



CESI alternance

ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS



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Cryptography

I. Intro



Document confidentiel - ne pas diffuser

LE CESI :
ENSEIGNEMENT
SUPERIEUR ET
FORMATION
PROFESSIONNELLE



ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS

Cryptography: from Greek κρυπτός kryptós, "**hidden, secret**"; and γράφειν graphein, "**writing**", or -λογία -logia, "**study**", respectively is the practice and study of techniques for **secure communication** in the presence of **third parties** (called adversaries)



Document confidentiel - ne pas diffuser

LE CESI :
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PROFESSIONNELLE

4000 BC

Authentication system



1900 BC

First known example of cryptography



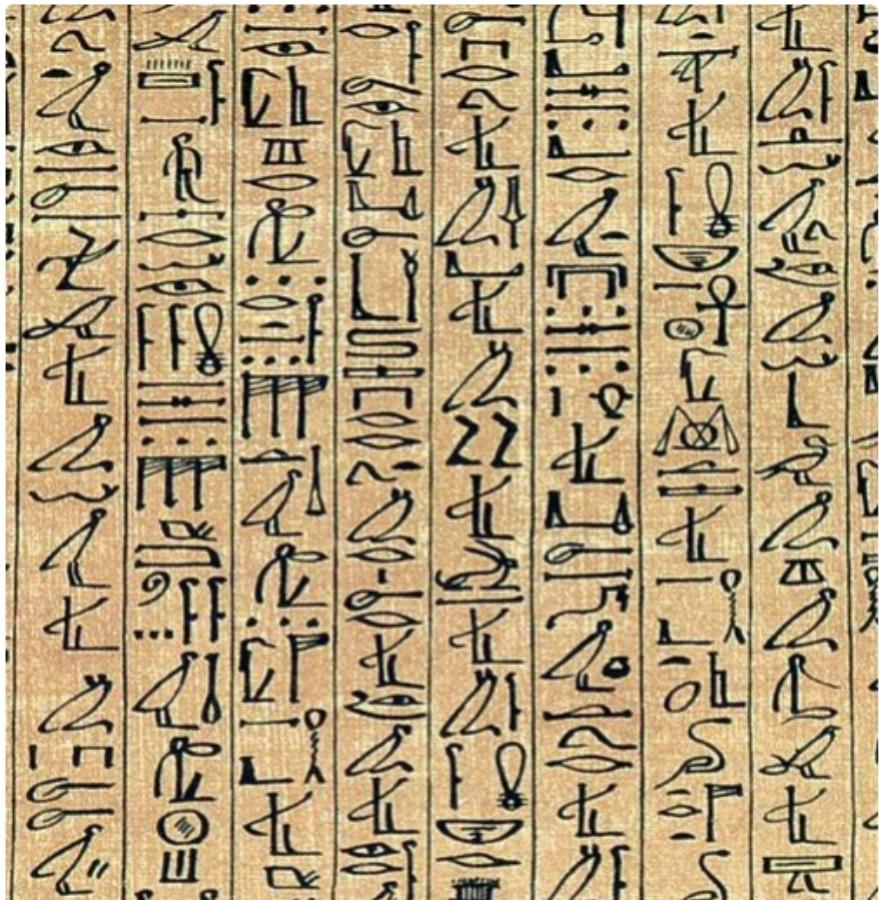
Clearswift

@Clearswift



Follow

In 1900 BC an Egyptian scribe used non-standard hieroglyphs - the first example of **#cryptography**.
#DLPGameChanger



500 BC

Atbash cipher substitution cypher for Hebrew alphabet

Plain: אָבְגָדְהָוּזְחָטִי כְּלָמְנַסְעַפְצָקְרָשָׁת

Cipher: תְּשֻׁרְקָצְפָעַסְנַמְלָכִיְתְחָזֵוְהַדְגָבָא



110 BC

Caesar cipher



The secrecy of the message depends on the secrecy encryption key, rather than the secrecy of the system.



1883 “La Cryptographie Militaire”

Kerckhoff's principle

The **secrecy** of your **message** should always depend on the **secrecy** of the **key**, and not on the **secrecy** of the **encryption system**.



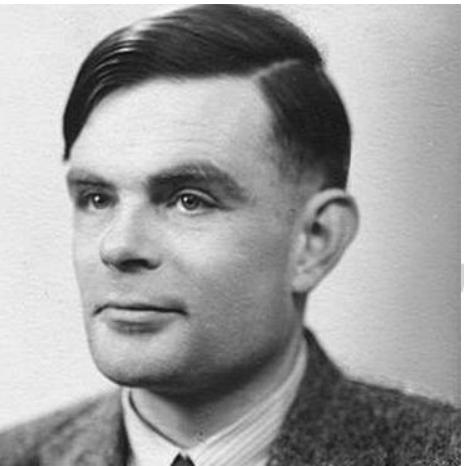
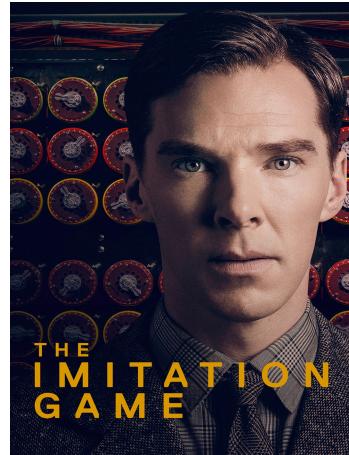
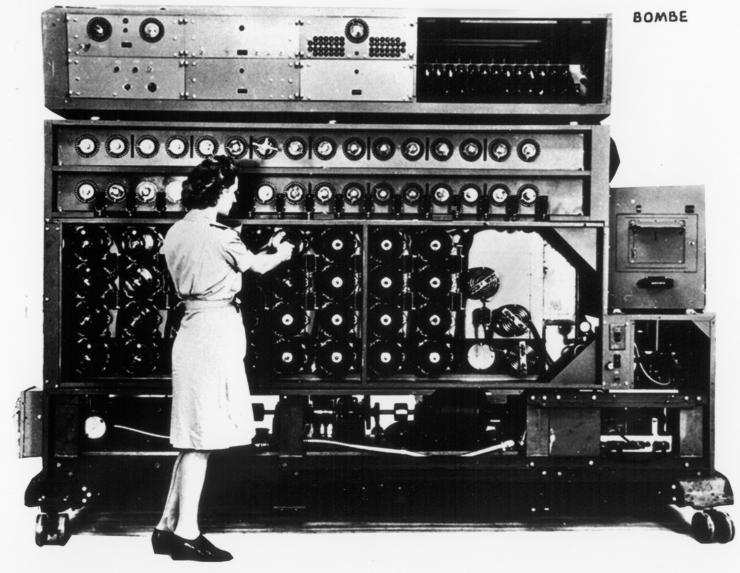
20th century

Enigma

$$26 \times 26 \times 26 \times 60 = 1054560$$



Fight Machine to Machine



1970 Modern Cryptography

1970 Lucifer Cypher



1976 Deffie-Hellman



1976 DES (Date Encryption Standard)

1977 RSA (Rivest Shamir Adleman)



1979 Shamir Secret Sharing

1991 PGP (Pretty Good Privacy)

1997 DES Broken



1998 AES (Advanced Encryption System)

1999 Triple-DES (Walter Tuchman)

$$C = E_{DES}^{k3} \left(D_{DES}^{k2} \left(E_{DES}^{k1} (M) \right) \right)$$

Until 1996 in France....



Used massively by states...

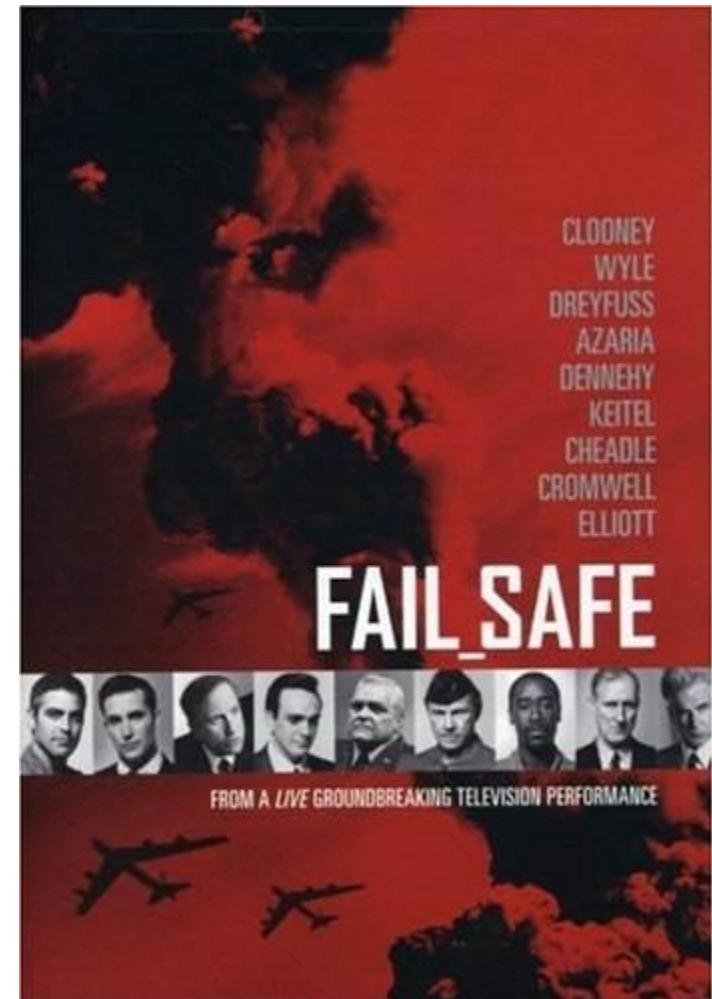


... or not



Sometimes shits appends...

During the 1960s, a computer error in Nebraska unwittingly sets off a perilous chain of events leading to a Cold War crisis. The computer sends an order to a squadron piloted by Col. Jack Grady (George Clooney) to drop a bomb on Moscow.



Only **ONE** rule...

PROTECT YOUR CIPHER KEYS



For **TWO** goals

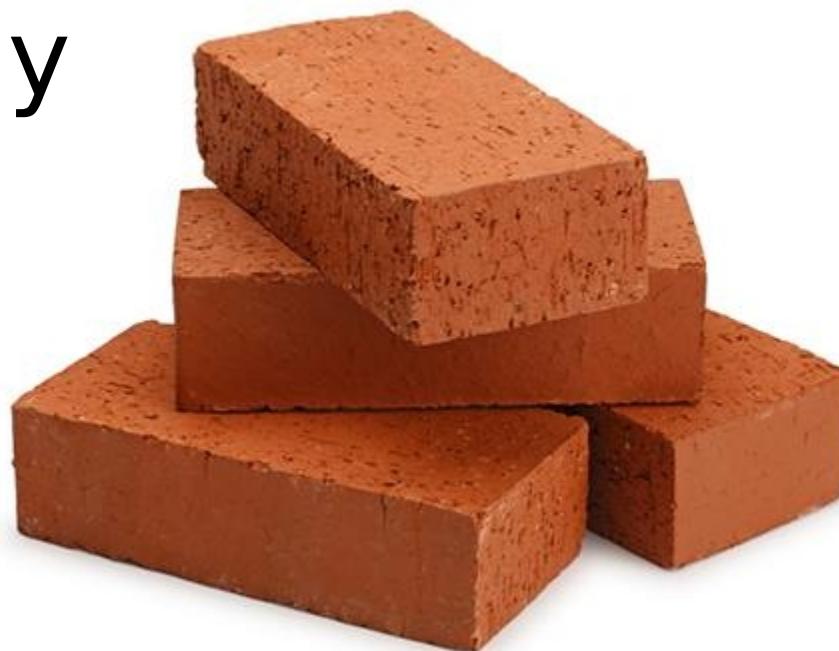
- 1- PROTECT COMMUNICATIONS**
- 2- AUTHENTICATE COMMUNICATIONS**



Base bricks

Cryptography

II. Basics



Symmetric Cryptography

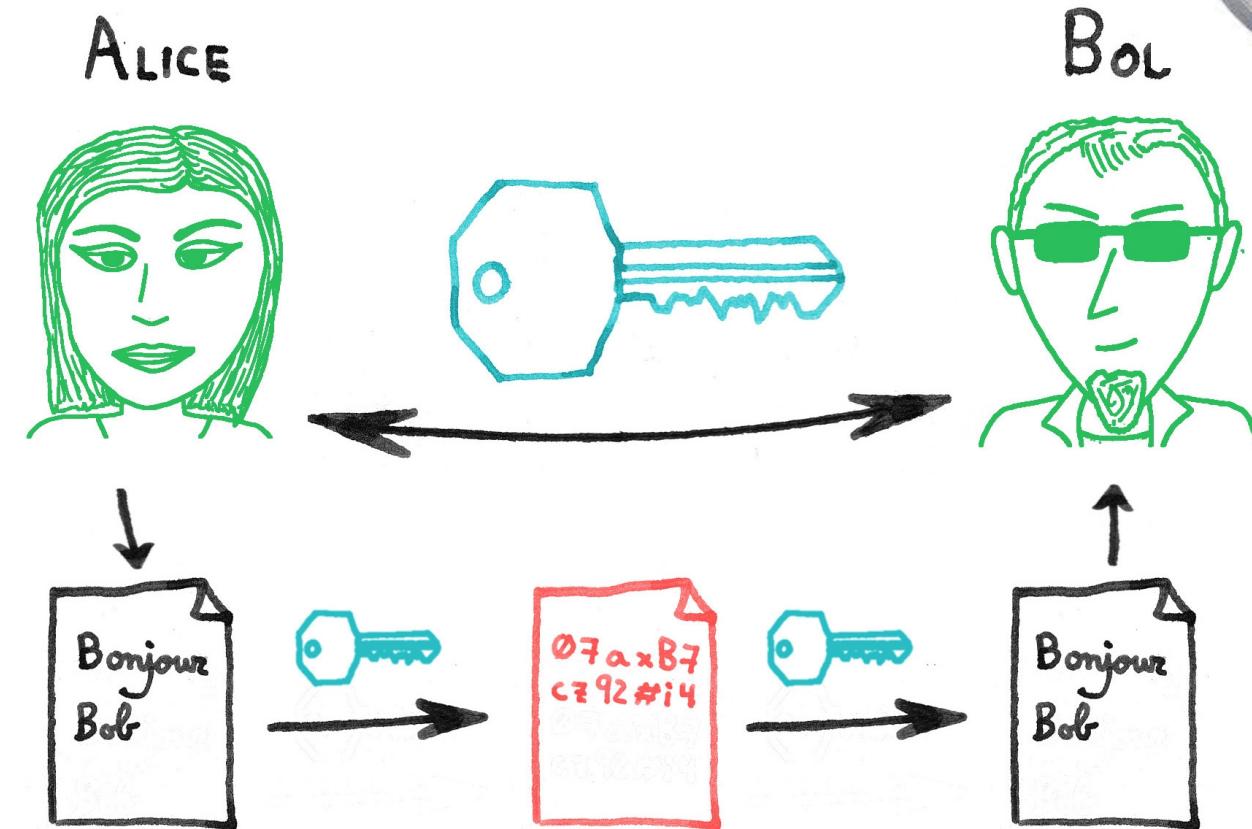


The universe itself only existed for 14 billion (1.4e10) years.

