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| 18  | 20230821 | General update, v22 & UXString Api integration        | sr |
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| 157 | 20250214 | Add Pdf package, Net and Prg functions in API chapter | ls |
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|     |          |   |    |
| 175 |          |   |    |

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#### Acknowledgments

v22 is based on a number of Ada open-source libraries. See Appendices for copyrights and credits.

#### Editor

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The "Excuse me I'm French" speech - The main author of this manual is a Frenchman with basic English skills. Frenchmen are essentially famous as frog eaters 1. They have recently discovered that others forms of communication languages are widely used on earth. So, as a frog eater, I've tried to write some stuff in this foreign dialect loosely known here under the name of English. However, it's a well known fact that frogs don't really speak English. So your help is welcome to correct this bloody manual, for the sake of the wildebeests, and penguins too.

#### Syntax notation

Inside a command line:

- A parameter between brackets [ ] is optional;
- Two parameters separated by I are mutually exclusives.

An important notice:

♦ This is an important notice!

#### Edition

1 175 - 2025-03-27



 $<sup>^{</sup>f 1}$ We could be famous as designers of the Concorde, Ariane rockets, Airbus planes or even Ada computer language but, definitely, Frenchmen have to wear beret with bread baquette under their arm to go eating frogs in a smokey tavern. That's le cliché :)

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# Introduction

Keep It Simple, Stupid. Clarence Leonard "Kelly" Johnson



### 1 About v22 framework

#### 1.1 Ready to use in production

v22 is a general purpose, KISS<sup>2</sup> oriented, modular Ada framework for GNU/Linux Debian/Ubuntu<sup>3</sup> service, console and web programs.

v22 is composed of many packages in charge of UTF-8 strings, program and OS functions, HTTP(S)/WS(S) web framework, console handling and text files, advanced network, MySQL and SQLite high level binding, logging and configuration files handling.

Originally based on the v20 library, the v22 framework represents a major step forward in the following areas:

- UTF-8 compatibility;
- Simplified string processing (only one UTF-8 String type is used);
- Internationalization:
- New and extended database API;
- Extended database access to MySQL, in addition to SQLite;
- Improved concurrent access and performance for SQLite;
- Unlimited simultaneous SQLite and MySQL connections for a single program;
- New LGPLv3 licensing instead of GPLv3;
- New FSF GCC development environment not tied anymore to GPLv2 license;
- And much more.

#### 1.2 Cooperative and open

v22's native dependencies are Gnoga, Simple Components, UXStrings and Zanyblue.

v22 is both a high-level framework and an extension to the lower level components cited above.



Keep It Simple, Stupid - <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nasonline.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nasonline.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/KISS\_principle</a> - In memory of <a href="https://www.nasonline.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf">https://www.nasonline.org/publications/biographical-memoirs/memoir-pdfs/johnson-clarence.pdf</a> the genius father of titanium Blackbirds.

Debian/Ubuntu features are limited to package management. Package management could be extended to other distributions. More generally, it would be possible and even desirable to adapt v22 to BSD or Mac OS systems. Any help on these subjects is welcome, as the main author of v22 only uses GNU/Linux Debian and Ubuntu.

v22 has been designed to:

- Use unmodified components;
- Not "reinvent the wheel". Component API are to be used first;
- Offer higher-level functions, or functions that do not exist in the components.

v22 must be used with the APIs of:

- UXStrings to process UTF-8 strings;
- Gnoga to connect to MySQL and/or SQLite databases;
- Gnoga to provide a Web interface;
- Simple Components for network layer and more;
- Zanyblue if internationalization is desired.

#### In short:

- UXStrings is used throughout v22. The v22.Uxs package extends UXStrings functionality. The v22.Sql package extends the functionality of Gnoga.Server.Database. The v22.Gui graphics framework is based on Gnoga.Gui.
- v22's architecture allows it to be open to additional packages, depending on the software development required.

## 2 Everybody wants screenshots

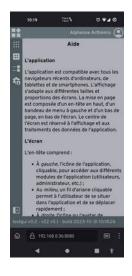
v22 is as much console-based as it is web-based. Of course, it's the web that concerns us. v22 is fully responsive for smartphones and tablets.

We show some screenshots of PC workstation too. They are similar but automatically arranged on two columns by responsive design. v22 was tested on Linux Ubuntu 22.04 LTS with Firefox and Chrome browsers, MacOS High Sierra and Windows 10 with various browsers.

Below are a few screenshots of the demo program, on an android smartphone. v22 was tested against a 2013 Nexus 5 (with a recent Firefox browser), a 2015 stock Nexus 5x, a 2020 degooglized Pixel 5 (Firefox), various recent and standard Samsung [Chrome] and iPhone [Safari].

#### 2.1 Login, help and sub-menu screens







v22 Ada Framework User Manual



## 2.2 Full page screens









## 2.3 Admin users management









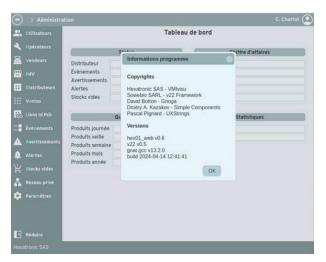








#### 2.4 PC Workstation screenshots





Theses screens shows the extended left menu with automatic generated keyboard shortcuts.

## 3 About the Ada Community

At first, thanks to the Ada Community, definitely one of the best.

3.1 Inspiration, packages used, ideas, help and more

AdaCore Ada compiler: <a href="https://www.adacore.com/community">https://www.adacore.com/community</a>

David Botton: <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/david-botton-3741b210">https://www.linkedin.com/in/david-botton-3741b210</a> (Gnoga)

Dmitry A. Kazakov: <a href="http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components.htm">http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components.htm</a> (Simple Components, used in Gnoga)



Gautier de Montmollin: <a href="https://github.com/zertovitch">https://github.com/zertovitch</a> (Gnoga maintainer and much more)

Jean-Pierre Rosen: <a href="https://adalog.fr">https://adalog.fr</a> (Ada teacher, writer and much more)

Jeffrey R. Carter: <a href="https://github.com/jrcarter/PragmARC">https://github.com/jrcarter/PragmARC</a> (PragmAda Reusable Components)

Michael Rohan: <a href="https://sourceforge.net/projects/zanyblue">https://sourceforge.net/projects/zanyblue</a> (Internationalization, used in Gnoga and v22)

Pascal Pignard: <a href="https://github.com/Blady-Com">https://github.com/Blady-Com</a> [UXStrings used in Gnoga and v22, Gnoga maintainer and much more]

#### 3.2 Special thanks

Special thanks to Ada gurus Daniel Feneuille, Gautier de Montmollin, Pascal Pignard and Jean-Pierre Rosen. The chapter heading quotes are extracted from Murphy's Law and other reasons why things go wrong - A. Bloch. They come from <a href="https://www.ada-log.fr">https://www.ada-log.fr</a> site created by Jean-Pierre Rosen.

## 4 v22 history

We own the copyrights for v89, v90, v93, v95, v04, v20 and v22.

Some work in v22 framework is derived from theses libraries.

| Ver. | Languages     | Processor | os       | Context      | Copyright   | Users               |
|------|---------------|-----------|----------|--------------|-------------|---------------------|
| v87  | Clipper       | i386      | MsDos    | ST Formation | Proprietary | CEA-DAM, CEA & EDF  |
| v89  | Clipper/C/Asm | i386      | MsDos    | Atlansys     | Proprietary | ETDE, SAMU & EDF    |
| v90  | Clipper/C/Asm | i386      | MsDos    | Atlansys     | Proprietary | Military, NGO & EDF |
| v93  | C++           | i386      | Windows  | Atlansys     | Proprietary | Research            |
| v95  | Delphi        | i386      | Windows  | Astriane     | Proprietary | Military & NGO      |
| v96  | Asm           | st62xx    | Embedded | MRT          | Proprietary | Military & Civilian |
| v97  | Asm           | pic17c44  | Embedded | MRT          | Proprietary | Military & Civilian |
| v04  | Ada           | i386      | Windows  | AIDE         | GMGPL       | Education           |
| v20  | Ada           | x86-64    | Linux    | Sowebio      | GPL v3      | Terminal GP         |
| v22  | Ada           | x86-64    | Linux    | Sowebio      | LGPL v3     | Terminal & Web GP   |

# Setup

Doubling the number of programmers on a late project does not make anything else than double the delay.

Second Brook's Law



#### 1 GNAT toolchain

To install an Ada toolchain suitable for v22, get **ADEL** [Ada Development Environment on Linux] manual at <a href="https://github.com/sowebio/adel-doc">https://github.com/sowebio/adel-doc</a> and apply the second chapter **GNAT Toolchain**.

## 2 Dependencies

### 2.1 Ada dependencies

v22 mainly depends on Gnatcoll, Gnoga, UXStrings, Zanyblue, LibcURL, PdfWriter.

Gnoga mainly depends on Simple\_Components, UXStrings and Zanyblue.

So there's a strong community of dependencies between v22 and Gnoga.

Gnoga, Simple\_Components, UXStrings, Zanyblue, PdfWriter are included in v22.

#### 2.2 System Dependencies

Most of the packages below are only required for Gnoga tests and demonstrations.

\$\psi v22 uses its own source version of SQLite and doesn't need libsglite3-\* packages.

MySQL support in v22 requires libmariadb3, libmariadb-dev and libmariadb-dev-com-pat for connection to a MariaDB database, which is preferred to MySQL, whose support on Debian and Ubuntu systems is considered rather low. But the final choice is yours.

Although this documentation always refers to MySQL, v22 is compatible with both MySQL, through its native libmysqlclient, and MariaDB, thanks to the libmariadb-dev-compat package, which emulates the libmysqlclient layer.



v22 needs libcurl4 and libcurl4-openssl-dev if v22.Crl package is used.

Finally, the libgnutls30 package is required to implement a TLS connection such as the https and wss protocols. If your application is behind a TLS proxy, this library is no longer needed.

The v22 framework provides the functionality for a v22 application to control and install the packages required for its proper execution.

|           | Paquet                       | Commentaire   |
|-----------|------------------------------|---|
|           | bind9-dnsutils               | Net.Send_Mail (nslookup)  |
| Email     | sendemail                    | Net.Send_Mail (sendEmail.pl)<br>https://github.com/mogaal/sendemail |
| LibcURL   | libcurl4                     | LibcURL - v22.Crl (obsolete)  |
|           | libcurl4-openssl-dev         | LibcURL development files witj OpenSSL (obsolete)                   |
| MySQL     | libmariadb3                  | MariaDB database client library – v22.Sql                           |
|           | libmariadb-dev               | MariaDB database development files                                  |
|           | libmariadb-dev-compat        | MariaDB Connector/C, compatibility symlink avec MySQL               |
|           | mariadb-client               | Optionnel, pour le client CLI MySQL                                 |
|           | mariadb-server               | Optionnel, pour avoir le serveur en local sur sa station            |
| TLS/https | libgnutls30                  | GNU TLS library - main runtime library - v22.Gui                    |
| Gtk       | pkg-config                   | Manage compile and link flags for libraries                         |
|           | libwebkit2gtk-4.0-37         | Web content engine library for GTK                                  |
|           | libwebkit2gtk-4.0-dev        | Web content engine library for GTK - development files              |
|           | libgtk-3-0                   | GTK graphical user interface library                                |
|           | libgtk-3-dev                 | Development files for the GTK library                               |
|           | libjavascriptcoregtk-4.0-dev | JavaScript engine from WebKitGTK - development files                |

### 2.2.1 Minimal setup reminder for Ubuntu 22.04 LTS, Debian 11 & 12

```
<u>user@system</u>: sudo apt install libmariadb3 libmariadb-dev libmariadb-dev-compat
```

#### 3 v22 installation

#### 3.1 Build framework and test programs

Assuming you wish to install v22 under <your path> with a GNAT toolchain already installed, do the following from a command line interpreter.

#### Open a terminal:



```
[Ada]
                    testapi.adb
   [C]
[Ada]
                    sqlite3.c
                    s-memory.adb
   [Ada]
                    testapi_cfg.adb
   [Ada]
                    testapi_msg.adb
   [Ada]
                    testapi_sql.adb
   [Ada]
                    testapi_sys.adb
   [Ada]
                    testapi_tio.adb
   [Ada]
                    uxstrings. adb
   [Ada]
                    v22. adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-cfg. adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-fls. adb
                    v22-msg.adb
   [Ada]
   [Ada]
                    v22-net.adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-prg.adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-sql. adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-sys. adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-tio.adb
   [Ada]
                    v22-uxs. adb
   . . . / . . .
   [Ada]
                    generic_unbounded_ptr_array.adb
Bind
   [gprbind]
                    testgui. bexch
   [Ada]
                    testgui.ali
   [gprbind]
                    testapi. bexch
   [Ada]
                    testapi.ali
Link
   [archive]
                    libv22.a
   [index]
[link]
                    libv22.a
                    testgui.adb
   [link]
                    testapi.adb
✓ Build finished successfully in 42.56 seconds.
```

#### 3.2 Directories

#### v22 comes with some inner directories:

| Packages                                  | Description  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|
| prg                                       | test binary place, with dontdelete.me test file for trailing comments preservation |  |  |
| doc                                       | place of sow - v22 Ada Library User Manual.pdf and others docu-<br>mentation files |  |  |
| doc-generated                             | API doc generated by GNATStrudio with GNATDoc                                      |  |  |
| obj/debug obj/fast<br>obj/small obj/style | build directories  |  |  |
| src                                       | sources of v22   |  |  |
| src/sys                                   | specials system files as s-memory.adb, the GNATColl memory monitory hook           |  |  |
| src-testapi                               | v22 api test program   |  |  |
| src-testgui                               | v22 gui test program   |  |  |

#### 3.3 Notes

V22 init

```
user@system: alr init --bin --in-place v22
user@system: alr with gnatcoll
```

Check the newly created alire.toml at the root of the project and add "executables" parameter:

```
name = "v22"
description = ""
version = "0.1.0-dev"

authors = ["Your Name"]
maintainers = ["Your Name <example@example.com>"]
maintainers-logins = ["github-username"]
licenses = ""
website = ""
tags = []
executables = ["test/testapi", "test/testgui"]
[[depends-on]]
gnatcoll = "^24.0.0"
```

### • LibcURL (obsolete)

v22.Crl package is still functional in archive but obsoleted and not included anymore.

```
user@system: cd /usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu
- On debian 11 the link libcurl.so to libcurl.so.4.7.0 is missing
user@system: ln -s libcurl.so.4.7.0 libcurl.so
```

# Architecture

Weinberg's Second Law: If builders built buildings the way programmers wrote programs, then the first woodpecker that came along would destroy civilization.

Gerald Weinberg



#### 1 Introduction

v22 is currently in alpha stage, so its architecture could be subject to slights changes. User feedback is encouraged in order to improve it.

## 2 Requirements

A Linux workstation or server and an Ada compiler from the GNAT/GCC family are required.

A GNU/Linux Debian or Debian based like Ubuntu or Mint is recommended.

Latest GNAT FSF from Alire is recommended.

## 3 Coding quidelines

#### 3.1 General

English should be used, both for identifiers, comments and documentation.

Naming is capitalized using underscore for compound name. ex: Entry Value.

Comments leaves two spaces between -- and text comment.

The v22 code tries to adhere to the recommendations of the Ada 95 Quality and Style book. Like many Ada programmers, we believe that clarity and standardization of code is a respectful practice for later readers.

One exception to this is the non-alignment of operators vertically, the main author of v22 finding that the extra spaces, sometimes very numerous, detract from the readability of a left-to-right reading.



An other exception is the source code length. 72 columns is not mandatory anymore with our large displays. The standard v22 margin has been extended to 131 columns.

#### 3.2 Messages

Msq.Info ("This is an information message.")

Information messages starts with a capital and ends with a dot. Ending message with three dots are only allowed when a user input is waited.

```
20231030-102625 - INIT - INF - TestGui.SQL_Ping > Armed for 3600s cycles
```

Msq.Debug ("This is a debug message")

Debug messages are free form messages to ease debugging. They are activated by the Msq.Set Debug [On] procedure.

```
20231030-105547 - INIT - <mark>DBG</mark> - Load Database_Pragma: journal_mode=WAL
```

Msg.Error ("v22.Fls.Function Name > Error creating mount point: & Target To Mount & "linked to " & Mount Point & " on " & Remote Host)

Error messages starts with the library or program hierarchy, following by a "greater than" sign, following by the error message, terminated with a colon and a space, then, optionally, followed by more information.

```
20231030-102818 - INIT - ERR - v22. Tio. Open_Conf > Can't apply permissions to file
```

#### 3.3 Naming

We've tried to stay close to Ada naming by using routine names such as Put, Put Line or New Line where appropriate.

We've also tried to remain consistent in the names of getters and setters. In any case, we're listening to what users have to say to improve the v22 name space.

#### 3.4 **Behavior**

Unlike the Ada runtime does, the text mode Open function of v22 now logically opens in File In mode (read mode).

#### 4 Design

v22 is designed as a KISS4 working framework. It does not attempt to reproduce the outstanding granularity of the Ada runtime but tries to reuse the best existing libre software resources to offer a simple yet highly productive environment.

#### 4.1 Representations and types

It is a representation in the sense of an image, not a type, but intimately linked to the latter.

Keep It Simple and *Safe* in our context.



Date is a representation with an associated type Ada String or SQL database Varchar[10].

Date Time Stamp is a representation with an associated type Ada String or SQL database Varchar(15).

Money is a defined Ada type, translated to Ada type Long\_Long\_Integer when storing to SQL database Bigint.

v22 representations and types are:

| v22 Type | Database    | Storing format                     |
|----------|-------------|------------------------------------|
| Date     | Varchar[10] | YYYY-MM-DD                         |
| DateTime | Varchar(15) | YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS                    |
| Money    | Bigint      | -999_999_999_999 to 999_999_999.99 |

#### 4.1.1 Date

The v22 Date is in ISO\_8601 format.

It could be wised to prefix date identifiers (variables, columns or fields tables) with **Date\_**.

#### 4.1.2 DateTime

The v22 Date Time Stamp, or DTS, expresses the server's local time, following the daylight saving time, since its main use is to time-stamp logs and events.

It could be wised to prefix date time stamps identifiers (variables, columns or fields tables) with **DTS** .

The DTS v22 format is sortable but shorter than the variable ISO\_8601 format, with [8601-1:2019] or optionally without [8601:2004] the "T" between the date an time parts.

#### 4.1.3 Money

MONEY is **type** Money **is delta** 0.01 **digits** 14, stored in database as Bigint at the lowest unit, usually cents for euros or dollars. Ada Bigint is Long\_Long\_Integer.

#### 4.2 Types (program)

| Name              | Packages  | Description  |
|-------------------|-----------|--|
| Boolean           | Standard  |  |
| Character         | Standard  |  |
| Float             | Standard  | Scientific computing                               |
| Integer           | Standard  | 32 bits (as Long_Integer)                          |
| Long_Long_Integer | Standard  | 64 bits  |
| Money             | v22       | Financial computing                                |
| String            | UXStrings | Unbounded UTF-8 string subtyping by Pascal Pignard |
| Geo               |           | Geographic Coordinates.                            |



| Name | Packages    | Description |
|------|-------------|-------------|
|      | handling ok |             |

### 4.3 Types (databases)

Nothing is really well defined in SQL, and the standard (not freely available) is betrayed in every implementation. SQLite's typing is particularly strange in this respect.

v22 gets around this problem, at type level, by limiting itself to basic six types, with normalized extra v22 data types such as Money, Datetime, Date.

We must not use MySQL-specific data types to remain compatible with SQLite.

Common types between MariaDB and SQLite used in v22:

| MySQL      | SQLite       | Compatibility notes                                    |
|------------|--------------|--|
| Bigint     | Bigint       | -2 <sup>63</sup> to 2 <sup>63</sup> - 1                |
| Blob       | Blob         | 65535 max  |
| Integer    | Integer      | -2147483648 to 2147483647 [32bits wide, sign included] |
| Decimal    | Decimal(i,d) | Decimal SQLite affinity REAL                           |
| Double     | Double       | Double SQLite affinity REAL                            |
| Float      | Float        | Float SQLite affinity REAL                             |
| Text       | Text         | 65535 max UTF-8, UTF-16BE, UTF-16LE                    |
| Varchar(n) | Varchar(n)   | 65535 max  |

BLOB of huge sizes should be always stored as regular files.

#### 4.4 Packages

| Name | Packages               | Description   |
|------|------------------------|---|
| v22  | Base                   |   |
| Bio  | Binary I/O             | Binary IO: Binary files, locking, etc.  |
| Cfg  | Configuration files    | Simple and user friendly config files handling  |
| Crl  | cURL interface         | cURL related  |
| Fls  | File system            | File system related   |
| Gui  | Graphic User Interface | High level framework for Gnoga by David Botton  |
| Msg  | Logging                | Log - Terminal and file log - on top of Tio   |
| Net  | Network                | Remote command via SSH, Tor, Email & SMS sending, API handling for clients like hosters Ovh or software like Matomo, etc. |
| Pdf  | Pdf handling           | Routines for Ada-Pdf-Writer by Gautier de Montmollin  |
| Prg  | Program                | Program and user related  |
| Sql  | SQL database           | MySQL and SQLite high level implementation for Gnoga  |
| Sys  | System                 | Operating System related  |
| Tio  | Text I/O               | Text Input/Output and Text files related  |
| Uxf  | UXStrings add-ons      | UTF-8 extension routines for UXStrings by Pascal Pignard  |
| Uxs  | UXStrings add-ons      | UTF-8 extension routines for UXStrings by Pascal Pignard  |
|      | Already coded          |   |

#### 4.5 Functions

About strings, v22 functions always handles and return String (UXString).

#### 4.6 Databases

v22 handles two SQL databases flavors : MySQL and derivatives, like MariaDB or PerconaDB and SQLite.

v22 does not act deliberately as an ORM (no magic please<sup>5</sup>), but offers selected features for rapid development of database applications

#### 4.7 Exceptions

V22 comes with an extended postmortem exception handler. This displays the trace not only on the screen, but also in a file bearing the application's name and .err extension.

A wide range of information is displayed and recorded:

```
: 20230921-123354
Exception time
Program uptime : 0h0 0m0 0s
Program build DT stamp : build 2023-09-21 12:33:15
Program name & version : testqui v0.1
Library name & version: v22 v0.1
Start directory
                       : /home/sr/Sowebio/informatique/dev/qpl/qithub/v22/tests
Home directory
                        : /home/sr
Ada mem. alloc. [bytes]: Ada Cur: [ 4132 ] Max: [ 4708 ] All mem. alloc. [bytes]: All Cur: [ 15204352 ] Max: [ 15204352 ]
raised V22. RAISE EXCEPTION. V22 EXCEPTION TEST: v22. adb: 81
[./testqui]
              _raise_exception at v22.adb:81
0x496f9e v22_
0x41c1b1 _ada_testgui at testgui.adb: 830
0x488d8f main at b_testgui.adb: 1173
[/lib/x86 64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6]
0x7fb0fee29d8e
0x7fb0fee29e3e
[./testgui]
0x415973 _start at ???
0xffffffffffffe
20230921-123354 - INIT
                            - MSG - testgui > Exception detected, finalize application
20230921-123354 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_1
20230921-123354 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_2
```

When an exception occurs, the databases connections are cleanly closed, the console text cursor is restored and specific exit status are set.

<sup>5</sup> https://kurapov.ee/eng/tech/ORM-is-harfmul-pattern



## Implementation notes

In the GNAT Pro and CE releases, AdaCore has integrated the GNU/GCC utility addr2-line into the GNAT runtime. Addr2line is called to display the subroutine names and line numbers of the call stack.

This feature is missing in the GNAT FSF version. This is a recurring complaint on the net, some people offer workarounds, but none of themwork here [Linux, GNAT FSF 11]. Since the CE versions are terminated, there were two ways to restore this useful feature; the clean one, rebuild a full FSF compiler with this feature, and the fast dirty one. We obviously choose the latter.

When handling an exception, v22 search if the addr2line utility exists on the system and then, for each line indicating a "???", we run, on the executable itself, a command addr2line -e <executable name> <address> and analyze the return. If the latter is valid [example: /home/sr/.../debug/gnx-utl\_sv.adb:1174, as opposed to "addr2line: DWARF error: can't find .debug\_ranges section." and/or "??:?", ??:0"], the function replaces "???" by "gnx-utl sv.adb:1174".

If the program was compiled with GNAT Pro or CE, this is transparent and if add2line was not found, the "???" are left as they are.

Ada

# Components

Variables won't; Constants aren't. Osborn Law



# 1 Gnoga

Most of the information in this chapter is taken from the Gnoga documentation, written by Gnoga author David Botton.

## 1.1 What is Gnoga

Defining Gnoga is an important first step to using it. Gnoga is a framework and associated tools for developing GUI applications using the Ada language, leveraging web technologies to provide a rendering engine.

Gnoga should not be confused with a web development framework. While Gnoga is very capable of creating web applications and perform in that role and is even more capable than most web development frameworks, using Gnoga for web applications is only one possibility.

Native applications for desktop and mobile are just as easy to create, all using the same code base.

## 1.2 How does Gnoga work?

A Gnoga application can be divided into three parts:

- The application code written in Ada using the Gnoga framework and tools;
- The communication layer;
- The GUI rendering surface, an HTML-5 compliant browser or an embedded widget for native platform development.

The communication layer is not passive as in typical web programming using HTTP, nor is it using Ajax calls to simulate a live-active connection. It is an active, open connection using HTML5 web sockets or direct access at the API level to an embedded widget.



♦ Since the communication layer is always active there is a stateful constant connection to the rendering surface as there is in traditional desktop GUI development even if the rendering surface is a remote browser.

The idea of using publishing technologies to display a GUI is not new. Next used Postscript; Mac OS X uses PDF; and Gnoga uses HTML 5.

## 1.3 Singleton and multi-connect applications

There are two basic application types in Gnoga, Singleton applications and Multi Connect applications. Singleton applications are ideal for single user desktop use. They allow only a single connection and exit when that connection is lost. Since the application will not be accessed in parallel by other connections implementation is easier in that there is no need to protect data except from parallel incoming events from a single user [In Gnoga events are not serialized and are fired as they are generated concurrently].

#### 1.4 Concurrency and exceptions

While this example works, there is an issue. In Gnoga and in particular in Multi-Connect applications, concurrency and exceptions must always be considered, given that:

- While highly unlikely, it is possible for our Users vector to be accessed concurrently, something that that standard Ada containers are not designed to handle. If this were a production application, Users should be protected;
- While again highly unlikely given our application, it is possible for a view to be destroyed during the On\\_Change event. This could result in trying to call User\\_View. Draw on an already deallocated object. Therefore, it would be a good idea to capture exceptions in the On\\_Change event at the very least, or as part of protecting the Users vector a means be included to insure the validity of the User\_View before calling Draw.

Gnoga will handle most exceptional situations not handled in your code, but creating a solid Multi-Connect application should include considerations for the above in all designs. Improving on our example is left as an exercise to the reader.

## 1.4.1 Advanced: The "Connection" Parameter and GUI elements on Stack

The extra parameter "Connection" in our controller procedure "Default" can be used when you wish to block the connection procedure until the connection is closed. The two common uses of Connection. Hold to block until connection loss are:

- To add clean up code on connection loss to the connection procedure; this could also have been added to the On\\_Destroy event for Main\_Window.
- To prevent finalization of statically defined GUI elements within the connection procedure until the connection has been lost.

An example of this second method would allow us to rewrite the skeleton procedure as:

```<u>ada</u>



## 1.4.2 Advanced: Per Connection App Data

In the multi-connect example above we use the connection's main view to store data specific for each user connection. It is often convenient to have a data structure containing the data specific to a connection. Gnoga offers a way to associate data to a connection and allow access to those data through any GUI element on that connection.

The following is an example:

```
··· ada
  type App_Data is new Connection_Data_Type with
      record
         Main_Window : Window.Pointer_To_Window_Class;
         Hello_World : aliased Common. DIV_Type;
      end record;
  type App_Access is access all App_Data;
  procedure On Click [Object: in out Gnoga. Gui. Base. Base Type' Class;
                        Event : in
   Gnoga. Gui. Base. Mouse Event Record)
   is
      App : App_Access := App_Access [Object.Connection_Data];
      App. Hello_World. Text ["I've been clicked"];
  end On_Click;
  procedure On_Connect
     [Main_Window : in out Gnoga.Gui.Window.Window_Type'Class; Connection : access
        Gnoga. Application. Multi_Connect. Connection_Holder_Type]
      App : App_Access := new App_Data;
   begin
      Main_Window. Connection_Data (App);
      App. Main_Window := Main_Window Unchecked_Access;
      App. Hello_World. Create [Main_Window, "Click Me"];
          By default Connection_Data is assumed to be a dynamic object
          and freed when the connection is closed. To use static app
          data pass Dynamic => False
end On_Connect;
```



## 1.4.3 Multi Connect Applications for a Single User

A Multi-Connect application allows multiple connections to the same application at the same time. This does not always imply multiple users, it could even be the same user with multiple browser windows connected to the same application. When using a multi-connect application as a single-user desktop application you simply need to restrict access to the application to the local machine and provide some way for the application to know it is time to shutdown. Some tips:

- In the On\_Connect procedure check if there has already been a connection and if a reconnect is tried return a view that indicates application is already running.
- If limiting to only one main window, use that window's On\_Destroy event to tell the application to shut down using Gnoga.Application.Multi\\_Connect.End\\_Application if you do not provide some other way to exit the application, or track connections and end the application when all connections are closed.
- Limit connections to the local machine only: in initialize use Initialize (Host = "127.0.0.1");

## 1.4.4 Gnoga Types

By convention in Gnoga all types are usually defined in the following way and using the following naming convention:

```
type Some_Type is ....;
type Some_Access is access all Some_Type;
```

if Some Type is a tagged type:

```
type Pointer_to_Some_Class is access all Some_Type'Class
```

## 1.4.5 Directory structure when developing apps

If you use the gnoga\_make tool it will set up a development directory structure in addition to creating a skeleton application. [See the Singleton and Multi-Connect examples]. For reference the following directory structure is the basic structure:

```
App Dir

| ___ bin - your gnoga app binary
| ___ html - boot.html (or other boot loader used)
| ___ js - must contain jquery.min.js and boot.js
| ___ css - optional, all files served as CSS files
| ___ img - optional, files served as graphics files
| ___ src - Source code for your gnoga app
| ___ obj - Build objects
```



| |\_\_\_ templates - optional, if using Gnoga.Server.Template\_Parser | |\_\_\_ upload - optional, optional directory for incoming files

If any of the subdirectories are missing, the files expected to be in them are assumed to be in html. If the html subdirectory is also missing these files are assumed to be in App Dir. The executable can be in the bin directory or in App Dir.

## 1.4.6 Application, Types, Gui, Server, Client

See Gnoga API Application, Types, Gui, Server, Client for more details.

## 1.4.7 Plugins and Modules

Users can write and publish to the Gnoga Marketplace two Gnoga-specific UI extension types, Plugins and Modules.

Plugins, including jQuery, jQueryUI, Boot\_Strap, and Ace\\_Editor, are bindings to JavaScript libraries for use on the client side.

Modules are unique Gnoga-based UI elements written with Gnoga.

# 1.4.8 Tags Bound in Gnoga

While Gnoga is not exactly HTML in Ada, knowing the relationships may be of assistance in developing your application:

## • HTML5 Tags Bound as Gui Elements in Gnoga

| HTML tags                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | GUI Elements                                                        |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <a>,<hr/>,<br/>,<button>,<div>,<img/>,<meter>,<progress>,</progress></meter></div></button></a>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | Element.Common - see also Gui.View for <div>and <span></span></div> |
| <canvas></canvas>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              | Element.Canvas                                                      |
| <svg></svg>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | Element.SVG                                                         |
| <form>,<input/>,<textarea>,&lt;select&gt;,&lt;datalist&gt;,&lt;legend&gt;,&lt;label&gt;,&lt;option&gt;,&lt;optgroup&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Form&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;fieldset&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Form.Fieldset&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;audio&gt;,&lt;video&gt;,&lt;source&gt;*,&lt;track&gt;*&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Multimedia&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;iframe&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.IFrame&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;html&gt;,&lt;body&gt;,&lt;head&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Access through Window_Type.Document&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;ul&gt;&lt;li&gt;&lt;ul&gt;&lt;/li&gt;&lt;/ul&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.List&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;address&gt;,&lt;article&gt;,&lt;aside&gt;,&lt;header&gt;,&lt;main&gt;,&lt;nav&gt;,,&lt;pre&gt;,&lt;section&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Section&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;code&gt;,&lt;strong&gt;,&lt;em&gt;,&lt;dfn&gt;,&lt;samp&gt;,&lt;kbd&gt;,&lt;br/&gt;&lt;var&gt;,&lt;marked&gt;,&lt;del&gt;,&lt;ins&gt;,&lt;s&gt;,&lt;br/&gt;&lt;q&gt;,&lt;big&gt;,&lt;small&gt;,&lt;time&gt;,&lt;tt&gt;,&lt;wbr&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Phrase&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;&lt;li&gt;k&gt;,&lt;style&gt;,&lt;title&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Style_Block, The Style property on Element_Type Document.Load_CSS, Document.Title Since content is generated by code&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;tr&gt;&lt;td&gt;,&lt;caption&gt;,,,,&lt;col&gt;,&lt;colgroup&gt;,&lt;tfoot&gt;,&lt;thead&gt;&lt;/td&gt;&lt;td&gt;Element.Table&lt;/td&gt;&lt;/tr&gt;&lt;/tbody&gt;&lt;/table&gt;</textarea></form> |                                                                     |

Aga

#### \* Not needed

## • HTML5 Tags Unbound as Gui Elements in Gnoga

Note: All tags can be bound and used with Element\\_Type.Create\\_With\\_HTML. For various reasons as described here, they are not bound specifically.

| HTML tags                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    | GUI Elements                                                                                                                                                  |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <map>,<area/></map>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          | No specific bindings currently for image maps; best generated with an automated tool as regular HTML.                                                         |
| <bdi>,<bdo>,<ruby>,<rp>,<rt>, <details>,<output>,<figure>,<flgcaption></flgcaption></figure></output></details></rt></rp></ruby></bdo></bdi>                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | Text formatting tags are not bound. Have no application specific use. Span_Type should be used to contain text that needs interaction or interactive styling. |
| <object>,<embed/>,<script>,<noscript>,<param>,<applet></td><td>No bindings are made for external plugins or scripting tags</td></tr><tr><td><base>,<meta></td><td>base and meta only make sense for static pages</td></tr><tr><td><dialog>,<keygen>,<menu>,<menuitem></td><td>No browsers support these tags in a way worth binding yet</td></tr><tr><td><frameset>,<frame>,<noframes></td><td>No window level frame support; see Element.IFrame</td></tr></tbody></table></script></object> |                                                                                                                                                               |

#### 1.4.9 Gnoga Concepts: in and out of the DOM

An HTML document is a hierarchical collection of objects. In a browser window, the displayed document is the browser's DOM, but it is possible within JavaScript to have objects that are not in the main DOM and have their own hierarchical collections, DOMs.

Gnoga maintains on the browser side JavaScript references to GUI elements it creates; these elements may or may not also be in the browser's DOM. When creating a new object in Gnoga, if the parent is in the browser's DOM, the child will be there as well. If not, it will just be part of the parent's individual DOM and not be visible, and even changing the visibility of that object will not make it appear on the browser window since they are not in the Browser's DOM.

To take an object and all its children out of the DOM use Gnoga.Gui.Element.Remove; to place it back in the DOM use one of the Place \* methods in Gnoga.Gui.Element.

## 1.4.10 Gnoga Concepts: Display, Visible, Hidden

HTML5 uses a few different independently working properties for visibility.

Visible will turn on or off the visibility of an element and its children, but the objects will still take the same space on the page.

Hidden will turn off visibility and the object and its children will no longer take up space on the page, either.

Display changes how the elements are laid out by the browser. Using Display (None) acts in the same fashion as Hidden.

## 1.4.11 Gnoga Concepts: Inner HTML, Text and Value

Retrieving the contents of an Element in Gnoga differs depending on the type of Element. For form Elements the Value method is used. For others Text can be used to retrieve the text alone or Inner\_HTML to retrieve the contents including any HTML tags present.

The reason there are different methods is based on the way the underlying HTML 5 works. Text and Inner\\_HTML are retrieving all child nodes with in the element while Value is an attribute of Form elements. So Text or Inner\_HTML will return the contents of every child.

# 2 jQuery & jQuery-UI

#### 2.1 Introduction

v22.Gui, using Gnoga, is JQuery and JQuery-UI based. It's a technology that's almost 20 years old, in use everywhere, very well maintained and documented, and makes no claim to anything other than being modest, durable and compatible with all browsers. In a word, JQuery and its ecosystems are KISS.

The coupling with websocket communication is Gnoga's stroke of genius from its designer, David Botton.

## 2.1.1 jQuery

According to the web site, "jQuery is a fast, small, and feature-rich JavaScript library. It makes things like HTML document traversal and manipulation, event handling, animation, and Ajax much simpler with an easy-to-use API that works across a multitude of browsers. With a combination of versatility and extensibility, jQuery has changed the way that millions of people write JavaScript."

https://jquery.com
https://api.jquery.com (api)
https://releases.jquery.com/jquery (all versions downloads)

## 2.2 jQuery-Ui

#### 2.2.1 Liens

https://jqueryui.com

#### 2.2.2 Theme creator

## Creation

Create jQuery-Ui theming a breeze with <a href="https://jqueryui.com/themeroller">https://jqueryui.com/themeroller</a>.

After downloaded your new custom theme, just update the new generated jquery-ui.min.css, which is the addition jquery-ui.structure.css plus jquery-ui.theme.css, you don't need to include these last two files.



Reference: <a href="https://jqueryui.com/upgrade-guide/1.11/#simplified-custom-and-quick-downloads">https://jqueryui.com/upgrade-guide/1.11/#simplified-custom-and-quick-downloads</a>

## Updating

To update an existing theme, always use the embedded link included in the jquery-ui.min.css which embeds all your custom theme settings. Example:

http://jqueryui.com/themeroller/?scope=&folderName=custom- $\underline{theme\&bgImgOpacityHeader=\&bgImgOpacityContent=\&bgImgOpacityHover=}$ &bgImgOpacityActive=&bgImgOpacityHighlight=&bgImgOpacityError=&cornerRadiusShadow=8px& offsetLeftShadow=0px&offsetTopShadow=0px&thicknessShadow=5px&opacityShadow=30&bgIm-gOpacityOverlay=0&bgTextureOverlay=flat&bgColorOverlay=%23aaaaaa&iconColorError= %23cc0000&fcError=%235f3f3f&borderColorError=%23f1a899&bgTextureError=flat&bgColor-Error=%23fddfdf&iconColorHighlight=%23777620&fcHighlight=%23777620&borderColorHigh-<u>light=%23dad55e&bgTextureHighlight=flat&bgColorHighlight=%23fffa90&iconColorActive=</u> %23ffffff&fcActive=%23ffffff&borderColorActive=%2396b0b6&bgTextureActive=flat&bgColorActive=%2396b0b6&iconColorHover=%23555555&fcHover=%232b2b2b&borderColorHover=%23cccccc&bgTextureHover=flat&bgColorHover=%23c1d5da&iconColorDefault=%237777777&fcDefault= %23454545&borderColorDefault=%23c5c5c5&bqTextureDefault=flat&bqColorDefault= %23B5D0D7&iconColorContent=%23444444&fcContent=%23333333&borderColorContent= %23dddddd&bgTextureContent=flat&bgColorContent=%23e6f4fa&iconColorHeader=%23444444&fc-<u>Header=%23333333&borderColorHeader=%23ddddddd&bgTextureHeader=flat&bgColorHeader=</u> %2396b0b6&cornerRadius=8px&fwDefault=normal&fsDefault=1em&ffDefault=Arial%2CHelvetica %2Csans-serif

# 2.2.3 Dialog widget

v22.Gui, through the Gui.Dialog Popup procedure, uses the Dialog widget.

https://api.jqueryui.com/dialog

https://api.jqueryui.com/position

# 3 UXString

Paragraphs below are from the UXString author:

- https://github.com/Blady-Com/UXStrings
- compl.land.ada [ANN] Release of UXStrings 0.5.0 230505 at 05:23

#### 3.1 Introduction

v22 adopts UXString v3 implementation using Unbounded\_Wide\_Wide\_Strings for internal representation. With this latter implementation, the characters are stored in Unicode form and the management of dynamic size uses the standard Wide\_Wide\_Unbounded strings library.

Performance with Gnoga is better. UXStrings2 already brought better performance in the case of strings only made up of ASCII characters (improvement by a factor 2 to 3 compared to UXStrings1). With UXStrings3 performance in the latter case is still improved (factor 6 to 7 compared to UXStrings1) moreover in the case of strings accentuated in French and strings containing emojis the process times are also improved (factor 7 to 8 by compared to UXStrings1 or even more in the case of emo-

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jis). For all cases, the global memory occupation of the Gnoga application is generally similar.

#### 3.2 Motivation

My first motivation was to avoid the user of the Ada language from having to make a choice in the representation of character strings. With the current Ada 2012 standard, the choice must be made according to the nature of the characters handled [Character, Wide\_Character or Wide\_Wide\_Character] and the adaptation of the string size according to the operations carried out. Moreover, depending on the libraries used, making a single choice is generally not possible, which leads to continuous conversions.

Ada GUI library Gnoga internal character strings implementation is based on both Ada types String and Unbounded\_String. The native Ada String encoding is Latin-1 whereas transactions with the Javascript part are in UTF-8 encoding.

Some drawbacks come up, for instance, with internationalization of programs (see Localize Gnoga demo):

- Several conversions between String and Unbounded\_String objects it isn't usable out of Latin-1 character set, characters out of Latin-1 set are blanked;
- Continuous conversions between Latin-1 and UTF-8, each sent and received transaction between Ada and Javascript parts.

Two ways of possible improvement for native Ada String: dynamic length handling and Unicode support.

#### 3.3 Definitions

```
Supported encoding schemes
type Encoding_Scheme is [ASCII_7, Latin_1, UTF_8, UTF_16BE, UTF_16LE];
Supported UTF-16 encoding schemes
subtype UTF_16_Encoding_Scheme is Encoding_Scheme range UTF_16BE .. UTF_16LE;
Characters in ISO/IEC 646
subtype ASCII_Character is Ada. Characters. Handling. ISO 646;
subtype ASCII_Character_Array is String with

Dynamic_Predicate => [for all Item of ASCII_Character_Array => Item in ASCII_Character];
Characters in ISO/IEC 8859-1
subtype Latin_1_Character is Character;
subtype Latin_1_Character_Array is String;
Characters in Unicode Basic Multilingual Plane
subtype BMP_Character is Wide_Character;
subtype BMP_Character_Array is Wide_String;
Characters in Unicode planes
subtype Unicode_Character is Wide_Wide_Character;
subtype Unicode_Character_Array is Wide_Wide_String;
Array of 8 bits values representing UTF encodings (UTF-8, UTF-16BE, or UTF-16LE)
subtype UTF_8_Character_Array is Ada. Strings. UTF_Encoding. UTF_String; subtype UTF_16_Character_Array is Ada. Strings. UTF_Encoding. UTF_String;
```



```
Container type of Unicode characters with dynamic size usually named string

type UXString is tagged private with
   Constant_Indexing => Element,
   Iterable => [First => First, Next => Next, Has_Element => Has_Element, Element => Element],
   String_Literal => From_Unicode;
```

#### 3.4 Workarounds

First possibility is using UTF-8 as internal implementation in Unbounded\_String objects. The simplest way but Gnoga uses many times character indexes to parse Javascript messages that is not easy to achieved with UTF-8 which may have several lengths to represent one character. String parsing will be time consuming. Some combinations may lead to incorrect UTF-8 representation.

Second possibility is to use Unbounded\_Wide\_String or Unbounded\_Wide\_String. Using Unbounded\_Wide\_String is quite being in the middle of the river might as well use Unbounded\_Wide\_Wide\_String. In this latter case the memory penalty is heavy for only few accentuated character occurrences. So back to Unbounded\_Wide\_String but you'll miss the so essential emojis ;-)

Third possibility is to make no choice between Latin-1, Wide and Wide\_Wide characters. The object shall adapt its inner implementation to the actual content. For instance with English language the most often use case will be Latin-1 inner implementation, for French language the most often will be Latin-1 with some exceptions with BMP [Unicode Basic Multilingual Plane] implementation such as in "cœur", for Greek language the most often will be BMP implementation. The programmer won't make any representation choice when for example receiving UTF-8 messages:

```
S2 : UXString;
...
S2 := "Received: " & From_UTF_8 [Message];
```

Automatically S2 will adapt its inner representation to the received characters. UXStrings packages

Package named UXStrings (Unicode Extended Strings) and its Text\_IO child package are proposed to bring String enhancements using some Ada 2022 features.

The first part of UXStrings package contains renaming statements of current Ada types. Ada current String type is structurally an array of Latin-1 characters thus is renamed as Latin 1 Character Array. And so on.

The second part defines the USXString type as a tagged private type which has got aspects such as Constant\_Indexing, Variable\_Indexing, Iterable and String\_Literal, so we can write:



The third part defines conversion functions between UXString and various encoding such as Latin-1, BMP (USC-2), Unicode (USC-4), UTF-8 or UTF-16, so we can write:

```
S1 := From_Latin_1 ("blah blah");
S2 := From_BMP ("une soirée passée à étudier la physique ω=Δθ/Δt...");
S3 := From_Unicode ("une soirée passée à étudier les mathématiques ℕC派...");
Send [To_UTF_8 [S1] & To_UTF_8 [S3]);
```

The fourth part defines various API coming from Unbounded\_String such as Append, "&", Slice, "=", Index and so on.

Note: Iterable is a GNAT specific aspect.

## 3.5 Some thoughts

I've preferred that the API of legacy Ada "string" types to be closed to those of Ada library so that the adaptation would be easy. Note that I've renamed them as character arrays rather than strings in order to accentuate the semantic difference.

Apart from complex implementations, if you want to access a specific position you have to parse from the beginning of the UTF-8 data as UXStrings1 does. UXStrings2 always computes if the resulting data are all ASCII, so the access is then direct. UXStrings3 is internally like an Unicode array, so the access is direct.

Attribution

# **Examples**

Investment in C programs reliability will increase up to exceed the probable cost of errors or until someone insists on recoding everything in Ada.
Gilb's laws synthesis



# 1 TestApi

TestApi is a simple console program which shows the main features of v22 packages. TestApi is automatically build when building v22.

## 2 TestGui

TestGui is a simple web program which mainly shows some features of v22.Gui and v22.Sql. TestApi is automatically build when building v22.

When launching for the first time,

```
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - v22 Framework - GUI test program
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Copyright [C] Sowebio SARL 2020-2023 under LGPLv3
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - testgui v0. 2 - v22 v0. 1 - build 2023-10-31 17: 21: 16
```

TestGui creates an already set testqui.cfg to create a standalone SQLite database.

```
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - TestGui. Init. App > Configuration file testgui.cfg has been created. 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - TestGui. Init. App > Configuration file testgui.cfg loaded
```

Then GestGui also creates and populates a demo database named testgui.db.

```
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Database testgui needs creation or update 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Create Table: Sys_Config - Create Column: Parameter VARCHAR(40) UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Config - Creating Index: Idx_Config_Parameter Parameter 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Config - Creating Index: Idx_Config_Parameter Parameter 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Table_Name VARCHAR(40) 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Name VARCHAR(40) 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Type TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Type TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Version TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Comment TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Creating Index: Idx_Schema_Table_Name Table_Name,Column_Name 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Schema - Creating Index: Idx_Schema_Table_Name Table_Name,Column_Name 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Login VARCHAR(40) UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Last_Name TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Phone TEXT 20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Phone TEXT
```



```
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Email TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Password TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Properties TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Properties TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Properties TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Time_Zone TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Time_Zone TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Notes TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Notes TEXT
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Created_On VARCHAR[15]
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Timeout INTEGER
20231031-172139 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
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20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - Table: Sys_Users - Create Column: Connection_Total INTEGER
```

Finally, TestGui is ready to use and wait for its first connexion.

```
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Starting Gnoga server
20231031-172140 - INIT - MSG - TestGui.SQL_Ping > Armed for 3600s cycles
```

In your preferred browser, type localhost:8080 to connect to TestGui and type Identifier: alpha and Password: password to log in.



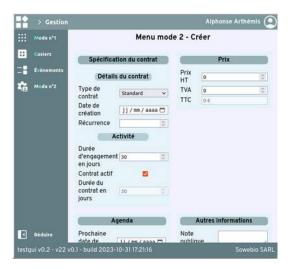
When logged, the main screen appears. Click on the icon at bottom left to expand the menu bar. Click on the User parameters icon [labelled Mode 2]. A sub menu appears.





Then click on create to display a new two columns screen.

Test the drop-down menu and the calendar.



Adjust the screen width to test the responsiveness. TestGui will adapt and shrinking to one column.



Then click on the icon at the top left, then click on admin.



Click on the first icon in the menu bar (labelled Users).



Up arrow move the list backward. Down arrow move the list forward.

Click on an item list (the color change) and display the detailed view clicking on the magnifier or on the pen to update the item.

Click on the plus sign to create a new user or, after selected an item, click on the bin to delete it.

#### 3 Event listener interfaces with Gnoga

Reproduction of ~/Gnoga/doc/articles/event\_listerners.txt by Jeremiah Breeden.

An option that I have used is to create event listener interface. I extend the button class to include an event generator that maintains a list of listeners and I add an Add\_Listener procedure so outside views can add themselves as listeners. I create a handler that Gnoga expects but have that handler operate the generator to fire the events out of the button class.

Then I extend whichever view I am using to implement the listening interface, override the create procedure, and have it call the Add\_Listener procedure mentioned above. Then I just have to override the listener procedure that handles the event and I have both the parent view that is interested in the event and the button that sourced the original event.

It's a bit complex, but it allows me to have any structure I want be able to respond to any event just by adding itself as a listener to the event.

The big thing is Handle\_On\_Click gives you the containing view type which allows you to modify other controls using the on click from the button. You can also pass the on click event to other parent views who may want to modify their own layouts based on that button event. You would just need to add a public Add\_On\_Click\_Listener [or whatever name] procedure to Listener\_View.View\_Type [or whatever view you create] and have it call the button's Add\_On\_Click\_Listener procedure.

Button\_For\_Listeners is the extended class for Gnoga's Button\_Type Listener\_View is just a test view type that would contain a Button among other controls.

```
button_for_listeners.ads
with Gnoga. Gui. Element. Common;
with Ada. Containers. Vectors;
package Button_For_Listeners is
   type Listener_Type is limited interface;
   type Button Type is new Gnoga. Gui. Element. Common. Button Type with private;
   procedure Add_On_Click_Listener
     [Self : in out Button_Type;
      Listener : not null access Listener_Type'Class);
   procedure Handle_On_Click(Listener : in out Listener_Type;
                              Source
                                     : in out Button_Type Class is abstract;
private
   type Listener_Class_Access is access all Listener_Type Class;
   package Vectors is new Ada. Containers. Vectors [Natural, Listener_Class_Access];
   type Button_Type is new Gnoga. Gui. Element. Common. Button_Type with record
      On_Click_Listeners : Vectors. Vector;
   end record;
end Button_For_Listeners;
```



```
button_for_listeners.adb
with Gnoga. Gui. Base;
package body Button_For_Listeners is
   procedure Gnoga On Click[Object: in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base Type'Class] is
      Cursor : Vectors.Cursor := Button_Type(Object).On_Click_Listeners.First;
   begin
      while Vectors. Has_Element(Cursor) loop
         Vectors. Element(Cursor). Handle_On_Click(Button_Type(Object));
         Cursor := Vectors. Next(Cursor);
      end loop;
   end Gnoga_On_Click;
   procedure Add_On_Click_Listener
     [Self : in out Button_Type;
      Listener: not null access Listener_Type'Class) is
   begin
      Self.On_Click_Listeners.Append(Listener);
      Self.On_Click_Handler(Gnoga_On_Click' Access);
   end Add_On_Click_Listener;
end Button_For_Listeners;
```

```
listener_view.ads
with Gnoga. Gui. View;
with Gnoga. Gui. Base;
with Button_For_Listeners;
package Listener View is
   package Buttons renames Button_For_Listeners;
   type View_Type is new Gnoga.Gui.View.View_Type
                           and Buttons.Listener_Type with private;
   overriding
   procedure Create
     [Self : in out View_Type;
      Parent : in out Gnoga. Gui. Base. Base_Type' Class; ID : in String := ""];
private
   type Self_Ref_Type(Ref : access Buttons.Listener_Type'Class)
      is limited null record;
   type View Type is new Gnoga. Gui. View. View Type
                           and Buttons. Listener_Type with record
      Button : Buttons. Button_Type;
Self_Reference : Self_Ref_Type(View_Type' Access);
   end record;
   overriding
   procedure Handle_On_Click(Listener : in out View_Type;
                                Source : in out Buttons. Button_Type'Class];
end Listener_View;
```

listener\_view.adb



# **Tools**

Networks always go down on a Friday. John Karr law



# 1 Icons making

#### 1.1 Favicon

The favicon file should be a PNG 8 bits 32x32 pixels 300x300ppp in RGB color space and must be named favicon.ico (not .png) and located in ./html directory. This setup is compatible with Firefox, Chrome, Safari and derivatives.

#### 1.2 Menus icons

Go to website <a href="https://fonts.google.com/icons">https://fonts.google.com/icons</a>

## Settings:

- Fill = on
- Optical size = 48px

Clic on icon "x", download it in SVG, a vector size independent format, as x.svg Repeat as needed

When finished, run ./cv [see below] in the download directory to convert theses svg icons in the proper v22 icon format [png, 128x128 px, transparent and negative]:

```
Color: #ffffff
Size: 128x128
Density: 1200

Convert apps.svg > apps.png
Convert browse_activity.svg > browse_activity.png
Convert dataset.svg > dataset.png
Convert event_list.svg > event_list.png
Convert group.svg > group.png
Convert indeterminate_check_box.svg > indeterminate_check_box.png
Convert local_convenience_store.svg > local_convenience_store.png
Convert person.svg > person.png
Convert point_of_sale.svg > point_of_sale.png
Convert query_stats.svg > query_stats.png
Convert settings_account_box.svg > settings_account_box.png
Convert settings.svg > settings.png
```



#### cv file

```
#!/bin/env bash
color="#ffffff"
size=128
density=1200
echo ""
echo "Color: $color"
echo "Size: ${size}x${size}"
echo "Density: $density"
echo ""
files="./*.svg"
for file in $files
  output="${file##*/}" # delete residual path [./]
output="${output%.*}" # delete extension (.svg)
  echo "Convert $output.svg > $output.png"
convert -background none -density $density -resize "$size"x"$size" $file /tmp/out-
  convert /tmp/output.png +level-colors $color, /tmp/output.png
  convert /tmp/output.png -fill $color -opaque white ico-$output.png
done
# eof
```

Gnoga allows you to leverage existing HTML tools to quickly design and create Forms for use in Gnoga applications.

Here is a simple step by step guide to quickly creating a bootstrap based Form using a simple online tool with Gnoga.

## 2 Form builder

Amended reproduction of  $\sim$ /Gnoga/doc/articles/QuickandSimpleFormBuildingwith-Gnoga.pdf, author unknown.

#### 2.1 Create form

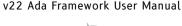
http://bootsnipp.com/forms?version=3

Click on Form Name for the title that will be displayed above the form, for this Example: "Hello World Gnoga and Bootstrap"

Drag a "Text Input" on to the form with your mouse

Click on the Text Input and fill in:

- ID/Name : fname
- Label Text: First Name
- Placeholder : blank
- Help Text : Enter your first name
- Click required





- Leave input size at Medium
- Click Save

Drag a "Text Input" on to the form with your mouse under the First Name field

Click on the Text Input and fill in:

- ID/Name : lname

- Label Text : Last Name

- Placeholder : blank

- Help Text : Enter your last name
- Click requied
- Leave input size at Medium
- Click Save

Click on the "buttons" tab above the form elements

Drag a Single Button over under the two fields

Click on the Single Button and fill in:

- ID/Name : sbutton - Label Text : blank

- Button Label : Ok

- Leave button type: Primary

- Click Save

## 2.1.1 Create Gnoga Project

Let's create our skeleton project using gnoga make:

- Run (add path if needed): gnoga make new form demo1 multi connect
- Edit the path (if needed) to gnoga at form\_demo1/src/form\_demo1.gpr

Replace boot.html copy ~/gnoga/html/boot\_starp3.html to replace boot.html from the html directory of your project.

From the css directory of your project, copy the bootstrap.min.css file from the bootstrap dist directory (see below).

From the js directory of your project, copy the bootstrap.min.js file from the bootstrap dist directory (see below).

Make the directory templates:

- mkdir templates

Copy the content of Rendered or View HTML tab to the body of form demo1.html.

Edit our view spec form demo1view.ads:

- Add with Gnoga.Gui.Element.Form;
- Replace the record contents of Default View Type with:
- First Name : Gnoga.Gui.Element.Form.Text Type;
- Last Name: Gnoga.Gui.Element.Form.Text Type;

Edit the view form demo1view.adb:



- In the procedure Create after the call to the parent Create add:
   Replace the Create procedure body with:
  Gnoga.Gui.View.View\_Type (View).Create (Parent, ID);
  View.Load\_File ("form\_demo1.html");
  View.First\_Name.Attach\_Using\_Parent (View, "fname");
  View.Last\_Name.Attach\_Using\_Parent (View, "lname");

  Edit the form\_demo1controller.adb:
   Replace the On\_Click with:
  procedure On\_Submit (Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base\_Type'Class);
  procedure On\_Submit (Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base\_Type'Class) is
  View : form\_demo1.View.Default\_View\_Type renames
  form\_demo1.View.Default\_View\_Type (Object);
  begin
  Gnoga.Log ("First Name : " & View.First\_Name.Value);
  Gnoga.Log ("Last Name : " & View.Last\_Name.Value);end On\_Submit;
- Replace the body of Default with:
   View.Dynamic;
   View.Create [Main\_Window];
   View.On Submit Handler [On Submit'Access];

Now build the project by running make at the root dir of your project and open your browser to localhost:8080 and your done:

The complete View and Controller files follow along with the form\_demo1.html clip from the website:

```
with Gnoga. Gui. Base;
with Gnoga. Gui. View;
with Gnoga. Gui. Element. Form;
package form_demo1. View is

type Default_View_Type is new Gnoga. Gui. View. View_Type with
record
    First_Name : Gnoga. Gui. Element. Form. Text_Type;
    Last_Name : Gnoga. Gui. Element. Form. Text_Type;
end record;

type Default_View_Access is access all Default_View_Type;
type Pointer_to_Default_View_Class is access all Default_View_Type' Class;

overriding procedure Create [View : in out Default_View_Type; Parent : in out Gno-ga. Gui. Base. Base_Type' Class; ID : in String := ""];
end form_demo1. View;
```

```
package body form_demo1.View is

Create
 overridingprocedure Create [View : in out Default_View_Type; Parent : in out Gno-ga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class; ID : in String := ""] is
```



```
begin
   Gnoga. Gui. View. View_Type [View]. Create [Parent, ID];
   View. Load_File ["form_demo1. html"];
   View. First_Name. Attach_Using_Parent [View, "fname"];
   View. Last_Name. Attach_Using_Parent [View, "lname"];
   end Create;
end form_demo1. View;
```

```
with Gnoga. Gui. Base;
with form_demo1. View;
package body form demo1. Controller is
 procedure On_Submit [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class];
procedure On_Submit [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class] is
  View : form_demo1. View. Default_View_Type renames
  form_demo1. View. Default_View_Type (Object);
  begin
   Gnoga.Log ("First Name : " & View.First_Name.Value);
   Gnoga. Log ["Last Name : " & View. Last_Name. Value];
  end On_Submit;
 procedure Default [Main_Window : in out Gnoga.Gui.Window.Window_Type'Class; Connec-
tion: access Gnoga. Application. Multi_Connect. Connection_Holder_Type) is
View: form_demo1. View. Default_View_Access:= new form_demo1. View. Default_View_Type;
 begin
  View. Dynamic;
  View. Create [Main_Window];
  View. On_Submit_Handler [On_Submit' Access];
 end Default; begin
 Gnoga. Application. Multi_Connect. On_Connect_Handler [Default' Access, "default"];
end form_demo1.Controller;
```

#### 2.1.2 templates/form demo.html

```
<form class="formhorizontal">
<fieldset>
<! Form Name >
<legend>Hello World Gnoga and Bootsrap</legend>
<! Text input>
<div class="formgroup">
 <label class="colmd4 controllabel" for="fname">First Name</label>
  <div class="colmd4">
<input id="fname" name="fname" type="text" placeholder="" class="formcontrol input-
md"required="">
  <span class="helpblock">Enter your first name</span>
 </div>
</div>
<! Text input>
<div class="formgroup">
 <label class="colmd4 controllabel" for="lname">Last Name</label> <div class="colmd4">
   <input id="lname" name="lname" type="text" placeholder="" class="formcontrol input-</pre>
md" required="">
   <span class="helpblock">Enter your last name</span>
```



## 2.1.3 Bootstrap-Form-Builder

https://github.com/minikomi/Bootstrap-Form-Builder using Bootstrap 2.3.1 http://bootsnipp.com/forms?version=3 using Bootstrap 2.3.1

## 2.1.4 Bootstrap library

https://getbootstrap.com

git clone <a href="https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap">https://github.com/twbs/bootstrap</a>

git checkout tags/v2.3.2 -b v2.3.2-branch Basculement sur la nouvelle branche 'v2.3.2-branch'

git checkout tags/v3.4.1 -b v3.4.1-branch Basculement sur la nouvelle branche 'v3.4.1-branch'

# 3 Page builder

<<<TODO>>>

Evaluate the online page builder <a href="https://bootsnipp.com/builder">https://bootsnipp.com/builder</a>.

Needs Bootstrap 4 for widgets.



https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

# API

There are 10 types of people in the world: those who understand binary and those who don't.

Anonymous



# 1 v22

## 1.1 Introduction

## 1.1.1 Concepts

The developer is a writer. The writer's courtesy is clarity;

Clarity and ease of use are prioritized over speed and efficiency.

The performance of a compiled language such as Ada as well as the hardware capabilities of current systems justify – most of the times - these choices.

On a simple loop, let's recall that if HAC (a very valuable and helpful Ada subset interpreter) is (among others) 7 times faster and vastly more capable than Bash, HAC itself is 300 times slower than Ada. So... Loop to the grayed second line:)

## 1.1.2 Conventions

To ease developers:

\$\Delta\text{String type is a subtype of UXString. This new String UTF-8 subtype is the standard v22 type. You should always use String<sup>6</sup>.

All strings constants and function only returns String type.

All strings parameters accept String type.

## 1.1.3 Usage

Use ./v22/v22.qpr as a stub for your own projects.

**6** Only use Standard.String when appropriate.



Use ./v22/example/ as an application template useful to create your own projects.

## 1.2 v22

Base package.

#### 1.2.1 Finalize

Description

Finalize application, closing log file, SQL connections and restore cursor state.

A handling Type parameter is provide for Ctrl-C handling or exceptions.

Usage

procedure Finalize (Handling\_Type : String := "")

• Example

## 1.2.2 Get Build

Description

Returns the formatted build date stamp as: "build YYYY-mm-dd hh:mm:ss".

Date and time reflect those of the v22 main program object v22.0, which implies deleting v22.0 at first before building the application.

Usage

function Get\_Build return String

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Date stamp build: " & v22. Get_Build]; build 2021-08-04 14:36:27
```

## 1.2.3 Get\_Compiler\_Version

Description

Returns the Library name and formatted version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get Version return String



## Example

```
Log. Msg ["Compiler version: " & v22. Get_Compiler_Version];
gnat gcc v13. 2. 0
```

## 1.2.4 Get\_Log\_Dir

Description

Returns the log directory.

Usage

function Get\_Log\_Dir return String

• Example

```
Log.Msg ["v22.Get_Log_Dir];
/var/log/
```

# 1.2.5 Get\_Tmp\_Dir

Description

Returns the temporary files directory.

Usage

function Get\_Tmp\_Dir return String

• Example

```
Log. Msg ("v22. Get_Tmp_Dir);
/tmp/
```

## 1.2.6 Get\_Version

Description

Returns the Library name and formatted version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get\_Version return String

Example



```
Log. Msg ["Library version: " & v22. Get_Version];
v22 v0.6
```

#### 1.2.7 Raise Exception

## · Description

Raise an exception for reporting test and rogram Name.err> file creation.

In addition to the usual trace, a v22 exception give some extra information like: exception time, program uptime, program & library names & versions, start & home directories and Ada and all languages memory allocation, current & maximum (peak) values.

