayout.
import java.awt.*;
import java.awt.event.*;
import java.applet.*;
  /*
<applet code = "CardLayoutDemo" width = 300 height = 100 >
        < /applet>
*/
public class CardLayoutDemo extends Applet
implements ActionListener, MouseListener {
Checkbox Win98, winNT, solaris,
mac; Panel osCards;
CardLayout
cardLo;
         Button
Win,
           Other;
public
            void
init()
    Win = new Button ("Windows");
    Other = new Button ("Other")
    ; add (Win) ;
     add (Other);
cardLo = new
CardLayout(); osCards
       = new Panel();
osCards.setLayout
(cardLo);
Win98 = new Checkbox ("Windows 98", null,
true); winNT
                     new Checkbox ("Windos
NT");
solaris = new Checkbox
("Solaries"); mac = new Checkbox
("MacOS");
```

```
Panel winPan = new Panel();
winPan.add(Win98);
winPan.add(winNT);
Panel otherPan = new Panel();
```

```
otherPan.add(solaris);
otherPan.add (mac);
osCards.add(winPan, "Windows");
osCards.add (otherPan,
"Other"); add (osCards);
Win.addActionListener (this);
Other.addActionListener (this);
addMouseListener (this);
public void mousePressed (MouseEvent me)
  cardLo.next (osCards);
public void mouseClicked (MouseEvent me)
public void mouseEntered (MouseEvent me)
public void mouseExited (MouseEvent me)
public void mouseReleased (MouseEvent me)
public void actionPerformed (ActionEvent ae)
  if (ae.getSource() == Win )
  cardLo.show(osCards, "Windows");
   }
  else {
    cardLo.show(osCards, "Other");
}
```