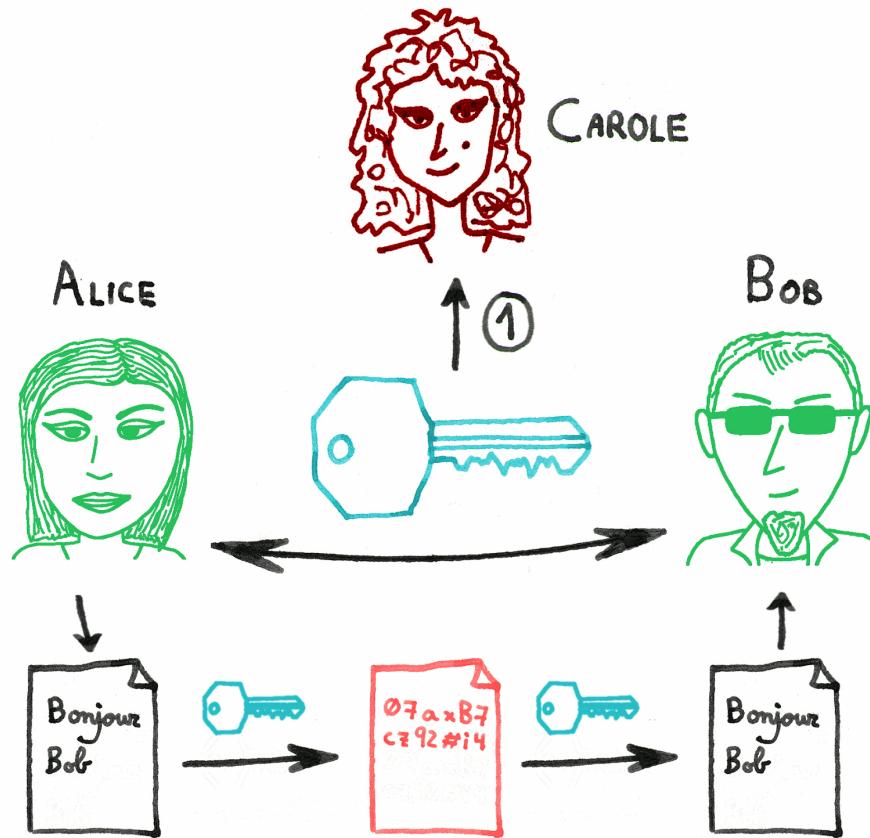
It would take $\sim 6.7 \times 10^{40}$ times longer than the age of the universe to exhaust half of the keyspace of a AES-256 key.



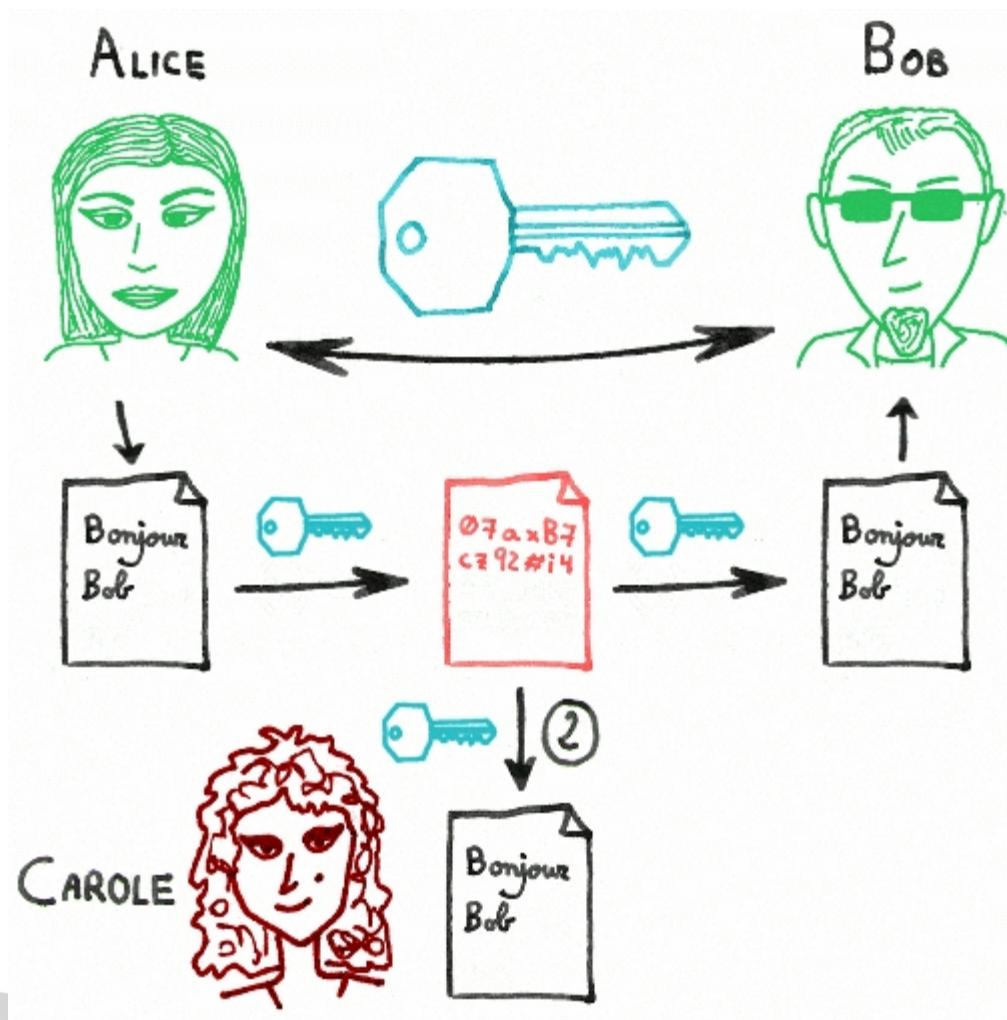
Symmetric Cryptography



Symmetric Cryptography #PROBLEM



Symmetric Cryptography #PROBLEM

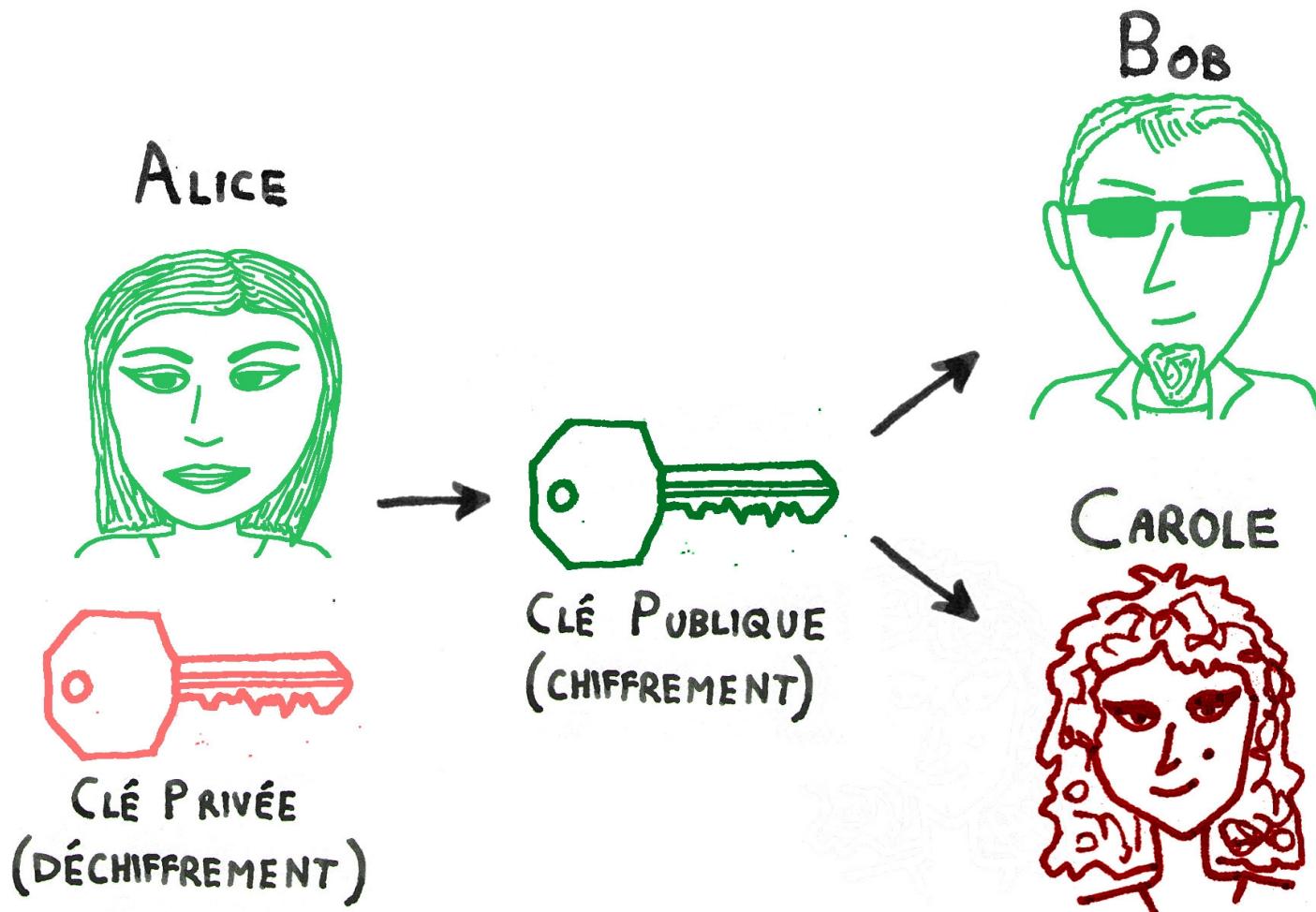


Asymmetric Cryptography

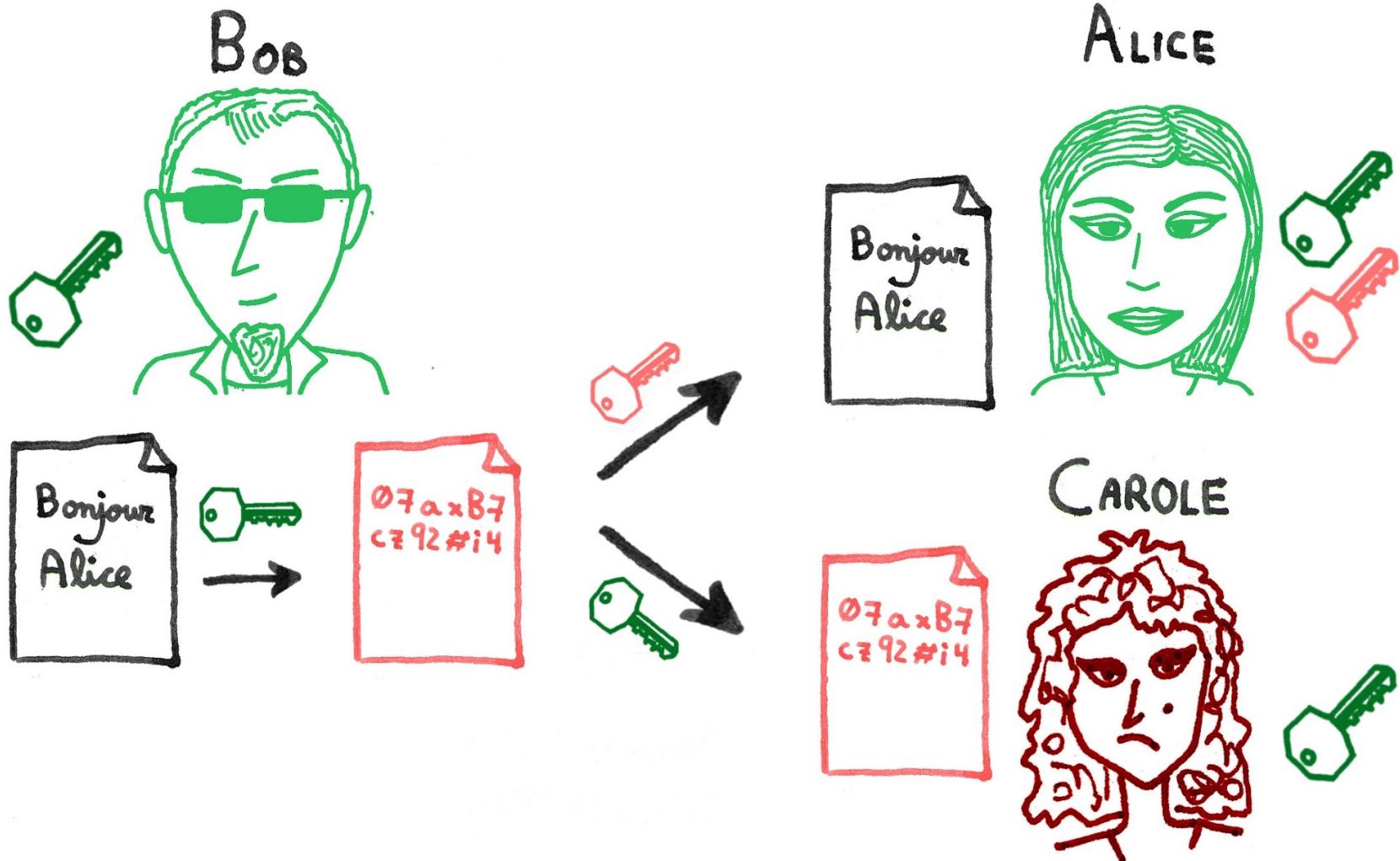
Keys are like nuts... you must have two!



Asymmetric Cryptography



Asymmetric Cryptography



CLÉ PRIVÉE D'ALICE
(DÉCHIFFREMENT)

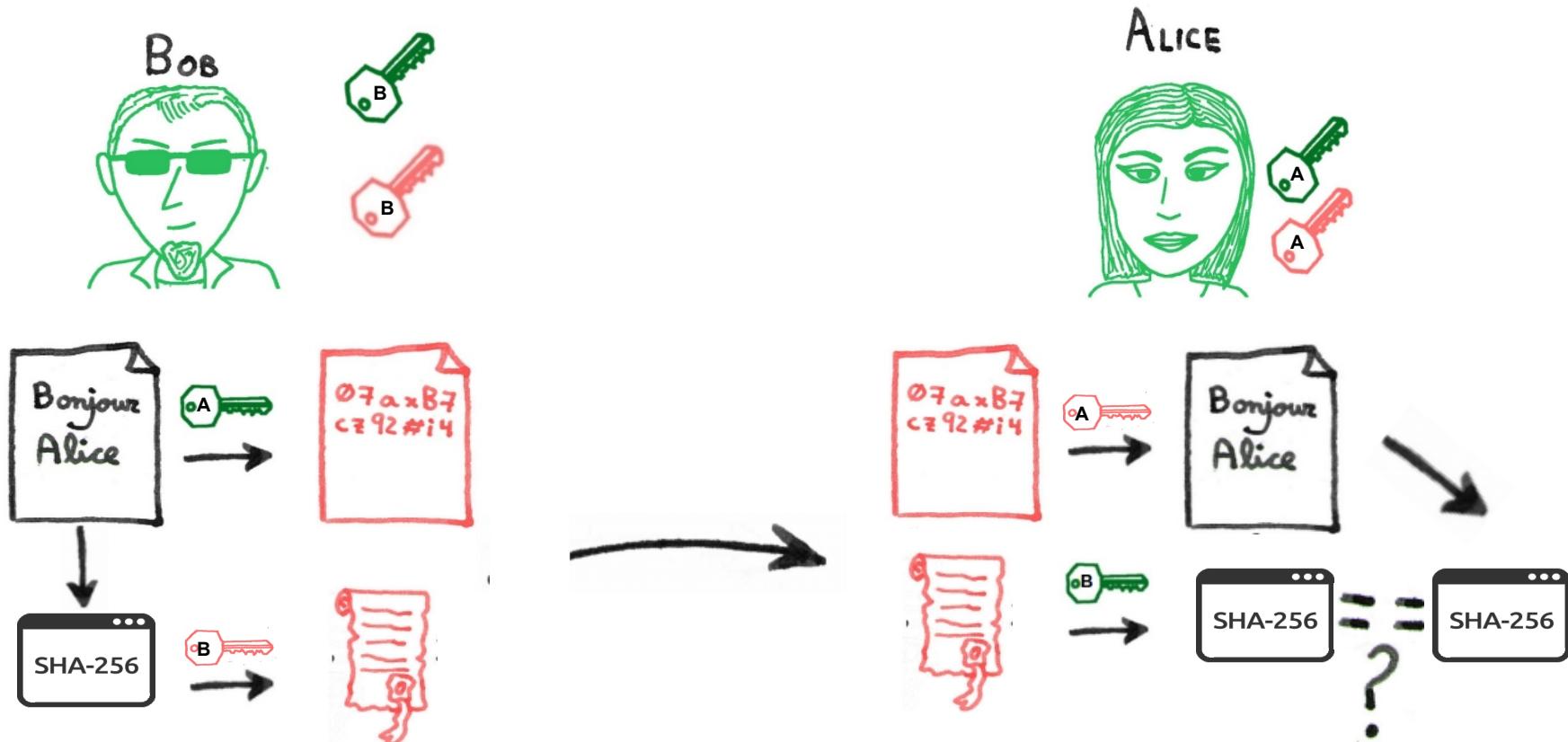
CLÉ PUBLIQUE D'ALICE
(CHIFFREMENT)