## Usage

procedure Raise\_Exception

#### Example

```
Raise_Exception;
20230921-123354 - INIT - MSG - Exception test trigered by a raise exception
                            : 20230921-123354
Exception time
Program uptime
                               0h0 0m0 0s
                            :
Program build DT stamp: build 2023-09-21 12:33:15
Program name & version : testgui v0.1
Library name & version : v22 v0.1
Start directory
                           : /home/sr/Sowebio/informatique/dev/gpl/github/v22/tests
Home directory
                            : /home/sr
Ada mem. alloc. [bytes]: Ada Cur: [ 4132 ] Max: [ 4708 ] All mem. alloc. [bytes]: All Cur: [ 15204352 ] Max: [ 15204352 ]
raised V22. RAISE EXCEPTION. V22 EXCEPTION TEST: v22. adb: 81
[./testgui]
0x496f9e v22__raise_exception at v22.adb:81
0x41c1b1 _ada_testgui at testgui.adb: 830 0x488d8f main at b_testgui.adb: 1173
[/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libc.so.6]
0x7fb0fee29d8e
0x7fb0fee29e3e
[./testgui]
0x415973 _start at ???
0xfffffffffffffe
20230921-123354 - INIT
                                - MSG - testqui > Exception detected, finalize application
20230921-123354 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_1 20230921-123354 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_2
```

## 1.3 Cfg - Configuration file

Handle application configuration file. One configuration file is allowed per application.



#### 1.3.1 Close

Description

Close application configuration file. For sanity only, as each setting is instantly flushed to disk.

Usage

procedure Close

Example

## 1.3.2 Comment

Description

Insert a comment Text to the next line.

Usage

procedure Comment (Text : String)

Example

## 1.3.3 Delete

Description

Delete parameter in section. If no other parameter in this section, delete section too. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters.

Usage

procedure Delete [Section : String; Parameter : String]

Example

#### 1.3.4 Get

· Description

Return parameter in section or empty string if not found. Avoid reserved chars [ ] = # inside parameters.



Usage

function Get [Section: String; Parameter: String] return String

Example

# 1.3.5 Get\_Name

Description

Returns full qualified (with path) application configuration file name.

Usage

function Get\_Name return String

Example

## 1.3.6 New Line

· Description

Insert a blank line after to the next line.

Usage

procedure New Line

Example

#### 1.3.7 Open

Description

Open and load if exist application configuration file. Create blank if non existent. Default configuration file name is full qualified program name followed by .cfg extension and created in the program start directory. This default file name may be changed by Set\_Name procedure.

Usage

function Open (Cfg\_File\_Read\_In : String := "") return Boolean

Example



#### 1.3.8 Set

· Description

Create or replace an existing parameter in a section. If this latter does not exist, also creating it. New setting is persistent even program quits unexpectedly after. Avoid reserved chars [] = # inside parameters. If reserved chars are passed, the procedure does nothing. An optional trailing comment can also be added.

Usage

• Example

## 1.3.9 Set\_Name

Description

Set application configuration file name, relative or full qualified.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Name [Cfg_File_Read_In : String]
```

Example

## 1.4 Fls – Files management

## 1.4.1 Backup\_File

Description

Rename file with .bak.n suffix. Iterate n=0..9 searching a free n bak file. If n is free then write .bak.n, if n=9, delete .bak.0

Usage

```
procedure Backup_File [File_To_Backup : String];
```

Example



## 1.4.2 Copy File

## · Description

Copy a Source\_Name file to a Target\_Name file destination.

Copy\_Form is "preserve=all\_attributes,mode=overwrite" (full attributes preservation and overwrite file if exists).

Usage

procedure Copy File [Source Name, Target Name : String]

Example

## 1.4.3 Create\_Directory\_Tree

## Description

Create a directory tree Dir\_Tree. Each non-existent directory named by Dir\_Tree is created (possibly including other intermediate directories). Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree is inconsistent or still don't exist after the creating attempt). Return True if directory tree already exists or has just been created.

Extra inner slashes are processed i.e. a directory like /home/sr/opt/ytr.lkj////kjghgh will be valid. and will create, from /home/sr/opt:

- Directory ytr.lkj
- And then inner directory kighgh
- Usage

function Create\_Directory\_Tree [Dir\_Tree : String] return Boolean

Example

## 1.4.4 Delete\_Directory\_Tree

#### Description

Delete a directory tree Dir\_Tree. The directory and all of its contents (possibly including other directories) are deleted. Return True if Dir\_Tree is successfully deleted or was already deleted. Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree was non existent or still exists after the deleting attempt).

Dir Tree must be fully qualified, i.e. starting with a slash [/].

This function prevents deletion of the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv,



sys, tmp, usr, var. Pay close attention, you can't delete /etc but you are allowed to delete /etc/network!

/!\ With programs ran with root rights, this routine should be used with infinite caution.

/!\ This function uses Ada.Directories.Delete\_Tree, which raises an exception if the directory tree to delete contains a \*broken\* symbolic link (a file like any other). This latter is seen as \*non-existent\* and, when the parent directory is deleted, an exception occurs: raised ADA.IO\_EXCEPTIONS.USE\_ERROR: directory tree rooted at <directory tree> could not be deleted (because \*not empty\*). Funny, but not so much. Pure C code problem in Ada RTS. Stacked C calls in Russian puppet mode until a logical problem arises.

Usage

```
function Delete_Directory_Tree (Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean
procedure Delete_Directory_Tree (Dir_Tree : String)
```

Example

#### 1.4.5 Delete File

Description

Delete a Name file only if this latter exists. No exception will be raised if the file to delete does not exists.

Usage

```
procedure Delete File (Name : String)
```

Example

## 1.4.6 Delete Lines

Description

Search and remove file lines matching Pattern in File Name.

Usage

```
procedure Delete_Lines (File_Name, Pattern : String)
```

Example



## 1.4.7 Download File

Description

Download a file from Url to Dlfile. Do nothing if Dlfile already exists with its size equals Dlsize. Name is purely informational and used to named file in text messages.

Return True is Dlfile present at the right size, False otherwise.

Usage

• Example

#### 1.4.8 Exists

Description

Returns True if file or directory Name exists.

Usage

function Exists [Name: String] return Boolean

Example

## 1.4.9 Extract\_Directory

Description

Returns directory from Name.

Usage

function Extract\_Directory (Name : String) return String

Example

Tio. Put\_Line [Extract\_Directory ["/etc/ssh/sshd\_config"]]
/etc/ssh

# 1.4.10 Extract Name

· Description

Returns filename from Name.

Usage

function Extract\_Filename [Name : String] return VString

Example

Tio.Put\_Line [Fls.Extract\_Filename ["/etc/ssh/sshd\_config"]] then sshd\_config

# 1.4.11 File\_Size

· Description

Return size of Name file.

Usage

function File\_Size [Name : String] return Integer

Example

#### 1.4.12 Get Directory

Description

Returns current directory.

Usage

function Current\_Directory return String

Example

# 1.4.13 Is\_Root\_Directory

Description

This function checks the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv, sys, tmp, usr, var. Returns True if Dir\_Tree is a root directory.



Dir\_Tree must be fully qualified, ie starting with a slash (/).

Usage

function Is\_Root\_Directory (Dir\_Tree : String) return Boolean

• Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [Fls. Is_Root_Directory ["/etc"]];
True
Tio. Put_Line [Fls. Is_Root_Directory ["/etc/network"]];
False
```

#### 1.4.14 Move File

Description

Move a Source\_Name file to a Target\_Name file destination. Copy\_Form is "preserve=all\_attributes,mode=overwrite" [full attributes preservation and overwrite file if exists].

Usage

```
procedure Move_File [Source_Name, Target_Name : String]
```

Example

#### 1.4.15 Rename

Description

Rename an Old\_Name file or directory to a New\_Name file or directory. If exists a file New File, it will be overwritten.

Usage

```
procedure Rename [Old_Name, New_Name : String]
```

Example

#### 1.4.16 Search Lines

Description

Search at least a line matching Pattern in File\_Name and return true if found.



function Search\_Lines [File\_Name, Pattern : String] return Boolean

Example

### 1.4.17 Set\_Directory

Description

Change to a directory Directory. Create Directory if this latter does not exist, return False if operation failed.

Usage

function Set\_Directory (Directory : String) return Boolean

Example

#### 1.5 Gui – Gnoga User Interface

This is the v22 Graphic User Interface, called Gnoga instead of Graphic in homage to the outstanding work of David Botton, not forgetting Dmitri A. Kazakov (Gnoga uses his Simple Components package and Dmitry helped implement the Socket Web interface) and Pascal Pignard, Gnoga's current maintainer, who also integrated his UXStrings library that made Gnoga UTF-8 compatible.

#### 1.5.1 Close Dialog

Description

Close current jQuery dialog, removes it from HTML.

Usage

procedure Close\_Dialog (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

Example

Description

Removes any content inside content parent.

Usage

procedure Content\_Clear [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class]

# 1.5.2 Connection\_Data\_Clear

Description

Clear all Connection Data entries. Should be used when user disconnects.

Connection Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each connection.

Usage

procedure Connection\_Data\_Clear (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

Example

# 1.5.3 Connection Data Delete

Description

Delete a Connection Data entry. Key not found is silently ignored.

Connection\_Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each connection.

Usage

procedure Connection\_Data\_Delete (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class;
Key : String)

Example

# 1.5.4 Connection\_Data\_Get

Description

Retrieve a Connection Data entry. Returns an empty string if key does not exist.

Connection Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each connection.

Usage

function Connection\_Data\_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Key :
String] return String;



# 1.5.5 Connection\_Data\_List

Description

List all Connection\_Data entries on debug log.

Connection\_Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each connection.

Usage

```
procedure Connection_Data_Delete (Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class)
```

Example

# 1.5.6 Connection\_Data\_Set

Description

Create a new Connection Data entry. If Key already exists, the value is replaced.

Connection\_Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each connection.

Usage

```
procedure Connection_Data_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Key :
String; Value : String]
```

Example

# 1.5.7 Content\_Clear\_HTML

Description

Clear HTML in content parent.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Clear_HTML [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class]
```

Example

```
Content_Clear_Text
```



Description

Clear text in content parent. Should be used when the only content of the menu is this text. Otherwise, should use Content\_Parent instead.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Clear_Text [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class]
```

Example

# 1.5.8 Content\_Clear\_Title

Description

Clear title above content.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Clear_Title [Object : in out GGB. Base_Type'Class]
```

Example

# 1.5.9 Content\_Group\_Add\_Button

Description

Add a button with a callback. Can be use as a submit button.

Usage

• Example

#### 1.5.10 Content Group Add Space

Description

Add space between rows in form group.

Example

# 1.5.11 Content\_Group\_Add\_Title

Description

Add a title to a form group.

Title from arguments of Content\_Group\_Create is already on screen and has a higher emphasis.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Group_Add_Title [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Title : String;
Parent_Key : String]
```

Example

# 1.5.12 Content Group Check Box Add

Description

Add a check box in a group.

Usage

Example

# 1.5.13 Content Group Check Box Checked

Description

Set a check box state in a group.



```
procedure Content_Group_Check_Box_Checked [Object : in out
GGB.Base_Type'Class; Name : String; Is_Checked : Boolean]
```

Example

# 1.5.14 Content\_Group\_Check\_Box\_Is\_Checked

Description

Get a check box state in a group.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Check\_Box\_Is\_Checked [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String] return Boolean

Example

### 1.5.15 Content Group Create

Description

Create a container for forms. This element is displayed in the content container.

Does not need any clearing apart from Content Clear to delete this element.

Usage

Example

# 1.5.16 Content\_Group\_Date\_Add

Description

Add a date in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Date\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Parent\_Key : String; On\_Change : GGB.Action\_Event : = null]



# 1.5.17 Content\_Group\_Date\_Get

Description

Get a date in a group. Format is YYYY-MM-DD.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Date\_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String] return String

• Example

#### 1.5.18 Content\_Group\_Date\_Set

Description

Set a date in a group. Format is YYYY-MM-DD.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Date\_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Date : String]

Example

# 1.5.19 Content\_Group\_Drop\_Down\_Menu\_Add

Description

Add a drop-down menu, with customizable default item, in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Drop\_Down\_Menu\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Parent\_Key : String; On\_Change : GG-B.Action\_Event := null]



# 1.5.20 Content Group Drop Down Menu Add Option

# Description

Add an item to a drop-down menu. If Enabled is True, this item will be the displayed by default.

Usage

Example

# 1.5.21 Content\_Group\_Drop\_Down\_Menu\_Add\_Option\_From\_DB\_By\_Key

Description

Registers all Column\_Key and Column\_Display lines from Table and select by default (for further display) the one where Column\_Key = Match\_Value.

If No\_Display\_Raw\_One is True and Column\_Key equal to Id (primary key) then the first raw [Id=1] will be ignored (thus not displayed).

Usage

Example

# 1.5.22 Content Group Drop Down Menu Empty Options

Description

Clear items in a drop-down menu.



```
procedure Content_Group_Drop_Down_Menu_Empty_Options (Object : in out GG-
B.Base_Type'Class; Name : String)
```

Example

```
1.5.23 Content_Group_Drop_Down_Menu_Get
```

Description

Get the selected item in a drop-down menu.

Usage

```
function Content_Group_Drop_Down_Menu_Get [Object : in out
GGB.Base_Type'Class; Name : String] return String
```

Example

```
1.5.24 Content Group Drop Down Menu Get Key From DB
```

Description

Returns the Column\_Key from Table where Column\_Display = Selected value from Key drop down menu.

Usage

Example

#### 1.5.25 Content\_Group\_Drop\_Down\_Menu\_Set\_Selected

Description

Set item selected or deselected in a drop-down menu.



procedure Content\_Group\_Drop\_Down\_Menu\_Set\_Selected {Object : in out GGB. Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Index : in Positive;
Value : in Boolean := True}

• Example

# 1.5.26 Content\_Group\_Email\_Add

Description

Add an email in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Email\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class;
Name : String; Parent\_Key : String; On\_Change : GGB.Action\_Event :=
null]

Example

# 1.5.27 Content Group Email Get

Description

Get an email in a group.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Email\_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String] return String

Example

#### 1.5.28 Content\_Group\_Email\_Set

Description

Set an email in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Email\_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Email : String]



# 1.5.29 Content\_Group\_Item\_Lock

Description

Lock a form in a form group so the user can't write anything.

Usage

• Example

# 1.5.30 Content\_Group\_Item\_Unlock

Description

Unlock a form in a form group.

Usage

• Example

# 1.5.31 Content\_Group\_Item\_Place\_Holder

Description

Set a place-holder for field-type forms.

Usage



# 1.5.32 Content Group Number Add

Description

Add a number in a group.

To avoid "exception Error jQuery\_Execute converting to Integer [forced to 0]", all uninitialized Gui.Content\_Group\_Number\_Add must be initialized to 0 with Gui.Content\_Group\_Number\_Set.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Number\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Parent\_Key : String; On\_Change : GGB.Action\_Event := null]

Example

### 1.5.33 Content Group Number Get

· Description

Get a number in a group.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Number\_Get (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String) return Integer

Example

# 1.5.34 Content\_Group\_Number\_Set

Description

Set a number in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Number\_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Value : Integer]

• Example



# 1.5.35 Content Group Password Add

· Description

Add a password in a group.

Usage

Example

#### 1.5.36 Content\_Group\_Password\_Get

Description

Get a password in a group.

Usage

```
function Content_Group_Password_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Name : String] return String
```

Example

# 1.5.37 Content\_Group\_Password\_Set

Description

Set a password in a group to simulate an existing password in update form.

It is advisable to spend a fairly long fake password, like 20 characters.

Usage

```
Gui.Content_Group_Password_Set [Object, "Password", 20 * "-"];
```



# 1.5.38 Content Group Phone Add

· Description

Add a phone number in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Phone\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Parent Key : String; On Change : GGB.Action Event := null]

Example

# 1.5.39 Content\_Group\_Phone\_Get

Description

Get a phone number in a group.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Phone\_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String] return String

Example

# 1.5.40 Content\_Group\_Phone\_Set

Description

Set a phone number in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Phone\_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Phone : String]

Example

# 1.5.41 Content\_Group\_Text\_Add

Description

Add text entry in a group.



procedure Content\_Group\_Text\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Parent\_Key : String; On\_Change : GGB.Action\_Event := null]

Example

# 1.5.42 Content\_Group\_Text\_Get

Description

Get text entry in a group.

Usage

function Content\_Group\_Text\_Get [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String] return String;

Example

### 1.5.43 Content Group Text Set

Description

Set text entry in a group.

Usage

procedure Content\_Group\_Text\_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name : String; Text : String]

• Example

#### 1.5.44 Content\_Group\_Text\_Area\_Add

Description

Add text area with customizable height in a group.

Usage



### 1.5.45 Content Group Text Area Get

Description

Get text area content in a group.

Usage

Example

### 1.5.46 Content\_Group\_Text\_Area\_Set

Description

Set text area content in a group.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Group_Text_Area_Set [Object : in out
GGB.Base_Type'Class; Name : String; Text : String]
```

Example

#### 1.5.47 Content\_Group\_Warning\_Add

Description

Add a custom (non form) warning area in a group to display a warning message.

Can be used with an empty Text at first, then later using the setter.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Group_Warning_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Text : String; Key : String; Parent_Key : String]
```



# 1.5.48 Content Group Warning Set

Description

Display a warning message in a group.

Usage

```
procedure Content_Group_Warning_Set [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Key : String; Text : String]
```

Example

### 1.5.49 Content\_List\_Add\_Column

Description

Add a column in the table.

Must be called as much as needed before using Content List Add Item.

See Content List layout example.

Usage

```
procedure Content_List_Add_Column [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Variable : String; Parent_Key : String
```

Example

### 1.5.50 Content\_List\_Add\_Item

· Description

Returns the item index in list.

Columns must be added before using Content List Add Column.

Style controls the row text alignment (left, center, right). Center is the default.

See Content List layout example.

Usage



# 1.5.51 Content\_List\_Add\_Text

# Description

This function place a new column in the table at a given row.

The corresponding item must be created before using Content\_List\_Add\_Item.

Style controls the column text alignment (left, center, right). Center is the default.

See Content List layout example.

Usage

#### Example

# 1.5.52 Content\_List\_Create

#### Description

Create a table for a list of items. This element is displayed in the content container.

Does not need any clearing apart from Content Clear to delete this element.

Elements can be selected and the index obtained using Content\_List\_Selected\_Row.

See Content List layout example.

Usage

```
procedure Content_List_Create [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Title
: String]
```

• Example



# 1.5.53 Content List Selected Row

Description

Return the selected row index.

See Content List layout example.

Usage

function Content\_List\_Selected\_Row [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class;
Parent\_Key : String] return Integer

Example

# 1.5.54 Content\_Load\_HTML

Description

Displays a HTML encoded file.

Usage

procedure Content\_Load\_HTML (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Text :
String)

Example

# 1.5.55 Content\_Parent

Description

Return the element below menu title, containing all content.

Usage

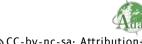
function Content\_Parent [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class] return
GGV.View\_Access

Example

# 1.5.56 Content\_Put\_HTML

Description

Displays a HTML encoded string.



procedure Content\_Put\_HTML (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Text :
String)

• Example

# 1.5.57 Content\_Put\_Text

# Description

Put text in content parent. Should be used when the only content of the menu is this text. Otherwise, should use Content\_Parent instead.

Usage

procedure Content\_Put\_Text [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Text :
String]

Example

# 1.5.58 Content\_Put\_Title

Description

Set title above content.

Usage

procedure Content\_Put\_Title [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Title :
String]

Example

#### 1.5.59 Dialog\_Buttons

Description

Display a one or two Buttons dialog, for user to quit a screen, user choices like Quit/Update or Cancel/Validate, etc.

Usage



```
Left_Text : String;
Left_Handler : GGB. Action_Event := null;
Right_Text : String;
Right_Handler : GGB. Action_Event := null)
```

```
Gui. Dialog_Buttons {Object, User_Form_Title, "Quit", On_Quit'Unrestricted_Access);
```

#### 1.5.60 Dialog\_Popup

#### Description

Create a jQuery dialog, with two potential buttons. Buttons are displayed if their corresponding handler is not null. Confirm button is focused.

It is advised to use Close Dialog in On Confirm and On Cancel handlers.

See <a href="https://api.jqueryui.com/position">https://api.jqueryui.com/position</a> for Position My and Position At information.

Usage

```
procedure Dialog_Popup [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
                           Title: String; Content: String;
                           Left_Text : String := "";
                           Left_Handler : GGB. Action_Event := null;
                           Right_Text : String :=
                           Right_Handler : GGB. Action_Event := null;
                           Height: Natural := 150;
                           Width: Natural: = 300;
                           Position_My : String := "center top+40";
Position_At: String := "center top+40"]
```

# Example

#### 1.5.61 Footer Set Left Text

#### Description

Displays text on the left side of the footer.

Usage

```
procedure Footer_Set_Left_Text [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Text
: String := "")
```

Example



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# 1.5.62 Footer Set Right Text

· Description

Displays text on the right side of the footer.

Usage

```
procedure Footer_Set_Right_Text [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Text : String := ""]
```

Example

# 1.5.63 Header\_Application\_Menu\_Add

Description

Add menu and cascaded menu to application menu. Key must be unique. On\_Click handler must call Header\_Notify\_Menu\_Click.

Usage

```
procedure Header_Application_Menu_Add (Key : String; Name : String; Par-
ent_Key : String; On_Click : GGB.Action_Event)
```

Example

# 1.5.64 Header\_Notify\_Menu\_Click

Description

Header module menu callback.

Usage

```
procedure Header_Notify_Menu_Click [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Key : String]
```

Example

# 1.5.65 Header\_Notify\_User\_Menu\_Click

Description

Header user menu callback.



procedure Header\_Notify\_User\_Menu\_Click (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

Example

# 1.5.66 Header\_Set\_Root

Description

Set default root module menu.

Key must be unique.

On\_Click handler must call Header\_Notify\_Menu\_Click.

Usage

procedure Header\_Set\_Root (Key : String; Name : String; On\_Click : GG-B.Action\_Event)

Example

# 1.5.67 Header\_User\_Menu\_Add

Description

Add menu to user menu.

On\_Click handler must call Header\_Notify\_User\_Menu\_Click otherwise.

User navigation menu can't be closed.

Usage

procedure Header\_User\_Menu\_Add [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Name
: String; On\_Click : GGB.Action\_Event]

Example

#### 1.5.68 Launch Web

Description

Open a new tab in browser to URL.

User's browser might not accept redirection at first, in this case the user needs to enable this.



```
Launch_Web [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; URL : String]
```

Example

#### 1.5.69 List

### · Description

List Table columns listed in List\_Columns (comma separated) with header table titles List Header (comma separated) and Condition.

List Name is the list title. List\_Key is the table list unique identifier.

See Gui.Crud Init below for usage and examples.

Usage

#### Example

#### 1.5.70 Main\_Menu

Main Menu has two modes.



#### • Mode 1 - Direct mode

Using mode one (or direct mode), selecting a menu on the left-hand bar directly calls up a routine. Example:



A click on "Mode n°1" displays directly the page "Menu mode 1".

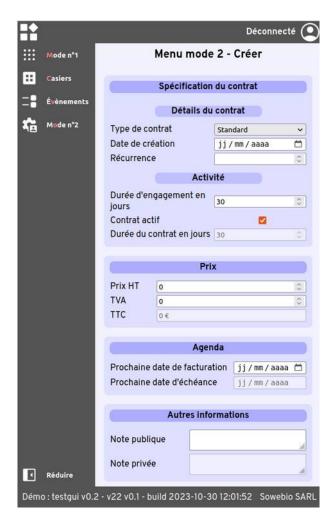
#### • Mode 2 - sub menu mode

Using mode two (or sub-menu mode), selecting a menu on the left-hand bar displays a sub menu. Each sub menu calling a routine. Example:



Then, click on [or type the 'r' letter] the sub menu "Créer" displays this demo page:





When using mode two, you must acknowledge the sub-menu by calling the procedure Gui.Main\_Menu\_Notify\_Sub\_Element\_Click [Object, "Preferences\_Delete"]; with the sub-key corresponding to the sub-menu. [see testgui code and the call from Gui.-Main\_Menu\_Add\_Sub\_Element [Object, "Preferences\_Delete", "Supprimer", "Preferences", Mgt.Demo\_Complex\_Form\_Delete'Unrestricted\_Access];

#### 1.5.71 Main\_Menu\_Add\_Delimiter\_Above

Description

Add a delimiter above a sub-element.

Usage

procedure Main\_Menu\_Add\_Delimiter\_Above [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Key : String]



# 1.5.72 Main Menu Add Element

Description

Add an element to a menu.

Key must be unique.

Usage

• Example

### 1.5.73 Main Menu Add Sub Element

Description

Add an element to a sub menu. If parent is "File", and this element is "Edit", then a unique key should be set as "File\_Edit".

Key must be unique.

On Click event procedure must in turn call Main Menu Notify Sub Element Click.

Usage

Example

#### 1.5.74 Main\_Menu\_Clear

Description

Clear Main Menu content.

Usage

procedure Main\_Menu\_Clear (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)



# 1.5.75 Main\_Menu\_Disable\_Shortcuts

Description

Disable Main\_Menu shortcuts, for both elements and sub-elements.

Usage

```
procedure Main_Menu_Disable_Shortcuts [Object : in out
GGB.Base_Type'Class]
```

Example

### 1.5.76 Main\_Menu\_Enable\_Shortcuts

Description

Enable Main Menu shortcuts, allowing both elements and sub-elements shortcuts.

Usage

```
procedure Main_Menu_Enable_Shortcuts (Object : in out
GGB.Base_Type'Class)
```

Example

# 1.5.77 Main\_Menu\_Load

Description

Load Main Menu after elements has been added.

Usage

```
procedure Main_Menu_Load [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class]
```



# 1.5.78 Main\_Menu\_ Notify\_Sub\_Element\_Click

· Description

Callback to place in sub-elements' handlers.

Usage

procedure Main\_Menu\_Notify\_Sub\_Element\_Click (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class; Key : String)

Example

# 1.5.79 Main\_Menu\_Set\_Clickable

· Description

Set an element (or sub-element) clickable.

Usage

procedure Main\_Menu\_Set\_Clickable (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class;
Key : String)

• Example

# 1.5.80 Main\_Menu\_Set\_Unclickable

Description

Set an element (or sub-element) unclickable.

Usage

procedure Main\_Menu\_Set\_Unclickable (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class;
Key : String)

Example

# 1.5.81 Pop\_Up

Description

Display a pop-up message with a title defaulted to "Message".



| <ul> <li>Usage</li> </ul> |
|---------------------------|
|---------------------------|

procedure Pop\_Up [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base\_Type'Class; Text :
String; Title : String := "Message"]

• Example

#### 1.5.82 Print

Description

Call system printing on current web view. <<<TODO>>> Don't work, to be fixed. Tends to stop client-server communication.

Usage

procedure Print [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class]

Example

# 1.5.83 Put User Icon

Description

Display the user icon registered by Set\_User\_Icon.

Usage

procedure Put\_User\_Icon (Object : in out GGB. Base\_Type'Class)

Example

# 1.5.84 Set\_Application\_Icon

Description

Set the application icon when clicked displays the modules menu.

Usage

procedure Set\_Application\_Icon (Icon\_File : String)



# 1.5.85 Set Browser Icon

· Description

Set application icon in browser tab. <<<TODO>>> Don't work, to be fixed.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Browser_Icon (Icon_File : String)
```

Example

# 1.5.86 Set\_Browser\_Title

Description

Set application title in browser tab.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Browser_Title (Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Title :
String)
```

• Example

# 1.5.87 Set\_Debug

Description

Set Gnoga debug mode. This mode must be set before calling Setup to take effect.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Debug [Switch : On_Off]
```

Example

#### 1.5.88 Set Login

Description

Application access control.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Login (Switch : On_Off)
```



#### 1.5.89 Set User Icon

Description

Set the user icon when clicked displays the user menu.

Usage

```
procedure Set_User_Icon (Icon_File : String)
```

Example

# 1.5.90 Set\_User\_Name

Description

Set user name, displayed next to the user icon.

Usage

```
procedure Set_User_Name (Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Name :
String)
```

• Example

#### 1.5.91 Setup

Description

Set application connection parameters On User Connect is called every time a user calls a web page.

Usage



#### 1.5.92 User Logout

Description

Disconnect user. This function assumes Setup was called.

Usage

```
procedure User_Logout (Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class)
```

Example

#### 1.6 Gui.Crud - CRUD management

#### 1.6.1 Get

Description

Get CRUD parameter from Init procedure.

Usage

```
function Get [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base Type'Class; Parameter :
String) return String
```

Example

```
Gui. Crud. Get [Object, "Db Key"]
```

#### 1.6.2 Init

Description

CRUD screen initialization.

List Name is the list title. List Key is the table list unique identifier.

List\_Header (comma separated) contains the header columns. List Columns (comma separated) contains the list of displayed columns.

Some tags are automatically generated in the Connection Data dictionary:

- "Key"\_n storing column tagged with "!" value (see below);
- "Key"\_**First** storing column tagged with "!" value for the first line;

- "Key"\_First\_Id storing first (whole list, not a page) list Id;
  "Key"\_Id\_n storing Id value for each line;
  "Key"\_Last storing column tagged with "!" value for the last line;

- "Key"\_**Last\_Id** storing last (whole list, not a page) list Id;
- "Key"\_Select storing column tagged with "!" value for the cliked/selected line.

"Key"\_Select is mainly set in On\_Delete and On\_Update procedures then mainly used in On\_Validate\_Delete and On\_Validate\_Update procedures.

### Special tags

You can tag columns with one or more tags, depending of the context. Example:

- ! Indexed column key for further seeking the record.
- # Hidden column in list.
- \*L Left aligned.
- \*R Right aligned.
- M\$ Money column with \$ monetary sign in front of the amount, right aligned.
- M€ Money column with € monetary sign behind the amount, right aligned.
- M% Money column with no monetary sign, right aligned.
- D/ Date column with DD/MM/YYYY formatting.
- D. Date column with DD.MM.YYYY formatting.
- DT/ Date Time column with DD/MM/YYYY HH:MM:SS formatting.
- DT. Date Time column with DD.MM.YYYY HH:MM:SS formatting.

Note: The default date column format is ISO 8601 YYYY-MM-DD.

#### Usage

#### • Example 1



#### User List

|    | Identifier | First name | Name      | Phone | Email |
|----|------------|------------|-----------|-------|-------|
| 1  | admin6     | Number     | Six       |       |       |
| 2  | admin7     | Number     | Seven     |       |       |
| 3  | alpha      | Steve      | Howe      |       |       |
| 4  | delta      | Jon        | Anderson  |       |       |
| 5  | foxtrot    | Chris      | Squire    |       |       |
| 6  | juliet     | Bill       | Bruford   |       |       |
| 7  | tango      | Pete       | Townsend  |       |       |
| 8  | uniform    | Roger      | Daltrey   |       |       |
| 9  | xray       | Keith      | Moon      |       |       |
| 10 | zoulou     | John       | Entwistle |       |       |

# When a click event is trigged on the **third line**:

```
Key : constant UXString := "Users_List_Key";
Data_Index : constant Integer := Gui.Content_List_Selected_Row [Object, Key];
Data_Value : constant String := Gui.Get_Connection_Data [Object, Key & "_" & To_String_Unsigned [Data_Index]];

Results...

Data_Index: 3
Search key is: Users_List_Key_3
Data_Value: alpha
```

#### Example 2

```
With List_Key = Places_Crud

Data_Index : constant String := To_String_Unsigned [Gui.Content_List_Selected_Row [Object, Gui.Crud.Get [Object, "List_Key"]]];

Data_Index = 5 [index in displayed lines of list, 5 = fifth line of the list]

Data_Value : constant String := Gui.Get_Connection_Data [Object, Gui.Crud.Get [Object, "List_Key"] & "_" & Data_Index];

Places_Crud_5 = 59 [db key index, 59 is the value to seek]

Then store 59 in Places_Crud_Select key for further use in search for updating or deletion.
```

# Example 3 - Complex list with JOIN



```
List_Header => "Nom, Point de vente",
List_Columns => "~Tbl_Dispensers.Name, Tbl_Point_Of_Sales.Name",
List_Join => "INNER JOIN Tbl_Point_Of_Sales ON Tbl_Point_Of_Sales.Id =
Tbl_Dispensers.Point_Of_Sales",
List_Limit => 10];
```

## • Example 4- Event CRUD by Id

```
Gui.List > Key/First: Events_Crud_First/969
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_1/969
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_2/968
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_3/967
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_4/966
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_5/965
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_6/964
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_7/963
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_8/962
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_9/961
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_10/960
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_11/959
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_12/958
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_13/957
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_14/956
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_15/955
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_16/954
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_17/953
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_18/952
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_19/951
Gui.List > Key_Id_n/Value: Events_Crud_Id_20/950
Gui.List > Key/Last: Events_Crud_Last/950
```

### Example 5 - Dispensers by Key (Dispensers name)

```
Gui.List > Key/First: Dispensers_Crud_First/dis 1
Gui.List > Key/Value: Dispensers_Crud_1/dis 1
Gui.List > Key/Value: Dispensers_Crud_2/dis 2
Gui.List > Key/Last: Dispensers_Crud_Last/dis 2
```

#### 1.6.3 List

#### Description

Display a list in CRUD screen.

