



IPv6 Application Services DHCPv6



Foreword

- The IPv6 architecture has led to the redesign of many aspects of network operation. One such design change involves Neighbor Discovery, which in itself now defines a means for Stateless Address Auto-configuration (SLAAC). DHCP for IPv6 (DHCPv6) includes a number of design changes that includes support for both SLAAC and stateful IPv6 addressing. DHCPv6 remains a client/server based application layer protocol, however includes a significant number of changes to align with the design aspects of IPv6. As such, DHCPv6 stateful and stateless implementations and characteristics are explained.



Objectives

- Upon completion of this section, you will be able to:
 - Describe the features of DHCPv6.
 - Explain the stateful and stateless behavior of DHCPv6.
 - Successfully configure DHCPv6 services.



Assegnazione degli indirizzi IPv6

Si possono utilizzare diverse strategie per assegnare indirizzi IPv6 agli hosts:

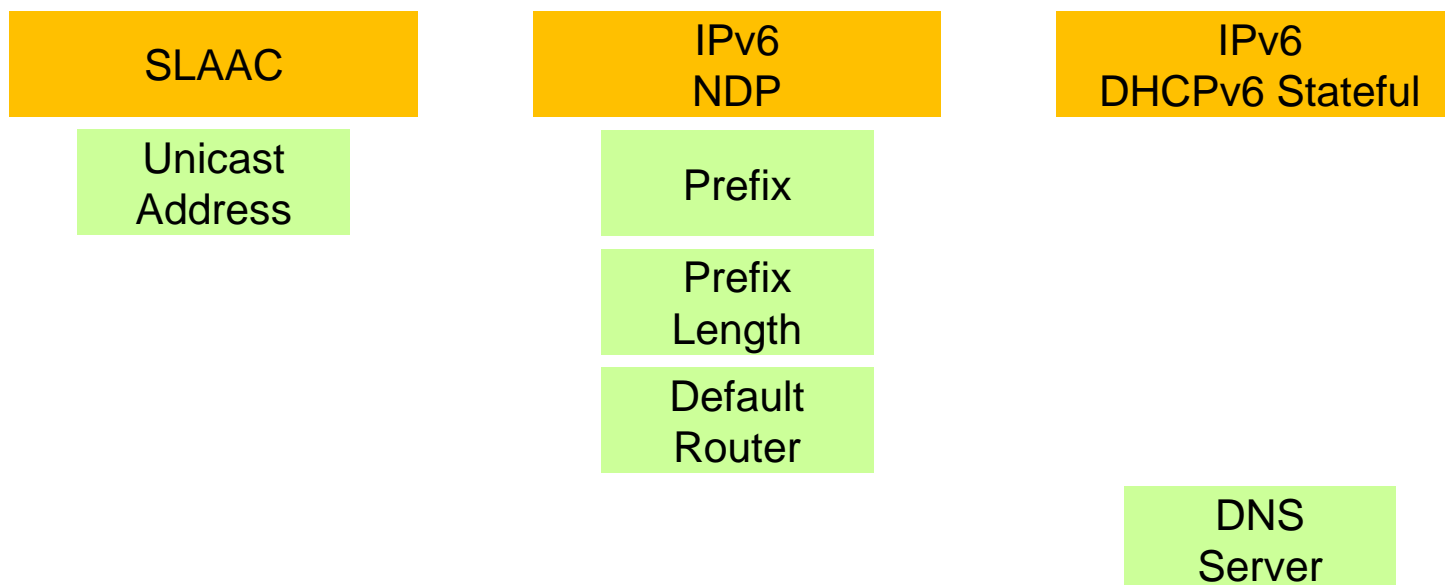
- Static Configuration;
 - Impostazione manuale degli indirizzi, come visto nelle lezioni precedenti.
- Stateful DHCP;
- SLAAC