Asymmetric Cryptography

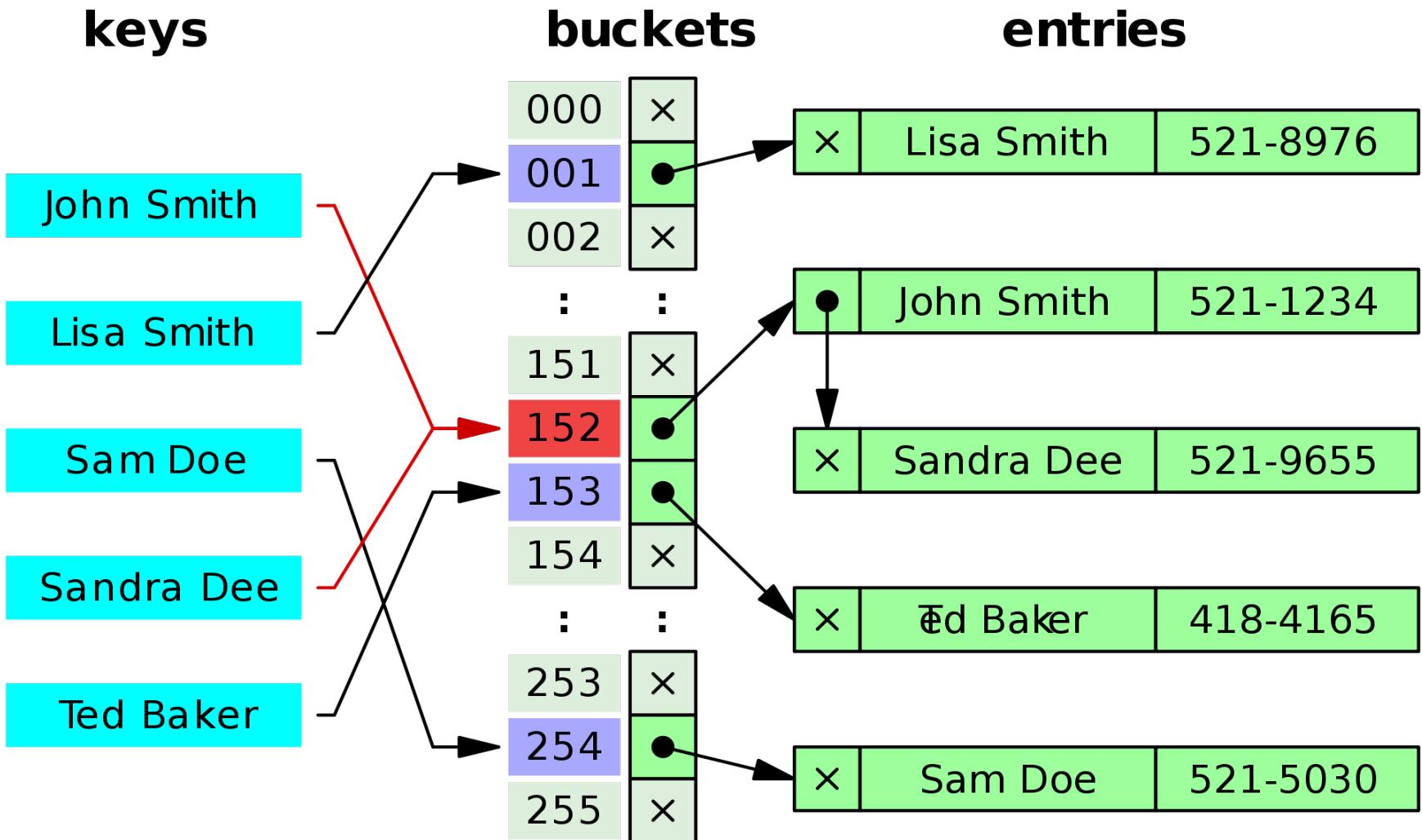
PK Ciphers are useless without an authentication system...



Asymmetric Cryptography



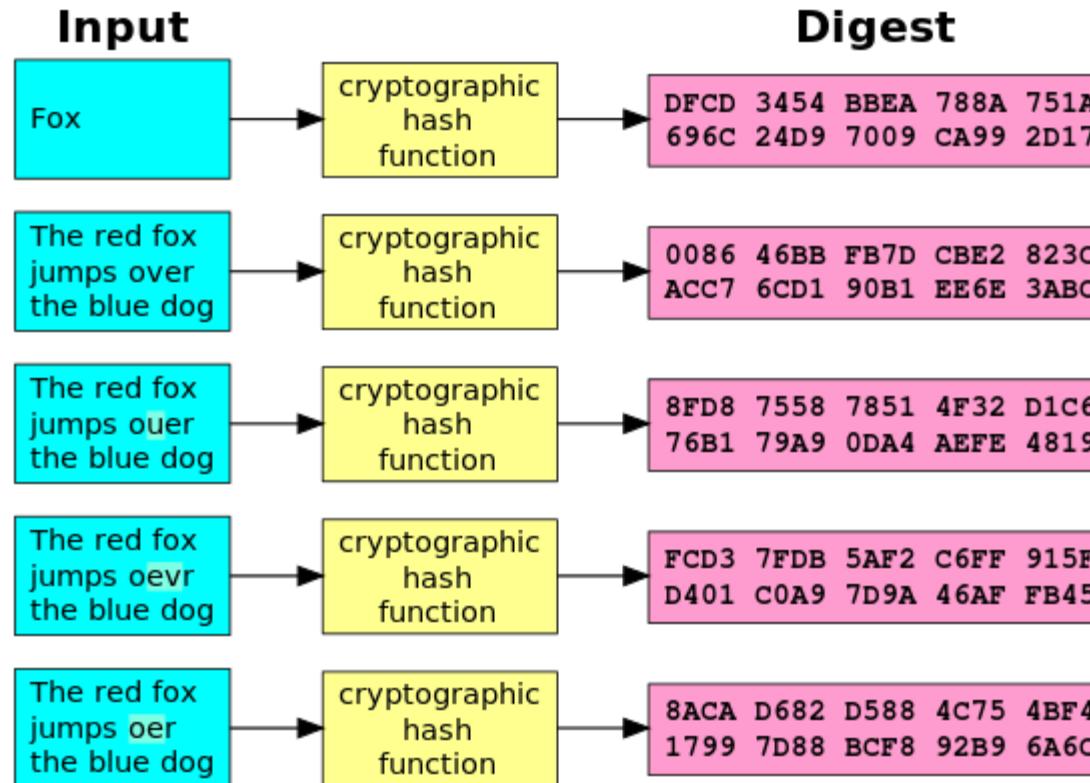
Hash functions



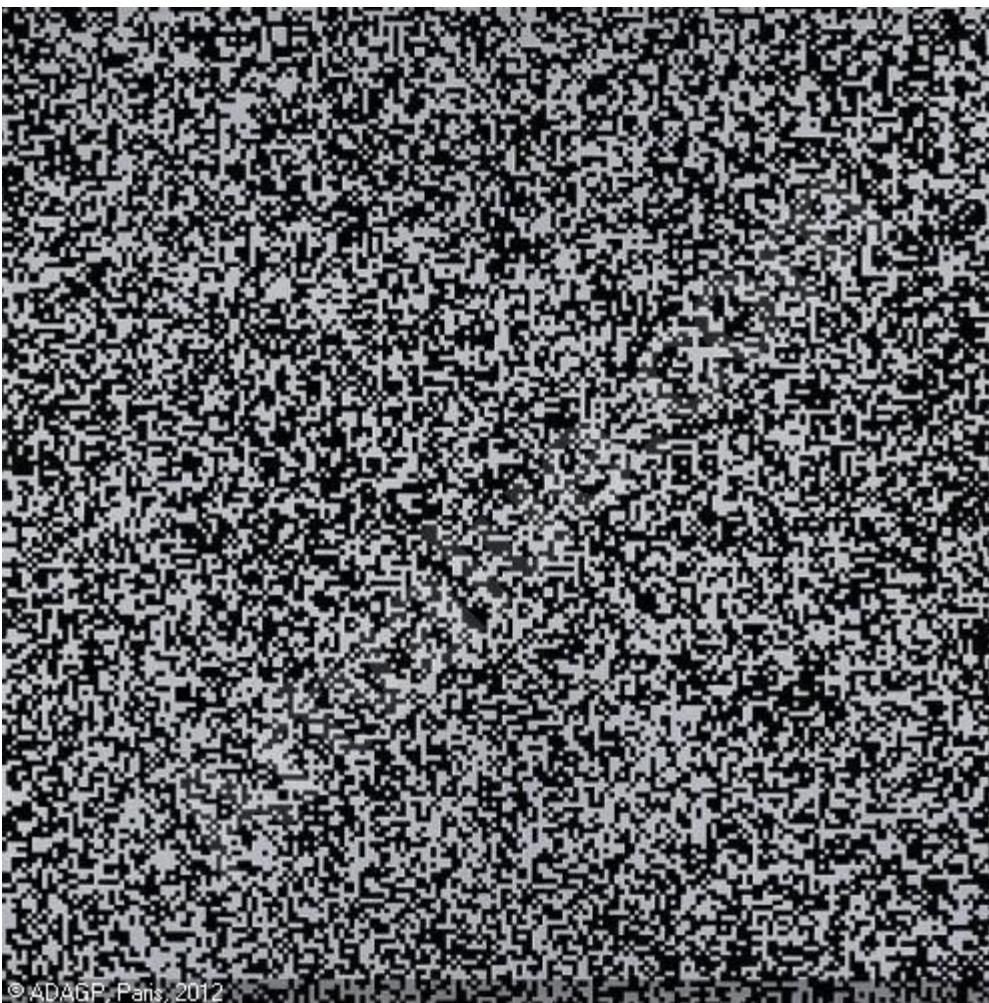
Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



© ADAGP, Paris, 2012

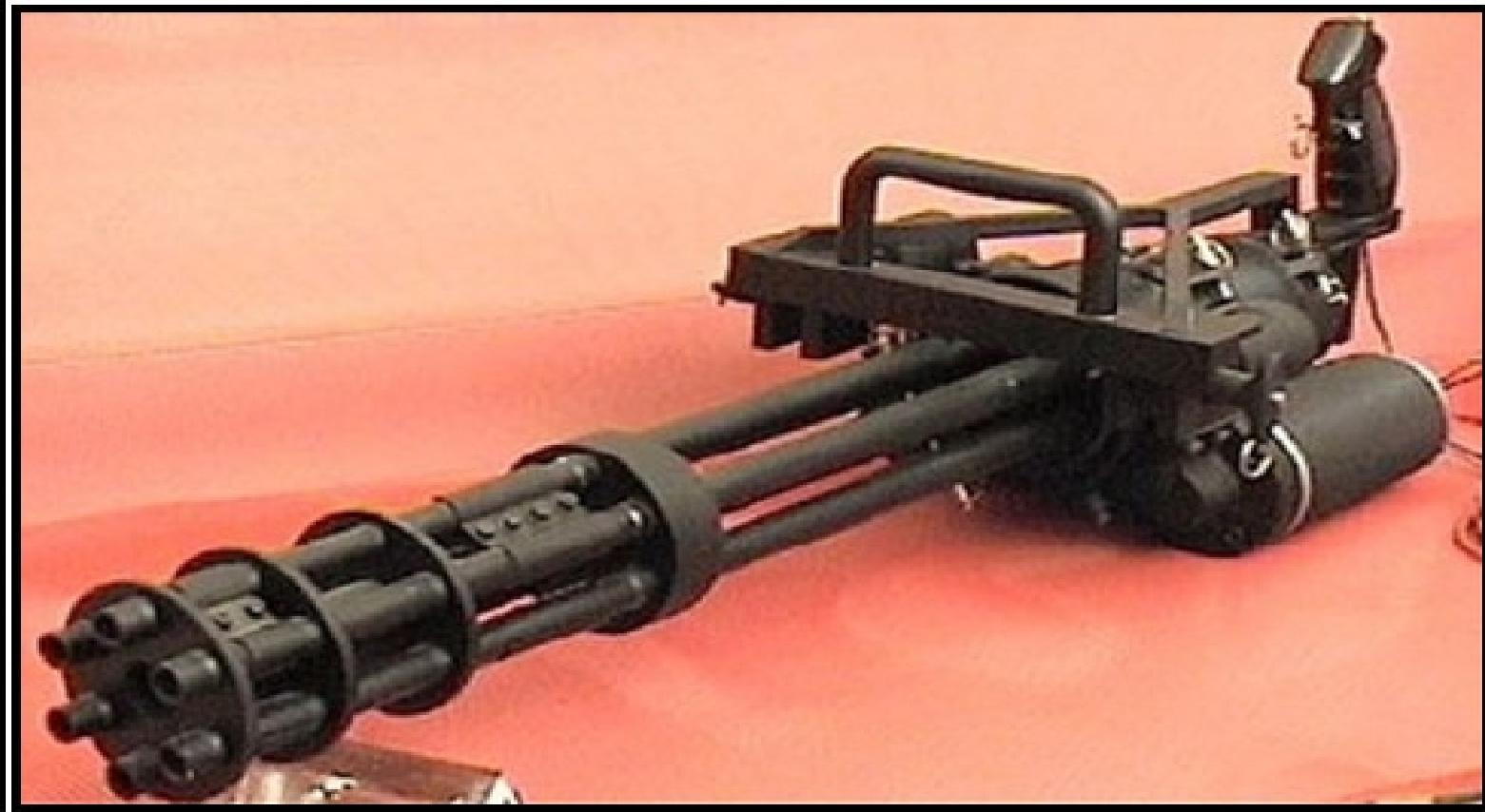
Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