CRUD screen management needs to be initialized, typically done in the CRUD main menu. See the Init procedure example above.

#### Usage

```
procedure List [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class; Condition :
String := ""]
```

#### Example

```
Gui. Crud. List [Object];
```



Gui.Crud.List [Object, "WHERE " & Gui.Crud.Get [Object, "Db\_Key"] & " >= ' " & Sql.Escape\_String [Data\_Value] & "'"];

# 1.6.4 List\_Length\_Get

Description

Get list length in CRUD screen.

Usage

function List\_Length\_Get return Positive

• Example

# 1.6.5 List\_Length\_Set

• Description

Set list length in CRUD screen.

Usage

procedure List\_Length\_Set (Length : Positive)

Example

# 1.6.6 List\_Reset

Description

Reset list cursor to the list's beginning.

Usage

procedure List\_Reset (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

• Example



# 1.6.7 On Cancel

· Description

Handle cancel in CRUD screen.

Usage

procedure On\_Cancel [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class]

• Example

Gui. Crud. On\_Cancel' Unrestricted\_Access

# 1.6.8 On Down

Description

Manage list scroll down in CRUD screen. See List below for further information.

Usage

procedure On\_Down [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class]

Example

Gui. Crud. On\_Down' Unrestricted\_Access

# 1.6.9 On\_Filter\_Off

Description

Unfilter the current filtered list.

Usage

procedure On\_Filter\_Off (Object : in out GGB. Base\_Type'Class)

• Example

Gui. Crud. On\_Filter\_Off' Unrestricted\_Access

# 1.6.10 On Refresh

Description

List refresh.





procedure On\_Refresh [Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class]

• Example

Gui. Crud. On\_Down' Unrestricted\_Access

#### 1.6.11 On Up

Description

Manage list scroll up in CRUD screen. See List Put below for further information.

Usage

procedure List\_On\_Up (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

Example

Gui. Crud. On Up' Unrestricted Access

## 1.6.12 Put\_Error\_Message

Description

Display a error message at the bottom of the screen.

Usage

procedure List\_On\_Up (Object : in out GGB.Base\_Type'Class)

Example

Gui. Crud. On\_Up' Unrestricted\_Access

#### 1.6.13 Read

Description

Read a record in CRUD screens.

\$\times \text{Key is assumed to be already space trimmed.}

This function doesn't trim Key, as Key must already be space trimmed in the Query, to ensure that there are no space in the written key, and that subsequent searches will be accurate.



• Usage

```
function Read (Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class;
Key : String;
Query : String) return String
```

Example

#### 1.6.14 Search

Description

Search on Key in CRUD screen.

Usage

```
function Search (Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class;
Key : String;
Message_Not_Found : String) return Boolean
```

• Example

#### 1.6.15 Title

Description

List title in CRUD screens.

Valid Mode is: DB CREATE, DB READ, DB UPDATE, DB DELETE, DB SEARCH.

Usage

```
procedure Title [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class; Mode :
String; Title : String := ""]
```

Example

#### 1.6.16 Write

Description

Write a record in CRUD screens.

Operation is: DB CREATE, DB UPDATE.



```
procedure Write [Object : in out Gnoga.Gui.Base.Base_Type'Class;
                 Operation: String;
                 Key : String;
                 Query: String;
                 Message_Key_Already_Exists : String;
                Message_Key_Is_Missing : String];
```

# Example

#### 1.7 Msg - Logging management

To avoid name conflicts with Gnoga, which has a log procedure, the original v20.Log package has been renamed v22.Msg. Then original procedure v20.Msg has been renamed v22.Info as information message.

Msg is a task aware package, using a mutex schema to avoid collision.

#### 1.7.1 Debug

Description

Log a debug message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Debug (Message : Boolean)
procedure Debug (Message : String)
```

Example

#### 1.7.2 Debug\_Latin\_1

Description

Same as previous Debug procedure but accept Latin 1 Standard. String as input. Log a debug message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Debug_Latin_1 [Message : Standard.String]
```

Example



#### 1.7.3 Error

· Description

Log an error message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

procedure Error (Message : in String)

• Example

# 1.7.4 Error\_Latin\_1

Description

Same as previous Error procedure but accept Latin\_1 Standard. String as input. Log an error message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

procedure Error\_Latin\_1 (Message : in Standard.String)

Example

# 1.7.5 Get\_Dir

Description

Returns log file directory.

Usage

function Get\_Dir return String

• Example

#### 1.7.6 Info

Description

Log an information message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.



```
procedure Info [Message : Boolean]
procedure Info [Message : On_Off]
procedure Info [Message : ASCII_Character]
procedure Info [Message : String]
procedure Info [Message : Integer]
procedure Info [Message : Long_Integer]
procedure Info [Message : Long_Long_Integer]
procedure Info [Message : Float]
procedure Info [Message : Money]
```

Example

# 1.7.7 Info\_Latin\_1

Description

Same as previous Info procedure but accept Latin\_1 Standard. String as input. Log an information message. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

Usage

```
procedure Info_Latin_1 (Message : Standard.String)
```

• Example

#### 1.7.8 Is\_Debug

Description

Return debug status.

Usage

function Is\_Debug return On\_Off

Example

# 1.7.9 New\_Line

Description

Log a blank line.





procedure New\_Line

• Example

# 1.7.10 Set\_Debug

Description

Set debug messages status on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Debug (Switch : On\_Off)

• Example

Msg. Set\_Debug [On]

# 1.7.11 Set\_Dir

· Description

Set log file directory.

Usage

procedure Set\_Dir (Dir\_In : String)

• Example

# 1.7.12 Set Display

• Description

Log to display on/[off].

Usage

procedure Set\_Display (Switch : On\_Off)

• Example

Msg. Set\_Display [On]

# 1.7.13 Set Disk

• Description

Log to disk on/[off].

Usage

```
procedure Set_Disk (Switch : On_Off)
```

• Example

```
Msg. Set_Disk [On]
```

# 1.7.14 Set Header

Description

Line header on/[off].

Usage

```
procedure Set_Header (Switch : On_Off)
```

Example

```
Msg. Set_Header [On]
```

# 1.7.15 Set\_Task

Description

Set new current log task name. 7 characters max before truncation.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Task (New_Task : String)
```

• Example

#### 1.7.16 Title

· Description

Log a title. 45 characters max before truncation with a maximum line length of 79.

```
procedure Title (Message : in String)
```

Example

# 1.8 Net – Network management

#### 1.8.1 Api

Description

Communication with hoster or software API. At present, only Ovh hoster and Matomo software are handled.

Usage

## Example OVH

```
with GNATCOLL. JSON;
package GJ renames GNATCOLL. JSON;
    declare
        Ovh_Consumer_Key : constant String := "579***3d5";
        Ovh_Application_Key : constant String := "4be***5b4";
        Ovh_Application_Secret : constant String := "069***b7b";
        Answer : String;
Api_Query : GJ. JSON_Value := GJ. Create_Object;
    begin
        Answer : = Net. Api (Net. Ovh,
                                   "eu.api.ovh.com/v1",
                                  Ovh_Consumer_Key,
                                  Ovh_Application_Key,
Ovh_Application_Secret,
                                  Net. Get,
                                   "domain/zone/ab***em.org"
        Msg. Info (Answer);
        -- Populate JSON query
GJ.Set_Field [Api_Query, "fieldType", "TXT"];
GJ.Set_Field [Api_Query, "subDomain", "BBBB_Y"];
GJ.Set_Field [Api_Query, "target", "DDDD_D"];
```



# Example Matomo

#### 1.8.2 Command

### Description

Send remote command to host. Returns True if command successful (remote exit code equal to 0). If used, SE\_Output returns remote console output.

When using with password instead of key, the package "sshpass" must be installed.

#### Usage

# Exception

Error\_Command Raised when send command error

#### Example

```
List files in a directory:

Net.Command ["root@i51c1.domain.tld", "cd /root; ls -l"];
```



```
4. OK Sep 1 10: 45 acme. sh
3. 4K Aug 5 09: 28 aide.err
drwxr-xr-x 7 root
                              root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                             root
   12K Aug 5 09:53 aide.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                            root
  1 Aug 5 09: 28 check.gpr
4. 0K Dec 11 15: 02 dmf
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                             root
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                              root
-rwxr-xr-x 1 root
  2.7M Dec 14 11:37 gprbuild
                             root
  4. OK Aug 5 09: 53 opt
47M Sep 25 11: 37 s015. sql
drwxr-xr-x 3 root
                             root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
                              root
-rw-r--r-- 1 root
   134 Aug 7 17:14 test.txt
                             root
Complex command example (massive URL change in wordpress DB):
Net.Command ["root@i152c1", +"cd /srv/www/adm152.temp_domain.tld/sar ; php srdb.-cli.php -h localhost -n dmf_transfert -u dmf -p " & Pwd_DB_Prod & " -s https://www.old_domain.tld -r https://www.new_domain.tld"];
```

### 1.8.3 Copy File

· Description

Copy to distant host. Returns True if copy successful.

Options allows extra parameters, like -r for recursive copy.

Usage

Exception

Error Copy

Raised when send file error

Example



# 1.8.4 Copy Rsync

# Description

Rsync efficient copy to distant host with unlimited directories excluding masks, delimited by semicolons.

Returns True if copy successful.

Usage

Exception

Error Copy

Raised when send file error

Example

#### 1.8.5 Delete Directory Tree

## · Description

Delete a directory tree Dir\_Tree. The directory and all of its contents (possibly including other directories) are deleted but adding a '\*' at the end of the path preserve the last directory of the path (/one/two/ deletes two but /on/two/\* preserve two.

Return True if Dir\_Tree is successfully deleted or was already deleted. Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree was non existent or still exists after the deleting attempt).

Dir\_Tree must be fully qualified, ie starting with a slash [/]. This function prevents deletion of the following root directories [see Is\_Root\_Directory for further details]. Pay close attention, you can't delete /etc but you are allowed to delete /etc/network!

Delete a directory tree Dir\_Tree. The directory and all of its contents (possibly including other directories) are deleted. Return True if Dir Tree is successfully deleted



or was already deleted. Return False if operation is unsuccessful (i.e. if base directory tree was non existent or still exists after the deleting attempt).

Dir\_Tree must be fully qualified, i.e. starting with a slash [/].

This function prevents deletion of the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv, sys, tmp, usr, var. Pay close attention, you can't delete /etc but you are allowed to delete /etc/network!

♦ With programs ran with root rights, this routine should be used with infinite caution.

Usage

```
function Delete_Directory_Tree (Target : in String;
Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean
```

• Example

#### 1.8.6 Delete File

Description

Remove File To Delete in remote host Target. Returns True if delete successful.

Delete File returns True even File To Delete did not exist.

Usage

Example

```
Copy /home/sr/text.txt to root@i51c1.domain.tld/etc/genesix/test.txt

Net. Delete_File ["root@i51c1.domain.tld","/home/sr/text.txt"];
```

# 1.8.7 Directory\_Exists

Description

Returns True if distant directory Name exists.

Usage

```
function Directory_Exists (Target : in String;
Name : String) return Boolean
```



```
if Net.Directory_Exists [+"host", "Directory_to_test"] then
   Tio.Put_Line ["Directory_to_test exists"];
end if;
```

#### 1.8.8 File\_Exists

Description

Returns True if file Name exists.

Usage

```
function File_Exists (Target : in String;
Name : String) return Boolean
```

• Example

```
if Net.File_Exists ["host", "filename_to_test"] then
   Tio.Put_Line ["filename_to_test exists"];
end if;
```

# 1.8.9 Get\_Exception

Description

Returns Exception status.

Usage

function Get\_Exception return On\_Off

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line { Get_Exception};
On
```

# 1.8.10 Get Network From Ip

Description

Returns the network part of a /32 classless IP address.

Usage

function Get\_Network\_From\_Ip (Ip : in String) return String



# • Example

```
Tio. Put_Line { Net. Get_Network_From_Ip ["120. 1. 1. 1"]};

120. 1. 1

Tio. Put_Line { Net. Get_Network_From_Ip ["320. 1. 1. 1"]};

Empty string
```

# 1.8.11 ls\_lp\_Ok

Description

IP validation

Usage

function Is\_Ip\_Ok (IP : in String) return Boolean;

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Is_Ip_Ok ("320.1.1.1"));
False
Tio.Put_Line (Is_Ip_Ok ("120.1.1.1"));
True
```

#### 

Description

Return true if target answer to a ping.

Usage

function Is\_Ping\_Ok (Target : in String) return Boolean;

Example

```
Net.Is_Ping_Ok ("This_host_exists");
True
Net.Is_Ping_Ok ("This_host_don't_exist");
False
```



#### 1.8.13 Is Root Directory

# Description

This function checks the following root directories: bin, boot, dev, etc, home, lib, lib32, lib64, libx32, lost+found, media, mnt, opt, proc, root, run, sbin, srv, sys, tmp, usr, var. Returns True if Dir\_Tree is a root directory.

Dir\_Tree must be fully qualified, ie starting with a slash [/].

Usage

```
function Is_Root_Directory (Dir_Tree : String) return Boolean
```

Example

```
Tio. Put_Line (Net. Is_Root_Directory ("/etc"));
True
Tio. Put_Line (Net. Is_Root_Directory ("/etc/network"));
False
```

#### 1.8.14 Is Ssh Ok

Description

Return true if target answer to a ping.

Usage

```
function Is_Ssh_Ok [Target : in String] return Boolean;
```

Example

```
Net. Is_Ssh_Ok [+"This_host_exists_with_valid_Ssh_Credentials"];
True
Net. Is_Ssh_Ok [+"This_host_exists_without_valid_Ssh_Credentials"];
False
```

#### 1.8.15 Mount

Description

Mount a Target as host.

If local admin, automatically create local mount point in
- /mnt/<Target>

If local (non root) user, automatically create local mount point in
- /home/<user>/mnt/<Target>



```
procedure Mount [Target : String];
```

# • Example

```
Local admin case: Mount ["root@i51c1. domain. tld"];

Mounts target root@i51c1. domain. tld: /
to /mnt/root@i51c1. domain. tld

Local <user> case [with home at /home/user]: Mount ["root@i51c1. domain. tld"];

Mounts target sr@i51c1. domain. tld: /
to /home/<user>/mnt/sr@i51c1. domain. tld
```

# 1.8.16 Mount\_Remote

### Description

Mount a Mount\_Point targetting Target\_To\_Mount on Remote\_Host with options Mount\_Options. All mount options are accepted. Returns true if operation is successful.

# Usage

# • Example

```
if Net.Mount_Remote ["user@remote_host.org", +"/dev/vg/lvm_volume", +"/tmp/mount-
point", +"-o ro"] then
   Tio.Put ["Mount point is mounted read-only"];
end if;
```

#### 1.8.17 Send Mail

## Description

Send a email. Returns true if succeed. Note that this status just means that the mail has been accepted into the mail queue, not that the mail has actually been sent with or without success. This is mail.

No one can reliably test that an email exists. Send\_Mail just check From and To email's domains validity and if theses domains have a MX server.



Sender is optional.

Body Text uses <CR> for new line.

Dependencies

bind9-dnsutils package (nslookup)
sendemail (email sending)

Usage

```
function Send_Mail (From : String ;
To : String ;
Subject : String ;
Body_Text : String ;
Sender : String := "") return Boolean
```

• Example

## 1.8.18 Send\_SMS

Description

Accepts UTF-8 encoding and multiple receivers.

Returns a SMS sending service dependent result string.

The sender must be registered against the SMS sending service.

Sms\_Message uses <LF> for new line.

Dependencies

curl (api)

Usage

Example

```
Result := Net.Send_Sms [Net.OVHcloud,
"eu.api.ovh.com/v1",
```



# 1.8.19 Set\_Exception

Description

Enable Exception processing, which is disabled by default.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Exception (Switch : On_Off := On)
```

Example

```
Private_Key := Sql.Read ["Tbl_Cluster", "Key_Private", "WHERE Number = 1"];
Set_Exception;
```

#### 1.8.20 Set Hostname

Description

Set Hostname for a Target host. Returns true if command ok.

Usage

```
function Set_Hostname (Target : String;
Hostname : String) return Boolean
```

Example

```
Private_Key := Sql.Read ("Tbl_Cluster", "Key_Private", "WHERE Number = 1");
if Set_Hostame ("i11c1", "i110c1") then
   Tio.Put ("Hostname is changed");
end if;
```



# 1.8.21 Set Key

# Description

Set SSH private key used to log in distant hosts with commands like Send\_Command and Send\_File. Key validity is checked. Returns true if Key is properly set.

A call without parameter delete the key previously set.

Usage

```
function Set_Key (Key : String := "") return Boolean;
procedure Set_Key;
```

Example

```
Private_Key := Sql.Read ("Tbl_Cluster", "Key_Private", "WHERE Number = 1");
if Set_Key (Private_Key) then
   Tio.Put ("Key is set");
end if;
```

# 1.8.22 Set\_Message

## Description

Control message output when using commands like Send\_Command and Send\_File. Default is console message enable. A call without parameter enable message output.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Message (Switch : On_Off := On);
```

Example

```
- Disable console message when using commands like Send_Command and Send_File.

Net.Set_Message [Off];
```

#### 1.8.23 Set\_Output

# Description

Control console output when using commands like Send\_Command and Send\_File. Default is console output enable. A call without parameter enable console output.

Usage

```
procedure Set Output [Switch : On Off := On];
```



```
Disable console output when using commands like Send_Command and Send_File.Net. Set_Output [Off];
```

#### 1.8.24 Set Password

· Description

Set SSH password used to log in distant hosts with commands like Send\_Command and Send File.

A call without parameter delete the key previously set.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Password (Password : String := "")
procedure Set_Password;
```

Example

#### 1.8.25 Unmount

Description

Unmount a mount point on a remote host.

The local mountpoint directory is deleted.

Usage

```
procedure Unmount [Target : String];
```

Exception

Error Unmount Raised when unmount error

• Example

```
Local admin case: Net. Unmount ["root@i51c1. domain. tld"];
Unmounts /mnt/root@i51c1. domain. tld

Local <user> case [home is /home/user]: Net. Unmount ["root@i51c1. domain. tld"];
Unmounts /home/<user>/mnt/sr@i51c1. domain. tld
```

# 1.8.26 Unmount\_Remote

# Description

Unmount a Mount\_Point on a Remote\_Host. Mount\_Point is then deleted. Returns true if the whole operation is successful.

Usage

Example

```
if Net.Unmount_Remote ["user@remote_host.org", +"/tmp/mountpoint"] then
   Tio.Put ["Mount point is unmounted"];
end if;
```

#### 1.9 Pdf – Pdf file management

### 1.9.1 Get Scale

Description

Return the number of characters which can be displayed in one line depending of the font size.

Usage

```
function Get_Scale (Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File) return Real
```

Example

```
Get_Scale (My_PDF_File);
```

#### 1.9.2 Get Size

Description

Returns the Str displayed size.

Usage

function Get\_Size [Object : in out PDF\_Out.PDF\_Out\_File; Str : String]
return Real

AR

```
Get_Size (My_PDF_File, "What is my size ?");
```

## 1.9.3 Get X Align

## Description

Return the horizontal coordinate where Str has to be placed to be centered on X coordinate.

#### Usage

```
function Get_X_Align [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; X : Real ;
Str : String] return Real
```

#### Example

```
Get_X_Align [My_PDF_File, 5.0 * one_cm, "I want to be centered on the 5th cm"];
```

# 1.9.4 Get\_X\_Center

## Description

Return the horizontal coordinate where Str has to be placed to be centered on the line.

# Usage

```
function Get_X_Center [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; Str :
String] return Real
```

#### Example

```
Get_X_Center [My_PDF_File, "I want to be centered on the page"];
```

#### 1.9.5 Get X Right

#### Description

Return the horizontal coordinate where Str has to be right justified with a Right margin after Str.

# Usage

```
function Get_X_Right [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; Right :
Real ; Str : String] return Real
```



Get\_X\_Right [My\_PDF\_File, 2.0 \* one\_cm, "I want to left 2cm between me and the right side of the page");

#### 1.9.6 Put Footer

Description

Display the last defined footer in the current page.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Footer [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File]
```

Example

```
Put_Footer (My_PDF_File);
```

# 1.9.7 Put\_Header

Description

Display the last defined header in the current page with a custom title for the page.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Header [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; Title :
String]
```

Example

```
Put_Header (My_PDF_File, "My page title");
```

# 1.9.8 Put\_Link

Description

Display a clickable link at the given X, Y coordinates. Default color is blue.

Default displayed text is the same as the link.

Usage

```
type Reference is [Go_To, Mail_To, URI];
procedure Put_Link [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; X, Y : Real ;
Url : String ; Pre : Reference ; Str : String := ""; Color : Color_Type :=
[0.0, 0.0, 0.4]]
```



```
Put_Link [My_PDF_File, 2 * one_cm, 20 * one_cm, "www.soweb.io", URI, "my website"];

Put_Link [My_PDF_File, 2 * one_cm, 18 * one_cm, "contact@soweb.io", Mail_To, "contact me"];

Put_Link [My_PDF_File, 2 * one_cm, 16 * one_cm, "3", Go_To, "Jump to page 3"];
```

# 1.9.9 Put\_Pie\_Chart

Description

Draw a pie chart.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Pie_Chart [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; Center :
Point; Radius : Real; Data : Pie_Content]
```

Example

```
Pie_Data : Pie_Content := [[25.0, [0.5, 0.5, 0.5]], [55.0, [0.8, 0.8, 0.8]], [20.0, [0.3, 0.3, 0.3]]];
Put_Pie_Chart [My_PDF_File, [15.0 * one_cm, 20.0 * one_cm], 10.0, Pie_Data]
```

# 1.9.10 Put\_X\_Align

· Description

Display Str on Y and horizontally centered on X.

Usage

```
procedure Put_X_Align [Object : in out PDF_Out.PDF_Out_File; X, Y : Real;
Str : String]
```

Example

```
Put_X_Align [My_PDF_File, 5.0 * one_cm, 20.0 * one_cm, "I'll be horizontally centered on the 5th cm"]
```

# 1.9.11 Put\_X\_Center

Description

Display Str on Y and horizontally centered on the page.



procedure Put\_X\_Center [Object : in out PDF\_Out.PDF\_Out\_File; Y : Real; Str : String]

## Example

 $Put\_X\_Align~[My\_PDF\_File,~20.0~*~one\_cm,~"I\'ll~be~horizontally~centered~on~the~page"]$ 

# 1.9.12 Put\_X\_Right

### Description

Display a right justified Str on Y with a Right margin after Str.

## Usage

procedure Put\_X\_Right (Object : in out PDF\_Out.PDF\_Out\_File; Right, Y :
Real; Str : String)

#### Example

Put\_X\_Right [My\_PDF\_File, 2.0 \* one\_cm, 20.0 \* one\_cm, "There will be 2cm between me and the right side of the page"]

### 1.9.13 Set Footer

## Description

Footer setup. Paginate is the maximum page's number.

### Usage

procedure Set\_Footer (Website, Contact, Item : String := ""; Paginate :
Integer := 0)

#### Example

Set\_Footer ["www.soweb.io", "contact@soweb.io", "2025/02/17"; 17]

## 1.9.14 Set\_Header

#### Description

Header setup. Logo Url is a link to the clickable logo (if exists).

All picture in pdf out is in jpeg format.



```
procedure Set_Header (Logo_Path, Line_One, Line_Two : String; Logo_Url :
String := "")
```

Example

```
Set_Header ["logo.jpeg", "this is a pdf for", "www.soweb.io", "www.soweb.io"];
```

- 1.10 Prg Program management
- 1.10.1 Check\_Password
  - Description

Check password strength. A password must have at least contains uppercase, lower-case, digit and one special char among "-" and " ".

Usage

function Check\_Password (Password : String) return Boolean

Example

#### 1.10.2 Command

Description

Constant storing program command (Arg 0).

Usage

Command: constant String

Example

```
Tio_Line (Command);
/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/dev/ada/app/gnx/src/gnx-instance
```

#### 1.10.3 Current\_Time\_Seconds

Description

Returns a duration as seconds since ISO date 197001010. Conforms to Unix time standard. Checked with date +%s. Compliant algorithm until 2070.

Returns a duration in seconds since current time.



function Current\_Time\_Seconds return Natural

Example

Log. Msg ["Current time in seconds: " & To\_String [Current\_Time\_Seconds]];
1646227335

#### 1.10.4 Date

Description

Returns current date as YYYY-MM-DD.

Usage

function Date return String

Example

# 1.10.5 Date\_Not\_Reached

Description

Returns true if YYYY-MM-DD DTS is still to come.

Accept "YYYY-MM-DD" and "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" formats but only uses the date part. Checks "YYYY-MM-DD" format before computing.

Usage

function Date\_Not\_Reached (DTS : String) return Boolean

Example

#### 1.10.6 Date\_Time\_Stamp\_Reached

Description

Returns true if YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS Date Time Stamp has passed.

Checks format before computing.

You can choose between UTC and Local [Default] time.



```
type Time_UTC_Local is (UTC, Local);
function Date_Time_Stamp_Reached (DTS : String ; Zone : Time_UTC_Local :=
Local) return Boolean
```

Example

```
if Prg. Date_Time_Stamp_Reached [Task_DTS_Start] then
  iMsg. Info [Prg. Name & " > Task DTS_Start: reached"];
end if;
```

# 1.10.7 Date\_Time\_Stamp

Description

Returns current date time stamp as "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS".

You can choose between UTC and Local [Default] time.

Usage

```
type Time_UTC_Local is (UTC, Local);
function Date_Time_Stamp (Zone : Time_UTC_Local := Local) return String
```

• Example

### 1.10.8 Date Time Stamp From ISO

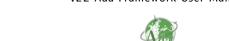
· Description

Returns "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS" from a date time stamp as "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS".

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Stamp\_From\_ISO (DTS : String) return String

Example



# 1.10.9 Date Time Milli Stamp

· Description

Returns current datetime stamp with trailing milliseconds as: "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS.NNN".

Used in v22.Msg logs.

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Milli\_Stamp return String

Example

#### 1.10.10 Date Time Nano Stamp

Description

Returns current datetime stamp with trailing nanoseconds as: "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS.NNNNNNNN".

Useful for precise timings or unique identifier building with date indication.

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Nano\_Stamp return String

Example

# 1.10.11 Date Time Stamp To Date

Description

Returns "YYYY-MM-DD" from a date time stamp as "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS".

Usage

function Date Time Stamp To Date [DTS: String] return String

Example



# 1.10.12 Date Time Stamp To ISO

· Description

Returns "YYYY-MM-DD HH:MM:SS" from a date time stamp as "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS".

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Stamp\_To\_ISO (DTS : String) return String

Example

# 1.10.13 Date\_Time\_Stamp\_From\_Local

· Description

Returns a date time stamp "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS" from a local "DD?MM?YYYY HH? MM?SS" (? is any character).

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Stamp\_From\_Local (DTS: String) return String

Example

#### 1.10.14 Date\_Time\_Stamp\_To\_Local

Description

Returns "DD/MM/YYYY HH:MM:SS" from a date time stamp as "YYYYMMDD-HHMMSS" with a customizable date separator.

Usage

function Date\_Time\_Stamp\_To\_Local (DTS : String; Sep : String := "/") return String

Example

#### 1.10.15 Date\_To\_ISO

Description

Returns "YYYY-MM-DD" from a string date as "DD?MM?YYYY" [? is any character].



function Date\_To\_ISO (DTS : String) return String

Example

#### 1.10.16 Duration\_Stamp

· Description

Returns a duration as HHhMMmSSs since Time. Unlimited hours counter for long uptimes.

Usage

function Duration\_Stamp (Time : Ada. Calendar. Time) return String

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Total execution time: " & Prg. Duration_Stamp [Prg. Start_Time]];
```

# 1.10.17 Duration\_Stamp\_Seconds

Description

Returns a duration as seconds since Time.

Usage

function Duration\_Stamp\_Seconds [Time : Ada.Calendar.Time] return Natural

Example

# 1.10.18 Duration\_Stamp\_Time

Description

Returns a formatted HHhMMmSSs String from Time Seconds.

Usage

function Duration\_Stamp\_Time [Time\_Seconds : Integer] return String

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line ["Total execution time: " & Prg.Duration_Stamp_Time [1646315044]];
```



# 1.10.19 Generate\_Password

## · Description

Password generation with variable characters space and length. Generates passwords like: x2U5hhIKX7IJt6.

Password generation with 64 charset ( $[a-z] + [A-Z] + [0-9] + '_' + '-'$ ) and 14 length. Search space size greater than 1,26 x 10^25.

You can choose one or more sets between:

- LETTERS LOWER = abcdefqhijklmnopgrstuvwxyz
- LETTERS UPPER = To Upper (LETTERS LOWER)
- FIGURES = 0123456789
- SPECIAL\_CHARACTERS = -\_

Without parameters, uses all sets above with a password length of 14 length.

Usage

Example

```
Log. Msg [Prg. Generate_Password [FIGURES, 4]];

6496
5668
7708
0408
8630
...
```

#### 1.10.20 Get\_Handler\_Ctrl\_C

## · Description

Activate Ctrl-C interrupt handler. If returns On, Ctrl-C is activated and, when pressed, application is properly finalize. If returns Off, Ctrl-C is inhibited and application continue.

Usage

```
function Get_Handler_Ctrl_C return On_Off;
```

# • Example Pressing Ctrl-C in console:

```
20230930-120934 - INIT - MSG - v22 Framework - GUI test program
20230930-120934 - INIT - MSG - Copyright (C) Sowebio SARL 2020-2023, according to LGPLv3
20230930-120934 - INIT - MSG - testgui v0.1 - v22 v0.1 - build 2023-09-30 12:08:43

20230930-120934 - INIT - MSG - TestGui.Init.App > Configuration file testgui.cfg loaded
20230930-120934 - INIT - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Starting Gnoga server

^C ← Ctrl-C Pressed
20230930-120936 - INIT - MSG - testgui > Ctrl-C detected, program interrupt is inhibited
```

## 1.10.21 Get\_Version

Description

Returns formatted program version: "<space>v.minor.major".

Usage

function Get\_Version return String

Example

```
Log. Msg ["Program version: " & Prg. Get_Version];
Program version: v2.16
```

### 1.10.22 Get\_Version\_Major

Description

Returns Major version.

Usage

function Get\_Version\_Major return Natural;

Example

```
Log. Msg [Prg. Get_Version_Major];
2
```

#### 1.10.23 Get Version Minor

Description

Returns Minor version.



Usage

function Get\_Version\_Minor return Natural;

• Example

```
Log. Msg [Prg. Get_Version_Minor]; P
16
```

## 1.10.24 Is\_User\_Not\_Root

Description

Returns true if program user's not root.

Usage

function Is\_User\_Not\_Root return Boolean

• Example

#### 1.10.25 Name

Description

Return program name.

Usage

function Name return String

Example

```
sr@ro8 ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide
aide
```

#### 1.10.26 Path

Description

Return program path.

Usage

function Path return String



```
sr@ro8 ~/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin > aide
/home/sr/Seafile/Sowebio/informatique/github/aide/bin
```

### 1.10.27 Set Handler Ctrl C

#### · Description

Activate Ctrl-C interrupt handler. If Switch is On, Ctrl-C is activated and, when pressed, application is properly finalize. If Switch is Off, Ctrl-C is inhibited and application continue.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Handler_Ctrl_C [Switch : On_Off];
```

• Example

Pressing Ctrl-C in console:

```
20230921-122701 - INIT - MSG - v22 Framework - GUI test program
20230921-122701 - INIT - MSG - Copyright [C] Sowebio SARL 2020-2023, according to LGPLv3
20230921-122701 - INIT - MSG - testgui v0.1 - v22 v0.1 - build 2023-09-21 12:26:24

20230921-122701 - INIT - MSG - testgui > testgui.cfg has been loaded
20230921-122701 - INIT - MSG - Starting Gnoga server
^C ← Ctrl-C Pressed
20230921-122703 - INIT - MSG - testgui > Ctrl-C detected, finalize application
```

## 1.10.28 Set Exit Status

## · Description

Set errorlevel return code. Each call is cumulative. Four calls with 1, 2, 4 and 8 set 15 ie msb-00001111-lsb. Can be used everywhere in the program without special call at its end.

Convention: 1 = no or bad command, 128 = runtime exception [8th bit].

Usage

```
procedure Set_Exit_Status (Code : Natural)
```

Example

## 1.10.29 Set\_Version

Description

Set program version.