Assegnazione degli indirizzi IPv6 – SLAAC

StateLess Address AutoConfiguration

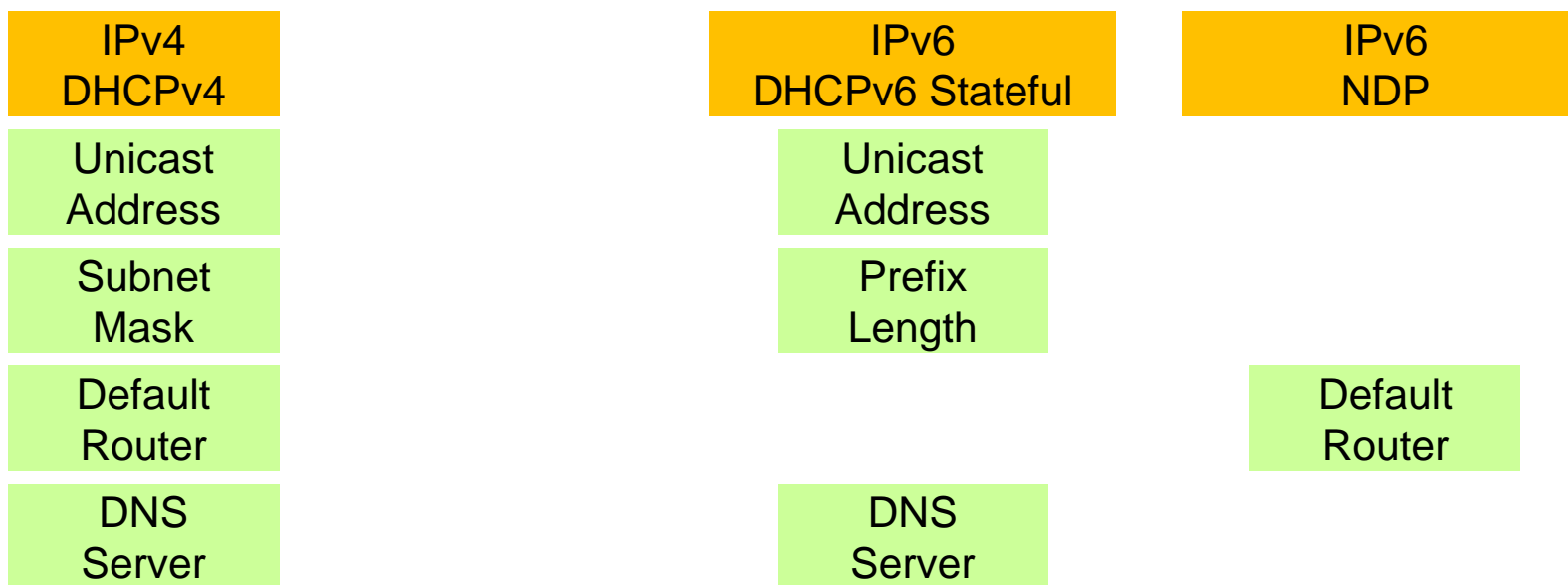
- Non richiede un server per il lease degli indirizzi IPv6;
- Definisce un processo che usa NDP e DHCPv6 come servizio stateless;





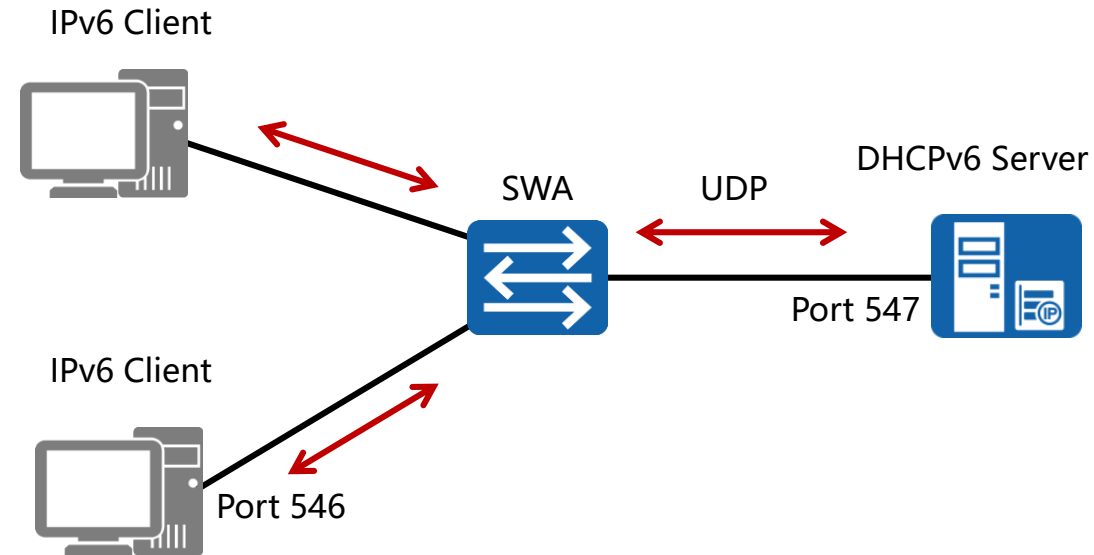
Assegnazione degli indirizzi IPv6 – Stateful DHCP