BRUTE FORCE

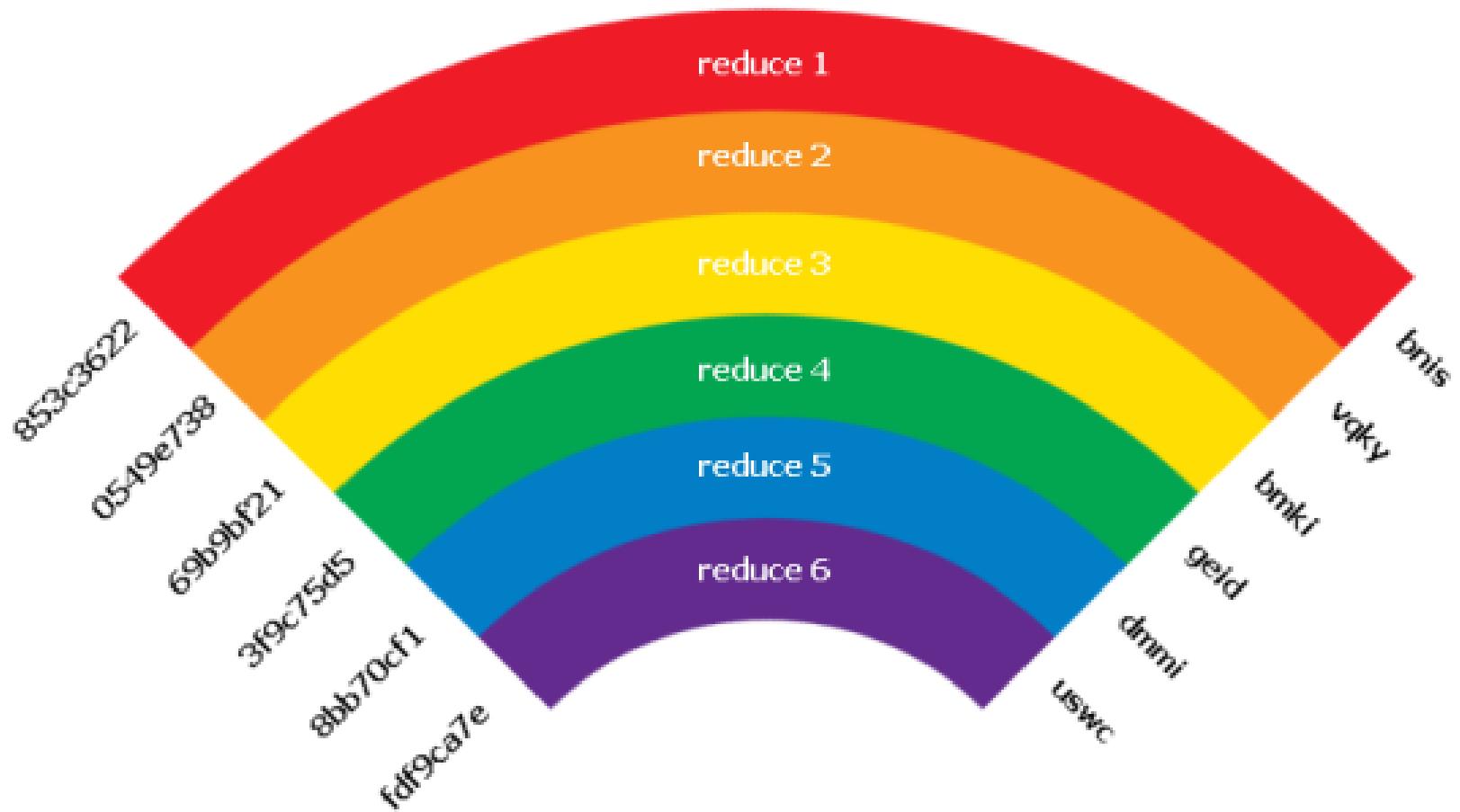
If it doesn't work, you're just not using enough.

Cryptographic Hash functions

DICTIONARY ATTACK!



Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions

1992

- **MD5**

- 128 bits

INSECURE

1995 (NSA) - **SHA-1**

- 160 bits

INSECURE

2001 (NSA) - **SHA-2**

- 224, 256, 384 or 512 bits

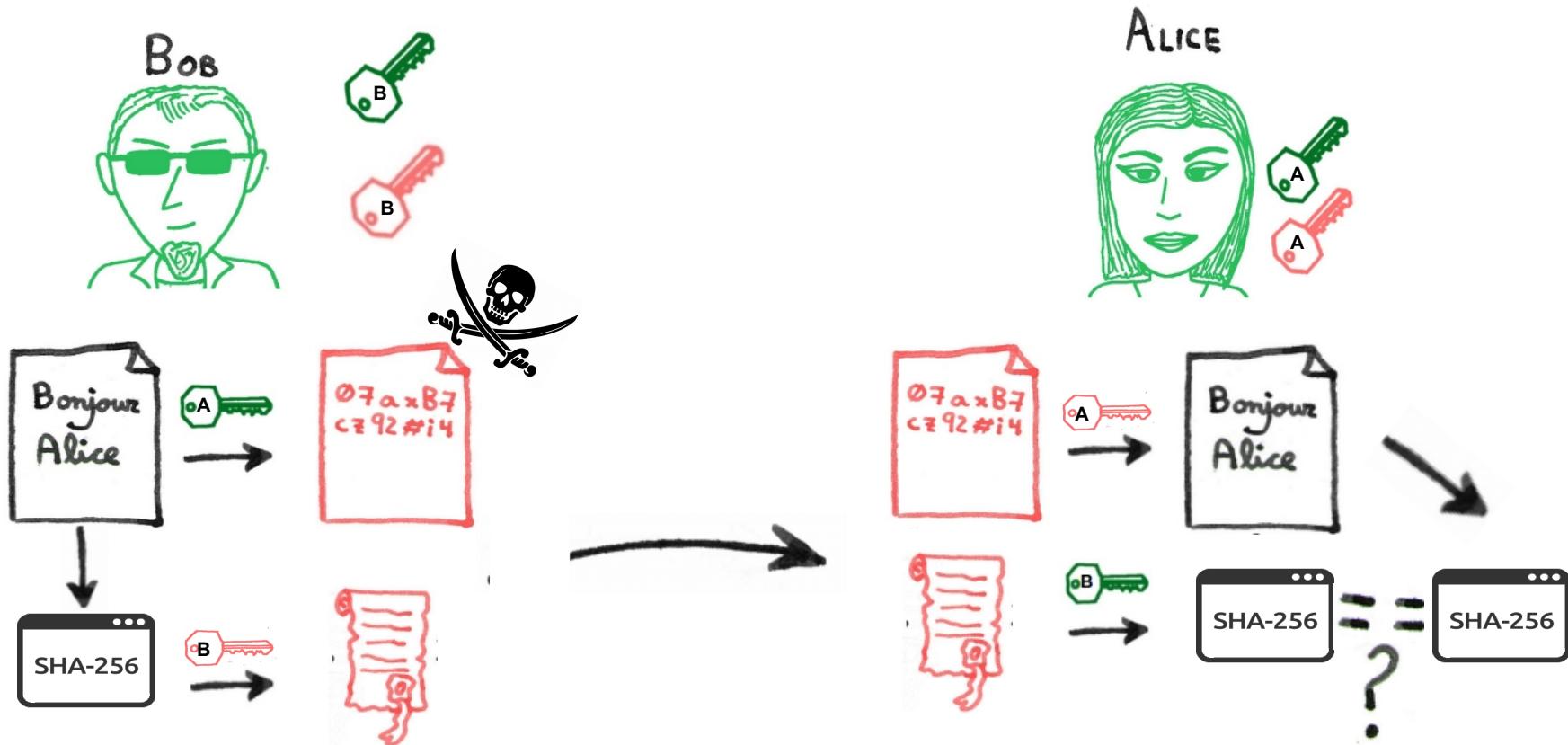
2006

- **SHA-3**

- arbitrary

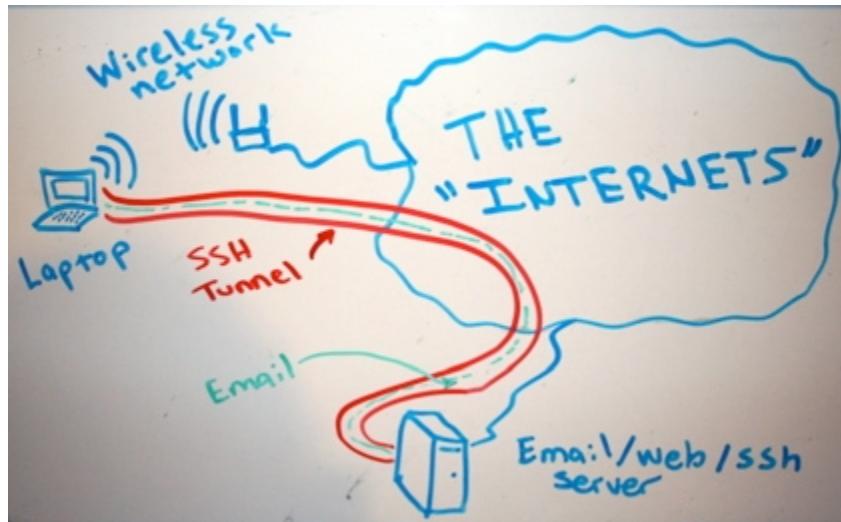


Asymmetric Cryptography



Secured communications

III. Secured communications



SSL (Secured Socket Layer) History

1994 - SSL 1.0 designed but no developed

1995 - SSL 2.0 release

1996 - SSL 3.0 release

2011 - SSL 2.0



2014 - Poodle attack breaks SSL 3.0

2015 - SSL 3.0



TLS (transport Layer Security)

1999 TLS 1.0 upgrade of SSLv3

2006 – TLS 1.1

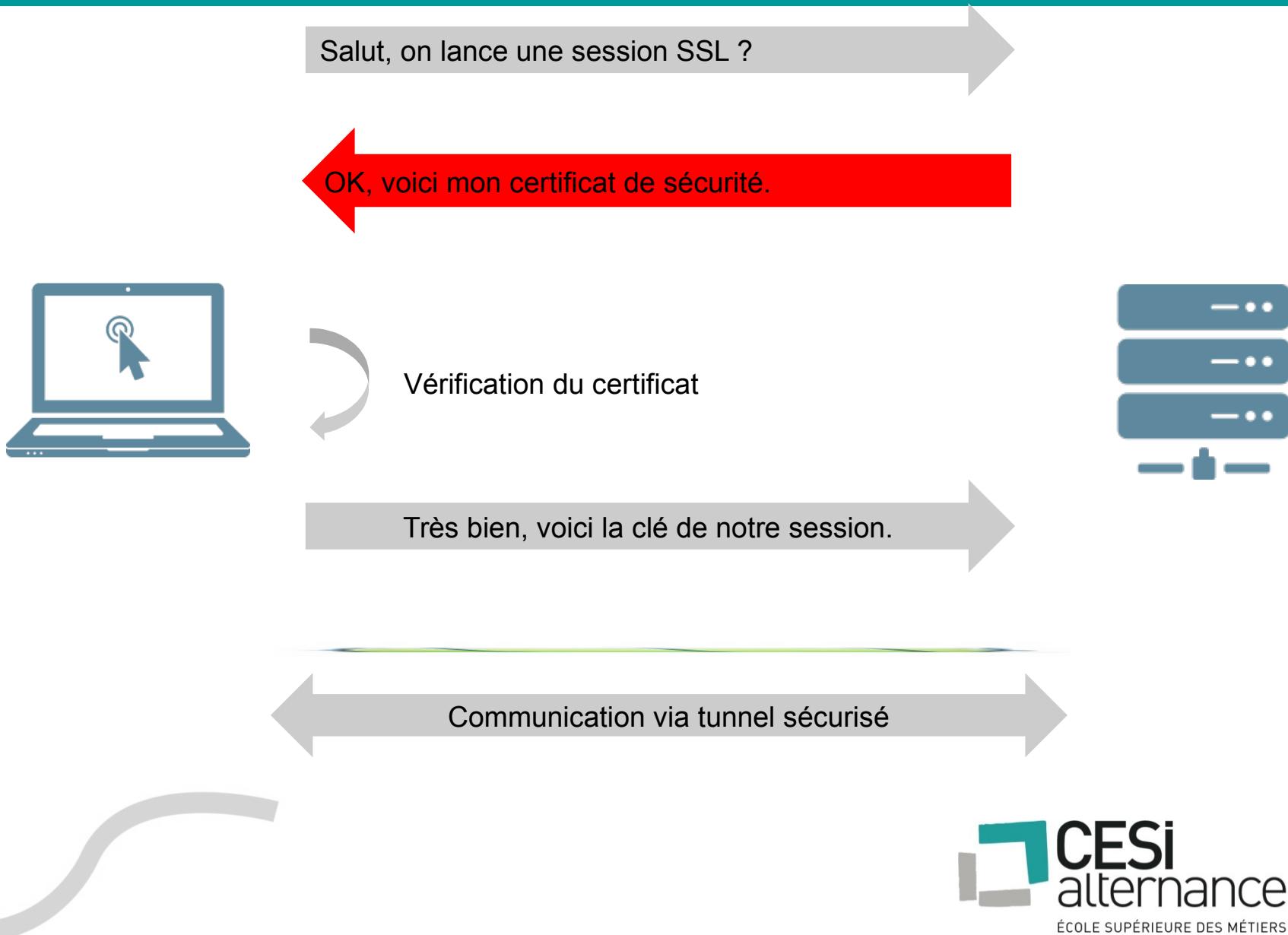
2006 – TLS 1.2 - MD5-SHA1 replaced by SHA-256