Usage

```
procedure Set_Version (Major : Natural; Minor : Natural)
```

• Example

## 1.10.30 Start\_Dir

· Description

Constant storing current directory at start.

Usage

```
Start_Dir : constant String
```

• Example

## 1.10.31 Start Time

Description

Constant storing Time at program start.

Usage

```
Start_Time : constant Ada. Calendar. Time
```

Example

## 1.11 Sql – Databases management

## 1.11.1 Close

Description

Close a database or all database(s) when no database object specified.

Usage

```
procedure Close (DB : in out GSD. Connection' Class)
procedure Close
```



```
Sql. Close;

20230911-144939 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_1
20230911-144939 - SQL T1 - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: v22_testapi_2
```

#### 1.11.2 Column Exists

#### Description

Return true if Column\_Name exists in Table\_Name. Return False if Column Name or Table Name does not exist.

### Usage

```
function Column_Exists (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;

Table_Name : String;

Column_Name : String) return Boolean
```

#### Example

```
Tio. Put ["Column_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Column_Exists [DB, "test_table", "Existing_Column"]]; -- Existing column
Column_Exists: True
Tio. Put ["Column_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Column_Exists [DB, "test_table", "azeazeaze"]]; -- Non existing column
Column_Exists: False
```

#### 1.11.3 Delete

#### Description

Delete a row in Table Name specifying a Where Condition.

#### Usage

#### Example

```
-- Delete row for Number = 1234 in table Cluster

Sql. Delete ["Cluster", "Number = 1234"];
```



### 1.11.4 Escape String

#### Description

Escapes incompatible or dangerous characters in a query, impacting SQL query and/or SQL dump.

⇒ Escape\_String should be used as close as possible to the conditions or situations where it is relevant. The rule is to <u>use Escape\_String only in SQL queries</u>, in order to avoid duplicate escapes.

## Usage

```
procedure Delete (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;
                  Table Name : String;
                  Where Condition : String)
Esc. Seq. Character Represented by Sequence
             ASCII NUL character
   \0
   \b
             Backspace character
             Tab character
   \t
             Newline [linefeed] character
   \n
             Carriage return character
   \r
             Double quote ["] character
             ASCII 26 Control-Z character
   \ Z
             Single quote ['] character
   \ %
             Percentage character
             Backslash character
             Underscore character
```

### Example

```
Query_Result := Sql.Read [Db_Name, Db_Table, Db_Key_Main,
    "WHERE " & Db_Key_Main & " <= ' " & Sql.Escape_String [First_Line_Value] & "' " &
    "ORDER BY " & Db_Key_Main & " DESC LIMIT " & Db_List_Length];</pre>
```

#### 1.11.5 Get Config

## Description

Get configuration Value from Parameter stored in Sys\_Config table.
The Sys\_Config table must be already created.
Returns an empty string if the Sys\_Config table or parameter does not exist

Usage

```
function Get_Config (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;
Parameter : String) return String
```

#### Example

```
-- Get parameter's value 'Schema_Version' [previously set to '0.1'] Sql.Get_Config ["Schema_Version"];
```



0.1

## 1.11.6 Get\_Database\_Brand

Description

Returns the Database\_Type of DB.

Usage

Example

### 1.11.7 Get Database Main

Description

Get the main application database. The main database owns Sys\_Config, Sys\_Schema and Sys\_Users system tables.

Usage

function Get\_Database\_Main return String

• Example

#### 1.11.8 Get Version

Description

Returns MySQL or SQLite database version.

Usage

function Get\_Version [DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class] return String

Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [DB, Sql. Get_Version [MySQL_Handle]];
MySQL: v10. 3. 39-MariaDB-0+deb10u1
Tio. Put_Line [DB, Sql. Get_Version [SQLiTE_Handle]];
```



```
SQLite: v3.43.0
```

#### 1.11.9 Index Exists

## Description

Return true if Index\_Name exists for Table\_Name.
Return False if Index\_Name or Table\_Name does not exist.
Names are case insensitive for MySQL and case sensitive for SQLite.

Usage

```
function Index_Exists (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;
Table_Name : String;
Index_Name : String) return Boolean
```

Example

```
Tio. Put["Index_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Sql. Index_Exists [+"key"]]; -- Existing index

Tio. Put["Index_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Sql. Column_Exists [+"key1"]]; -- Non existing index

...

Index_Exists: True
Index_Exists: False
```

#### 1.11.10 Insert

#### Description

Create a row in Table\_Name with Columns\_Values.

The special character ^ (or constant CD as Column delimiter) is used to separate column/value pairs and the special character ~ (or constant ND as Name/value delimiter) is used to distinguish the name of a column from its value. See example below.

A non existent Table or Column don't raise exception but an error is logged.

Text fields that are too long to be saved in a VARCHAR no longer trigger an exception and are truncated at the maximum length of the VARCHAR. Truncations are recorded in the technical log (screen and file).

Usage



## Columns\_Values : String)

# Example

```
-- Fill Number with 1234 and Domain with genesix.org in table Cluster
Sql. Insert [DB, "Cluster", "Number~1234" & "^" & "Domain~genesix.org"]
Sql. Insert [DB, "Cluster", "Number" & ND & "1234" & CD & "Domain~genesix.org"]
```

#### 1.11.11 Last\_RowID

Description

Returns last existing RowID in Table Name or 0 if Table Name does not exist.

Usage

```
function Last_RowID (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;
                     Table_Name : String) return Integer
```

Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [Sql. Row_Count [DB, "Table_test"]];
```

#### 1.11.12 Open

Description

Open or create a database, passing a schema version for automatic schema update.

If schema version is upper than the version stored in Database, returns Open\_Need\_Update as a database schema update is needed.

URI conforms to RFC 3986 URI. See examples below:

```
MySQL: db: db_name?host=192.168.0.243&port=3306&user=user_name&password=user_password
SQLite: file: data. db or file: data. db?mode=ro&cache=private
see https://www.sqlite.org/c3ref/open.html for more information about sqlite options.
```

DB Version is major.minor format.

Returns Database Status.

Schema Load listing and Schema Update are therefore only launched when necessary.



♦ When you first run the program to generate tables in the empty database, pay attention to specify a version number. If this is not specified, the database will be initialized to version 0.1.

To update the database schema in table Cluster with a new column named 'Thingy':

- Increment Sql.Open version parameter from 1.0 to 1.1;
- Add at the appropriate place in the source: Sql.Schema\_Load [Sql.Column\_Name, "Thingy", "TEXT"].

See example below.

Usage

• Example - Before schema update

Version is 1.0. If database does not exist, it will be created.



```
CREATE TABLE Sys_Schema [Table_Name TEXT ]
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Name TEXT
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Type TEXT
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Column_Constraint TEXT
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Version TEXT
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Comment TEXT
Table: Sys_Schema - Create Column: Comment TEXT
Create Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Number INTEGER UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY
CREATE TABLE Tbl_Cluster [Number INTEGER UNIQUE PRIMARY KEY]
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Key_Name TEXT
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Key_Private BLOB
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Key_Public BLOB
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Supervisor_Instance INTEGER REFERENCES Tbl_Instance(number)
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Comment TEXT
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Creating Index: Idx_Cluster_Number Number UNIQUE
```

| Tbl_Cluster | Number              | INTEGER | UNIQUE                          | +1.0 | Cluster number (1) 1240 |
|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|------|-------------------------|
| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Name            | TEXT    |                                 | +1.0 | Cluster key name        |
| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Private         | BLOB    |                                 | +1.0 | Cluster private key     |
| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Public          | BLOB    |                                 | +1.0 | Cluster public key      |
| Tbl_Cluster | Supervisor_Instance | INTEGER | REFERENCES Tbl_Instance(Number) | +1.0 | Supervisor instance     |
| Tbl Cluster | Comment             | TEXT    |                                 | +1.0 | Comment                 |

### • Example - A schema update is needed

Version is upgraded to 1.1 and we add the Thingy1 and Thingy2 fields, in bold below:

```
if Sql.Open [DBS, "file:sqlite_test.db", "1.1"] = Open_Need_Update then
  "Tbl_Cluster", Comment => "Clusters table"];
         Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name, "Tbl_Cluster", Comment => "Clusters table"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, "Number", "INTEGER", "Cluster number [1] 1...240"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Constraint, "Number", "UNIQUE"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Constraint, "Number", "PRIMARY KEY"];
  "Key_Name", "TEXT", "Cluster key name"];
"Key_Private", "BLOB", "Cluster private key"];
"Key_Public", "BLOB", "Cluster public key"];
"Supervisor_Instance", "INTEGER", "Supervisor instance"];
"Supervisor_Instance", "REFERENCES Tbl_Instance[Number]"];
"Comment", "TEXT", "Comment"];
"Thingy1", "TEXT", "Thingy1 created at v1.1
"Thingy2", "TEXT", "Thingy2 created at v1.1
         Sal. Schema Load (Sal. Column Name.
         Sql. Schema_Load
   [Sql. Column_Name,
         Sql. Schema_Load
Sql. Schema_Load
   [Sql. Column_Name, [Sql. Column_Name,
   [Sql.Column_Constraint,
[Sql.Column_Name,
         Sql. Schema_Load
Sql. Schema_Load
  "Thingy1 created at v1.1"];
"Thingy2 created at v1.1"];
         Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
         Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint, "Idx_Cluster_Number", "UNIQUE"];
         Sql. Schema_Update [DBS];
end if;
Results:
Database sqlite_test needs creation or update
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Thingy1 TEXT
Table: Tbl_Cluster - Create Column: Thingy2 TEXT
```

| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Name            | TEXT    |                                 | +1.1 | Cluster key name        |
|-------------|---------------------|---------|---------------------------------|------|-------------------------|
| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Private         | BLOB    |                                 | +1.1 | Cluster private key     |
| Tbl_Cluster | Key_Public          | BLOB    |                                 | +1.1 | Cluster public key      |
| Tbl_Cluster | Supervisor_Instance | INTEGER | REFERENCES Tbl_Instance(Number) | +1.1 | Supervisor instance     |
| Tbl_Cluster | Comment             | TEXT    |                                 | +1.1 | Comment                 |
| Tbl_Cluster | Thingy1             | TEXT    |                                 | +1.1 | Thingy1 created at v1.1 |
| Tbl Cluster | Thingv2             | TEXT    |                                 | +1.1 | Thingv2 created at v1.1 |



#### Notes

Although implementation reserves have been provided for, the table or column deletion function has not yet been implemented.

#### 1.11.13 **Ping.Start**

### Description

Ping.Start launch task to periodically reset timeout (each hour), avoiding the infamous MySQL error "server has gone away". This does not apply to SQLite databases.

Usage

```
task Ping is entry Start; end Ping;
```

Example

```
Put this line at the beginning of application code:

Sql. Ping. Start;
```

#### 1.11.14 Properties

Description

Returns database properties record.

Usage

```
function Properties [DB_Name : String] return Database_Line

type Database_Line is record
    Brand : Database_Brand := None;
    Status : Database_Status := None;
    URI : String;
    Name : String;
    Host : String;
    Port : Natural;
    User : String;
    Password : String;
    File : String;
    Version : String;
    DBM : GSD. MySQL. Connection;
    DBS : GSD. SQLite. Connection;
end record;
```

Example



#### 1.11.15 Read

## Description

Returns an extraction from Table\_Name with comma delimited Columns and standard SQL Condition (like WHERE, ORDER BY, LIMIT).

The extraction is formatted with standard v22 CD constant as Column delimiter and RD constant as Row delimiter.

Return an empty string if condition is not met.

#### Usage

#### Example

#### 1.11.16 Row\_Count

### Description

Returns counted rows in Table Name with Options.

#### Option:

- '\*' is all rows, included null-ed;
- 'DISTINCT Column name' counts not null-ed and distinct rows.

#### Usage



```
Option : String := "*") return Integer
```

```
Tio.Put_Line [DB, Sql.Row_Count [DB, "Table_test"]];
12
```

#### 1.11.17 Schema Load

· Description

Load a schema. Commands will be executed by Schema\_Update in code source order.

Usage

Example

```
"Cluster"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name,
  "INTEGER ];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Constraint,
   "Number",
"Number",
   "UNIQUE");
  "Number",
"Number",
  "PRIMARY KEY");
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Constraint,
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
  "TEXT"];
"TEXT"];
   "Domain",
   "Email",
   "Manager",
  "INTEGER"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
   "Idx",
"Idx",
  "Number"];
Sql. Schema_Load (Sql. Index_Name,
  "UNIQUE"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
```

#### 1.11.18 Schema\_Update

Description

Create and delete tables, table constraints, columns, columns constraints, index, index constraints on database schema after loading schema by Schema\_Load.

<<<TODO>>> : implement delete and backup DB before update or delete.

Usage

```
procedure Schema Update [DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class]
```

Example

```
if Sql. Schema_Need_Update ["Sqlite_Update_Test", 0, 1] then

Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Name, "Cluster"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name, "Number", "INTEGER"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Constraint, "Number", "UNIQUE"];
Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Table_Constraint, "Number", "PRIMARY KEY"];
```



```
"Domain",
   "TEXT"];
"TEXT"];
    Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
   "Email",
    Sql. Schema Load
                      [Sql. Column Name,
   "INTEGER"];
    Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Column_Name,
   "Manager",
  "Idx",
   "Number"];
    Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Name,
    Sql. Schema_Load [Sql. Index_Constraint,
   "UNIQUE");
    Sql. Schema Update;
end if;
```

#### 1.11.19 Search

Description

Return True if Condition verified.

Usage

Example

```
if Sql. Search [DB, "Cluster", "Number = 1234"] then
    Tio. Put_Line ["Search 'Number = 1234': Found"];
end if;
if not Sql. Search [DB, "Cluster", "Number = 9999"] then
    Tio. Put_Line ["Search 'Number = 9999': Not found"];
end if;

Search 'Number = 1234': Found
Search 'Number = 9999': Not found

if Sql. Search [DB, "Cluster", "Login = 'sr'"] then
    Tio. Put_Line ["Search 'Login = sr': Found"];
end if;

Search 'Login = sr': Found
```

## 1.11.20 Set Config

Description

Store configuration Parameter and Value to Sys\_Config table. The new Value will replaced the eventually existing one. The Sys Config table will be created if needed.

Usage



```
-- Set 'O.1' value in parameter 'Schema_Version'
Sql.Set_Config [DB, "Schema_Version", "O.1"];
```

## 1.11.21 Set Database Main

## Description

Set the main application database. The main database owns Sys\_Config, Sys\_Schema and Sys\_Users system tables.

The default main database name is the name of the program. I.e if the binary program's name is "testgui", the default main database name is set to "testgui".

Usage

```
procedure Set_Database_Main (Database_Name : String)
```

Example

#### 1.11.22 Table Exists

Description

Return true if Table Name exists.

Usage

```
function Table_Exists (DB : in out GSD.Connection'Class;
Table_Name : String) return Boolean
```

Example

```
Tio. Put["Table_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Table_Exists [DB, "test_table"]]; -- Existing table

Table_Exists: True

Tio. Put["Table_Exists: "];
Tio. Put_Line [Table_Exists [DB, "test_table1"]]; -- Non existing table

Table_Exists: False
```



### 1.11.23 Update

## · Description

Update one or more row in Table\_Name with Columns\_Values specifying a Where\_Condition.

The special character ^ (or constant ND as Name/value delimiter) is used to separate column/value pairs and the special character ~ (or constant CD as Column delimiter) is used to distinguish the name of a column from its value. See example below.

A non existent Table or Column don't raise exception but an error is logged.

Text fields that are too long to be saved in a VARCHAR don't trigger an exception and are truncated at the maximum length of the VARCHAR. Truncations are recorded in the technical log (screen and file).

The SQL clause WHERE is automatically added if Condition is not empty and the SQL clause WHERE is absent.

### Usage

#### Example

```
-- Update Domain column with genesix2.org value for Number = 1234 in table Cluster Sql. Update [DB, "Cluster", "Domain~genesix2.org", "Number = 1234"];
```

#### 1.12 Sys – System management

## 1.12.1 Command\_Path

### · Description

Return full qualified command path or an empty string if not found.

#### Usage

function Command Path [Command Name : String] return VString;



```
Sys.Command_Path ("mc");
/usr/bin/mc
```

#### 1.12.2 CRC16 Initialize

· Description

Initialize CRC16 computing with one of theses modes:

- CCITT AUG;
- BUYPASS VERIPHONE CRC16.
- Usage

```
function Command_Path (Command_Name : String) return VString;
```

• Example

```
Sys. CRC16_Initialize [Sys. CRC16_BUYPASS_VERIPHONE];
```

#### 1.12.3 CRC16\_Compute

Description

Return the CRC16 of String Hex.

Usage

function CRC16\_Compute [String\_Hex : String] return Unsigned\_16;

Example



## 1.12.4 Get Alloc Ada

## Description

Return current and max allocations done from Ada excluding others languages. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [ 868 ] Max: [ 1600 ].

Usage

function Get\_Alloc\_Ada return String;

Example

```
Prg.Get_Alloc_Ada;
Ada Cur: [ 868 ] Max: [ 1600 ]
```

## 1.12.5 Get\_Alloc\_All

#### · Description

Return current and max allocations done from all languages including Ada. Format of returned string: Ada Cur: [ 868 ] Max: [ 1600 ]. This uses system calls to find out the program's resident size [RSS] information, both the peak and the current size.

Usage

function Get\_Alloc\_All return String;

Example

```
Sys. Get_Alloc_All;
All Cur: [ 2514944 ] Max: [ 2514944 ]
```

## 1.12.6 Get\_Env

Description

Returns String value of String environment variable Name

Usage

function Get\_Env (Name : String) return VString

Example



## 1.12.7 Get Home

Description

Returns HOME path without trailing slash.

Usage

function Get\_Home return VString

Example

```
Sys.Get_Home - for user 'sr'
"/home/sr"
```

#### 1.12.8 Get\_Memory\_Dump

## Description

Dump information about memory usage. Size is the number of the biggest memory users we want to show. Report indicates which sorting order is used, depending of the following options:

- Prg.All\_Reports;
- Prg. Memory Usage;
- Prg. Allocations Count;
- Prg.Sort\_Total\_Allocs;
- Prg.Marked\_Blocks;

♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set\_Memory\_Monitor before using this function.

Usage

Example

Displaying all report options:

```
Prg. Get_Memory_Dump [1];

Traceback elements allocated: 2480
Validity elements allocated: 1

Ada Allocs: 60608 bytes in 1258 chunks
Ada Free: 60008 bytes in 1248 chunks
Ada Current watermark: 600 in 10 chunks
Ada High watermark: 1600

1 biggest memory users at this time:
```



```
Results include bytes and chunks still allocated
Traceback elements allocated: 2480
Validity elements allocated: 1
Prg. Get_Memory_Dump (1, Prg. Allocations_Count);
Traceback elements allocated: 2798
Validity elements allocated:
Ada Allocs: 68456 bytes in 1419 chunks
Ada Free: 67588 bytes in 1405 chunks
Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks
Ada High watermark: 1600
1 biggest number of live allocations:
Results include bytes and chunks still allocated
  5.5%: 48 bytes in 1 chunks at 0x00000000040C509
   0x000000000040C33B
0x000000000043B74A
                      0x000000000043D42F
   0x000000000407090
0x00000000040C2BE 0x000000000474D27 0x0000000004053C8
Prg. Get_Memory_Dump (1, Prg. Sort_Total_Allocs);
Traceback elements allocated: 3106
Validity elements allocated:
Ada Allocs: 75816 bytes in 1573 chunks
Ada Free: 74948 bytes in 1559 chunks
Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks
Ada High watermark: 1600
1 biggest number of allocations:
Results include total bytes and chunks allocated,
even if no longer allocated - Deallocations are ignored
Prg. Get_Memory_Dump (1, Prg. Marked_Blocks);
Traceback elements allocated: 3414
Validity elements allocated:
Ada Allocs: 83192 bytes in 1727 chunks
Ada Free: 82324 bytes in 1713 chunks
Ada Current watermark: 868 in 14 chunks
Ada High watermark: 1600
Special blocks marked by Mark_Traceback
 0.0%: 0 chunks / 1 at 0x00000000040C509 0x00000000040C33B 0x00000000043B74A
0x00000000043DB1E
                      0x0000000004126A5
  0x000000000041AC80
   0x00000000041ED3D
0x000000000405B71 0x00000000040C2BE 0x000000000474D27 0x0000000004053C8
```

### 1.12.9 Get\_System\_Name

#### Description

Returns system name like "Debian" or "Ubuntu" or "System not handled (unprocessed system string returned)".

#### Usage

function Get\_System\_Name return String;

#### Example

Sys. Get\_System\_Name - for system "Debian 11 GNU/Linux 11"



"debian"

#### 1.12.10 Get System Version

## · Description

Returns system version like 10, 11 for Debian or 18.04, 20.04, 22.04 for Ubuntu or "System not handled (unprocessed system string returned)". For Ubuntu systems, subversion like 18.04.6 and LTS string are omitted.

#### Usage

function Get\_System\_Version return String;

## • Example

```
Sys. Get_System_Version - for system "Debian 11 GNU/Linux 11"

"11"

Sys. Get_System_Version - for system "Ubuntu 22.04 LTS"

"22.04"
```

## 1.12.11 Install\_Packages

## · Description

Install packages for Debian, Ubuntu or derivatives distributions.

Can be used for local or remote host either.

Packages\_List is comma separated.

#### Usage

#### Example

```
if not Sys.Install_Packages ("curl, libtool, libcurl4, libcurl4-openssl-dev, libssl-
dev") then
   Log.Err ("At least one package has not been installed.");
end if;
```

Ada

## 1.12.12 Is Command

Description

Return true if command exists and reachable from path.

Usage

```
function Is_Command (Package_Name : String) return Boolean
```

Example

```
if not Sys.Is_Command ("mc") then
   Log.Err ("Midnight Commander not available.");
end if;
```

## 1.12.13 Is\_Package

Description

Return true if Package\_Name is installed.

Can be used for local or remote host either.

Usage

```
function Is_Package [Package_Name : String; Host_Name : String := ""]
```

Example

```
if not Sys.Is_Package ("curl") then
   Log.Err ("Package Curl is missing.");
end if;
```

## 1.12.14 Is\_Packages

Description

Return true if all packages in Package List is installed.

Can be used for local or remote host either.

Packages List is comma separated.

Usage

```
function Is_Packages (Package_List : String; Host_Name : String := "")
```

Example

```
if not Sys.Is_Packages ("curl, postfix") then
```



```
Log.Err ("Package Curl is missing."); end if;
```

## 1.12.15 Purge\_Packages

Description

Purge packages for Debian, Ubuntu or derivatives distributions.

Usage

```
function Purge_Packages [Packages_List : String;
Host_Name : String := ""] return Boolean;
```

Example

```
if not Sys.Purge_Packages ("exim4-base, exim4-config, exim-4-daemon-light") then
  Log.Err ("At least one package has not been purged.");
end if;
```

## 1.12.16 Reset\_Memory\_Monitor

Description

Reset all internal data (i.e. reset all displayed counters. This is in general not needed, unless you want to know what memory is used by specific parts of your application.

♦ You must activate memory monitor with Set\_Memory\_Monitor before using this function.

Usage

procedure Reset\_Memory\_Monitor

Example

```
Sys. Reset_Memory_Monitor;
```

## 1.12.17 Set Env

Description

Set an environment variable Name.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Env (Name : String; Value : String)
```

Example



## 1.12.18 Set\_Memory\_Monitor

## Description

If Activate\_Monitor is true, the program will monitor all memory allocations and deallocations, and through the Get\_Memory\_Dump procedure below be able to report the memory usage. The overhead is almost null when the monitor is disabled.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Memory_Monitor (Switch : On_Off)
```

Example

Activate memory monitor:

```
Prg. Set_Memory_Monitor [On];
```

Disable memory monitor:

```
Prg. Set_Memory_Monitor (Off);
```

### 1.12.19 Shell Execute

## Description

Executes shell command. Return the exit code if passed from the executed command. Without Output parameter, the command console output is displayed by default but can be redirected. If Output is used, then the executed command output is return in this parameter.

Usage

Example

```
declare
   SE_Result : Integer := 0;
begin
   Sys. Shell_Execute ("find test.cfg", SE_Result);
   Tio.Put_Line(SE_Result);
```



```
Tio. Line;
end;
0 <- found
declare
   SE_Result : Integer := 0;
   Sys. Shell_Execute ("find i.dont.exist", SE_Result);
   Tio. Put_Line(SE_Result);
   Tio. New_Line;
end;
1 <- not found
declare
   SE_Result : Integer := 0;
SE_Output : VString := "";
   Sys. Shell_Execute ["cat test.cfg", SE_Result, SE_Output];
   if SE_Result = 0 then
      Tio. Put_Line [SE_Output];
      Tio. Line;
   end if;
end;
[Section_1]
Parameter_11 = Value_11
[Section_{2}]
Parameter_21 = Value_21
[Section_3]
Parameter_31 = Value_31
... which is the content of test. cfg.
```

## 1.12.20 To\_Unsigned\_16

#### Description

Assemble an Unsigned\_16 from two High and Low bytes. Return an Unsigned\_16 from a String type of one character. Return an Unsigned 16 from a Character type.

#### Usage

```
function To_Unsigned_16 (High, Low: Unsigned_8) return Unsigned_16
function To_Unsigned_16 (String_In: String) return Unsigned_16
function To_Unsigned_16 (Char_In: Character) return Unsigned_16
```

#### Example



## 1.12.21 To Unsigned 16 High Byte

· Description

Return the High Byte of a Unsigned\_16.

Usage

function To\_Unsigned\_16\_High\_Byte (Word : Unsigned\_16) return Unsigned\_8

Example

## 1.12.22 To\_Unsigned\_16\_Low\_Byte

· Description

Return the Low Byte of a Unsigned 16.

Usage

function To\_Unsigned\_16\_Low\_Byte (Word : Unsigned\_16) return Unsigned\_8

• Example

#### 1.12.23 To Unsigned 8

· Description

Return an Unsigned\_8 from a String type of one character. Return an Unsigned\_8 from a Character type.

Usage

```
function To_Unsigned_8 (String_In : String) return Unsigned_8
function To_Unsigned_8 (Char_In : Character) return Unsigned_8
```

Example

## 1.13 Tio - Text console management

Max\_Row : constant Natural := 24; Max\_Column : constant Natural := 79;

subtype Row is Natural range 0.. Max Row;



subtype Column is Natural range O.. Max Column;

### 1.13.1 Animated Delay

Description

Animated delay in seconds with markers each 5 and 10 seconds.

Usage

```
procedure Animated_Delay (Delay_Seconds : Positive);
```

• Example

```
Animated_Delay [27];
....!....|.../ < animated wheel with /-\|/-| characters
.1s !5s |10s

When finished
....!...|...!..
```

### 1.13.2 Beep

Description

Send a beep through the console.

Usage

procedure Beep

Example

#### 1.13.3 Bell

Description

If running with user rights (no root) and player paplay and freedesktop soundfile complete.oga exists, send a bell sound, otherwise call Beep.

Pulseaudio paplay & freedesktop sounds come as standard on Ubuntu (and derivatives) 18.04 LTS and 22.04 LTS. Running paplay with root rights fails with error: pa\_context\_connect() failed: Connection refused.

Usage

procedure Bell



## 1.13.4 Clear Screen

Description

Clear the screen.

Usage

procedure Clear\_Screen

Example

```
-- Clear the screen
Clear_Screen;
```

### 1.13.5 Confirm Twice

· Description

Double check by user before action. Returns True if user has validate. To confirm the action, the user must press at first 'y' or 'Y' and then confirm with 'c' or 'C'.

```
User_Prompt_1 automatically ends with "'y/n'?".
User Prompt 2 automatically ends with "by pressing 'c'".
```

Usage

Example

#### 1.13.6 Cursor Line Backward

Description

Move the cursor backward X rows.

Usage

```
procedure Cursor_Line_Backward (X : Row)
```



## 1.13.7 Cursor\_Line\_ Erase

Description

Erase the current line from the current cursor position to the end of the line.

Usage

```
procedure Cursor_Line_Erase (X : Row)
```

Example

### 1.13.8 Cursor\_Line\_ Forward

Description

Move the cursor forward X rows.

Usage

```
procedure Cursor_Line_Forward (X : Row)
```

Example

## 1.13.9 Cursor\_Line\_ Move

Description

Move the cursor at the specified X,Y coordinates.

Usage

```
procedure Cursor_Move (X : Row; Y : Column)
```

Example

## 1.13.10 Cursor\_Restore

Description

Restore the previous saved cursor position.



| • | Usage             |          |
|---|-------------------|----------|
|   | procedure Cursor_ | _Restore |

• Example

## 1.13.11 Cursor\_Save

Description

Save the current cursor position.

Usage

procedure Cursor\_save

Example

## 1.13.12 New\_Line

· Description

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

Usage

procedure New\_Line (Spacing : Positive)

Example

## 1.13.13 Get\_Ansi

· Description

Get ANSI state for v22 display functions and procedures, including Msg package.

Usage

function Ansi return Boolean;

• Example



## 1.13.14 Get Immediate

· Description

Get a character validated by [Enter]

Usage

```
procedure Get_Immediate (C : out Character)
```

• Example

## 1.13.15 Get Line

· Description

Get a string validated by [Enter]

Usage

procedure Get\_Line return String

Example

## 1.13.16 Get\_Password

Description

Returns a password blind typed.

Usage

function Get\_Password return String

• Example

```
Pass := Tio.Get_Password;
```

Password:

#### 1.13.17 Pause

Description

Displays Press any key to continue or [Ctrl-C] to abort... waiting for user input.



Usage

```
procedure Pause
```

Example

```
procedure Test_Pause is
begin
Pause;
end Test_Pause;
```

#### 1.13.18 Put

Description

Print to the console.

Usage

```
procedure Put [B : Boolean]
procedure Put [B : On_Off]
procedure Put [C : Character]
procedure Put [V : String]
procedure Put [I : Integer]
procedure Put [I : Long_Integer]
procedure Put [I : Long_Long_Integer]
procedure Put [M : Money]
```

• Example

#### 1.13.19 Put Line

Description

Print to the console then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (B : Boolean)
procedure Put_Line (B : On_Off)
procedure Put_Line (C : Character)
```



```
procedure Put_Line (V : String)
procedure Put_Line (I : Integer)
procedure Put_Line (I : Long_Integer)
procedure Put_Line (I : Long_Long_Integer)
procedure Put_Line (M : Money)
```

## 1.13.20 Set Ansi

Description

Set ANSI state for v22 display functions and procedures, including Msg package.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Ansi (Switch : On_Off);
```

Example

### 1.13.21 Set\_Cursor

· Description

Display or hide the cursor console.

Usage

```
procedure Set_Cursor [Switch : On_Off]
```

Example

```
procedure Set_Cursor [Off];
```

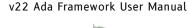
1.14 Tio - Text files management

```
subtype File is Ada.Text_IO.File_Type;
Copy_Form : constant String := "preserve=no_attributes,mode=overwrite";
```

## 1.14.1 Append

Description

Append on an existing file.





File mode is "Out" [write mode].

Usage

```
procedure Append [Handle : in out File; Name : String]
```

Example

```
Tio. Append [File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto"];
while not Tio. End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
   Tio. Put_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, "This is a new line of data"];
end loop;
Tio. Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
```

#### 1.14.2 Close

Description

Close a file.

Usage

```
procedure Close (Handle : in out File)
```

• Example

```
Tio. Open (File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto");
while not Tio. End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
   Tio. Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Tio. Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

### 1.14.3 Create

Description

Create a file. File mode is "Out" [write mode].

Usage

```
procedure Create (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
```

• Example

```
.../ ...
```



```
File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;
begin
   Tio.Create (File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto");
   Tio.Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a first line in ./toto");
   Tio.Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a second line in ./toto");
   Tio.Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
.../...
```

## 1.14.4 End\_Of\_File

Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_File (Handle : File) return Boolean

Example

## 1.14.5 End\_Of\_Line

Description

Return true if end of line is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_Line (Handle : File) return Boolean

Example

#### 1.14.6 Flush

Description

Flush file buffer to disk.

Usage

procedure Flush (Handle : in File)

Example



## 1.14.7 Get\_Line

Description

Get the current line and then move the file pointer to the next line.

Usage

```
function Get_Line (Handle : File) return String
procedure Get_Line (Handle : File; V : out String)
```

Example

```
Tio. Create [File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto"];
while not Tio. End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
   Tio. Get_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
end loop;
Tio. Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
```

## 1.14.8 Is\_Open

Description

Returns true if Handle file is open.

Usage

```
function Is_Open (Handle : in File) return Boolean
```

Example

## 1.14.9 New\_Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more when Spacing is passed.

Usage

```
procedure New_Line (Handle : File; Spacing : Positive :=1 )
```

Example



## 1.14.10 Open Conf

## Description

Special Open function for config files and others valuable files.

Ensure that the complete directory tree structure exists before creating file. Creating this directory tree if needed. Creates or Append files if needed.

Always make backup before Append. If Wipe\_Before\_Process is True, the file Name is backup-ed before being deleted.

Usage

Example

```
"/"
File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;
begin
Tio.Open_Conf (File_Tmp_Handle, +"./toto", True, +"0600");
Tio.Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a first line in ./toto");
Tio.Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a second line in ./toto");
Tio.Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
.../...
```

### 1.14.11 Open Read

Description

Open a file. File mode is "In" (read mode).

\$\price \text{For UTF-8 encoded text files, see Uxf.Open Read function.}

Usage

```
procedure Open_Read [Handle : in out File; Name : String]
```

Example

```
.../...

