Guide to training RBM/Dynamic Boltzmann Dist.

OKE

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Key:

- 1. Softmax/multi-valued
- 2. Layer-wise pre-training: is very important. Train each RBM as a single layer, then propagate the data upward. Finally, train the whole network.
 - (a) Self-intersecting trajectories in the pre-training:
- 3. Initial values for weights/biases: A good value for the initial visible bias is $\log p_i/(1-p_i)$ where p_i is the fraction of training data examples where unit i is on. A good value for the initial weight is close to 0. A good value for the initial hidden bias is 0. A very negative value (e.g. -4) can be used here as well to enforce a kind of sparsity constraint, but this can make the weight values very sensitive.
- 4. **Nesterov acceleration**: start with a low value 0.5; later 0.9 can be used to improve training.