2011 – SSL backward compatibility removed

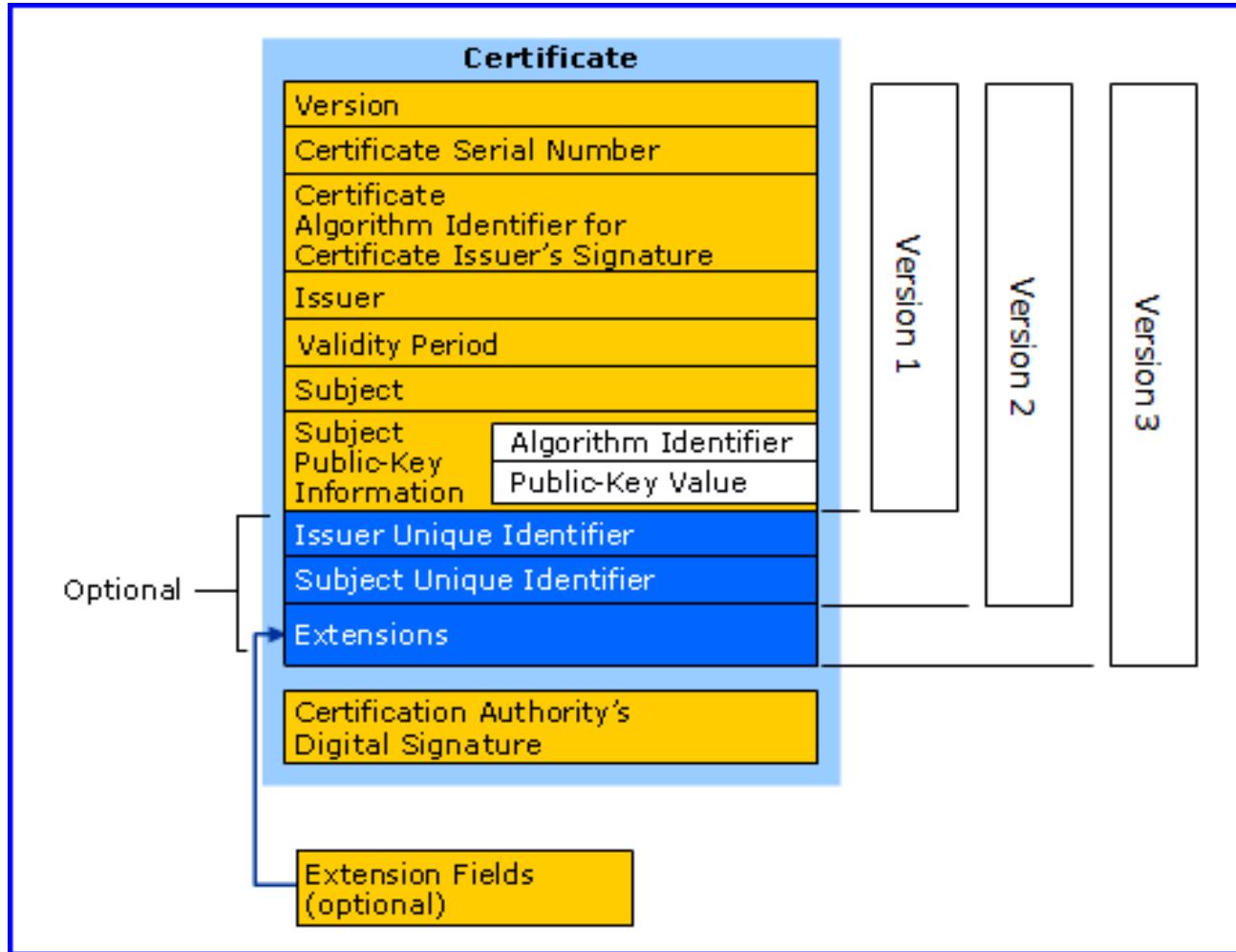
2014 – TLS 1.3

DRAFT

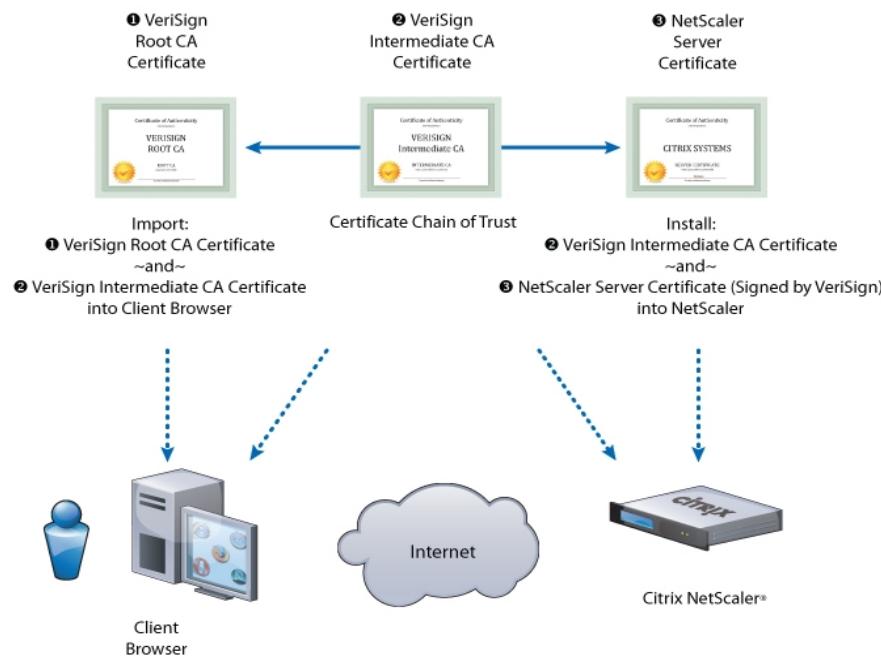
TLS (transport Layer Security)



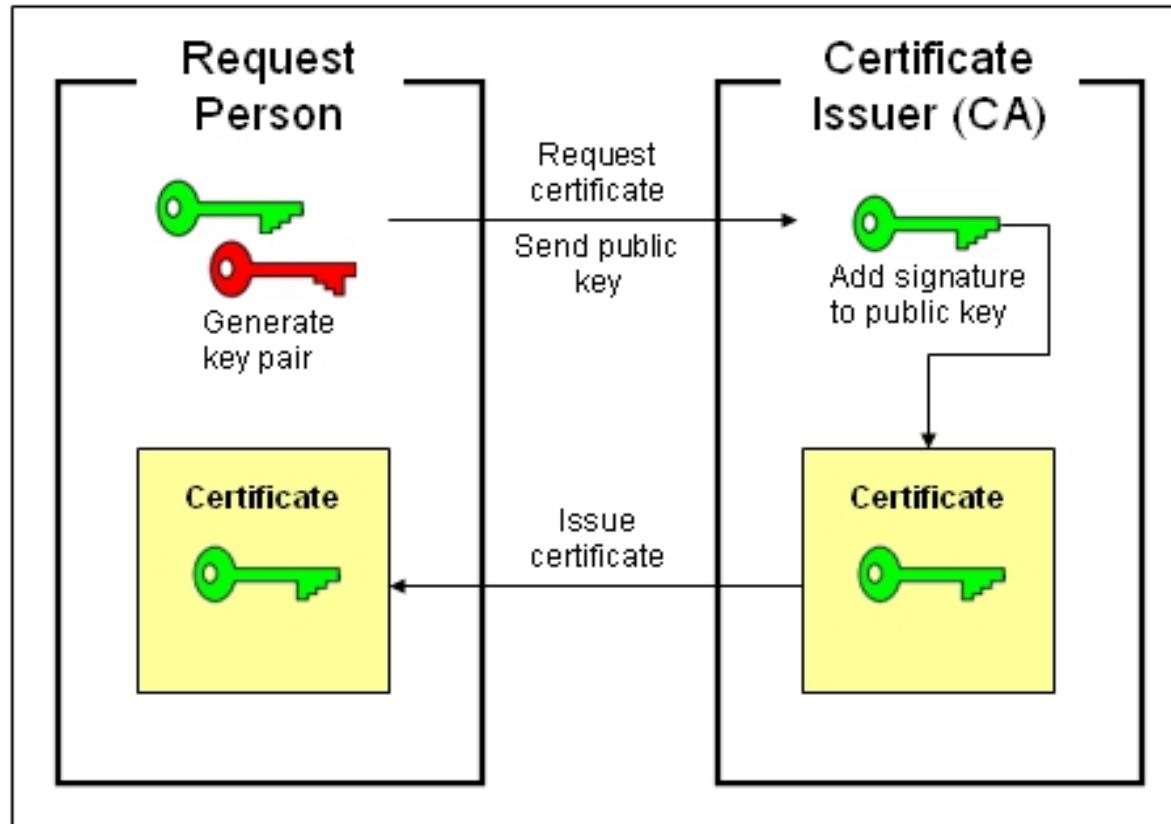
TLS Need Certificates...



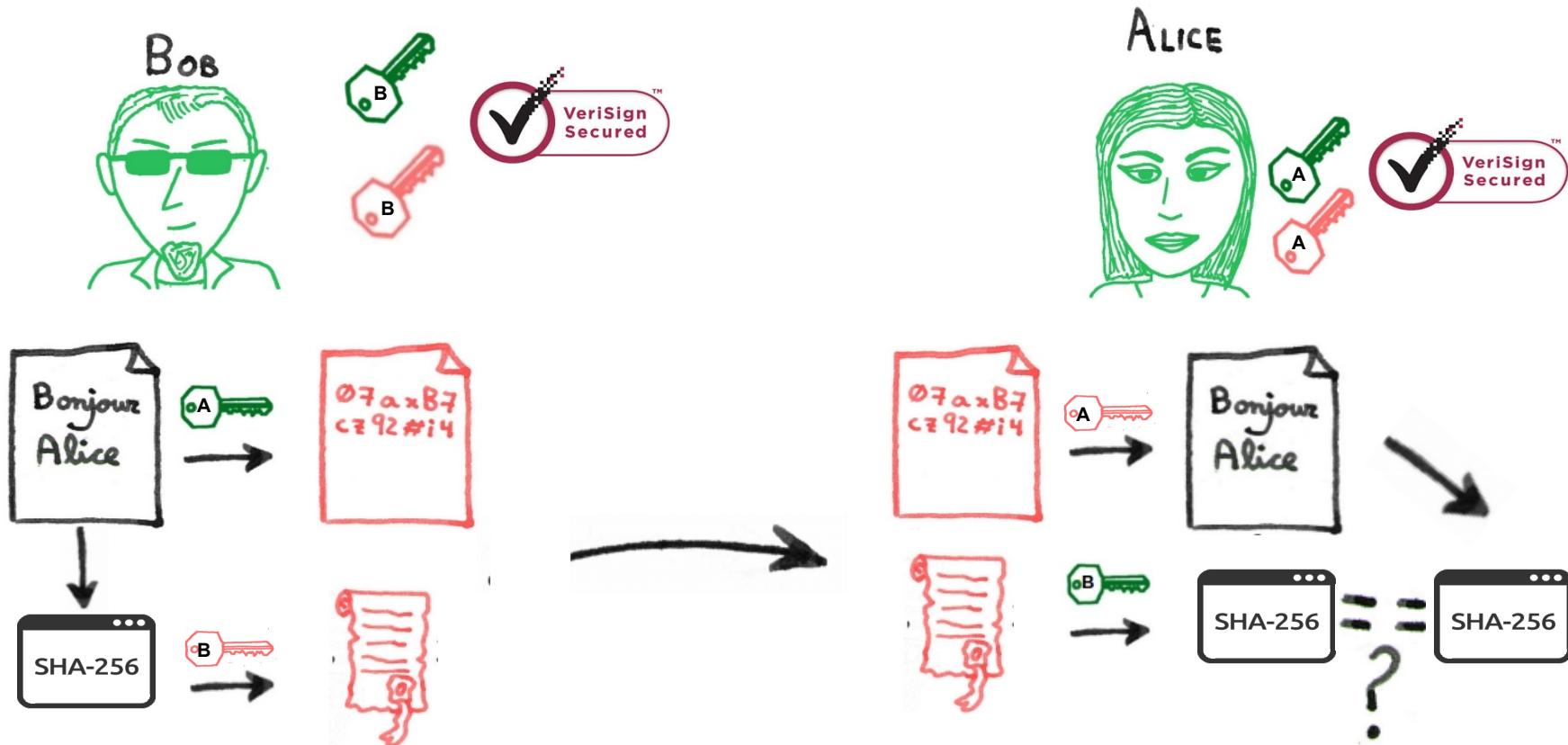
TLS Need Certificates... trusted



TLS Need Certificates... trusted

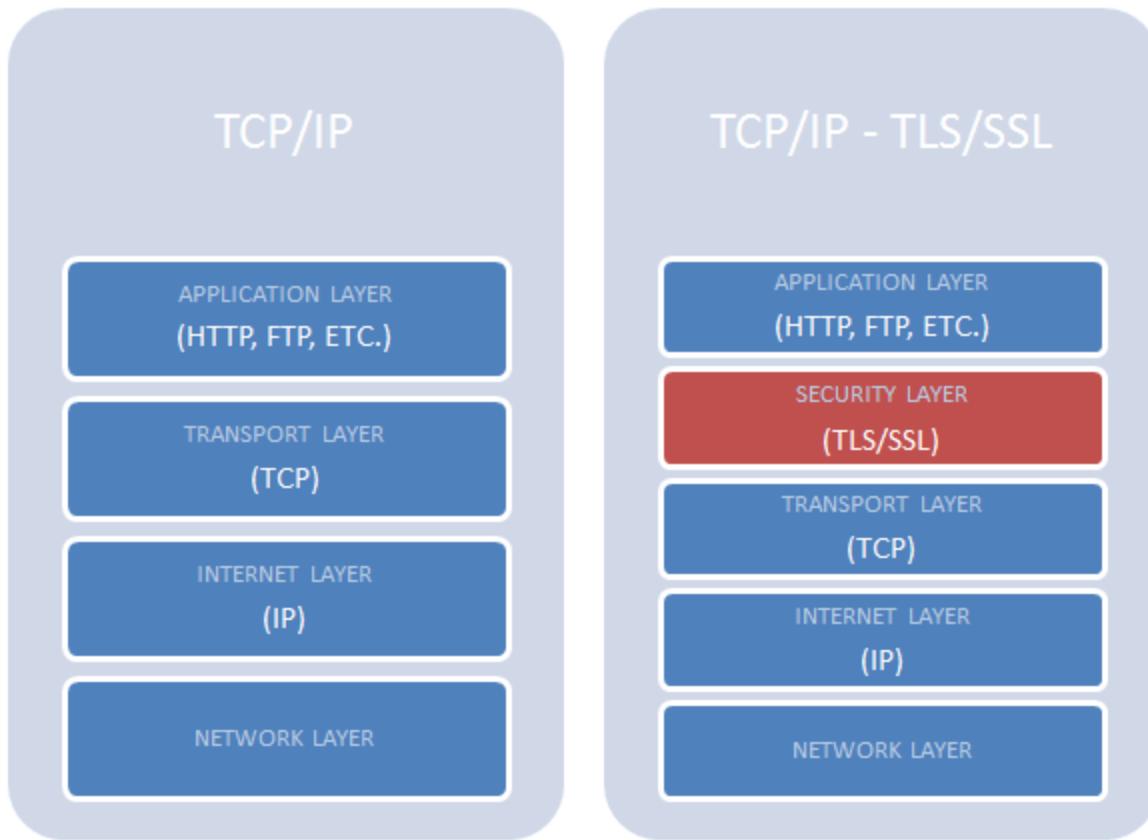


Asymmetric Cryptography



What is HTTPS ?

HTTP over TLS ;-)



How used HTTPS is?

**30.1% of the Internet have a
secure implementation of HTTPS**



How Insecure internet is? www.ssllabs.com



[Home](#) [Projects](#) [Qualys.com](#) [Contact](#)

You are here: [Home](#) > [Projects](#) > [SSL Server Test](#) > centralbank.go.ke

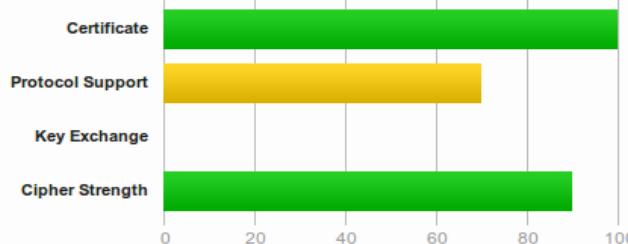
SSL Report: centralbank.go.ke (197.248.5.8)

Assessed on: Sun, 15 Nov 2015 17:39:46 UTC | [Clear cache](#)

[Scan Another »](#)

Summary

Overall Rating



Visit our [documentation page](#) for more information, configuration guides, and books. Known issues are documented [here](#).

This server supports anonymous (insecure) suites (see below for details). Grade set to F.

This server is vulnerable to the POODLE attack. If possible, disable SSL 3 to mitigate. Grade capped to C. [MORE INFO »](#)

This server supports weak Diffie-Hellman (DH) key exchange parameters. Grade capped to B. [MORE INFO »](#)

Intermediate certificate has a weak signature. Upgrade to SHA2 as soon as possible to avoid browser warnings. [MORE INFO »](#)

This server accepts RC4 cipher, but only with older protocol versions. Grade capped to B. [MORE INFO »](#)

The server does not support Forward Secrecy with the reference browsers. [MORE INFO »](#)

This server supports TLS_FALLBACK_SCSV to prevent protocol downgrade attacks.

TLS is not the only one...