File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;

begin
```



```
Tio. Open_Read [File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto"];
while not Tio. End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
    Tio. Get_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
end loop;
Tio. Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
.../...
```

#### 1.14.12 Put

Description

Write to a file.

Usage

```
procedure Put (Handle : File; C : Character)
procedure Put (Handle : File; S : String)
```

Example

### 1.14.13 Put\_Line

Description

Write a file and then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; C : Character)
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; S : String)
```

Example

### 1.14.14 Read\_File

· Description

Read a text file File\_To\_Read and returning a String buffer. LF (line feed) are preserved.

Usage

function Read\_File (File\_Name : String) return String



#### 1.14.15 Reset

Description

Reset the file pointer to the start of the file.

Usage

```
procedure Reset [Handle : in out File]
```

Example

### 1.14.16 Write\_File

Description

Write a text file File\_To\_Write with Content. LF in content are preserved and used as line feed. Read Open\_Conf documentation for implementation details.

Usage

• Example

1.15 Uxf - UTF-8 UXStrings text files extensions

```
subtype File is XStrings-Text_IO.File_Type;
Copy Form : constant String := "preserve=no attributes,mode=overwrite";
```

## 1.15.1 Append

Description

Append on a existing file. File mode is "Out" (write mode).

Usage

```
procedure Append (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
```



```
Uxf. Append (File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto");
while not Uxf. End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
    Uxf. Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "This is a new line of data");
end loop;
Uxf. Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

### 1.15.2 Close

· Description

Close a file.

Usage

```
procedure Close (Handle : in out File)
```

• Example

```
Uxf.Open (File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto");
while not Uxf.End_Of_File (File_Tmp_Handle) loop
    Uxf.Get_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer);
end loop;
Uxf.Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
```

#### 1.15.3 Create

Description

```
Create a file. File mode is "Out" (write mode).
```

Usage

```
procedure Create (Handle : in out File; Name : String)
```

Example

```
.../...

File_Tmp_Handle : Tio.File;

begin

Uxf.Create (File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto");
```



```
Uxf .Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a first line in ./toto");
Uxf.Put_Line (File_Tmp_Handle, "Write a second line in ./toto");
Uxf.Close (File_Tmp_Handle);
.../...
```

## 1.15.4 End\_Of\_File

Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_File (Handle : in out File) return Boolean

• Example

## 1.15.5 End\_Of\_Line

· Description

Return true if end of line is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_Line (Handle : in out File) return Boolean

• Example

#### 1.15.6 Flush

Description

Flush file buffer to disk.

Usage

procedure Flush (Handle : in File)

• Example



## 1.15.7 Get Line

Description

Get the current line and then move the file pointer to the next line.

Usage

```
function Get_Line (Handle : File) return String
procedure Get_Line (Handle : File; V : out String)
```

Example

```
Uxf.Create [File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto"];
while not Uxf.End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
    Uxf.Get_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
end loop;
Uxf.Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
```

### 1.15.8 ls\_Open

· Description

Returns true if Handle file is open.

Usage

```
function Is_Open (Handle : in File) return Boolean
```

Example

### 1.15.9 New Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more when Spacing is passed.

Usage

```
procedure New_Line (Handle : File; Spacing : Positive : = 1)
```

Example



## 1.15.10 Open Read

Description

Open a file. File mode is "In" (read mode).

Maximum file length is one petabyte [1024 TB].

Usage

```
type Encoding_Scheme is (ASCII_7, Latin_1, UTF_8, UTF_16BE, UTF_16LE)
procedure Open_Read (Handle : in out File; Name : String; Scheme : Encoding_Scheme := UTF_8)
```

Example

```
"/"
File_Tmp_Handle : Uxf.File;
begin
Uxf.Open_Read [File_Tmp_Handle, "./toto"];
while not Uxf.End_Of_File [File_Tmp_Handle] loop
Uxf.Get_Line [File_Tmp_Handle, Line_Buffer];
end loop;
Uxf.Close [File_Tmp_Handle];
.../...
```

### 1.15.11 Put

Description

Write to a file.

Usage

```
procedure Put (Handle : File; C : Character)
procedure Put (Handle : File; S : String)
```

Example



## 1.15.12 Put Line

· Description

Write a file and then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (Handle : File; S : String)
```

Example

#### 1.15.13 Reset

Description

Reset the file pointer to the start of the file.

Usage

```
procedure Reset (Handle : in out File)
```

• Example

### 1.16 Uxs – UTF-8 UXStrings extensions

Uxs is a package extending UXString.

Some Uxs original routines has been integrated in UXStrings.

Null\_String: Null\_UXString

## 1.16.1 Char\_Count

· Description

Count each char in String\_To\_Process relative to Char\_Set\_Pattern.

Usage

• Example

```
Tio. Put_Line (Uxs. Char_Count ["alpha", "ap"]);
```



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## 1.16.2 Ends\_With

Description

Check if String Item ends with another String Pattern.

Usage

function Ends\_With [Item : String; Pattern : Character] return Boolean;

Example

```
- Check String with String pattern
if Uxs.Ends_With ("package", "age") then
   Tio.Put_Line ("Match !");
end if;
```

## 1.16.3 Field\_\* guidelines

Field\_\* functions deal with string [String\_To\_Process] forming lists of fields separated by a delimiting character (Field\_Delimiter).

Use only Field\_Delimiter characters between 0dec and 127dec, due to some keyboard available characters encoding with 2 chars.

Some recommended Field\_Delimiter characters are listed in v20.ads but also above in the v20 documentation: Delimiter characters.

### 1.16.4 Field\_By\_Index

Description

Return a field indexed by Index Field and delimited by Field Delimiter.

Usage

• Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Field_By_Index ["alpha: bravo: charlie", 2, ":"]];
bravo
```



## 1.16.5 Field By Name

### Description

Return a field from a search string and delimited by Field\_Delimiter. Returns an empty String if not found.

Usage

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.Field_By_Name ("alpha: bravo: charlie", "rav", ":"));
bravo
```

### 1.16.6 Field\_Count

Description

Count fields in String\_To\_Process and return fields number.

♦ To handle one field case without trailing Field\_Delimiter, if String\_To\_Process not empty and Field\_Delimiter not found, Field\_Count returns 1.

Usage

```
function Field_Count (String_To_Process : String;
Field_Delimiter : String) return Integer;
```

Example

```
Tio. Put_Line (uxs. Field_Count ("alpha: bravo: charlie", ":"));
```

### 1.16.7 Field Included

Description

Returns True if all Items\_List are included in String\_To\_Process list, which is delimited by Field Delimiter.

Usage



```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.Field_Count ("alpha, bravo, charlie", "alpha, charlie", ","));
True
```

### 1.16.8 Field Display

## · Description

Formatted display of a string fields structured in rows and columns. Optional header names are separated by commas.

Constants declaration abstract in v22 [related to Field \* functions]:

```
ND : constant String := "~"; -- Name/value delimiter
CD : constant String := "^"; -- Column delimiter
RD : constant String := "\"; -- Row delimiter
```

### Usage

## • Example

Combined example with Uxs. Field Display and Sql. Read functions:

```
Uxs.Field_Display [Sql.Read ["Cluster", "Number, Domain"], CD, RD, "Cluster number, Domain name"];

Cluster number Domain name

domain1

domain2

domain3

domain4

1234

genesix2.org
```

#### 1.16.9 Field Get Data

### Description

Return space trimmed datas from Field\_Name identifier in Datas or an empty string if Field\_Name not found.



### Usage

## • Example

### 1.16.10 Field Included

### Description

Returns True if all Items\_List are included in String\_To\_Process list, which is delimited by Field\_Delimiter.

Usage

```
function Field_Included [String_To_Process : String ;
Items_List : String ;
Field_Delimiter : String] return Boolean
```

## • Example

## 1.16.11 Field\_Search

### Description

Search Field To Search in String Input and return True if found.

Behavior: "a" should not be found in "span", "0" should not be found in "01" and "1" should not be found un "01". "span" and "01" should be found respectively.

Usage

```
function Field_Search (String_Input : String;
Field_To_Search : String;
Field_Delimiter : String) return Boolean;
```

• Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Uxs.Field_Search ["alpha:bravo:charlie", "bravo", ":"]];
```



True

## 1.16.12 From\_DB\_To\_Date\_String

Description

Converts a ISO 8601 YYYY-MM-DD string to DD/MM/YYYY string with optional separator replacement.

Usage

function From\_DB\_To\_Date\_String (DB\_Value : String; Separator : String :=
"/"] return String

Example

## 1.16.13 From\_DB\_To\_Money

· Description

Converts a String (as an image of type Bigint in database) into a Money type.

Bigint (Long\_Long\_Integer) is used for accurate storage in database.

Usage

function From\_DB\_To\_Money [DB\_Value : String] return Money

Example

## 1.16.14 From\_DB\_To\_Money\_String

· Description

Converts a String (as an image of type Bigint in database) into a String (as an image of type Money).

Bigint (Long\_Long\_Integer) is used for accurate storage in database.

Usage

function From\_DB\_To\_Money\_String (DB\_Value : String) return String

Example

000 => 0.00 001 => 0.01



```
012 => 0.12

12312 => 123.12

-001 => -0.01

-012 => -0.12

-12312 => -123.12
```

### 1.16.15 From\_DB\_To\_Money\_String\_With\_Padding\_Sign

### Description

Converts a String (as an image of type Bigint in database) into a String (as an image of type Money).

Bigint (Long\_Long\_Integer) is used for accurate storage in database.

With positive and invisible padding sign to keep vertical alignment.

### Usage

```
function From_DB_To_Money_String_With_Padding_Sign [DB_Value : String]
return String
```

### Example

```
000
             0.00
       =>
 001
       =>
             0.01
 012
             0.12
       =>
12312 =>
           123. 12
-001 =>
            -0.01
-012
            -0.12
      =>
-12312 => -123.12
```

### 1.16.16 From Money To DB

### Description

Converts a Money type or a String type (as an image of type Money) into a String compatible with storage as a Bigint in database.

Bigint (Long Long Integer) is used for accurate storage in database.

## Usage

```
function From_Money_To_DB [DB_Value : Money] return String
function From_Money_To_DB [DB_Value : String] return String
```

#### Example

```
123 => 12300

123. => 12300

123. 1 => 12301

123. 12 => 12312

123. 123456 => 12312

. 1 => 001
```



```
. 12 => 012

. 123456 => 012

-0. 123456 => -012

-. 123456 => -012

-. => 000

- => 000
```

### 1.16.17 Is\_Numeric

## Description

Returns True if Item string is numeric (i.e. contains only digits with or without leading signs like space, plus or minus).

Usage

```
function Is_Numeric (Item : in String; Signs : String := "") return Bool-
ean
```

Example

```
tio. Put_Line (Is_Numeric ("12AZE12"));

False

tio. Put_Line (Is_Numeric ("1212"));

True

tio. Put_Line (Is_Numeric ("-1212", "-"));

True

tio. Put_Line (Is_Numeric ("+1212", "-+"));

True
```

## 1.16.18 Padding\_Left

Description

Replace all Char\_In by Char\_Out in String\_To\_Process.

Usage

Example

```
Padding_Left ["12", "0", 6];
"000012"
```



## 1.16.19 Replace Char

· Description

Replace all Char\_In by Char\_Out in String\_To\_Process.

Usage

Example

```
Replace_Char [ABCDEFGH", 'D', 'Z'];
"ABCZEFGH"
```

## 1.16.20 Starts\_With

Description

Check if String Item starts with another String Pattern.

Usage

function Starts\_With (Item : String; Pattern : Character) return Boolean;

Example

```
- Check String with String pattern
if Ends_With ["package", "pac"] then
   Tio.Put_Line ["Match !"];
end if;
```

## 1.16.21 Stript\_Chars

Description

Stript each char in String To Process relative to Char List.

Usage

```
function Stript_Chars (String_To_Process : String ; Char_List : String)
return String
```

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.Stript_Chars ("ABCDEFGH", "BDF"));
"ACEGH"
```



## 1.16.22 Tail\_After\_Match

### Description

Extract a String from Source starting from Pattern+1 position to the end. If Pattern not found, return Source unchanged.

Usage

Examples

```
Path := "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup";
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, '/']];
"gnx-startup"
Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "ix"]];
"/gnx-startup"
Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "gene"]];
"six/gnx-startup"
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "etc/genesix/gnx-startu"]];
"p"
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startu"]];
"p"
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup"]];
empty string
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startup"]];
empty string
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/genesix/gnx-startupp"]];
empty string
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Tail_After_Match [Path, "/etc/geneseven"]];
empty string
```

### 1.16.23 To\_Hex

· Description

Convert a Byte or a String to a String hexadecimal output.

Usage

```
function To_Hex (Byte : Interfaces.Unsigned_8) return String
function To_Hex (String_In : String) return String
```



```
tio.Put_Line [Uxs.To_Hex ["ABCDEF"]];
41 42 43 44 45 46
```

### 1.16.24 To Hex Control Codes

Description

Convert any ASCII character value ranging 0..32 to a hexadecimal output but leave others characters unchanged.

Usage

```
function To_Hex_Control_Codes [String_To_Convert : String] return String;
```

Example

```
Msg.Info (To_Hex_Control_Codes ("test " & CRLF));
test<20><0D><0A>
```

## 1.16.25 To\_Hex\_From\_Val

Description

Convert an ASCII String value ranging 0..127 to a String hexadecimal output.

Usage

```
function Ascii_Value_To_Hex (Input : String) return String
```

Example

```
tio.Put_Line (Uxs.To_Hex_From_Val ["61"]);
3D
```

### 1.16.26 To\_Integer

Description

Convert a String to an Integer. Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed before conversion. Returns 0 if String is empty or contains a least one non numeric character.

Usage

```
function To_Integer (V : String) return Integer
```



```
tio.Put_Line (Uxs.To_Integer ["22"]);
22
```

#### 1.16.27 To Long Long Integer

· Description

Convert a String to a Long\_Long\_Integer. Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed before conversion. Returns 0 if String is empty or contains a least one non numeric character.

Usage

function To\_Long\_Long\_Integer (V : String) return Long\_Long\_Integer

Example

```
tio.Put_Line (Uxs.To_Long_Long_Integer ["22"]);
22
```

### 1.16.28 To Long Integer From Hex

· Description

Convert a hexadecimal string to a Long\_Integer. Leading and trailing spaces are trimmed before conversion. Returns 0 if String is empty or contains non numeric character.

Usage

```
function To_Long_Integer_From_Hex (Hex_Val : String) return Long_Integer
```

• Example

```
Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex [""]]]; 0

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["01GG"]]]; 0

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["015E"]]]; 350

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["015E"]]]; 350

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["5BCD"]]]; 23501

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["ADAADADA"]]]; 2913655514

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["FFFFFFF"]]]; 4294967295

Msg. Info ["Result: " & To_String [To_Long_Integer_From_Hex ["3B9AC9FF"]]]; 999999999
```

### 1.16.29 To Money

Description

Convert Bigint database storage (Long Long Integer) or String to Money type.



#### Usage

```
function To_Money (DB_Integer : Long_Long_Integer) return Money function To_Money (DB_Value : String) return Money
```

#### Example

### 1.16.30 To\_String

### Description

Convert a Boolean, an On\_Off type, an Integer, a Long Integer, a Long Long Integer, a Money type or a Char into String type.

### Usage

```
function To_String (B : Boolean) return String
function To_String (B : On_Off) return String
function To_String (I : Integer) return String
function To_String (I : Long_Integer) return String
function To_String (I : Long_Long_Integer) return String
unction To_String (I : Money) return String
function To_String (C : ASCII_Character) return String
```

#### Example

```
tio.Put_Line [Uxs.To_String [22]];
" 22"
```

## 1.16.31 To\_String\_Unsigned

### Description

Convert an Integer into String type removing the sign, i.e ' 'space for plus and '-' for minus.

#### Usage

```
function To_String_Unsigned (I : Integer) return String
function To_String_Unsigned (I : Unsigned_16) return String
```



```
tio.Put_Line (Uxs.To_String_Unsigned [22]);
"22"
```

## 1.16.32 To\_Val

Description

Convert a String to String ASCII decimal values formatted output.

Usage

```
function To_Val [String_To_Convert : String] return String
```

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.To_Val ("ABCDEF"));
65 66 67 68 69 70
```

## 1.16.33 Trim Both

· Description

Returns an all trimmed spaces String of String Source.

Usage

```
function Trim_Both [Source : String] return String
```

• Example

```
Tio.Put_Line [Uxs.Trim_Right [" AB CD "]];
"AB CD"
```

## 1.16.34 Trim\_Left

Description

Returns a trimmed leading spaces String of String Source.

Usage

```
function Trim_Left [Source : String] return String
```



```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.Trim_Left (+" ABCD "));
"ABCD "
```

### 1.16.35 Trim\_Right

Description

Returns a trimmed trailing spaces VString of VString Source.

Usage

```
function Trim_Right (Source : String) return String
```

Example

```
Tio.Put_Line (Uxs.Trim_Right (+" ABCD "));

" ABCD"
```

### 1.16.36 Trim Slashes

· Description

Returns an all trimmed slashes String of String Source.

Usage

```
function Trim_Slashes (Source : String) return String
```

• Example

```
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Trim_Slashes ["/"]];
""
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Trim_Slashes ["I"]];
"I"
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Trim_Slashes ["/i"]];
"i"
Tio. Put_Line [Uxs. Trim_Slashes ["/////i///"]];
"i"
```

# 2 Gnoga

The Gnoga API is too large to be fully reproduced here. Please refer to the automatically generated HTML documentation available from GnatStudio menu.



#### 2.1 Server Database

### 2.1.1 Types

```
type Connection is limited interface;
type Connection_Access is access all Connection'Class;
```

```
type Recordset is interface;
type Recordset_Access is access all Recordset'Class;
```

```
type Field_Description is record
        Column_Name : String;
        Data_Type : String;
        Can_Be_Null : Boolean;
        Default_Value : String;
end record;

package Field_Description_Arrays is new Ada.Containers.Indefinite_Vectors [Natural, Field_Description];
subtype Field_Description_Array_Type is Field_Description_Arrays.Vector;
```

## 2.1.2 Exceptions

```
Connection_Error : Unable to connect to MYSQL Server or Not connected to Server

Database_Error : Unable to switch to specified Database

Table_Error : Unable to locate table or table has no fields

Query_Error : Unable to execute query

Empty_Recordset_Error : The recordset is currently empty

Empty_Row_Error : Attempt to read value from Row before calling Next

End_Of_Recordset : Attempt to go pass the last row in recordset

No_Such_Field : The value for a field name was requested that does not exits

Null_Field : The value for a Null field was requested

Not_Implemented : If a database method is called that is not implemented by the specific database engined used this exception will be raised.
```

## 2.1.3 Affected Rows

Description

Returns the number of rows affected by an Execute Query.

Usage

function Affected Rows [C: Connection] return Natural



### 2.1.4 Close

• Description

Close current recordset and free resources.

Usage

procedure Close (RS : in out Recordset)

• Example

### 2.1.5 Disconnect

• Description

Disconnect from server.

Usage

procedure Disconnect (C : in out Connection)

• Example

## 2.1.6 Error\_Message

• Description

Returns the last error message that has occurred on this connection.

Usage

function Error\_Message [C : Connection] return String

• Example



## 2.1.7 Escape String

Description

Prepares a string for safe storage in a query.

Usage

function Escape String [C: Connection; S: String] return String

Example

## 2.1.8 Execute\_Query

· Description

Execute an SQL Query with no result set.

Usage

procedure Execute\_Query [C : in out Connection; SQL : String]

• Example

## 2.1.9 Execute\_Update

Description

Executes and SQL Query and returns the number of affected row.

Usage

function Execute\_Update (C: in out Connection; SQL: String) return Natural

Example

### 2.1.10 Field\_Decimals

Description

Returns the decimal portion of a field size if it exists or 0. For example: if the Data\_Type = float(10,2) it will return 2.

Usage

function Field\_Decimals (Field : Field\_Description) return Natural

• Example

## 2.1.11 Field\_Descriptions

Description

Return an array of Field Description records describe the fields of a table.

Usage

function Field\_Descriptions (C : Connection; Table\_Name : String) return Field\_Description Array Type

Example

### 2.1.12 Field\_Name

Description

Return name of field.

Usage

function Field\_Name (RS: Recordset; Field\_Number: Natural) return String

• Example

### 2.1.13 Field Options

Description

Returns the field options portion of a data type, for example: If the Field.Data\_Type = enum('N','Y') then will return 'N','Y' as this is described in the database in the same way as field size, this may be used for a string representation of the size as well. For example varchar(80) will return the string 80. This is also used for descriptions like decimal(10,2), etc.

Usage

function Field\_Options (Field: Field\_Description) return String

### 2.1.14 Field\_Options

## Description

Returns the field size portion of a data type, for example: If the Field.Data\_Type = varchar(80) then will return 80. If the Data\_Type does not have a size portion will return 0. If the Data\_Type is a numeric with decimals, e.g. decimal(10,2) then it will return the non-decimal portion.

Usage

function Field\_Size (Field: Field\_Description) return Natural

• Example

### 2.1.15 Field Type

Description

Returns the field type portion of a data type, for example: If the Field.Data\_Type = Varchar[80] then will return Varchar.

Usage

function Field Type (Field: Field Description) return String

Example

### 2.1.16 Field Value

Description

Return value of field, if Handle\_Nulls is true, Null values will return as empty Strings.

Usage

function Field\_Value (RS : Recordset; Field\_Number : Natural; Handle\_Nulls :
Boolean := True) return String
function Field\_Value (RS : Recordset; Field\_Name : String; Handle\_Nulls : Boolean :=
True) return String

## 2.1.17 Field Values

· Description

Return map of all values for current row, NULL values are set to an empty String.

Usage

function Field\_Values (RS: Recordset) return Gnoga.Types.Data\_Map\_Type

Example

## 2.1.18 ID\_Field\_String

Description

Returns the proper type format for the ID field.

For MySQL = "id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTO\_INCREMENT".

For SQLite = "id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY AUTOINCREMENT".

Usage

function ID Field String [C: Connection] return String

Example

## 2.1.19 Insert\_ID

Description

Returns the last value assigned to an auto increment field upon insert.

Usage

function Insert ID [C: Connection] return Natural

• Example



### 2.1.20 Is Null

· Description

Return True if value of field is null.

Usage

```
function Is_Null (RS: Recordset; Field_Number: Natural) return Boolean function Is Null (RS: Recordset; Field Name: String) return Boolean
```

Example

#### 2.1.21 Iterate

- Description
  - [1] Iterate through all rows in the result set of the query
  - [2] Iterate through all rows in the recordset
  - [3] Iterate through all rows in the result set of the query
  - [4] Iterate through all rows in the recordset
- Usage
  - [1] procedure Iterate (C: in out Connection; SQL: in String; Process: not null access procedure (RS: Recordset'Class))
  - [2] procedure Iterate [RS: in out Recordset; Process: not null access procedure [RS: Recordset'Class]]
  - [3] procedure Iterate (C: in out Connection; SQL: String; Process: not null access procedure (Row: Gnoga.Types.Data\_Map\_Type)]
  - [4] procedure Iterate (RS : in out Recordset; Process : not null access procedure (Row : Gnoga.Types.Data\_Map\_Type)]
- Example

### 2.1.22 List Of Tables

Description

Return an array of table names

Usage

function List\_Of\_Tables (C : Connection) return Gnoga.Types.Data\_Array\_Type



## 2.1.23 List\_Fields\_Of\_Table

Description

Return an array of field names for table.

Usage

function List\_Fields\_Of\_Table (C : Connection; Table\_Name : String) return Gnoga.-Types.Data Array Type

• Example

#### 2.1.24 Next

Description

Go to next row or Go to next row and return true if not End of Recordset.

Usage

procedure Next (RS : in out Recordset)
function Next (RS : in out Recordset) return Boolean

Example

## 2.1.25 Number\_Of\_Fields

Description

Return number of fields (columns) in recordset.

Usage

function Number Of Fields (RS: Recordset) return Natural

• Example



### 2.1.26 Query

Description

Execute query that returns Recordset.

Usage

function Query [C: Connection; SQL: String] return Recordset'Class

• Example

### 2.2 Application, Types, Gui, Server, Client

The Gnoga framework's root package is Gnoga. There are five child packages making up the five areas of Gnoga development.

```
Gnoga. Application and its children are related to initializing and managing the life
cycle of Gnoga applications.
Gnoga. Types contains Gnoga specific types used throughout the framework.
Gnoga. Gui contains the user-interface portions of Gnoga. It is further divided into:
      Gnoga.Gui.Base - Common base functionality and events to all UI objects
      - Gnoga. Gui. Document - Binding to root element of DOM in a window - Gnoga. Gui. Element - General binding to all UI objects
      - Gnoga. Gui. Element. Common - Common ŬI elements
      - Gnoga. Gui. Element. Form - Form-related UI elements
      - Gnoga. Gui. Ekement. Canvas - Binding to a drawing canvas - Gnoga. Gui. Element. Multimedia - Multimedia bindings
      - Gnoga. Gui. Element. SVG - SVG canvas binding
      - Gnoga. Gui. Location - Browser window location control
- Gnoga. Gui. Navigator - Browser application control
      - Gnoga. Gui. Screen - Desktop screen properties
      - Gnoga. Gui. View - Layout control of UI elements
      - Gnoga. Gui. Window - Control of connection to UI
Gnoga. Server - Server side bindings and features
      - Gnoga. Server - Application settings and directories
- Gnoga. Server. Connection - Low level control of connection to UI
      - Gnoga. Server. Database - Database bindings [MySQL and SQLite3]
      - Gnoga. Server. Migration - Database schema migration interface
        Gnoga. Server. Model - Active Record implementation for Database access
      - Gnoga. Server. Template_Parser - Template parsing (Python or simple text)
Gnoga. Client - Non GUI client side bindings
      - Gnoga.Client.Storage - Local storage on client side
      - Gnoga. Client. Bind Page - Dynamically create Gnoga objects for an HTML page
```

### 2.3 Hierarchy for GUI Types



```
Context_Type
                           _ Canvas. Context_2d. Context_2d_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. Common. A_Type
                                Button_Type
                                Div_Type
                                P_Type
                                IMG_Type
HR_Type
                                BR_Type
                                Meter_Type
                                Progress_Bar_Type
                                Span_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. Form. Form_Type
                              Form_Element_Type
                              Data_List_Type
                              Text_Area_Type
                              Hidden_Type
                              Input_Button_Type
                              Submit_Button_Type
                              Reset_Button_Type
                              Check_Box_Type
                              Radio_Button_Type
                             Check_Box_Type
Input_Image_Type
                             Text_Type
Email_Type
                              Password_Type
                              URL_Type
                              Search_Type
                             Color_Picker_Type
Date_Type
                              Time_Type
                             Month_Type
                             Week_Type
Date_Time_Type
                              Date_Time_Local_Type
                             Number_Type
Range_Type
Label_Type
                              Selection_Type
                              Option_Type
                             Option_Group
                            Form. Fieldset. Fieldset_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. IFrame. IFrame_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. List. Ordered_List_Type
                              Unordered_List_Type
                              List_Item_Type
                              Definition_List_Type
                              Term_Type
                              Description_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. Multimedia. Multimedia_Type
                                    Audio_Type
                                    Video Type
_ Gnoga.Gui.Element.Phrase.Phase_Type (Abbr, Code, Strong, Em, Dfn, Samp,
Kbd, Var, Marked, Del, Ins, S, Q,
Big, Small, Time, Tt, Cite, I, B,
  U, Sub, Sup)
 Main, Nav, P, Pre, Section, BlockQuote, H1, H2, H3, H4, H5,
   H6, HGroup)
```

```
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. Style. Style_Block. Style_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Element. SVG. SVG_Type
  _ Gnoga. Gui. Element. Table. Table_Type
                               Table Row Type
                               Table_Column_Type
                               Table_Heading_Type
Table_Header_Type
                               Table_Body_Type
                               Table_Footer_Type
Table_Group_Type
                               Table_Column_Type
__ Gnoga. Gui. Location. Location_Type
 __ Gnoga.Gui.Module - Place holder for 3rd party extensions
    Gnoga. Gui. Navigator
   Gnoga.Gui.Plugin - Place hordler for 3rd part JS bindings
    included - Ace_Editor
                         Boot_Strap
                             Container_Type
                              Fluid_Container_Type
                              Row_Type
                              Jumbotron_Type
                              Table_Type
                              Form_Group_Type
                              Check_Box_Type
                              Radio_Button_Type
                          jQuery - Additional to Gnoga's use
                         ¡QueryUI - Interactions, Effects, Utilities
                          |__ jQueryUI.Widget.Accordian_Type
  jQueryUI Button
  Dialog_Type
  Progress_Bar_Type
jQueryUI Menu
  jQueryUI Select Menu
  Tabs_Type
  jQueryÚÍ Tool Tips
                         MacGap - Native Mac OS X functionality
 __ Gnoga. Gui. Screen
 __ Gnoga. Gui. View. View_Base_Type
                     View_Type
                 __ View.Card.Card_View_Type
                               Tab_Type
                               Tab_Item_Type
                 __ View.Console.Console_View_Type
               |__ View. Docker. Docker_View_Type
| Gnoga. Gui. Window. Window Type
```

### 2.4 Property and Method Overview

### 2.4.1 Base\_Type

\* Properties



```
- Height
   - Width
* Frawmework Properties:
   - Buffer_Connection
  - Connection_Data [ro]
   - Connection ID
  - DOM_Selector [ro]
  - Dynamic
  - IĎ
  - ID_Type [ro]
   - Parent
  - Unique_ID (ro)
   - Valid (ro)
* Generic Client Side Access to Properties
   - Property
* Methods
   - Focus
   - Blur
* Framework Methods
   - Flush Buffer
* Generic Client Side Execution of Methods
   - Execute
```

## 2.4.2 Element\_Type

## All of Base\_Type Plus:

```
* Properties - General
   - Access_Key
   - Advisory Title
   - Class_Name
   - Draggable
   - Editable
   - Inner_HTML
   - Outer_HTML (ro)
* Properties - Text Content
   - Language_Code
- Tab_Index
   - Spell_Check
   - Text
   - Text_Direction
* Properties - Visibility and Layout
   - Hidden
   - Visible
   - Display
   - Clear_Side (wo)
- Layout_Float (wo)
   - Overflow
   - Overflow_X (wo)
- Overflow_Y (wo)
   - Resizable
   - Position
   - Verticle_Align (wo)
   - Box_Sizing
   - Z_Index (wo)
   - Margin (wo)
   - Padding (wo)
```