- Presenza di uno o più server DHCP nella rete;
- Hosts richiedono il lease di un IP ed altre informazioni al server;
- Il server risponde con le informazioni necessarie.





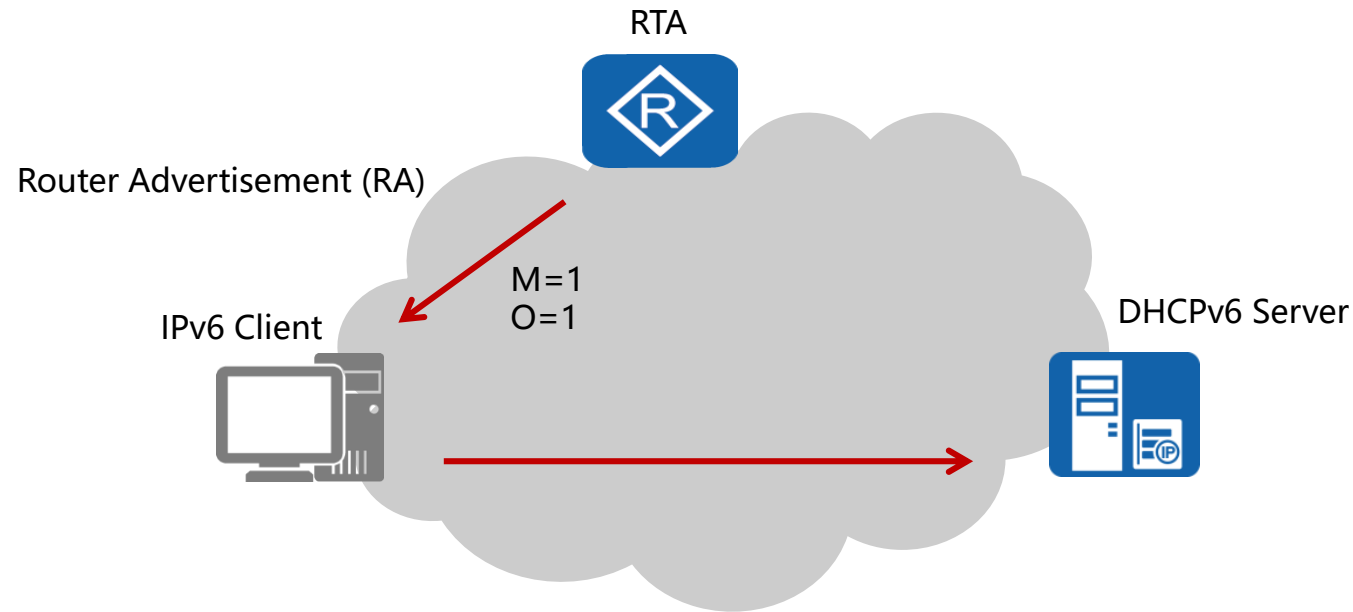
DHCPv6



- Represents a stateful address auto-configuration protocol.
- UDP based communication between client and server.



Stateful Addressing



- RA contains managed (M) and other (O) configuration flags.
- Stateful addressing (DHCPv6) used where flags are set to '1' .