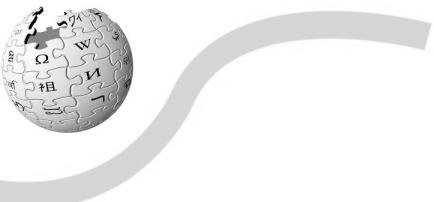


THERE CAN BE ONLY ONE



SSH (Secure SHell)

Provide confidentiality and integrity
of data over an unsecured network,
such as the Internet



SSH (Secure SHell)

1995 – V1

1998 – unauthorized insertion of content into encrypted SSH stream

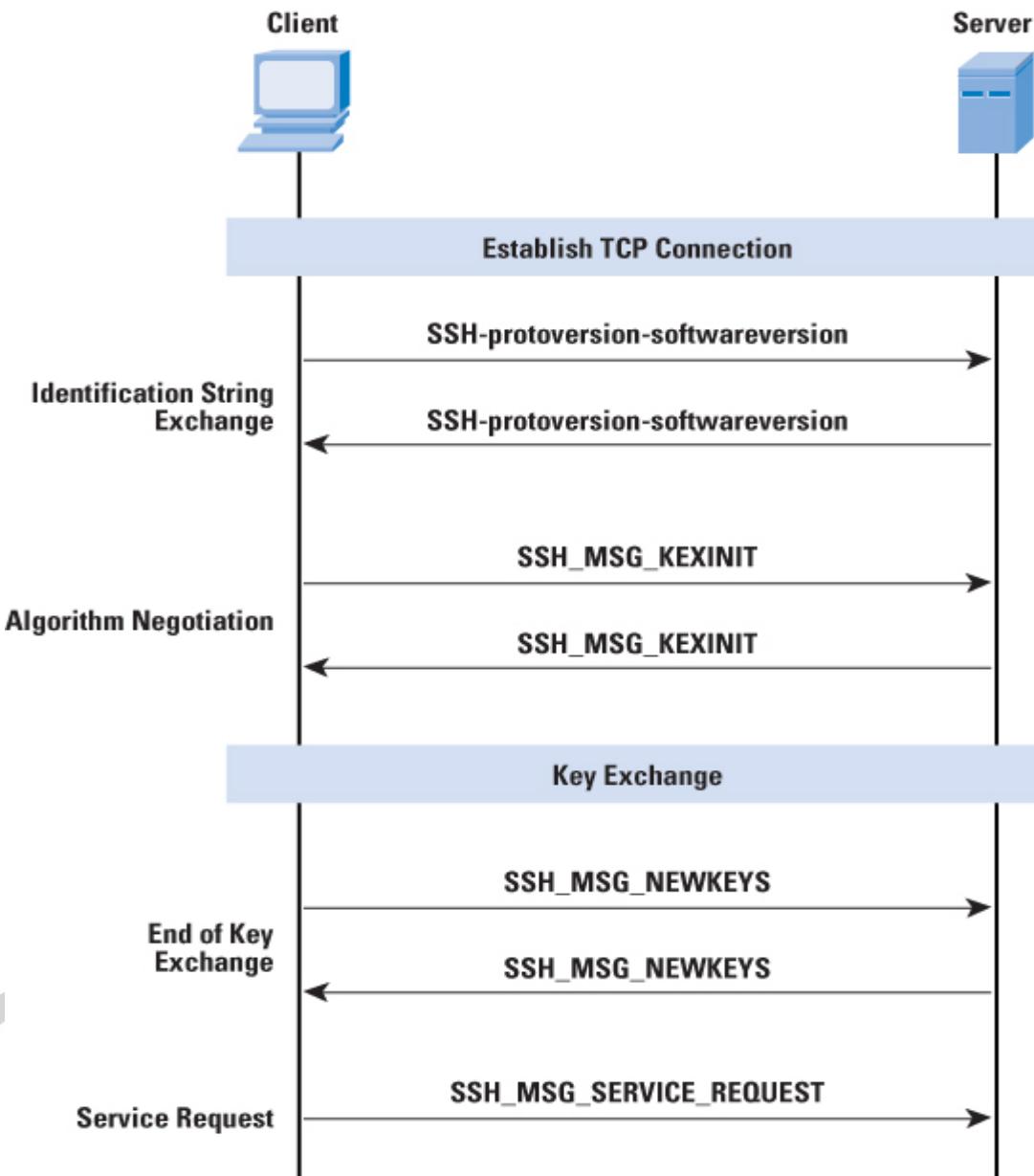
2006 – V2 RFC approved

2007 – SSHv1 considered as obsolete

2008 – Theatrical vulnerability discovered

2014 – Snowden suggest that the NSA may able to decrypt some SSH traffic.

SSH (Secure SHell)



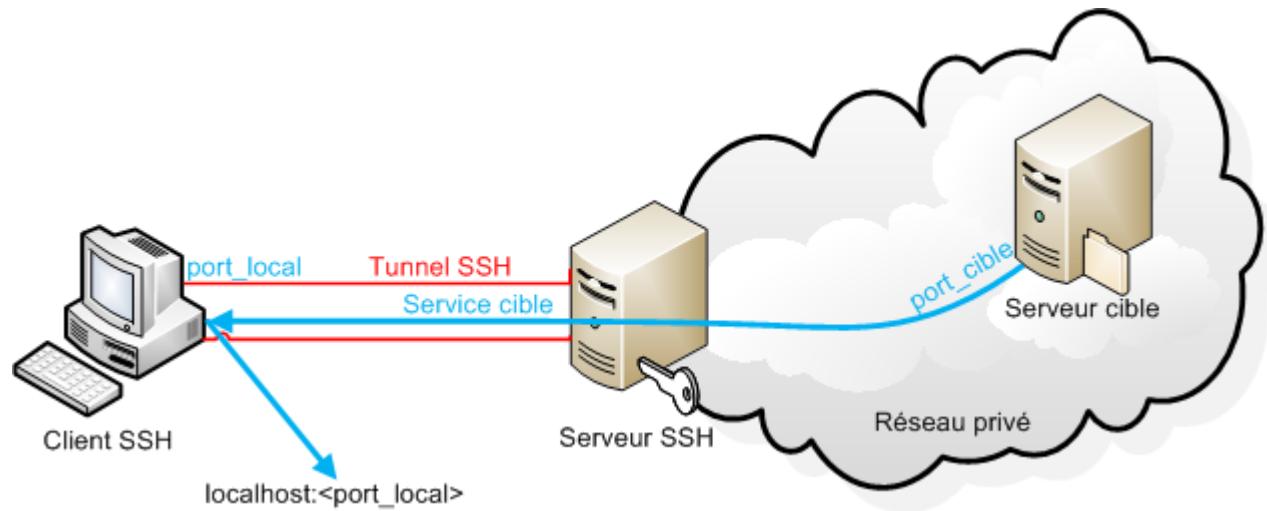
SSH (Secure SHell)

Tunneling



SSH (Secure SHell)

Expose only bastion servers



Crypto → Keys storage



Crypto → Keys storage

Bush “We don't torture, we baptize”



Crypto → Keys storage

Store keys in a secured key server



Crypto → Keys storage

The... classic (old school)

Classic - HSM – Works... but does not scale

- Data center centric
- Used by Banks & institutional companies
- Proprietary technq



Crypto → Keys storage

The... most complete

- Unified API
- Access management & logs
- Integrated in many OPS tools
- OpenSource



A tool for managing secrets.



Crypto → Keys storage

The... challenger



- SSH centric
- Low level
- Use a Shamir's Sharing Secret
- Made in Breizh
- OpenSource



OSS (OpenSecretServer)



And now ?

YOU'RE ABOUT
TO HACK TIME,
ARE YOU SURE?

> YES

NO



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Cryptography

I. Intro



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Cryptography: from Greek κρυπτός kryptós, "hidden, secret"; and γράφειν graphein, "writing", or -λογία -logia, "study", respectively is the practice and study of techniques for **secure communication** in the presence of **third parties** (called adversaries)



Qualification
ISO 9001
Document confidentiel - ne pas diffuser

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4000 BC

Authentication system



1900 BC

First known example of cryptography



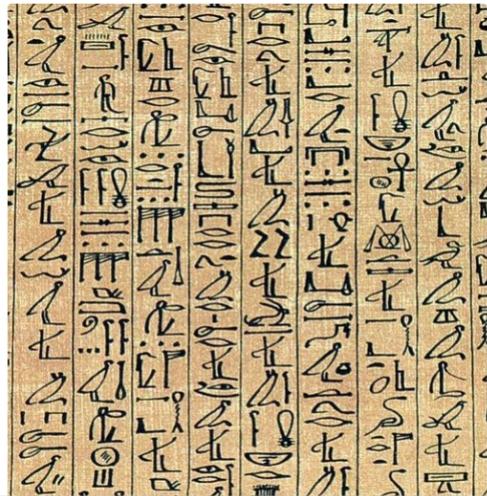
Clearswift

@Clearswift



Follow

In 1900 BC an Egyptian scribe used non-standard hieroglyphs - the first example of **#cryptography**.
#DLPGameChanger



500 BC

Atbash cipher substitution cypher for Hebrew alphabet

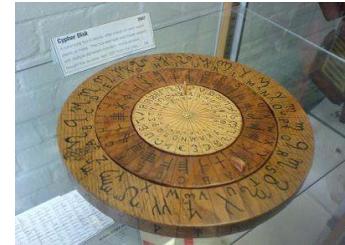
Plain: אַבְגָּדָה וָזָהָט יִכְלֵם נֶסֶע פְּצָקָרָשָׁת

Cipher: תְּשֻׁרְקָץ פְּעָסָנְמָלָכִי תְּחִזְזָוְהַדְגָּבָא



110 BC

Caesar cipher



The secrecy of the message depends on the secrecy encryption key, rather than the secrecy of the system.

1883 “La Cryptographie Militaire”

Kerckhoffs's principle

The **secrecy** of your **message** should always depend on the **secrecy** of the **key**, and not on the **secrecy** of the **encryption system**.



20th century

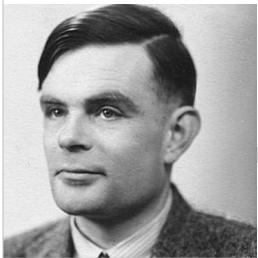
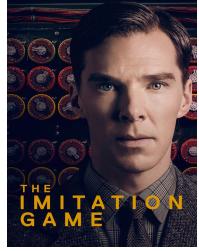
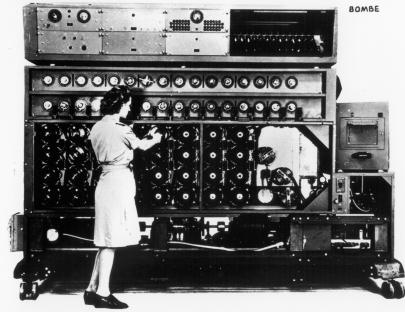
Enigma

$$26 \times 26 \times 26 \times 60 = 1054560$$



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Fight Machine to Machine



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1970 Modern Cryptography

1970 Lucifer Cypher



1976 Deffie-Hellman

1976 DES (Data Encryption Standard)

1977 RSA (Rivest Shamir Adleman)



1979 Shamir Secret Sharing

1991 PGP (Pretty Good Privacy)

1997 DES Broken



1998 AES (Advanced Encryption System)

1999 Triple-DES (Walter Tuchman)

$$C = E_{DES}^{k3} \left(D_{DES}^{k2} \left(E_{DES}^{k1}(M) \right) \right)$$

Until 1996 in France....



Used massively by states...



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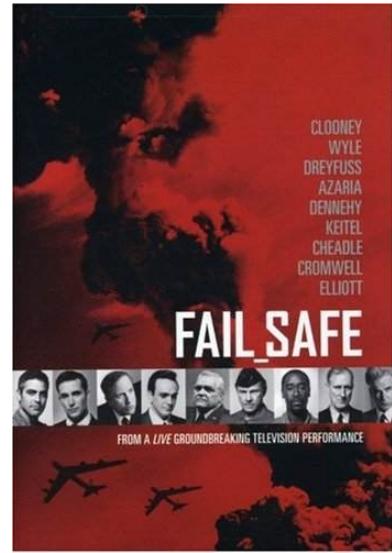
... or not



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ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS

Sometimes shits appends...

During the 1960s, a computer error in Nebraska unwittingly sets off a perilous chain of events leading to a Cold War crisis. The computer sends an order to a squadron piloted by Col. Jack Grady (George Clooney) to drop a bomb on Moscow.



Only **ONE** rule...

PROTECT YOUR CIPHER KEYS



For **TWO** goals

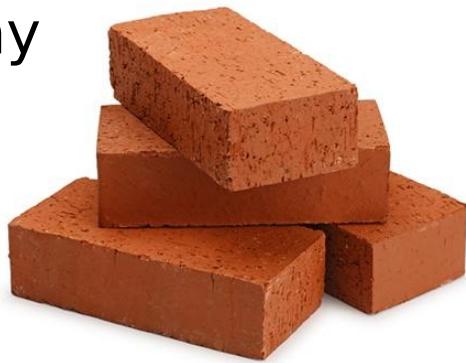
1- PROTECT COMMUNICATIONS

2- AUTHENTICATE COMMUNICATIONS



Base bricks

Cryptography II. Basics



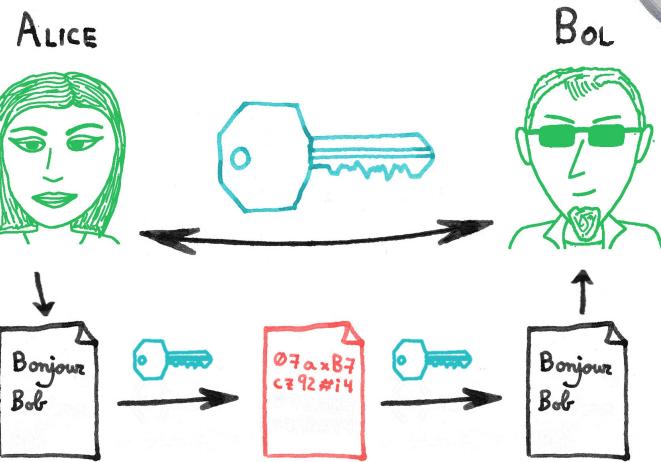
Symmetric Cryptography



The universe itself only existed for 14 billion (1.4e10) years.

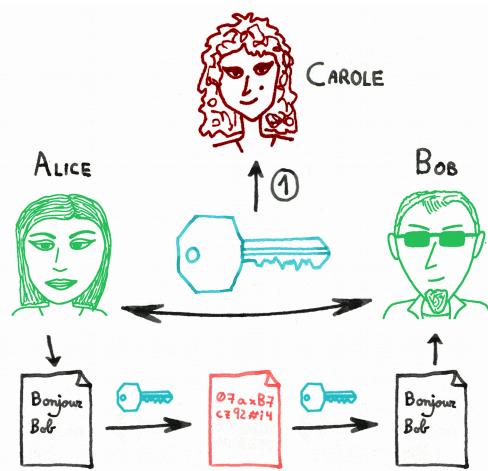
It would take ~6.7e40 times longer than the age of the universe to exhaust half of the keyspace of a AES-256 key.