```
* Properties - Position
   Height [from Base_Type]Width [from Base_Type]
   - Position_Top (ro)
   Position_Left (ro)
   Offset_From_Top (ro)
   - Offset_From_Left (ro)
   - Left
   - Right
   - Top
   - Bottom
   - Box_Height
   - Box_Width
   - Minimum_Height
   - Minimum_Width
   Maximum_HeightMaximum_Width
   - Inner_Height
- Inner_Width
- Outer_Height [ro]
   - Outer_Width [ro]
   - Outer_Width_To_Margin (ro)
- Outer_Width_To_Margin (ro)
- Client_Width (ro)
   - Client_Height [ro]
- Client_Left [ro]
- Client_Top [ro]
   Offset_Width [ro]
   Offset_Height (ro)Offset_Left (ro)
   Offset_Top [ro]Scroll_Width [ro]
     Scroll_Height`(ro)
Scroll_Left
   - Scroll_Top
* Properties - Style - Color
   - Color
   - Opacity
   - Background_Attachment
   - Background_Color
   - Background_Image
   - Background_Position
- Background_Origin
   - Background_Repeat
   - Background_Clip
   Background_SizeBorder (wo)
   - Border_Radius (wo)
      Shadow [wo] / Shadow_None
   - Outline (wo)
   - Cursor
* Properties - Style - Text
   - Font (wo)
   - Text_Alignment (wo)
* Framework Properties:
   - Auto Place
   - First_Child
   - Next_Sibling
   - HTML_Tag (ro)
* Generic Client Side Access to Properties
   - Style
   - Attribute
* Methods
   - Click
```

- Add\_Class
- Remove\_Class
- Toggle\_Class
- Place\_Inside\_Top\_Of
- Place\_Inside\_Bottom\_Of
- Place\_Before
- Place\_After
- Remove

# 2.4.3 Events

\* Object Events - On\_Resize - On\_Scroll \* Form Events - On\_Focus - On\_Blur - On\_Change - On\_Focus\_In - On\_Focus\_Out - On\_Input - On\_Reset - On\_Search - On\_Select - On\_Submit \* Mouse Events - On\_Click - On\_Mouse\_Click - On\_Mouse\_Right\_Click - On\_Context\_Menu - On\_Double\_Click - On\_Mouse\_Double\_Click - On\_Mouse\_Enter - On\_Mouse\_Leave - On\_Mouse\_Over - On Mouse Out - On\_Mouse\_Down - On\_Mouse\_Up - On\_Mouse\_Move \* Drag and Drop Events - Ŏn\_Drag\_Start - On\_Drag - On\_Drag\_End - On\_Drag\_Enter - On\_Drag\_Leave - On\_Drop \* Keyboard Events - On\_Character - On\_Wide\_Character - On\_Key\_Down - On\_Key\_Up - On\_Key\_Press \* Clipboard Events - On\_Copy - On\_Cut - On\_Paste \* Generic Events - On Create - On\_Destroy On\_Child\_Added

- On\_Child\_Removed

- On Message

# 3 UXStrings

### 3.1 Types

```
type Encoding_Scheme is [ASCII_7, Latin_1, UTF_8, UTF_16BE, UTF_16LE];
-- Supported encoding schemes
subtype UTF_16_Encoding_Scheme is Encoding_Scheme range UTF_16BE .. UTF_16LE;
-- Supported UTF-16 encoding schemes
subtype ASCII_Character is Ada. Characters. Handling. ISO_646;
subtype ASCII_Character_Array is String with Dynamic_Predicate => [for all Item of
ASCII_Character_Array => Item in ASCII_Character];
-- Characters in ISO/IEC 646
subtype Latin_1_Character is Character;
subtype Latin_1_Character_Array is String;
-- Characters in ISO/IEC 8859-1
subtype BMP_Character is Wide_Character;
subtype BMP_Character_Array is Wide_String;
-- Characters in Unicode Basic Multilingual Plane
-- (Could be also named UCS_2_Character (Universal Coded Character Set)?)
subtype Unicode_Character is Wide_Wide_Character;
subtype Unicode_Character_Array is Wide_Wide_String;
-- Characters in Unicode planes
-- [Could be also named UCS 4 Character?]
\verb|subtype UTF_8_Character_Array| is Ada. Strings. UTF\_Encoding. UTF\_String; \\
subtype UTF_16_Character_Array is Ada. Strings. UTF_Encoding. UTF_String;
-- Array of 8 Dits values representing UTF encodings (UTF-8, UTF-16BE, or UTF-16LE)
type UXString is tagged private with
Constant_Indexing => Element,
   Iterable => [First => First, Next => Next, Has_Element => Has_Element, Element => Element], String_Literal => From_Unicode;
-- Container type of Unicode characters with dynamic size usually named string
Null_UXString : constant UXString;
-- Represent the null string
```

### 3.2 Uxstrings

### 3.2.1 Append

Description

Update Source to the concatenation of Source and New Item.

Usage



```
procedure Append (Source : in out UXString;
New_Item : Unicode_Character)
```

# 3.2.2 Character\_Set\_Version

Description

Returns an implementation-defined identifier that identifies the version of the character set standard that is used for categorizing characters by the implementation.

Usage

function Character\_Set\_Version return UXString

Example

#### 3.2.3 Count

Description

Return the number of non overlapping occurrences of Pattern matching Source with respect of Mapping.

Return the number of occurrences of characters in parameter Set matching Source

Usage

• Example



#### 3.2.4 Delete

· Description

Return Source whom characters with positions from Low to High are removed.

Update Source whom characters with positions from Low to High are removed

Usage

• Example

#### 3.2.5 Element

Description

Return the Unicode character of Source at Index position

Usage

function Element (Source: UXString; Index: Positive) return Unicode\_Character;

Example

#### **3.2.6** Ending

Description

Get or set end of line mode. You should use Line Mark to apply the ending mode.

Usage

```
type Line_Ending is (CR_Ending, LF_Ending, CRLF_Ending);
function Ending (File : in File_Type) return Line_Ending;
procedure Ending (File : in File_Access; Value : Line_Ending);
```



### 3.2.7 Ends With

### Description

Return True if Source ends with pattern with respect case of sensitivity.

### Usage

```
function Ends_With [Source : UXString; Pattern : UXString; Sensitivity :
Case_Sensitivity := Sensitive] return Boolean;
```

Example

### 3.2.8 Equal\_Case\_Insentive

#### Description

Returns True if the strings consist of the same sequence of characters after applying locale-independent simple case folding, as defined by documents referenced in the note in Clause 1 of ISO/IEC 10646:2011. Otherwise, returns False.

Usage

function Equal\_Case\_Insensitive (Left, Right : UXString) return Boolean

Example

### 3.2.9 Find Token

# Description

Set First to position of the first character inside or outside Set matches Source starting at From position. Set Last to position of the last character inside or outside Set matches Source with respect of Test membership

Set First to position of the first character inside or outside Set matches Source. Set Last to position of the last character inside or outside Set matches Source with respect of Test membership.

#### Usage



#### 3.2.10 First

Description

Return the position of the first character of Source (actually 1).

Usage

```
function First (Source : UXString) return Positive;
```

Example

### 3.2.11 From\_ASCII

Description

Return an UXString from the ASCII character Item. Return an UXString from the array of ASCII characters Source.

Usage

```
function From_ASCII (Item : ASCII_Character) return UXString
function From_ASCII (Source : ASCII_Character_Array) return UXString
```

• Example

### 3.2.12 From BMP

Description

Return an UXString from the BMP character parameter Item. Return an UXString from the array of BMP characters parameter Source.

Usage

```
function From_BMP (Item : BMP_Character) return UXString
function From_BMP (Source : BMP_Character_Array) return UXString
```



# 3.2.13 From Latin 1

# Description

Return an UXString from the Latin 1 character parameter Item. Return an UXString from the array of Latin 1 characters parameter Source.

Usage

```
function From_Latin_1 (Item : Latin_1_Character) return UXString
function From_Latin_1 (Source : Latin_1_Character_Array) return UXString
```

• Example

### 3.2.14 From\_Unicode

Description

Return an UXString from the Unicode character parameter Item. Return an UXString from the array of Unicode characters parameter Source.

Usage

```
function From_Unicode (Item : Unicode_Character) return UXString
function From_Unicode (Source : Unicode_Character_Array) return UXString
```

Example

### 3.2.15 From UTF 8

Description

Return an UXString from the array of UTF-8 characters parameter Source, leading BOM characters are suppressed if any.

Usage

function From\_UTF\_8 [Source : UTF\_8\_Character\_Array] return UXString



# 3.2.16 From UTF 16

# · Description

Return an UXString from the array of UTF-16 characters parameter Source according to the encoding scheme specified by Input\_Scheme, leading BOM characters are suppressed if any.

Usage

• Example

### 3.2.17 Get ASCII

# · Description

Return the ASCII character of Source at Index position, if the character is not in ASCII set then Substitute is returned

Usage

Example

### 3.2.18 Get BMP

### Description

Return the BMP character from Source at Index position, if the character is not in BMP set then Substitute is returned.

Usage



```
Substitute : in BMP_Character := Inv_Q_B)
return BMP_Character
```

# 3.2.19 Get\_Latin\_1

### Description

Return the Latin 1 character from Source at Index position, if the character is not in latin 1 set then Substitute is returned.

Usage

Example

## 3.2.20 Get\_Unicode

Description

Return the Unicode character from Source at Index position.

Usage

Example

### 3.2.21 Has\_Element

Description

Return True if a character of Source is present at Index position (actually Index <= Length (Source)).

Usage

function Has\_Element (Source : UXString;



#### Index: Positive) return Boolean

### Example

#### 3.2.22 Head

### Description

Return the first characters from Source up to Count concatenated with Pad characters if needed.

Update Source to the first characters from Source up to Count concatenated with Pad characters if needed.

Usage

### Example

#### 3.2.23 Index

### Description

- [1] Return the position of the first character where Pattern matches Source with respect of Going direction and Mapping
- [2] Return the position of the first character where Pattern matches Source with respect of Going direction and Mapping.
- [3] Return the position of the first character inside or outside Set matches Source with respect of Going direction and Test membership.
- [4] Return the position of the first character where Pattern matches Source starting at From position with respect of Going direction and Mapping.
- [5] Return the position of the first character where Pattern matches Source starting at From position with respect of Going direction and Mapping.
- [6] Return the position of the first character inside or outside Set matches Source starting at From position with respect of Test membership.

#### Usage

```
[1] function Index [Source: UXString; Pattern: UXString;
                    Going : Direction := Forward;
                    Mapping : Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping := Identity]
return Natural
[2] function Index (Source : UXString;
                    Pattern: UXString;
                    Going : Direction := Forward;
                    Mapping: Wide Wide Character Mapping Function)
return Natural
[3] function Index (Source : UXString;
                    Set : Wide Wide Character Set;
                    Test : Membership : = Inside;
                    Going : Direction := Forward)
return Natural
[4] function Index [Source : UXString;
                    Pattern: UXString; From: Positive;
                    Going : Direction := Forward;
                    Mapping : Wide Wide Character Mapping := Identity)
return Natural
[5] function Index (Source : UXString;
                    Pattern : UXString;
                    From : Positive;
                    Going : Direction := Forward;
                    Mapping : Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping_Function)
return Natural
[6] function Index (Source: UXString;
                    Set : Wide_Wide_Character_Set;
                    From: Positive
                    Test : Membership := Inside;
                    Going : Direction := Forward)
return Natural;
With Ada. Strings - Direction is [Forward, Backward]
   type Alignment is [Left, Right, Center]
   type Truncation is [Left, Right, Error]
   type Membership is [Inside, Outside]
   type Trim_End is [Left, Right, Both]
```

### Example

# 3.2.24 Index\_Non\_Blank

#### Description

Return the position of the first non space character of Source with respect of Going direction.



Return the position of the first non space character of Source starting at From position with respect of Going direction.

### Usage

# • Example

#### 3.2.25 Insert

# Description

Return Source with New\_Item inserted at position ahead of parameter Before. Update Source with New Item inserted at position ahead of parameter Before.

### Usage

# Example

### 3.2.26 Is\_ASCII, Is\_ISO\_646

#### Description

Return True if all the characters of Source are in ASCII set. Return True if the character of Source at Index position is in ASCII set.

#### Usage

```
function Is_ASCII (Source : UXString) return Boolean
function Is_ASCII (Source : UXString; Index : Positive) return Boolean
function Is_ISO_646 (Item : UXString) return Boolean renames Is_ASCII
```



# 3.2.27 Is Basic

Description

Return True if source is basic (with no diacritical mark).

Usage

```
function Is_Basic (Source : UXString) return Boolean
```

Example

#### 3.2.28 Is BMP

Description

Return True if all the characters of Source are in BMP set. Return True if the character of Source at Index position is in BMP set.

Usage

```
function Is_BMP (Source : UXString) return Boolean
function Is_BMP (Source : UXString; Index : Positive) return Boolean
```

• Example

### 3.2.29 **Is\_Empty**

Description

Return True is Source is empty (equal to Null UXString).

Usage

```
function Is_Empty (Source : UXString) return Boolean
```



# 3.2.30 Is Latin 1

· Description

Return True if all the characters of Source are in Latin 1 set. Return True if the character of Source at Index position is in Latin 1 set.

Usage

```
Inv_Q_L : Latin_1_Character renames Ada.Characters.Latin_1.Inverted_Question;
```

```
function Is_Latin_1 (Source : UXString) return Boolean
function Is_Latin_1 (Source : UXString; Index : Positive) return Boolean
```

• Example

### 3.2.31 Is Lower

Description

Return True if Source is lowercase.

Usage

```
function Is_Lower (Source : UXString) return Boolean
```

Example

# 3.2.32 Is\_Unicode

Description

Return True if all the characters of Source are in Unicode set (actually True). Return True if the character of Source at Index position is in Unicode set (actually True).

Usage

```
function Is_Unicode (Source : UXString) return Boolean
function Is_Unicode (Source : UXString; Index : Positive) return Boolean
```



# 3.2.33 Is Upper

· Description

Return True if Source is lowercase.

Usage

function Is\_Upper (Source : UXString) return Boolean;

Example

#### 3.2.34 Last

Description

Return the position of the last character of Source (actually Length (Source)).

Usage

function Last (Source : UXString) return Natural;

• Example

### 3.2.35 Length

· Description

Return the number of [Unicode] characters.

Usage

function Length [Source : UXString] return Natural;

• Example

# 3.2.36 Less\_Case\_Insensitive

Description

Performs a lexicographic comparison of strings Left and Right, converted to lower case.

Usage

function Less\_Case\_Insensitive (Left, Right : UXString) return Boolean;



### 3.2.37 Line\_Mark

Description

Apply end of line mode.

Usage

```
function Line_Mark return UXString;
procedure Line_Mark (Ending : Line_Ending);
```

Example

#### 3.2.38 Next

Description

Return the position of the next character of Source after Index position (actually Index + 1).

Usage

```
function Next [Source : UXString; Index : Positive] return Positive
procedure Next [Source : UXString; Index : in out Positive]
```

Example

### 3.2.39 Overwrite

Description

Return Source whom characters starting at Position are replaced with parameter New\_Item
Update Source whom characters starting at Position are replaced with parameter New Item

Usage



### New\_Item : UXString)

• Example

### **3.2.40** Prepend

Description

Update Source to the concatenation of New Item and Source

Usage

Example

#### 3.2.41 Remove

- Description
  - [1] Return Source where every occurrence of Pattern have been removed with respect of case sensitivity.
  - [2] Update Source where every occurrence of Pattern have been removed with respect of case sensitivity.
  - [3] Return Source where every occurrence of Pattern have been removed with respect of case sensitivity.
  - [4] Update Source where every occurrence of Pattern have been removed with respect of case sensitivity.
- Usage
  - [1] function Remove (Source : UXString; Pattern : Unicode\_Character; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive) return UXString
  - [2] procedure Remove [Source : in out UXString; Pattern : Unicode\_Character; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive]
  - [3] function Remove (Source : UXString; Pattern : UXString; Sensitivity :
    Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive) return UXString
  - [4] procedure Remove [Source : in out UXString; Pattern : UXString; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive]



### 3.2.42 Replace

### Description

- [1] Return a string which has had the before character replaced with the after character wherever the before character is found with respect of sensitivity.
- [2] Update Source which has had the before character replaced with the after character wherever the before character is found with respect of sensitivity.
- [3] Return a string which has had the before text replaced with the after text wherever the before text is found with respect of sensitivity.
- [4] Update Source which has had the before text replaced with the after text wherever the before text is found with respect of case sensitivity

### Usage

- [1] function Replace [Source : UXString; Before, After : Unicode\_Character; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity : = Sensitive] return UXString
- [2] procedure Replace [Source : in out UXString; Before, After :
  Unicode\_Character; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity : = Sensitive]
- [3] function Replace [Source : UXString; Before, After : UXString; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive] return UXString
- [4] procedure Replace [Source : in out UXString; Before, After :
  UXString; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity : = Sensitive]

### Example

### 3.2.43 Replace\_ASCII

#### Description

Update Source such as the character at Index position is set to the ASCII character parameter By.

### Usage



# 3.2.44 Replace\_Latin\_1

Description

Update Source such as the character at Index position is set to the Latin 1 character parameter By.

Usage

```
procedure Replace_Latin_1 (Source : in out UXString;
Index : Positive;
By : Latin_1_Character)
```

• Example

### 3.2.45 Replace BMP

Description

Update Source such as the character at Index position is set to the BMP character parameter By.

Usage

• Example

### 3.2.46 Replace\_Slice

Description

Return Source whom characters with positions from Low to High are replaced with parameter By.

Update Source whom characters with positions from Low to High are replaced with parameter By.

Usage

function Replace\_Slice (Source : UXString;



```
Low: Positive;
High: Natural;
By: UXString] return UXString

procedure Replace_Slice [Source: in out UXString;
Low: Positive;
High: Natural;
By: UXString]
```

# 3.2.47 Replace\_Unicode

Description

Update Source such as the character at Index position is set to the Unicode character parameter By.

Usage

Example

#### 3.2.48 Set

Description

Set Target to an UXString from the array of Unicode characters parameter Source.

Usage

procedure Set (Target : out UXString; Source : Unicode\_Character\_Array)

Example

#### 3.2.49 Scheme

Description

Get or set encoding scheme for file operation.

Ada

### Usage

```
type Encoding_Scheme is [ASCII_7, Latin_1, UTF_8, UTF_16BE, UTF_16LE]
function Scheme [File : in File_Type] return Encoding_Scheme
procedure Scheme [File : in File_Access; Value : in Encoding_Scheme]
```

• Example

#### 3.2.50 lice

# Description

Return the slice at positions Low through High from Source.

Set Target to the slice at positions Low through High from Source.

Usage

#### Example

#### 3.2.51 Split

### Description

- [1] Return a string list resulting in spliting Source into substrings wherever Separator
- [2] Return a string list resulting in spliting Source into substrings wherever Separator occurs.
- [3] Return a string list resulting in spliting Source into substrings wherever Separator occurs with respect of Test membership.
- Usage
  - [1] function Split [Source : UXString; Separator : Unicode\_Character; Sensitivity : Case\_Sensitivity := Sensitive] return UXStrings.Lists.UXString\_List



```
[2] function
               Split (Source : UXString;
   Separator : UXString;
               Case_Sensitivity := Sensitive) return UXStrings.List-
Sensitivity :
s. UXString_List
       function
                  Split
                           [Source
   UXString;
  Separator
Wide_Wide_Character_Set;
                          Test :
  Inside)
                                     Membership
  : =
   return
UXStrings.Lists.UXString_List
```

#### 3.2.52 Tail

### Description

Return the last characters from Source up to Count concatenated with Pad characters if needed

Update Source to the last characters from Source up to Count concatenated with Pad characters if needed

Usage

# • Example

### 3.2.53 To ASCII, To ISO 646

#### Description

Return an array of ASCII characters from Source, if a character is not in ASCII set then Substitute is returned.

Usage



return ASCII\_Character\_Array renames To\_ASCII

Example

### 3.2.54 To\_Basic

### Description

Returns the letter corresponding to Item but with no diacritical mark, if Item is a letter but not a basic letter; returns Item otherwise.

Usage

function To\_Basic [Item : UXString] return UXString

• Example

# 3.2.55 To\_BMP

# · Description

Return an array of BMP characters from Source, if a character is not in BMP set then Substitute is returned.

Usage

### 3.2.56 To\_Latin\_1

### Description

Return an array of Latin 1 characters from Source, if a character is not in latin 1 set then Substitute is returned.

Usage



return Latin\_1\_Character\_Array

Example

# **3.2.57** To\_Lower

Description

Returns the corresponding lower-case value for Item if Is\_Upper(Item), and returns Item otherwise.

Usage

function To\_Lower (Item : UXString) return UXString

• Example

### 3.2.58 To Unicode

Description

Return an array of Unicode characters from Source.

Usage

function To\_Unicode [Source : UXString] return Unicode\_Character\_Array

• Example

### 3.2.59 To\_Upper

· Description

Returns the corresponding upper-case value for Item if Is\_Lower(Item) and Item has an upper-case form, and returns Item otherwise.

Usage

function To\_Upper (Item : UXString) return UXString



### 3.2.60 To UTF 8

# Description

Return an array of UTF-8 characters from Source, prepend UTF-8 BOM if Output\_BOM is set to True.

### Usage

### 3.2.61 To UTF 16

### Description

Return an array of UTF-16 characters from Source according to the encoding scheme specified by Output\_Scheme, prepend UTF-16 BOM if Output\_BOM is set to True.

# Usage

# • Example

#### 3.2.62 Translate

### Description

Return Source updated with respect of Mapping.

Update Source with respect of Mapping.

Return Source updated with respect of Mapping

Update Source with respect of Mapping

### Usage

```
function Translate [Source : UXString;

Mapping : Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping]

return UXString

procedure Translate [Source : in out UXString;

Mapping : Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping]

function Translate [Source : UXString;

Mapping: Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping_Function]
```



```
return UXString

procedure Translate (Source : in out UXString;

Mapping : Wide_Wide_Character_Mapping_Function)
```

#### 3.2.63 Trim

### Description

Return Source with Space characters removed from left, right or both with respect of Side.

Update Source with Space characters removed from left, right or both with respect of Side.

Return Source with leading characters in Left and trailing characters in Right removed

Update Source with leading characters in Left and trailing characters in Right removed

#### Usage

#### Example

# 3.2.64 &

### Description

Return the concatenation of Left and Right.

#### Usage



```
function "&" (Left : Unicode_Character;
Right : UXString) return UXString
```

3.2.65

Description

Return Right string duplicated Left times

Return Right character duplicated Left times

Usage

```
function "*" (Left : Natural; Right : UXString) return UXString
function "*" (Left : Natural; Right : Unicode_Character) return UXString
```

Example

3.2.66

Description

Return True if Left equals Right.

Usage

```
function "=" [Left: UXString; Right: UXString] return Boolean
```

Example

#### 3.2.67 <

Description

Return True if Left is less than Right.

Usage

```
function "<" [Left : UXString; Right : UXString] return Boolean
```



# • Example

3.2.68 <=

Description

Return True if Left is less or equal than Right.

Usage

function "<=" [Left : UXString; Right : UXString] return Boolean

Example

3.2.69 >

· Description

Return True if Left is greater than Right.

Usage

function ">" [Left: UXString; Right: UXString] return Boolean

• Example

3.2.70 >=

Description

Return True if Left greater or equal than Right.

Usage

function ">=" [Left: UXString; Right: UXString] return Boolean



# 3.3 Uxstrings.Text IO - Text console management

# 3.3.1 New Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more than one when Spacing is passed.

Usage

```
procedure New_Line (Spacing : in Positive_Count := 1)
```

• Example

# 3.3.2 Get\_Immediate

Description

Get a character validated by [Enter]

Usage

```
function Get_Line return UXString
procedure Put_Line (Item : in UXString)
```

Example

# 3.3.3 Get\_Line

Description

Get a string validated by [Enter]

Usage

```
procedure Get_Line (Item : out UXString)
function Get_Line return UXString
```



#### 3.3.4 Put

· Description

Print to the console.

Usage

```
procedure Put (Item : in UXString)
procedure Get (Item : out UXString; Length : in Count)
```

Example

# 3.3.5 Put\_Line

Description

Print to the console then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line [Item : in UXString]
```

Example

# 3.4 Uxstrings.Text\_IO - Text file management

Settings for v22

```
-- with UXStrings; use UXStrings;
with UXStrings. Text_IO;
with UXStrings. Text_IO. Text_Streams;
with UXStrings. Conversions;

procedure Example is

function Image is new UXStrings. Conversions. Scalar_Image [Encoding_Scheme];
function Value is new UXStrings. Conversions. Scalar_Value [Encoding_Scheme];

package UXS renames UXStrings;
package UTI renames UXStrings. Text_IO;
package UTS renames UXStrings. Text_IO. Text_Streams;
```

#### 3.4.1 Close

Description

Close a file.



Usage

```
procedure Close (File : in out File_Type)
```

Example

#### 3.4.2 Create

· Description

Create a file.

Défault file mode is "Out" (write mode).

Usage

```
type File_Mode is [In_File, Out_File, Append_File]
type Encoding_Scheme is [ASCII_7, Latin_1, UTF_8, UTF_16BE, UTF_16LE]
type Line_Ending is [CR_Ending, LF_Ending, CRLF_Ending]

procedure Create [File : in out File_Type; Mode : in File_Mode := Out_File; Name : in UXString := Null_UXString; Scheme : in Encoding_Scheme := Latin_1; Ending : Line_Ending := CRLF_Ending)
```

Example

# 3.4.3 End Of File

Description

Return true if end of file is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_File (File : in out File\_Type) return Boolean

Example

### 3.4.4 End\_Of\_Line

Description

Return true if end of line is reached.

Usage

function End\_Of\_Line (File : in out File\_Type) return Boolean



# 3.4.5 End Of Page

Description

Return true if end of page is reached.

Usage

```
function End_Of_Page (File : in File_Type) return Boolean;
```

Example

### 3.4.6 Flush

Description

Flush file buffer to disk.

Usage

```
procedure Flush (File : in File_Type)
```

Example

# 3.4.7 Get\_Line

Description

Get the current line and then move the file pointer to the next line.

Usage

```
procedure Get_Line [File : in out File_Type; Item : out UXString]
function Get_Line [File : in out File_Type] return UXString
```



# 3.4.8 Is Open

· Description

Returns true if Handle file is open.

Usage

```
function Is_Open (Handle : in File) return Boolean
```

Example

#### 3.4.9 Line

Description

Create a new blank line, or more when Spacing is passed.

Usage

```
procedure New_Line (Handle : File; Spacing : Positive)
```

Example

### 3.4.10 Open

· Description

Open a file.

Usage

• Example



#### 3.4.11 Put

Description

Write to a file.

Usage

```
procedure Put (File : in File_Type; Item : in UXString)
```

• Example

# 3.4.12 Put\_Line

· Description

Write a file and then add a new line.

Usage

```
procedure Put_Line (File : in File_Type; Item : in UXString)
```

• Example

#### 3.4.13 Reset

· Description

Reset the file pointer to the start of the file.

Usage

```
type File_Mode is (In_File, Out_File, Append_File)
procedure Reset (File : in out File_Type; Mode : in File_Mode)
procedure Reset (File : in out File_Type)
```



https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

# FAQ

With the Wildebeest and the Penguin, there's no Bull. Number Six



- 1 v22
- 1.1 Constants
- 1.1.1 ANSI colors for console

This constants conforms to ISO 6429 standard:

```
CONSOLE_COLOR_GREEN : constant String := ESC & "[1; 32m"; CONSOLE_COLOR_RED : constant String := ESC & "[1; 31m"; CONSOLE_COLOR_YELLOW : constant String := ESC & "[1; 33m"; CONSOLE_COLOR_RESET : constant String := ESC & "[0m";
```

### 1.1.2 Control characters

Common control characters:

```
HT : constant String := Character' Val[9] & ""; -- 09d 09h Tab

LF : constant String := Character' Val[10] & ""; -- 10d 0Ah Line Feed

CR : constant String := Character' Val[13] & ""; -- 13d 0Dh Carriage return

ESC : constant String := Character' Val[27] & ""; -- 27d 1Bh Escape

DQ : constant String := Character' Val[34] & ""; -- 34d 22h Double quote

CRLF : constant String := CR & LF;
```

#### 1.1.3 Delimiter characters

V22 conventional delimiter characters:

```
ND: constant String:= "~"; -- 126d 7Eh Name/value delimiter
CD: constant String:= "^"; -- 94d 5Eh Column delimiter
RD: constant String:= "\"; -- 92d 5Ch Row delimiter
VD: constant String:= ","; -- 44d 2Ch Virgule [comma] delimiter
SD: constant String:= ":"; -- 58d 3Ah String delimiter
```



```
SP: constant String:= " "; -- 32d 20h Space
```

♦ Some of these delimiters are heavily used in the v20.Vst.Field \* functions.

# 1.1.4 Flag files

Useful names for testing mounts or install completed:

```
ACCESS_OK : constant String := "access_ok_dont_delete_this_file";
INSTALL_OK : constant String := "install_ok_dont_delete_this_file";
```

#### 1.1.5 Redirection

Output redirections for standard and error outputs.

```
STD_OUT_REDIRECT : constant String := " 1>/dev/null";
ERR_OUT_REDIRECT : constant String := " 2>/dev/null";
STD_ERR_OUT_REDIRECT : constant String := " 2>/dev/null 1>/dev/null";
```

## 1.2 Conventional exit codes

- 1 -h or --help switches
- 2 invalid switch
- 3 invalid parameter
- 4 SQL error
- 5 reserved for future use
- 6 reserved for future use
- 7 reserved for future use
- 8 reserved for future use
- 9 if an exception occurs during execution

Exit codes greater than 9 are reserved to applications using v22. Typically, an application may use a base exit code by class command with local increment. Example: exit code for command "service backup" (backup being the first command of class service) could be Base Exit Code Service + 1:

```
Base_Exit_Code_App : constant Positive := 10;
Base_Exit_Code_Cluster : constant Positive := 20;
Base_Exit_Code_Db : constant Positive := 30;
Base_Exit_Code_Domain: constant Positive := 40;
Base_Exit_Code_Group : constant Positive := 50;
Base_Exit_Code_Help : constant Positive := 60;
Base_Exit_Code_Instance : constant Positive := 70;
Base_Exit_Code_Info : constant Positive := 80;
Base_Exit_Code_Ip : constant Positive := 90;
Base_Exit_Code_Node : constant Positive := 100;
Base_Exit_Code_Owner : constant Positive := 110;
Base_Exit_Code_Remote : constant Positive := 120;
Base_Exit_Code_Service : constant Positive := 130;
Base_Exit_Code_User : constant Positive := 140;
```

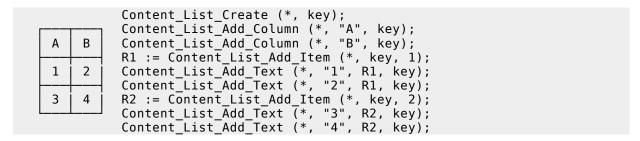
#### 1.3 Gui

## 1.3.1 Content Group elements usage

Most element come with an On\_Change callback, fired once the user stops focusing the given element.

Every item (except button and warning), have an explaining text next to it in the container.

## 1.3.2 Content List layout example



#### 1.3.3 Persistence within a connection

This essential function is provide by using v22.Gui API Set\_Connection\_Data, Set\_Connection Data and Clear Connection Data.

Connection Data is a free to use dictionary unique to each user.

## Example:

```
procedure Example_Set [Object : in out GGB. Base_Type'Class] is
begin
    Gui.Set_Connection_Data [Object, "Parameter", "Value"];
end Example_Set;

procedure Example_Get [Object : in out GGB. Base_Type'Class] is
    Dummy : String;
begin
    Dummy := Gui.Get_Connection_Data [Object, "Parameter"];
end Example_Get;
```

#### 1.4 Sql

#### 1.4.1 General notes

This SQL package is a high-level API to simplify development. It includes, among others, the following features:

- Redundancy-free integration with low-level binding Gnoga. Server. Database;
- Standardized interface for all target databases;
- Database version management with table, index, relationship and field creation, followed by automatic update:
- Integrated data dictionary in Sys Schema table;
- Set and Get configuration parameters in Sys Config dedicated table;
- General purpose SQL API to ease the programmer.



See testapi demo program for further details.

Sql is (with the exception of initialization and finalization routines) a task aware package, using a mutex schema to avoid collision, for writing routines:

- Delete
- Insert
- Set\_Config
- Update

## 1.4.2 MySQL notes

UTF-8 and MySQL is a long story. To keep it short, just check in /etc/mysql/mariad-b.conf.d the following lines:

```
[mysqld]
...
skip-character-set-client-handshake
character-set-server = utf8mb4
collation-server = utf8mb4_general_ci
```

The first ensures that there will be no character set negotiation from the client to the server, while the other two guarantee optimum UTF-8 compatibility. Yes, you must specify utf8mb4 instead of utf8. As you may have guessed (no kidding), mb4 stands for most bytes 4, to be compatible with four-byte Unicode.

#### 1.4.3 SQLite notes

A comprehensive "SQLite digest manual" is available to ease SQLite newcomers. See Sowebio Github repository.

To ease customization, SQLite DB is directly compiled and linked against sqlite3.c source located in src/sql.

## 1.4.4 Password encoding

## Description

v22 passwords are SHA512 encoded, with the help of the GNAT.SHA512 package, as described in FIPS PUB 180-3. The complete text of FIPS PUB 180-3 can be found at: <a href="http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips180-3/fips180-3\_final.pdf">http://csrc.nist.gov/publications/fips/fips180-3/fips180-3\_final.pdf</a> The most recent standard is available here <a href="https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.180-4.pdf">https://nvlpubs.nist.gov/nistpubs/FIPS/NIST.FIPS.180-4.pdf</a>

Usage

```
From_Latin_1 (GNAT. SHA512. Digest ("password"))
```

The resulting SHA512 string for "password" is this 128 bytes string:

b109f3bbbc244eb82441917ed06d618b9008dd09b3befd1b5e07394c706a8b-b980b1d7785e5976ec049b46df5f1326af5a2ea6d103fd07c95385ffab0cacbc86



#### 1.4.5 v20 to v22 transition

List of obsolete v20 functions, superseded by Gnoga. Server. Database functions.