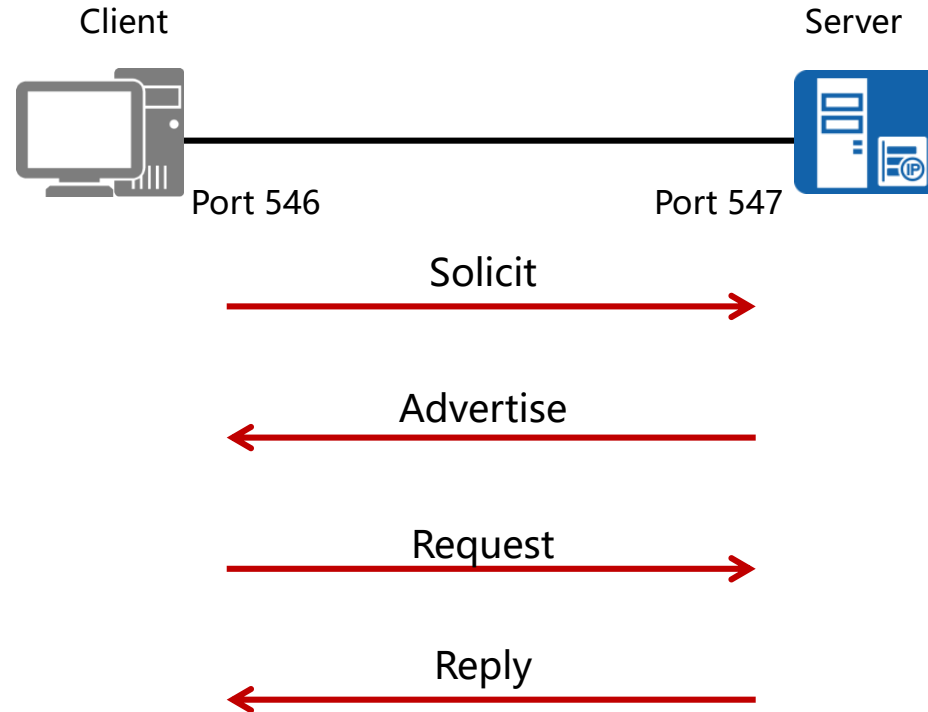
Enabling DHCPv6 Communication



- Link-local addresses are used as source address by clients, and DHCP servers reached via the multicast address FF02::1:2.



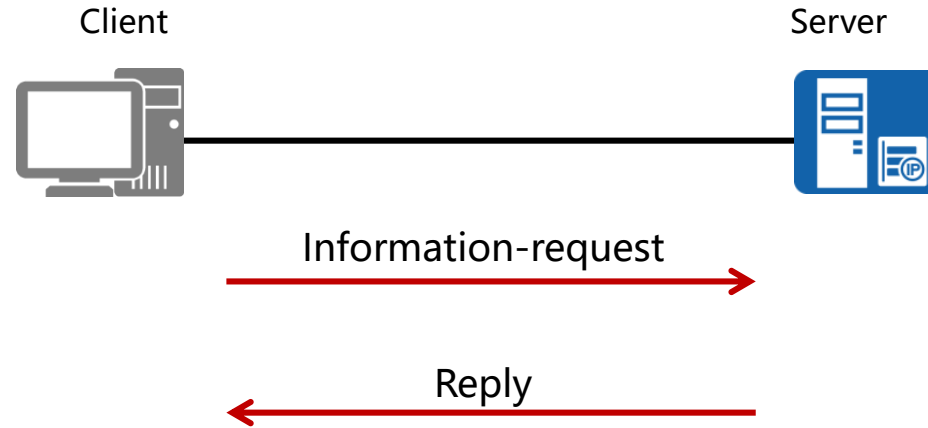
Assigning IPv6 Addressing



- Discovery of servers and assignment of IPv6 addresses & configuration parameter relies on a set of four messages.



Stateless Configuration Information



- Information-request used when IPv6 addressing not required.
- Reply used to deliver configuration parameters.