Symmetric Cryptography



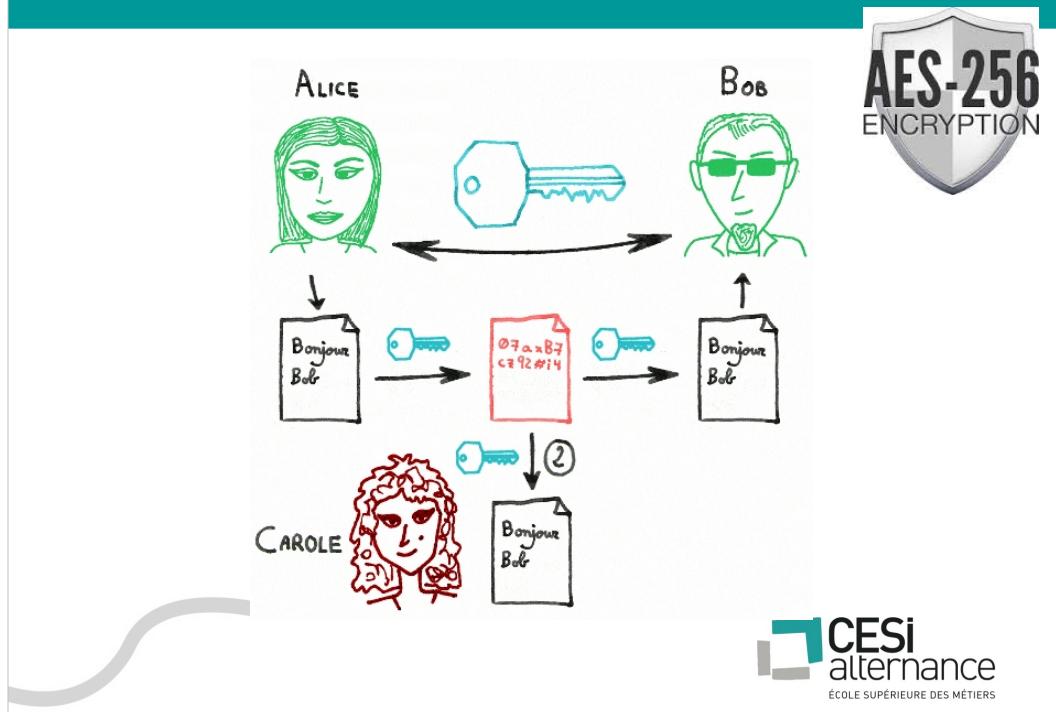
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Symmetric Cryptography #PROBLEM



| CESI
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Symmetric Cryptography #PROBLEM



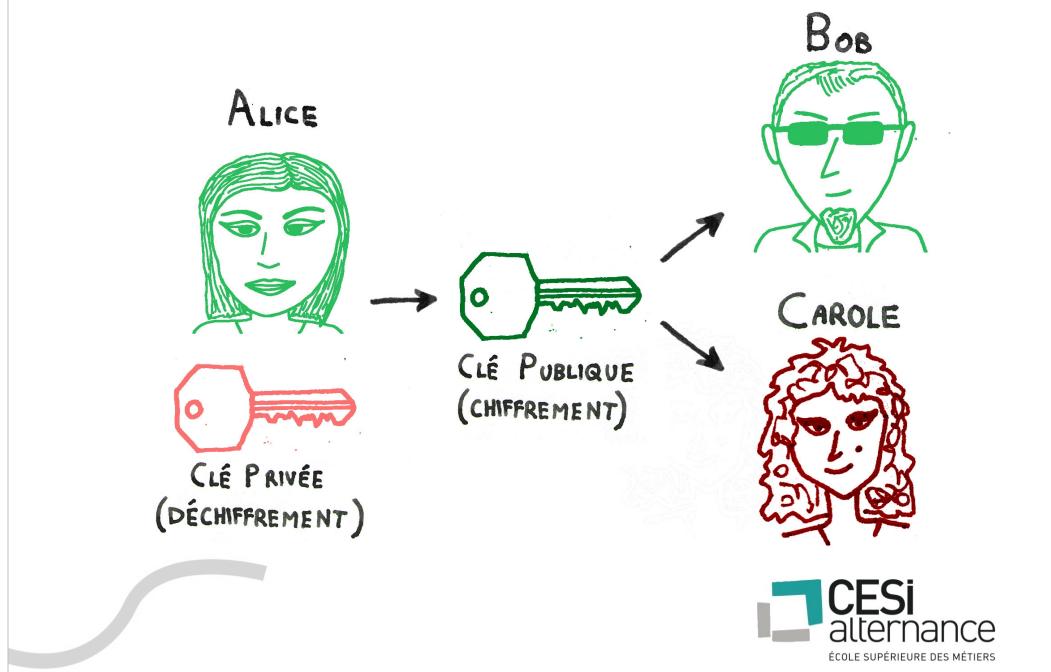
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Asymmetric Cryptography

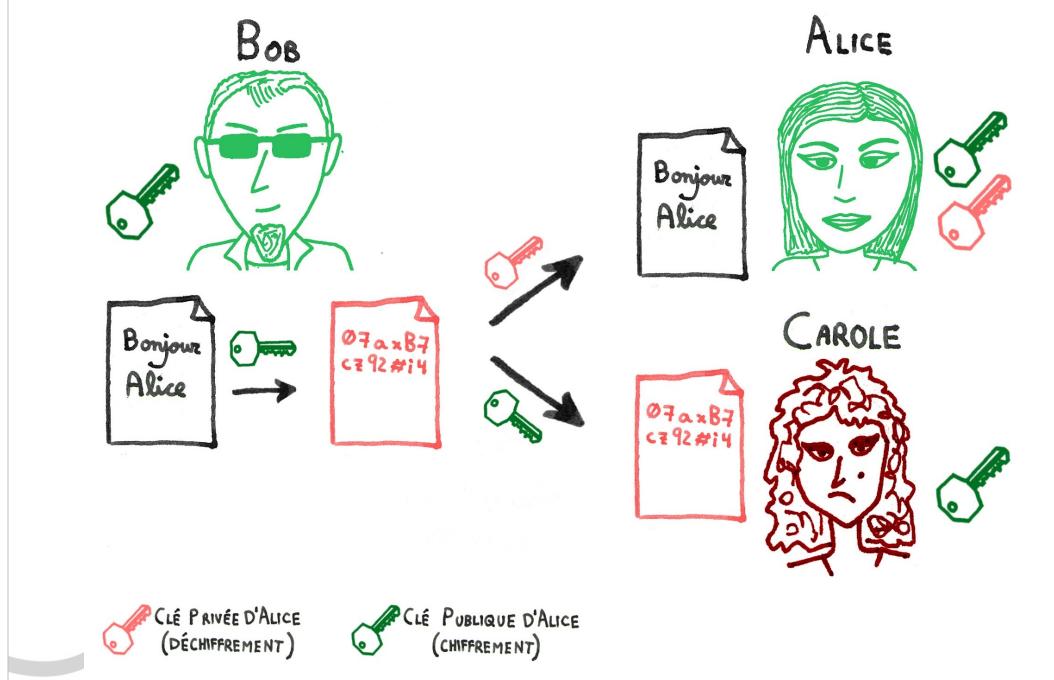
Keys are like nuts... you must have two!



Asymmetric Cryptography



Asymmetric Cryptography

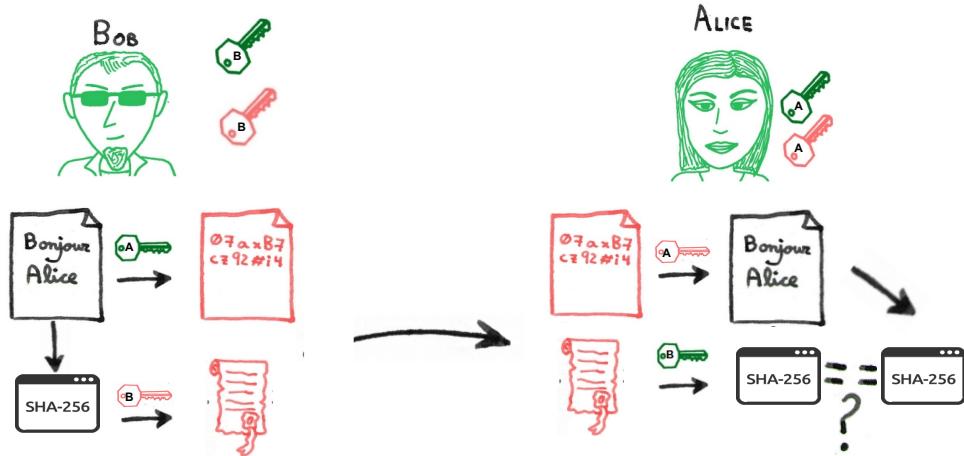


Asymmetric Cryptography

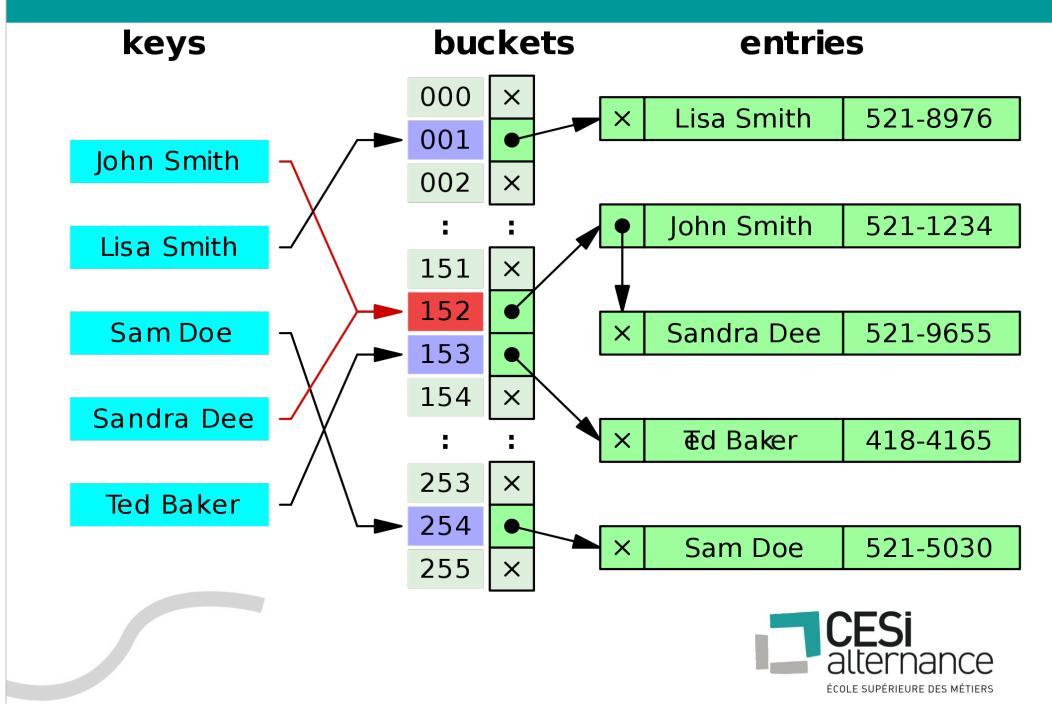
PK Ciphers are useless without an authentication system...



Asymmetric Cryptography



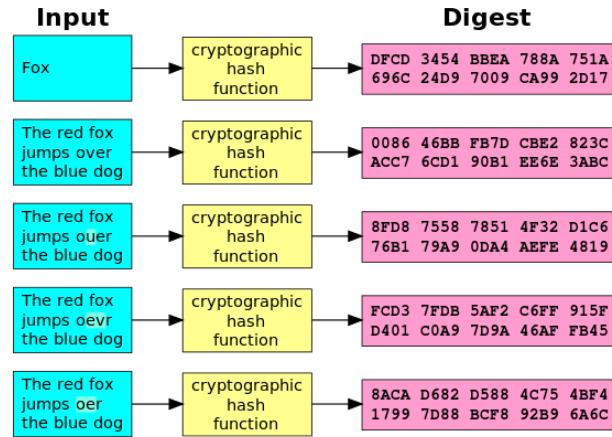
Hash functions



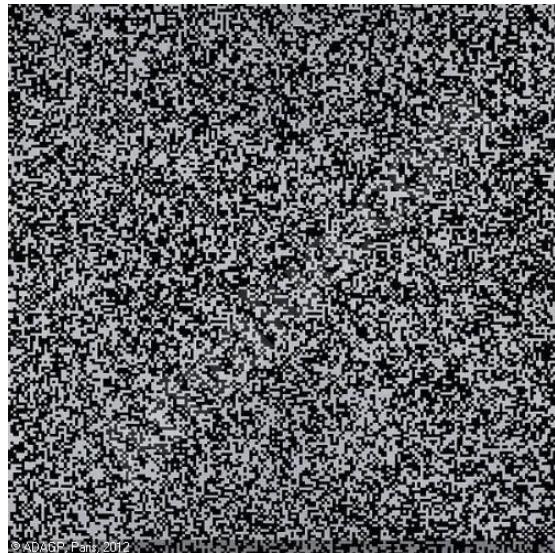
Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions



© ADAGP, Paris, 2012



Cryptographic Hash functions



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Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions

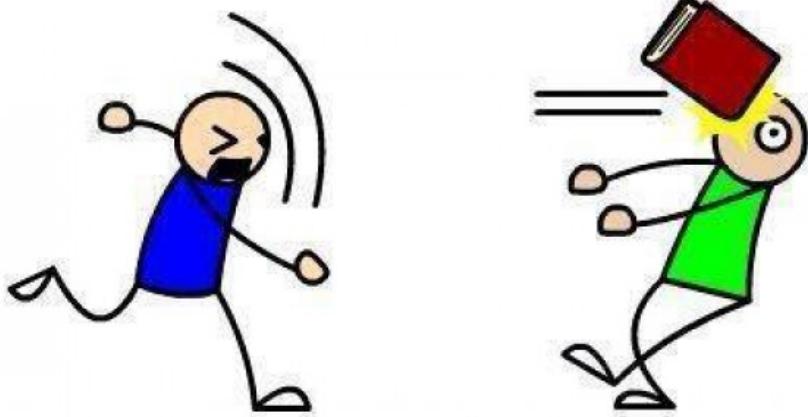


BRUTE FORCE

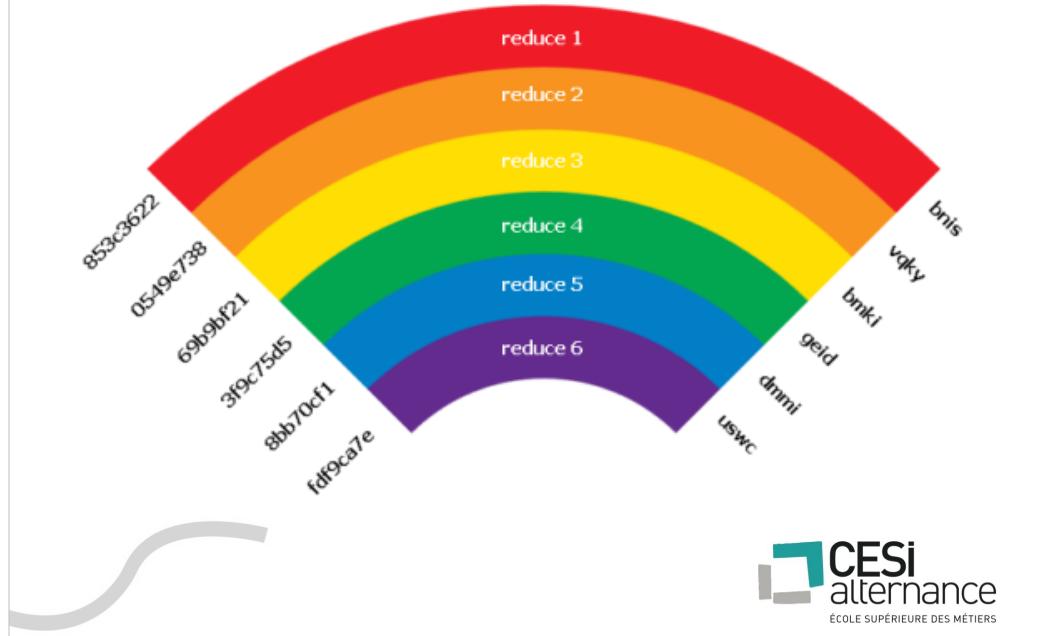
If it doesn't work, you're just not using enough.

fakeposters.com

DICTIONARY ATTACK!



