MID SEMESTER LAB EXAM

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QUESTION

Implement a multiprocessing version of the following: 2 processes that sort an original array into two sorted lists and a third merging processes that merges the two sorted lists to generate the final sorted array.

CODE USING PIPES:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <unistd.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
void swap(int *xp, int *yp){
  int temp = *xp;
  *xp = *yp;
  *yp = temp;
 for (int i=0;i< n-1;i++)</pre>
      for (int j = 0; j < n-i-1; j++)</pre>
          if (arr[j] > arr[j+1])
             swap(&arr[j], &arr[j+1]);
void merge_two_sorted_arrays(int arr1[], int arr2[], int arr3[], int m, int n){
  int i,j,k;
       if(arr1[i] < arr2[j]) {</pre>
```

```
arr3[k] = arr2[j];
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  if(argc!= atoi(argv[1])+2){
      fprintf(stderr, "Error:Valid syntax ./sort [sizeof(arr)] arr[0:size-1]");
```

```
int n=atoi(argv[1]); //array size
printf("The array to be sorted is:\n");
   arr[i] = atoi(argv[i+2]);
    arr1[i]=arr[i];
int arr2[n2],p=0;//second array init
   arr2[p] =arr[i];
int p1fd[2],p2fd[2];
if(pipe(p1fd) ==-1) {
    fprintf(stderr,"Error:Unable to create pipe p1\n");
if(pipe(p2fd) ==-1) {
    fprintf(stderr,"Error:Unable to create pipe p2\n");
```

```
int pid1=fork();
if(pid1<0)
   fprintf(stderr,"Error:fork of process1 failed!!\n");
if(pid1==0){
   close(p1fd[RD_END]);
   printf("\nThe first list sorted @ process1....\n");
   write(p1fd[WR_END], &arr1, sizeof(arr1));
int pid2=fork();
if(pid2<0)
   fprintf(stderr,"Error:fork of process2 failed!!\n");
   close(p2fd[RD END]);
   printf("\nThe second list sorted @ process2...\n");
```

```
write(p2fd[WR_END],&arr2,sizeof(arr2));
if(pid1){
   close(p1fd[WR_END]);
   close(p2fd[WR_END]);
   read(p1fd[RD_END], &arr4, sizeof(arr4));
   printf("\nThe first sorted list received @ process3: \n");
   printf("\nThe second sorted list received @ process3: \n");
       printf("%d ",arr5[i]);
```

```
printf("\nMerging the obtained lists @ process3 \n");
    merge two sorted arrays(arr4,arr5,arr3,n1,n2);
       printf("%d ",arr3[m]);
printf("Total time taken by CPU: %f\n", total t );
printf("Exiting of the program...\n");
```

OUTPUT:

```
shreja@lostinspace:~/Desktop/OS_LAB_midsem$ ./mid_sem_para 30 2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 3 45 6 9 7 8
The array to be sorted is:
2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 3 45 6 9 7 8
The first list sorted @ process1....
1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 33 34
The second list sorted @ process2...
0 2 3 5 6 7 8 8 9 9 45 67 78 90 100
The first sorted list received @ process3:
1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 33 34
The second sorted list received @ process3:
0 2 3 5 6 7 8 8 9 9 45 67 78 90 100
Merging the obtained lists @ process3
0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 10 33 34 45 67 78 90 100
Total time taken by CPU: 0.000429
Exiting of the program...
shreja@lostinspace:~/Desktop/OS_LAB_midsem$ ./mid_sem_para 30 2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 40 2
Error:Valid syntax ./sort [sizeof(arr)] arr[0:size-1]
shreja@lostinspace:~/Desktop/OS_LAB_midsem$
```

EXPLANATION:

The code is implemented using IPC(pipes). Steps of implementation are:

- 1. The input is taken in the command line size and the array.
- 2. Then we separate the array into two halves first one having gif(n/2) elements and the second having n-gif(n/2).[where gif(.) is the greatest integer function]
- 3. Created 2 processes and sorted each half of the array in them using the sort function
- 4. Passed both the sorted arrays into the third process using pipes and merged both of them into the final sorted array.
- 5. Also timed the whole program run time.

As the input array is small and time is consumed in creating parent and children is higher than the process runtime itself, so the serial version given below is roughly 2 times faster than the multiprocessing version. I simulated the sort for 10000 input values and the parallel code was about 10 times faster than the serial code.

Description of functions used:

```
A. void merge_two_sorted_arrays(int arr1[], int arr2[], int arr3[], int m, int n)
```

- 1. Create an array arr3[] of size n1 + n2.
- 2. Simultaneously traverse arr1[] and arr2[].
 - Pick smaller of current elements in arr1[] and arr2[], copy this smaller element to next position in arr3[] and move ahead in arr3[] and the array whose element is picked.
- 3. If there are remaining elements in arr1[] or arr2[], copy them also in arr3[].

```
void swap(int *xp, int *yp)
```

This is the trivial swap function used swap values and it swaps by reference. It is used in the sort function.

```
void sort(int arr[], int n)
```

This is the trivial bubble sort function.

CODE WITHOUT PIPES:

```
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <time.h>
#include <sys/types.h>
#include <sys/wait.h>
void swap(int *xp, int *yp) {
  int temp = *xp;
  *yp = temp;
  int i,j,k;
          arr3[k] = arr2[j];
```

```
arr3[k] = arr2[j];
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
  float start_t, end_t, total_t;
  if(argc!= atoi(argv[1])+2) {
      fprintf(stderr,"Error:Valid syntax ./sort [sizeof(arr)] arr[0:size-1]\n");
  int arr[n];//Input array
  printf("The array to be sorted is:\n");
      arr[i] = atoi(argv[i+2]);
```

```
int arr2[n2],p=0;//second array init
   arr2[p] =arr[i];
   printf("\nThe second list sorted\n");
   printf("\nMerging the obtained lists \n");
   merge_two_sorted_arrays(arr1,arr2,arr3,n1,n2);
```

OUTPUT:

```
shreja@lostinspace:~/Desktop/OS_LAB_midsem$ ./mid_sem_ser 30 2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 3 45 6 9 7 8
The array to be sorted is:
2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 3 45 6 9 7 8

The first list sorted
1 1 1 1 2 2 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 33 34

The second list sorted
0 2 3 5 6 7 8 8 9 9 45 67 78 90 100

Merging the obtained lists
0 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 3 3 4 5 6 6 7 7 8 8 8 9 9 9 10 33 34 45 67 78 90 100

Total time taken by CPU: 0.000197
Exiting of the program...
shreja@lostinspace:~/Desktop/OS_LAB_midsem$ ./mid_sem_ser 30 2 1 1 3 4 6 7 8 9 10 1 34 2 1 33 5 67 8 9 78 0 90 100 2 3 45 6 9 7
Error:Valid syntax ./sort [sizeof(arr)] arr[0:sizeo-1]
```

EXPLANATION:

- 1. Serial is implemented the same as the multi-process version just without the pipes.
- 2. This program is to compare the runtimes of the multi-process with the serial implementation.

As seen above for small inputs the serial is 2 times faster than the multi-process code.