DHCP Unique Identifier (DUID)

DUID: 00:01:00:06:51:81:03:c0:f0:de:f1:b8:e1:4d

IAID: 343516489

DUID: 00:03:00:01:00:e0:fc:03:14:f1



FF02::1:2
All DHCP Relay
Agents & Servers



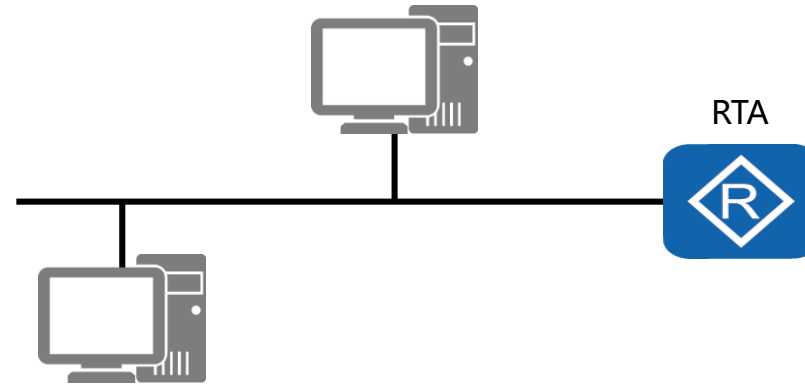
IAID: 321334513

DUID: 00:01:00:06:50:e2:97:80:f8:1d:4f:a6:21:7f

- Unique identifier of clients & servers in the DHCP community.
- Parameters bound to each DUID using Identity Associations (IA).



Setting the DHCP DUID



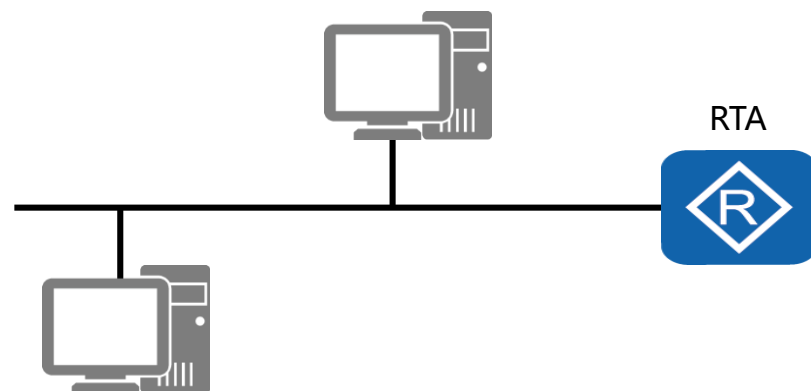
```
[RTA]dhcpv6 duid 11
```

Warning: The DHCP unique identifier should be globally-unique and stable. Are you sure to change it? [Y/N]y

- Enables assignment of either the DUID-LL or DUID-LLT format.
- The DUID-LL format is assigned by default.



IPv6 Address Pool

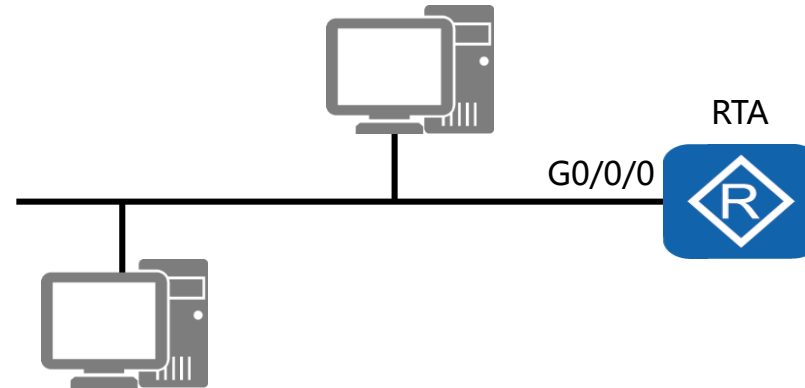


```
[RTA]dhcpv6 pool pool1
[RTA-dhcpv6-pool-pool1]address prefix 3000::/64
[RTA-dhcpv6-pool-pool1]excluded-address 3000::1
[RTA-dhcpv6-pool-pool1]dns-server 3001::1
[RTA-dhcpv6-pool-pool1]dns-domain-name huawei.com
```

- DHCPv6 parameters are assigned for each address pool.



Enable DHCPv6 Server



```
[RTA] ipv6
[RTA] dhcp enable
[RTA] interface GigabitEthernet 0/0/0
[RTA-GigabitEthernet0/0/0] ipv6 enable
[RTA-GigabitEthernet0/0/0] ipv6 address 3000::1/64
[RTA-GigabitEthernet0/0/0] dhcpv6 server pool1
```

- Address pool is associated with the DHCPv6 server interface.