Cryptographic Hash functions



Cryptographic Hash functions

1992 - **MD5** - 128 bits **INSECURE**

1995 (NSA) - **SHA-1** - 160 bits **INSECURE**

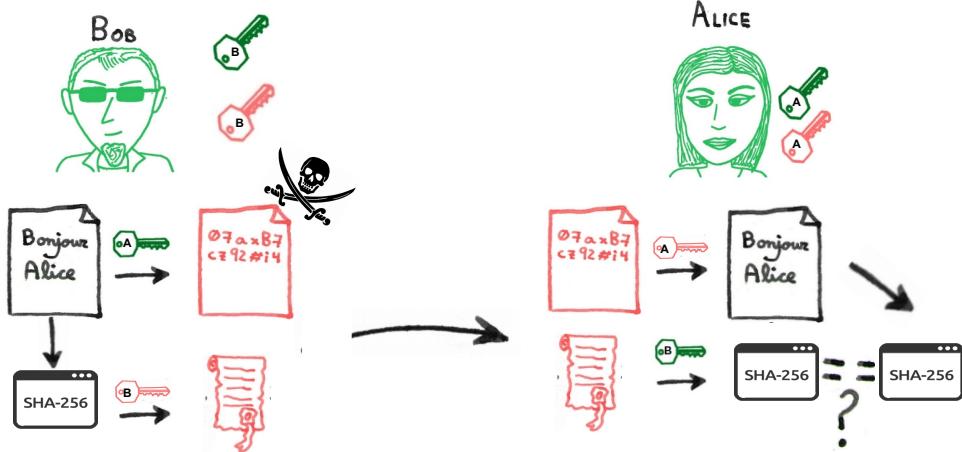
2001 (NSA) - **SHA-2** - 224,256,384 or 512 bits

2006 - **SHA-3** - arbitrary



ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS

Asymmetric Cryptography



III. Secured communications



SSL (Secured Socket Layer) History

1994 - SSL 1.0 designed but not developed

1995 - SSL 2.0 release

1996 - SSL 3.0 released

2011 - SSL 2.0



2014 - Poodle attack on SSL 3.0



2015 - SSL 3.0



TLS (transport Layer Security)

1999 TLS 1.0 upgrade of SSLv3

2006 – TLS 1.1

2006 – TLS 1.2 - MD5-SHA1 replaced by SHA-256

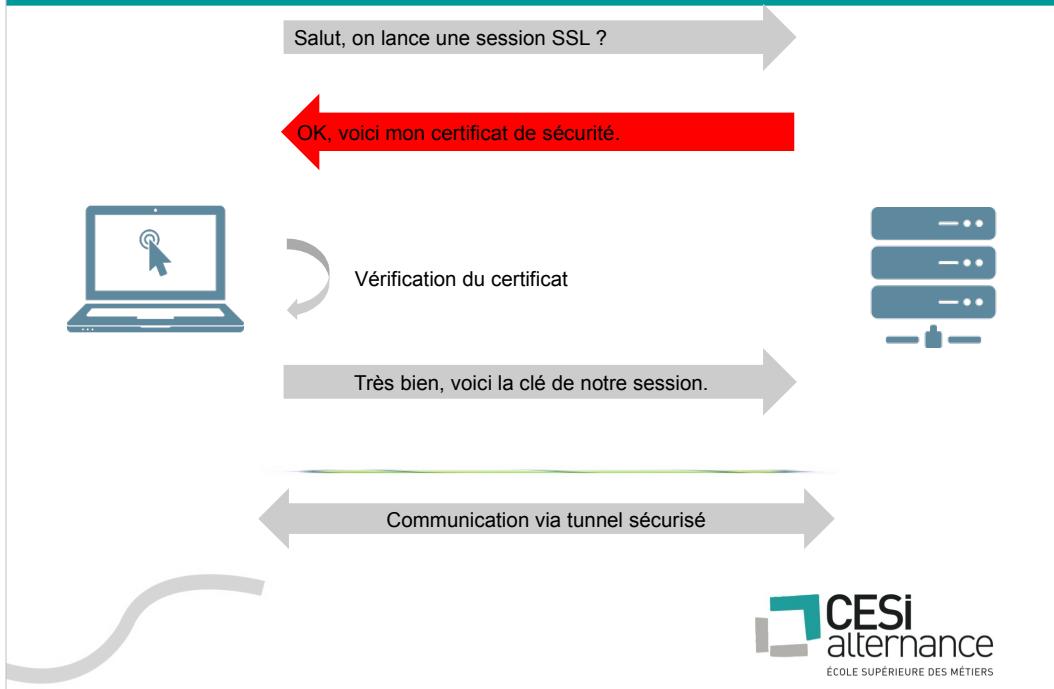
2011 – SSL backward compatibility removed

2014 – TLS 1.3

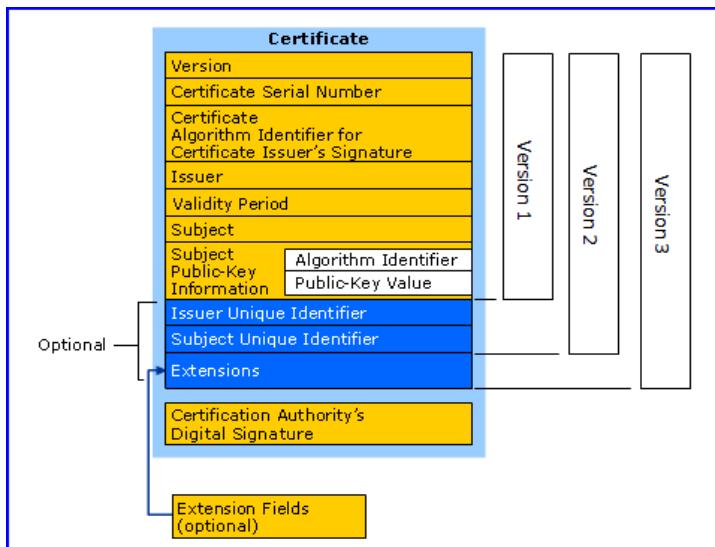
DRAFT



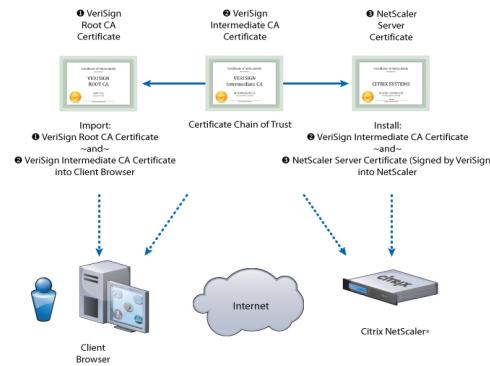
TLS (transport Layer Security)



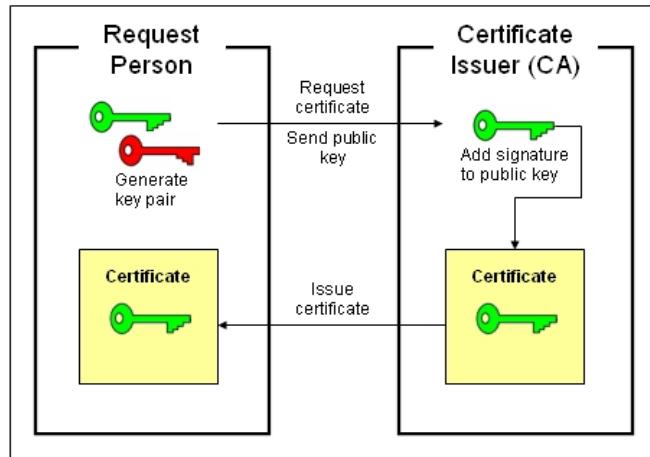
TLS Need Certificates...



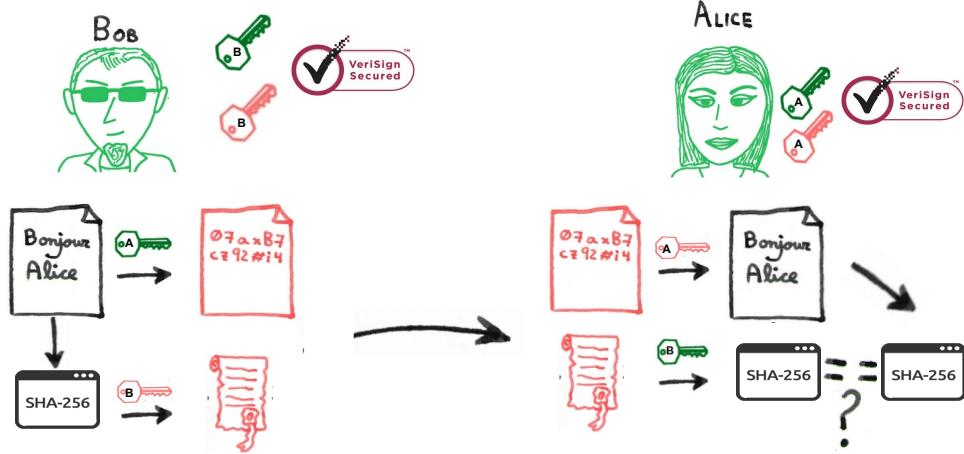
TLS Need Certificates... trusted



TLS Need Certificates... trusted

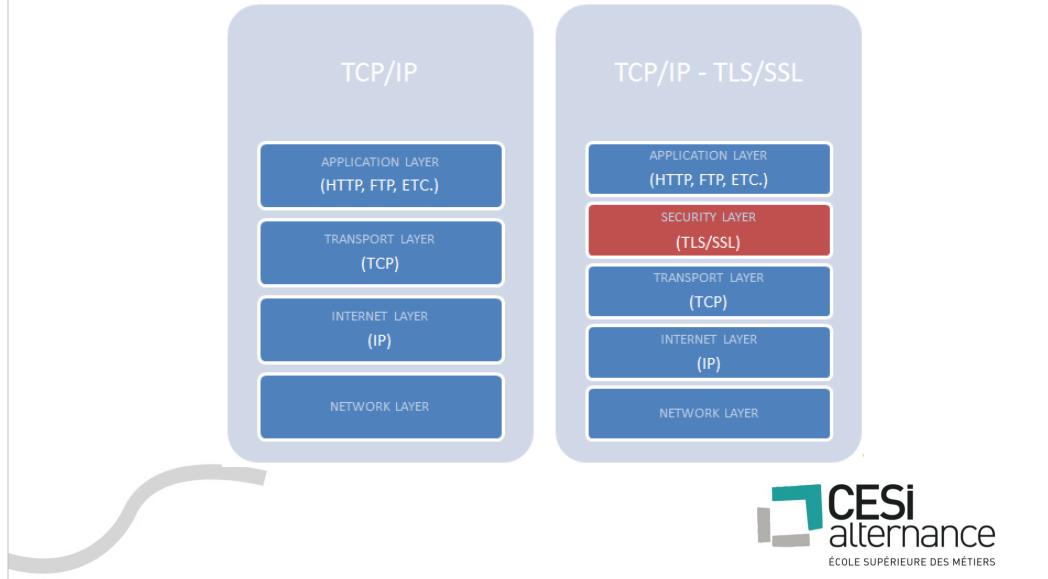


Asymmetric Cryptography



What is HTTPS ?

HTTP over TLS ;-)



How used HTTPS is?

**30.1% of the Internet have a
secure implementation of HTTPS**



How Insecure internet is? www.ssllabs.com



Home Projects Qualys.com Contact

You are here: [Home](#) > [Projects](#) > [SSL Server Test](#) > centralbank.go.ke

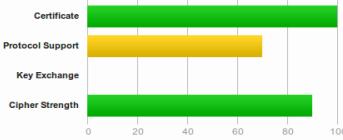
SSL Report: centralbank.go.ke (197.248.5.8)

Assessed on: Sun, 15 Nov 2015 17:39:46 UTC | [Clear cache](#)

[Scan Another »](#)

Summary

Overall Rating



Visit our [documentation page](#) for more information, configuration guides, and books. Known issues are documented [here](#).

This server supports anonymous (insecure) suites (see below for details). Grade set to F.

This server is vulnerable to the POODLE attack. If possible, disable SSL 3 to mitigate. Grade capped to C. [MORE INFO](#)

This server supports weak Diffie-Hellman (DH) key exchange parameters. Grade capped to B. [MORE INFO](#)

Intermediate certificate has a weak signature. Upgrade to SHA2 as soon as possible to avoid browser warnings. [MORE INFO](#)

This server accepts RC4 cipher, but only with older protocol versions. Grade capped to B. [MORE INFO](#)

The server does not support Forward Secrecy with the reference browsers. [MORE INFO](#)

This server supports TLS_FALLBACK_SCSV to prevent protocol downgrade attacks.

ce
TIERS

TLS is not the only one...



THERE CAN BE ONLY ONE



SSH (Secure SHell)

Provide confidentiality and integrity
of data over an unsecured network,
such as the Internet



SSH (Secure SHell)

1995 – V1

1998 – unauthorized insertion of content into encrypted SSH stream

2006 – V2 RFC approved

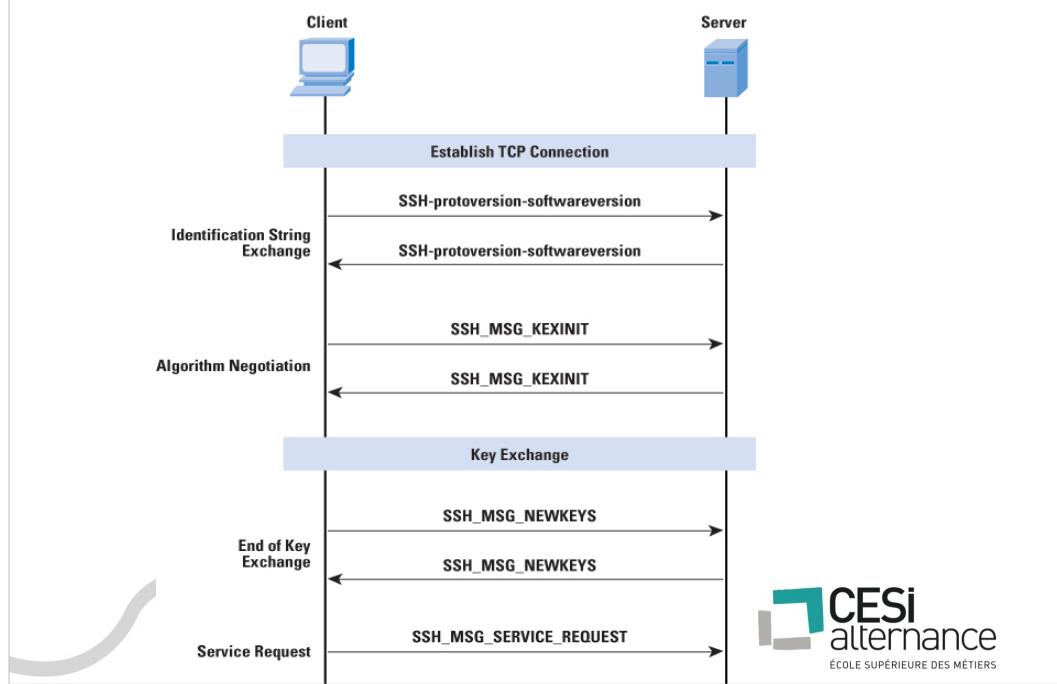
2007 – SSHv1 considered as obsolete

2008 – Theatrical vulnerability discovered

2014 – Snowden suggest that the NSA may able to decrypt some SSH traffic.



SSH (Secure SHell)



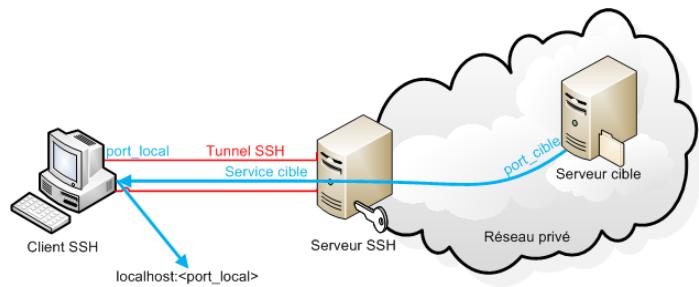
SSH (Secure SHell)

Tunneling



SSH (Secure SHell)

Expose only bastion servers



Crypto → Keys storage



 CESI
alternance
ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS

Crypto → Keys storage

Bush “We don't torture, we baptize”



CESI
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Crypto → Keys storage

Store keys in a secured key server



Crypto → Keys storage

The... classic (old school)

Classic - HSM – Works... but does not scale

- Data center centric
- Used by Banks & institutional companies
- Proprietary technology



Crypto → Keys storage

The... most complete

- Unified API
- Access management & logs
- Integrated in many OPS tools
- OpenSource

▼AULT

A tool for managing secrets.



 CESI
alternance
ÉCOLE SUPÉRIEURE DES MÉTIERS

Crypto → Keys storage

The... challenger



- SSH centric
- Low level
- Use a Shamir's Sharing Secret
- Made in Breizh
- OpenSource



OSS (OpenSecretServer)



And now ?

**YOU'RE ABOUT
TO HACK TIME,
ARE YOU SURE?**

> YES NO



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