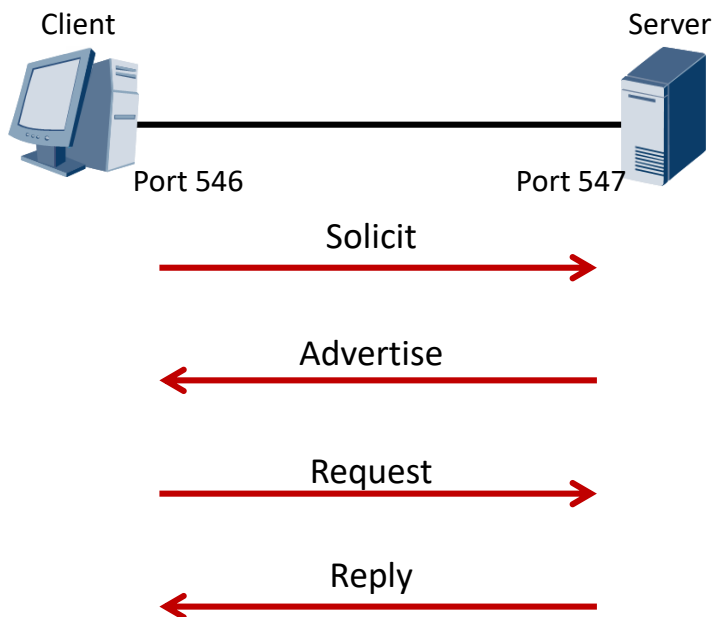
Displaying DHCPv6 Information

```
<RTA>display dhcpv6 pool
DHCPv6 pool: pool1
  Address prefix: 3000::/64
    Lifetime valid 172800 seconds, preferred 86400 seconds
    2 in use, 0 conflicts
  Excluded-address 3000::1
  Information refresh time: 86400
  DNS server address: 3001::1
  Domain name: huawei.com
  Conflict-address expire-time: 172800
  Active normal clients: 2
```

- Configured pools, pool based parameters, and client activity are referenced under the display dhcp pool command.



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab



Source	Destination	Protocol	Length	Info
fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8	ff02::1:2	DHCPv6	112	Solicit XID: 0
fe80::5689:98ff:fe2d:1a19	ff02::1:fffd:1a19	ICMPv6	86	Neighbor Solicit
fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8	fe80::5689:98ff:fe2d:1a19	ICMPv6	86	Neighbor Adver
fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8	fe80::5689:98ff:fe2d:1a19	DHCPv6	172	Advertise XID:
fe80::5689:98ff:fe2d:1a19	ff02::1:2	DHCPv6	154	Request XID: 0
fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8	fe80::5689:98ff:fe2d:1a19	DHCPv6	172	Reply XID: 0xa
::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86	Neighbor Solicit
::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86	Neighbor Solicit
::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86	Neighbor Solicit

- Configured pools, pool based parameters, and client activity are referenced under the *display dhcp pool* command.



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab - Advertise

```
> Frame 4: 172 bytes on wire (1376 bits), 172 bytes captured (1376 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: HuaweiTe_2d:1c:c8 (00:e0:fc:2d:1c:c8), Dst: HuaweiTe_fd:1a:19 (54:89:98:fd:1a:19)
> Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8, Dst: fe80::5689:98ff:fe8d:1a19
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 547, Dst Port: 546
▼ DHCPv6
    Message type: Advertise (2)
    Transaction ID: 0xaa9029
    ▼ Client Identifier
        Option: Client Identifier (1)
        Length: 10
        Value: 00030001548998fd1a19
        DUID: 00030001548998fd1a19
        DUID Type: link-layer address (3)
        Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
        Link-layer address: 54:89:98:fd:1a:19
    ▼ Server Identifier
        Option: Server Identifier (2)
        Length: 10
        Value: 0003000100e0fc2d1cc8
        DUID: 0003000100e0fc2d1cc8
        DUID Type: link-layer address (3)
        Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
        Link-layer address: 00:e0:fc:2d:1c:c8
    > Identity Association for Non-temporary Address
    > DNS recursive name server
    > Domain Search List
```



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab - Request

```
> Frame 5: 154 bytes on wire (1232 bits), 154 bytes captured (1232 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: HuaweiTe_fd:1a:19 (54:89:98:fd:1a:19), Dst: IPv6mcast_01:00:02 (33:33:00:01:00:02)
> Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: fe80::5689:98ff:fefd:1a19, Dst: ff02::1:2
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 546, Dst Port: 547
▼ DHCPv6
    Message type: Request (3)
    Transaction ID: 0xaa9029
    > Client Identifier
    > Server Identifier
    > Identity Association for Non-temporary Address
    ▼ Option Request
        Option: Option Request (6)
        Length: 6
        Value: 001700180003
        Requested Option code: DNS recursive name server (23)
        Requested Option code: Domain Search List (24)
        Requested Option code: Identity Association for Non-temporary Address (3)
    > Elapsed time
```



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab - Reply

```
> Frame 6: 172 bytes on wire (1376 bits), 172 bytes captured (1376 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: HuaweiTe_2d:1c:c8 (00:e0:fc:2d:1c:c8), Dst: HuaweiTe_fd:1a:19 (54:89:98:fd:1a:19)
> Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: fe80::2e0:fcff:fe2d:1cc8, Dst: fe80::5689:98ff:fe8d:1a19
> User Datagram Protocol, Src Port: 547, Dst Port: 546
▼ DHCPv6
    Message type: Reply (7)
    Transaction ID: 0xaa9029
    ▼ Client Identifier
        Option: Client Identifier (1)
        Length: 10
        Value: 00030001548998fd1a19
        DUID: 00030001548998fd1a19
        DUID Type: link-layer address (3)
        Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
        Link-layer address: 54:89:98:fd:1a:19
    ▼ Server Identifier
        Option: Server Identifier (2)
        Length: 10
        Value: 0003000100e0fc2d1cc8
        DUID: 0003000100e0fc2d1cc8
        DUID Type: link-layer address (3)
        Hardware type: Ethernet (1)
        Link-layer address: 00:e0:fc:2d:1c:c8
    > Identity Association for Non-temporary Address
    > DNS recursive name server
    > Domain Search List
```



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab - DAD

7	0.063000	::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86 Neighbor Solicitation for 2001:db8:1111:2222::2 from 54:89:98:fd:1a:19
8	1.063000	::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86 Neighbor Solicitation for 2001:db8:1111:2222::2 from 54:89:98:fd:1a:19
9	2.063000	::	ff02::1:ff00:2	ICMPv6	86 Neighbor Solicitation for 2001:db8:1111:2222::2 from 54:89:98:fd:1a:19

```
> Frame 7: 86 bytes on wire (688 bits), 86 bytes captured (688 bits) on interface 0
> Ethernet II, Src: HuaweiTe_fd:1a:19 (54:89:98:fd:1a:19), Dst: IPv6mcast_ff:00:00:02 (33:33:ff:00:00:02)
> Internet Protocol Version 6, Src: ::, Dst: ff02::1:ff00:2
▼ Internet Control Message Protocol v6
  Type: Neighbor Solicitation (135)
  Code: 0
  Checksum: 0x110f [correct]
  [Checksum Status: Good]
  Reserved: 00000000
  Target Address: 2001:db8:1111:2222::2
▼ ICMPv6 Option (Source link-layer address : 54:89:98:fd:1a:19)
  Type: Source link-layer address (1)
  Length: 1 (8 bytes)
  Link-layer address: HuaweiTe_fd:1a:19 (54:89:98:fd:1a:19)
```



DHCPv6 Protocol Grab

[Protocol Grab](#)



Summary

- Which DUID formats are currently supported within VRP?
- If the M and O bits of a Router Advertisement (RA) are set to 1, what action is taken by the client?

The background of the image is a blue-tinted photograph of a modern office interior. In the foreground, several groups of business professionals are silhouetted against the bright light coming from large windows. They appear to be in various stages of collaboration, some looking at documents or devices. The floor is highly reflective, mirroring the figures. In the background, through the windows, a dense urban skyline with various skyscrapers is visible under a clear sky. The overall color palette is dominated by shades of blue, creating a professional and high-tech atmosphere.

Thank You
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