- Column\_Integer, Column\_Text
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Field\_Value and Gnoga.Server.Database.Field\_Decimals.
- Column\_Count
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Number Of Fields.
- Column\_Type
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Field Type.
- Error
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Error\_Message.
- Exec
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Execute Query.
- Last\_Insert\_RowID
   Use Gnoga.Server.Database.Insert\_ID.Insert\_ID.
- Open
   Use Gnoga.Server.Connect.
- Prepare
   Use Gnoga.Server.Query.
- Reset
   Use Gnoga.Server.Close.
- Step
   Use Gnoga.Server.Next.

# 2 Gnoga

2.1 Callstack to display textSimplified pathway to display a simple text:

```
TestGui
   Gui.Content_Set_Title [Object, "User Help Title"];
   Gui.Content_Set_Text [Object, "This is the help text"];
|
V
```



```
v22. Gui
   procedure Content Set Title [Object : in out GGB. Base Type' Class; Ti-
tle : String) is
      App : constant App_Access := App_Access [Object.Connection_Data];
   begin
      App. Content_Header. Text [Title];
   end Content_Set_Title;
     procedure Content_Set_Text [Object : in out GGB.Base_Type'Class;
Text: String) is
      App : constant App_Access := App_Access [Object.Connection_Data];
      App. Content_Text. Text (Text);
   end Content_Set_Text;
Gnoga. Gui. View
   Content_Text : aliased GGV. View_Type;
Gnoga. Gui. Element [968]
   procedure Text [Element : in out Element Type; Value : in String] is
      Element.jQuery Execute ["text [' " & Escape Quotes [Value] & "']; "];
   end Text:
```

## 2.2 Gnoga tips

From <a href="https://github.com/alire-project/qnoqa/blob/master/TIPS.md">https://github.com/alire-project/qnoqa/blob/master/TIPS.md</a>

Many tips will be found also in source code specification for types and subprograms.

#### 2.2.1 Want to take an HTML snapshot of your page

Gnoga.Server.Template\_Parser.Write\_String\_To\_File ("site.html", Main\_Win-dow.Document.Document\_Element.Outer\_HTML);

#### 2.2.2 Hidden and remove

Use View.Hidden to remove from browser, then View.Remove to remove from DOM. When View finalizes on the Ada side it will also tell the browser to reclaim the elements memory as well.

#### 2.2.3 Add scrollbars

View.Overflow or View.Overflow\_X or View.Overflow\_Y with Visible, Hidden, Scroll, Auto.

#### 2.2.4 Best results with the Grid view

When using the Grid view you always get best results when placing Views in to the grids instead of using the individual cell directly. When encapsulating what you want



in to another container (especially if its size is known) will get a more predictable layout of the underlying table.

## 2.2.5 Gnoga side memory leaks

If I create an object dynamically and add it to the DOM via create on a parent. If I later free that object manually and replace it with a newly created version (still set to dynamic), does that cause any memory leaks?

If you free the memory Ada's runtime will finalize the object which will remove any references to it in the Gnoga cache on the browser side. If you leaving "dangling pointer" on the Ada side you will of course have a leak. [Unless of course they were marked dynamic before creation and so the parent Gnoga view has a reference and will deallocate it when it finalizes]

## 2.2.6 Browser side memory

Does the DOM remember every object I add to a parent or will freeing it remove it completely from the DOM?

On the browser side elements created by the Gnoga framework have a reference in a global cache called gnoga[]. When the Gnoga object on the Ada side is finalized, the reference in the cache is removed. As long as that element is not in the DOM, the browser will release the object's memory as part of its garbage collection on the browser side.

## 2.2.7 Using Dynamic

Would something like this cause any problems (memory leak or otherwise)?

If you are using dynamic you shouldn't be deallocating manually. If you do then when the garbage collection starts with App.Console is finalized it will try to deallocate already deallocated blocks of memory. Unless you have extreme memory constraints, just overwrite the pointer since the parent view will take care of things or do not use dynamic and deallocate on connection close.

#### 2.2.8 Raw JS execution

Use Gnoga.Server.Connection.Execute\_Script for raw JS execution [there is both a procedure and function version]. You can get the Connection ID from any object on a connection [View.Connection ID, etc].

## 2.2.9 Define window Title and the closed connection message

To define at connection time the window Title and the closed connection message use Main Window.Document.Title and Gnoga.Server.Connection.HTML On Close.

## 2.2.10 Don't use Unrestricted Access

In general if you find yourself needing to use Unrestricted\_Access you are likely going to have issues. For the "tutorials" it was used since it was wanted to keep everything to a single procedure, etc. but perhaps was not the smartest thing to have laying around. Try and keep handlers at package level when possible is a good principle to live by.



2.2.11 Get a hold on a child element, on the gnoga side, knowing its ID?

My Button. Attach Using Parent (View, ID => "my button");

2.2.12 Setting any callbacks to null before deleting visual elements

That would remove any race conditions.

2.2.13 Prevent the user to close the browser window

There is no way to prevent the user to close the browser window.

2.2.14 Knowing what row the submit button was on

An On\_Submit\_Handler is set in the table widget. It gets called for the submit buttons. How to access anything in the handler that lets me know what row the submit button was on and how to access the view data structure for the row?

You will need to add an On\_Focus handler to the forms, you can write a single handler and just attach to all the widgets. Have it store the ID or a pointer to the last focused widget. The browser doesn't store or report the focus so no other way to get it.

2.2.15 Remove first, then release it

Just freeing an object on the Gnoga side will not remove it from the DOM, that is intended. You need to call Remove first.

2.2.16 Avoid flickering

To avoid two visual elements to disappear and then reappear, somewhat slowly and flickering. Create visual element that is hidden. Fill it in. Hide first and show second. Can either delete the old one or recycle it.

2.2.17 Colors

Colors in Gnoga.Types.Colors can be displayed or chosen from www.w3schools.com/cssref/css\_colors.asp or <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/colors/colors\_picker.asp">www.w3schools.com/colors/colors\_picker.asp</a>.

2.2.18 Use browser console

Want to see what is going on in the browser console? Turn debug on in your boot page <script>var gnoga\_debug = true;</script> or use debug.html.

2.2.19 Proper use of know what row the submit button was on

Trying to use Connection\_Data in a handler bounded to On\_Destroy\_Handler did not work when closing the browser window because at that point Object.Connection\_Data returns null. Use instead On\_Before\_Unload\_Handler. Note: it is not effective when only closing the connection.

2.2.20 How about reloading the whole page when On Resize is called?

Call Main Window.Location.Reload.



#### 2.2.21 The browser refresh button case

If the user clicks the refresh button on the browser, it breaks the connection and creates a new one. This is extremely annoying, since the program starts over from scratch.

Refresh implies a lost connection and new session on web browsers, that is expected functionality. Local storage could be used on the browser side [Gnoga.Client.Storage] to store session information or any other data on the client side and use that data after a refresh or even weeks later to restore them to some state in your software.

#### 2.2.22 Display text when connection is closed

HTML On Close text is displayed only when connection is broken and not when connection is closed. In order to display some text before closing connection, remove current view, create a new one with your text and then close connection, for instance: App.My View.Remove; View.Create [App.My Window.all];

View.Put Line ("Application exited.");

App.My Window.Close Connection;

#### 2.2.23 Generate Gnoga Api documentation

You want to browse through Gnoga API, generate them with gnatdoc: \$ make rm-docs \$ open docs/html/gnoga rm/index.html or, in GnatStudio, just use: Analyse > Documentation > Generate Project.

#### 2.2.24 Gnoga makefile usage

Command "make" alone or "make help" prints main make targets and make environnement variables.

#### 2.2.25 How to create a button of a specified size?

Button.Create [Parent => Parent, Content => Content]; creates a button of the default size for Content, with a thin border with rounded corners. Adding

Button.Box Width [Value => Button Size]; Button.Box Height [Value => Button Size]; has no effect. But also adding Button.Border; results in a button of the desired size, with a fairly thick, black border with square corners. Adding (Width => "thin") to the call to Border may be desirable.

#### 2.2.26 How do I add a class attribute to an element in code?

Use the class property: Gnoga.Gui.Element.Class, which replaces all class with the value of Class or the method Gnoga.Gui.Element.Add Class which will add a class but not remove other classes that may already apply to the element.

#### 2.2.27 Latency

Take care of latency, many subprograms do query the client side and wait for an answer, so they can be very slow if server and client are far from each other!

#### 2.3 Events sorted by packages

From Pascal (Blady) document "Premiers pas avec Gnoga".



| Franks                                                    | Dankana                                                              | 1:                 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| Events On Connect Handler                                 | <b>Packages</b><br>gnoga-application-multi_connect.ads               | <b>Lines</b><br>74 |
| On Resize Handler                                         | gnoga-apptication-inutti_connect.aus<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads           | 345                |
| On Scroll Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 350                |
| On_Focus_Handler                                          | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 357                |
| On_Blur_Handler                                           | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 362                |
| On_Change_Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 367                |
| On_Focus_In_Handler                                       | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 371                |
| On_Focus_Out_Handler<br>On Input Handler                  | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 375<br>379         |
| On_Reset_Handler                                          | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 383                |
| On Search Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 390                |
| On_Select_Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 394                |
| On_Submit_Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 398                |
| On_Click_Handler                                          | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 407                |
| On_Mouse_Click_Handler On Context Menu Handler            | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 412<br>418         |
| On_Mouse_Right_Click_Handler                              | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 423                |
| On Double Click Handler                                   | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 429                |
| On_Mouse_Double_Click_Handler                             | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 434                |
| On_Mouse_Enter_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 440                |
| On_Mouse_Leave_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 445                |
| On_Mouse_Over_Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 450                |
| On_Mouse_Out_Handler                                      | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 455<br>460         |
| On_Mouse_Down_Handler On_Mouse_Up_Handler                 | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 466                |
| On Mouse Move Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 472                |
| On_Drag_Start_Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 480                |
| On_Drag_Handler                                           | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 489                |
| On_Drag_End_Handler                                       | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 493                |
| On_Drag_Enter_Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 497                |
| On_Drag_Leave_Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 501<br>505         |
| On_Drop_Handler<br>On_Character_Handler                   | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 516                |
| On_Wide_Character_Handler                                 | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 521                |
| On_Key_Down_Handler                                       | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 526                |
| On_Key_Up_Handler                                         | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 531                |
| On_Key_Press_Handler                                      | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 536                |
| On_Copy_Handler                                           | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 543                |
| On_Cut_Handler                                            | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 547<br>551         |
| On_Paste_Handler<br>On Create Handler                     | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 557                |
| On_Destroy_Handler                                        | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 563                |
| On_Child_Added_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 572                |
| On_Child_Removed_Handler                                  | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 577                |
| On_Message_Handler                                        | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 582                |
| On_Resize                                                 | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 601                |
| On_Create<br>On_Destroy                                   | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 604<br>608         |
| On Child Added                                            | gnoga-gui-base.ads<br>gnoga-gui-base.ads                             | 612                |
| On Child Removed                                          | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 616                |
| On_Message                                                | gnoga-gui-base.ads                                                   | 621                |
| On_Media_Abort_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 139                |
| On_Media_Error_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     |                    |
| On_Can_Play_Handler                                       | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 151                |
| On_Can_Play_Through_Handler<br>On_Duration_Change_Handler | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads<br>gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads | 157<br>164         |
| On Emptied Handler                                        | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 170                |
| On Ended Handler                                          | gnoga-qui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 176                |
| On Loaded Data Handler                                    | gnoga-qui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 182                |
| On_Loaded_Meta_Data_Handler                               | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 188                |
| On_Load_Start_Handler                                     | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 194                |
| On_Pause_Handler                                          | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 200                |
| On_Play_Handler                                           | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 205<br>210         |
| On_Playing_Handler<br>On_Progress_Handler                 | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads<br>gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads | 210                |
| On_Rate_Change_Handler                                    | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads                                     | 221                |
| a.o_ oag oana.co                                          | 55. ga. c.c                                                          |                    |



| Events                        | Packages                             | Lines |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|
| On_Seeked_Handler             | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 227   |
| On_Seeking_Handler            | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 233   |
| On_Stalled_Handler            | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 239   |
| On_Suspend_Handler            | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 245   |
| On_Time_Update_Handler        | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 251   |
| On_Volume_Change_Handler      | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 257   |
| On_Waiting_Handler            | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 262   |
| On_Message                    | gnoga-gui-element-multimedia.ads     | 273   |
| On_Resize                     | gnoga-gui-plugin-ace_editor.ads      | 157   |
| On_Open_Handler               | gnoga-gui-plugin-jqueryui-widget.ads |       |
| On_Close_Handler              | gnoga-gui-plugin-jqueryui-widget.ads | 150   |
| On_Message                    | gnoga-gui-plugin-jqueryui-widget.ads | 164   |
| On_Resize                     | gnoga-gui-view-card.ads              | 100   |
| On_Child_Added                | gnoga-gui-view-console.ads           | 66    |
| On_Resize                     | gnoga-gui-view-docker.ads            | 119   |
| On_Child_Added                | gnoga-gui-view.ads                   | 187   |
| On_Abort_Handler              | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 270   |
| On_Error_Handler              | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 274   |
| On_Before_Unload_Handler      | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 278   |
| On_Hash_Change_Handler        | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 283   |
| On_Orientation_Change_Handler | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 288   |
| On_Storage_Handler            | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 293   |
| On_Resize                     | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 304   |
| On_Child_Added                | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 309   |
| On_Message                    | gnoga-gui-window.ads                 | 314   |
| On_Connect_Handler            | gnoga-server-connection.ads          | 111   |
| On_Post_Request_Handler       | gnoga-server-connection.ads          | 134   |
| On_Post_Handler               | gnoga-server-connection.ads          |       |
| On_Post_File_Handler          | gnoga-server-connection.ads          | 152   |

## 2.4 Keyboard handling with On Key Pressed

On\_Connect\_Pressed handler is set in the On\_Connect handler, which is itself set on Gui.Setup procedure, usally the first Gnoga procedure called in v22 application.

On\_Key\_Pressed is useful to directly get ASCII codes from keyboard. On\_Key\_Pressed reflects ASCII table for printable characters as lowercase and uppercase letters, numbers and punctuation.

On\_Key\_Pressed is not relevant for characters lower than 32.

#### Example

a is 97, A is 65, & is 38 and so on.

## 2.5 Keyboard handling with On Key Down

On\_Connect\_Down handler is set in the On\_Connect handler, which is itself set on Gui.Setup procedure, usally the first Gnoga procedure called in v22 application.

On\_Key\_Down is not intended to manipulate ASCCI codes like On\_Key\_Pressed but useful to get the keyboard state. By example pressing [a] or [Shift] + [a] allways returns a Key Code value of 65 but pressing [Shift] only returns Key Code 16.

On Key Down reflects Keyboard Key codes and not ASCII codes.

| Key       | Key code | Enter | 13 | ALT          | 18 |
|-----------|----------|-------|----|--------------|----|
| Backspace | 8        | Shift | 16 | Pause/ Break | 19 |
| Tab       | 9        | CTRL  | 17 | Caps Lock    | 20 |



| ESC         | 27 | i           | 73  | +(Num Lock)   | 107 |
|-------------|----|-------------|-----|---------------|-----|
| Page Up     | 33 | j           | 74  | -(Num Lock)   | 109 |
| Page Down   | 34 | k           | 75  | .(Num Lock)   | 110 |
| End         | 35 | l           | 76  | /(Num Lock)   | 111 |
| Home        | 36 | m           | 77  | F1            | 112 |
| Arrow Left  | 37 | n           | 78  | F2            | 113 |
| Arrow Up    | 38 | 0           | 79  | F3            | 114 |
| Arrow Right | 39 | р           | 80  | F4            | 115 |
| Arrow Down  | 40 | q           | 81  | F5            | 116 |
| Insert      | 45 | r           | 82  | F6            | 117 |
| Delete      | 46 | S           | 83  | F7            | 118 |
| 0           | 48 | t           | 84  | F8            | 119 |
| 1           | 49 | u           | 85  | F9            | 120 |
| 2           | 50 | V           | 86  | F10           | 121 |
| 3           | 51 | W           | 87  | F11           | 122 |
| 4           | 52 | X           | 88  | F12           | 123 |
| 5           | 53 | у           | 89  | Num Lock      | 144 |
| 6           | 54 | Z           | 90  | Scroll Lock   | 145 |
| 7           | 55 | Windows     | 91  | My Computer   | 182 |
| 8           | 56 | Right Click | 93  | My Calculator | 183 |
| 9           | 57 | O[Num Lock] | 96  | ,<            | 188 |
| <b>;</b> :  | 59 | 1[Num Lock] | 97  | .>            | 190 |
| =+          | 61 | 2[Num Lock] | 98  | /?            | 191 |
| a           | 65 | 3[Num Lock] | 99  | `~            | 192 |
| b           | 66 | 4[Num Lock] | 100 | [{            | 219 |
| С           | 67 | 5(Num Lock) | 101 | V             | 220 |
| d           | 68 | 6[Num Lock] | 102 | ]}            | 221 |
| e           | 69 | 7(Num Lock) | 103 | . ,,          | 222 |
| f           | 70 | 8[Num Lock] | 104 |               |     |
| g           | 71 | 9[Num Lock] | 105 |               |     |
| h           | 72 | *(Num Lock) | 106 |               |     |
|             |    |             |     |               |     |

On\_Key\_Down gets theses information through this structure:

```
type Keyboard_Event_Record is record
   Message : Keyboard_Message_Type := Unknown;
   Key_Code : Integer;
   Key_Char : Wide_Character;
   Alt : Boolean := False;
   Control : Boolean := False;
   Shift : Boolean := False;
   Meta : Boolean := False;
end record;
```

With:

```
type Keyboard_Message_Type is (Unknown, Key_Down, Key_Up, Key_Press);
```

# 2.6 HTTPS/TLS setup

## 2.6.1 Direct connection

Using layouts\_ssl.adb from Gnoga examples.



· create TLS certificate

Delete server.crt et server.key.

With the station name, for example, "ro6.genesix.org", create the certificate via Let's Encrypt with your favorite generator1 and install it, for example according to this tree structure:

```
certs
    ca.cer
   - fullchain.cer
  — ro6.genesix.org.cer
   - ro6.genesix.org.conf
   - ro6.genesix.org.csr
   ro6. genesix. org. csr. conf
   – ro6. genesix. org. key
html
  debug. html
   - favicon.ico
  - robots.txt
  — boot.js
— jquery min.js
layouts_ssl
layouts_ssl.adb
test_ssl.gpr
```

· Changes to layouts\_ssl.adb

For a "true" https experience, it may be preferable to choose port 443 instead of 8443. Since ports below 1024 require root rights via sudo, this option should be considered depending on your rights.

Comment in layouts ssl.adb, around line 143:

```
Gnoga. Server. Connection. Secure. Register_Secure_Server
  [Certificate_File => Gnoga. Server. Application_Directory & "/test_ssl/server.crt",
   Key_File => Gnoga. Server. Application_Directory & "/test_ssl/server.key",
   Port => 8_443, Disable_Insecure => False];
```

And replace with:

```
Gnoga. Server. Connection. Secure. Register_Secure_Server
  [Certificate_File => "certs/ro6. genesix. org. cer",
   Key_File => "certs/ro6. genesix. org. key",
   Port => 443, Disable_Insecure => False];
```

Where Port => 8443 if you don't have sudo or root rights.

Create test\_ssl\_ins.gpr

Puisque gnoga.qpr est déjà installé dans l'environnement de développement :



#### Comment in:

```
with "../src/gnoga.gpr"
```

## Remplace with:

```
with "../src/gnoga.gpr"with "gnoga.gpr"
```

## 2.6.2 Connection through proxy

Without load balancer

For standard use with a single database.

```
# demo01.v22.soweb.io - proxy websocket
# 20170613 - Initial release
# 20170716 - Error managment
# 20170731 - DNS-01 method
# 20231102 - Proxy websocket
# For a working websocket proxy, HTTP protocol must be exclusively HTTP 1.1 with no session cache
close;
# http port 80 switching to https 443
server {listen 80; server_name demo01.v22.soweb.io; return 301 https://$server_name$request_uri; }
server {
     # Server settings
     proxy_pass http://localhost:8001;
proxy_http_version 1.1;
proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
proxy_set_header Connection $connection_upgrade;
           proxy_set_header Host $host;
     # SSL Settings
     listen 443 ssl; \# ssl in parameter is preferable to 'ssl on', according to the nginx doc ssl_protocols TLSv1.2 TLSv1.3; \# Authorized TLS versions
     # Site certificates
                                    /etc/acme/certs/demo01. v22. soweb. io/fullchain.cer;
     ssl_certificate_key /etc/acme/certs/demo01.v22.soweb.io/demo01.v22.soweb.io.key;
ssl_trusted_certificate /etc/acme/certs/demo01.v22.soweb.io/fullchain.cer; # For OCSP Stapling
     # Specifies that server ciphers should be preferred over client ciphers when using the SSLv3 and TLS proto-
     ssl_prefer_server_ciphers on;
     # https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS
```



```
# Cipher suites [TLS 1.2] : ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
# Cipher suites [TLS 1.3] : TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256

ssl_ciphers ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305; ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_AES_128_GCM-SHA256: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_AES_128_GCM-SHA256: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20-POLY1305_SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES2256-GCM-SHA256; DHE-RSA-ES
```

## · With load balancer

For a loaded application with, for example, database replication.



```
error_log /var/log/nginx/demo01.v22.soweb.io.error.log;
       location / {
              proxy_pass http://websocket;
proxy_http_version 1.1;
proxy_set_header Upgrade $http_upgrade;
proxy_set_header Connection $connection_upgrade;
proxy_set_header Host $host;
       }
       # SSL Settings
       listen 443 ssl; \# ssl in parameter is preferable to 'ssl on', according to the nginx doc ssl_protocols TLSv1. 2 TLSv1. 3; \# Authorized TLS versions
       # Site certificates
ssl_certificate
   /etc/acme/certs/demo01. v22. soweb. io/fullchain.cer;
       ssl_certificate_key
   /etc/acme/certs/demo01. v22. soweb. io/demo01. v22. soweb. io. key
       ssl_trusted_certificate /etc/acme/certs/demo01.v22.soweb.io/fullchain.cer; # For OĆSP Stapling
       # Specifies that server ciphers should be preferred over client ciphers when using the SSLv3 and TLS proto-
       {\tt ssl\_prefer\_server\_ciphers\ on};
# https://wiki.mozilla.org/Security/Server_Side_TLS
# Cipher suites (TLS 1.2): ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-
GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: ECDHE-RSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: DHE-RSA-
AES128-GCM-SHA256: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384
# Cipher suites (TLS 1.3): TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256
ssl_ciphers ECDHE-ECDSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: ECDHE-ECDSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: ECDHE-ECDSA-CHACHA20-POLY1305: DHE-RSA-AES128-GCM-SHA256: DHE-RSA-AES256-GCM-SHA384: TLS_AES_128_GCM_SHA256: TLS_AES_256_GCM_SHA384: TLS_CHACHA20_POLY1305_SHA256;
       # Disable session ticket
ssl_session_tickets off; # See https://community.letsencrypt.org/t/errors-from-browsers-with-ssl-session-tickets-off-nginx/18124/4
       # Strong Diffie-Hellman group
ssl_dhparam /etc/ssl/certs/dhparam.pem;
      # Certificate validity check at TLS handshake
# OSCP = Online Certificate Status Protocol - RFC4366
ssl_stapling on;
ssl_stapling_verify on;
       ssl_stapling_responder http://r3.o.lencr.org, # See https://letsencrypt.org/docs/lencr.org
      # If resolver not addded, the resolver defaults to the server's DNS default.
# ipv6=off to avoid "OCSP response not successful [6: unauthorized] while requesting certificate status"
resolver 80. 67. 169. 12 80. 67. 169. 40 ipv6=off valid=300s; # Resolver for ssl_stapling - ns0. fdn. fr ns1. fdn. fr
resolver_timeout 15s; # Short resolution timeout (default is 30s)
       resolver_timeout 15s;
       # Headers
       }
# - -
# EOF
#----
```



# Implementation notes

It's not a problem until it happens twice. Jim Van Sickle



# 1 Introduction

Implementation notes is subject to change. To be seen for now as a working documention chapter.

## 2 API Rest

geta : aws ada api rest

max url length: 2K (some browsers) or 8K per convention

https://en.wikibooks.org/wiki/Ada Programming/Libraries/Web/AWS

https://github.com/BrentSeidel/BBS-BBB-Ada/tree/masterhttps://github.com/BrentSeidel/BBS-Ada

https://docs.adacore.com/aws-docs/aws

https://restfulapi.net/rest-put-vs-post

https://www.baeldung.com/rest-http-put-vs-post

https://blog.apilayer.com/an-ultimate-quide-to-http-put-vs-post-in-rest-api-in-2023

Use get & post [see API IONOS]

## 2.1 OVH

#### 2.1.1 Links

https://eu.api.ovh.com

https://eu.api.ovh.com/console-preview

https://docs.ovh.com/fr/api/api-v2

https://help.ovhcloud.com/csm/en-api-getting-started-ovhcloud-api?id=kb article view&sysparm article=KB0042777



https://help.ovhcloud.com/csm/en-gb-api-console-exploration? id=kb\_article\_view&sysparm\_article=KB0057325

#### 2.1.2 SMS

https://help.ovhcloud.com/csm/fr-sms-sending-via-api-php?id=kb\_article\_view&sys-parm\_article=KB0051373 https://help.ovhcloud.com/csm/fr-sms-api-cookbook? id=kb\_article\_view&sysparm\_article=KB0039149

## 2.1.3 Messages

 The key set does not have the rights for this command Examples:

```
{"message": "This call has not been granted", "httpCode": "403 Forbidden", "errorCode": "NOT_GRANTED_CALL"}
{"class": "Client::Forbidden", "message": "This call has not been granted"}
```

# 3 Configuration file

## 3.1 MySQL



#### 3.2 SQLite

# 4 CRC

https://crccalc.com [outil interactif 8/16/32 bits]

https://sourceforge.net/p/avr-ada/wiki/CRC

4.1 CRC 16

https://srecord.sourceforge.net/crc16-ccitt.html

http://computer-programming-forum.com/44-ada/ce7afed4795fb0e4.htm https://www.avrfreaks.net/s/topic/a5C3l000000UaabEAC/t154443 https://www.nongnu.org/avr-libc/user-manual/group\_util\_crc.html https://www.carnetdumaker.net/snippets/29

4.2 CRC 32

https://rosettacode.org/wiki/CRC-32

## 5 Databases

5.1 Introduction

<<<TODO>>>

- 5.2 Benchmarking
- 5.2.1 Locust

https://simonwillison.net/2022/Oct/23/datasette-gunicorn/#benchmarking-sqlite



#### **5.2.2** Exists

Description

Returns True if file or directory Name exists.

Usage

```
function Exists [Name : String] return Boolean
```

Example

```
if Fls.Exists [HAC_Dir & "/hac") then
   Tio.Put_Line ("HAC installation is done : )");
end if;
```

# 6 Database MySQL

6.1 Charset and collation

```
Charset must be : utf8mb4
```

Collation must be: utf8mb4 unicode 520 ci

Never use utf8mb4\_general\_ci. For new implementations, always use utf8mb4\_unicode\_520\_ci against the older utf8mb4\_unicode\_ci. See your preferred search engine for details.

6.2 Transactions sequences

```
DB.Execute_Query ("START TRANSACTION");
DB.Execute_Query ("SAVEPOINT SV_Index_Exists");
<<<work>>>
DB.Execute_Query ("COMMIT");
<<<TODO>>>
```

# 7 Database SQLite

7.1 Transactions sequences

```
DB.Execute_Query ("BEGIN TRANSACTION");
DB.Execute_Query ("SAVEPOINT SV_Index_Exists");
<<<work>>>
DB.Execute_Query ("COMMIT");
<<<TODO>>>
```

## 7.2 Compatibility with MySQL

## 7.2.1 Problem description

Number\_Of\_Rows is not implemented in SQLite: this is acceptable because it is clearly expressed in the doc and it can be implemented with the reservations below.



Affected\_Rows is not implemented correctly for SQLite: this is annoying because it's not expressed at all as Gnoga doc says: executes a SQL query and returns the number of rows affected, but affected\_Rows calls sqlite3\_total\_changes() which only handles modifications (i.e. only INSERT, UPDATE or DELETE) and not the result of the query. A simple SELECT \* table will return 0 even if the table is full to bursting. 2) Implementation has an impact on performance (see below).

Execute\_Update is not implemented correctly for SQLite: since, after calling Execute\_Query, we call Affected\_Rows, we end up with the same problem.

#### 7.2.2 Suggested corrections

Correcting these inconsistencies is not difficult, but the result will range from transparent to very slow (depending on the type of query and/or the volume of data returned, since the entire recordset have to be iterated).

Number\_Of\_Rows: As the name don't suggests, returns the number of rows in the record set, not in the table. Can be implemented with the above reservations by iterating through the entire record set.

Affected\_Rows: you'll need to remember the last query performed by Execute\_Update (in the connection record, next to UTF8\_String). If this query contains INSERT, UP-DATE or DELETE, we return the result unchanged; if it contains a SELECT \*| Column\_Name, we transform it into a SELECT COUNT(\*|Column\_Name). If the query contains anything else, we execute a standard Query with the above reservations, since we have to iterate through the entire record set.

## 7.2.3 Suggested implementations

Two possibilities:

- Either I implement it at Gnoga level, but Pascal (Gnoga's maintainer) has to agree. It's an imperfect hack, but it'll be better than this unusable existing one.
- Or I can implement this in v22 and ban the use of Execute\_Query, Execute\_Update, Number\_Of\_Rows in the docs in favor of functions with identical names but prefixed v22.Sql, which is pretty dirty and wouldn't solve the problem of these rogue functions in Gnoga.Server.Database.
- 7.3 Add-ons
- 7.3.1 Mycelite

https://github.com/mycelial/mycelite

7.3.2 Compile time options

https://www.sqlite.org/compile.html

- 7.4 Concurrent access
- 7.4.1 Activating WAL mode

PRAGMA journal\_mode=WAL; sqlite3 github.db 'PRAGMA journal mode=WAL;'



## 7.4.2 Managing busy error

• Setting delay (internal control)

<<<TODO>>>

https://www.sqlite.org/pragma.html#pragma\_busy\_timeout

• Call back function in Ada (external control)

<<<TODO>>>

https://www.sqlite.org/c3ref/busy handler.html

## 7.4.3 Experimental

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/4060772/sqlite-concurrent-access

#### 7.4.4 Production

SQLite can handle concurrent access in WAL (Write Ahead Log) mode. In this case all writes are appended to a WAL temporary fille which is periodically merged with the original database.

When SQLite is searching for something it would first check this temporary file and if nothing is found proceed with the main database file.

As a result, readers don't compete with writers and performance is much better compared to the traditional SQLite Rollback journaled mode.

https://www.sqlite.org/walformat.html
https://fly.io/blog/sqlite-internals-wal [How SQLite Scales Read Concurrency]

- 7.5 FAQ
- 7.5.1 Release history

https://www.sqlite.org/draft/changes.html

7.5.2 SQL virtual machine

https://fly.io/blog/sqlite-virtual-machine

7.5.3 Opening a new database connection

https://www.sqlite.org/c3ref/open.html

https://www.sqlite.org/uri.html

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/56416437/confusion-about-uri-path-to-configure-sqlite-database

Ada

dev@soweb.io

#### 7.5.4 UPSERT how to

• First pass (record does not exists)

Update on a non existent record
UPDATE System SET Value='0.0' WHERE Parameter='Shema\_Version';
Success: 0 record[s] affected

Create ok because Changes[] = 0 [no change from the last operation]
INSERT INTO System [Parameter, Value] SELECT 'Shema\_Version', '0.0' WHERE [Select Changes[] = 0];
Success: 1 record[s] affected

Second pass (record already exists)

Update an existent record successfull
UPDATE System SET Value='0.1' WHERE Parameter='Shema\_Version';
Success: 1 record[s] affected

No create since Changes[] = 1 [last operation has change something]
INSERT INTO System [Parameter, Value] SELECT 'Shema\_Version', '0.1' WHERE [Select Changes[] = 0];
Success: 0 record[s] affected

## 7.5.5 File naming

Never have a filename with a part of it including reserved word.

v22.Gui.Connect is good but v22.Gui.Access is bad. This latter package will be silently ignored without apparent reason nor warning message.

## 7.6 Replication

#### 7.6.1 Distributed SQLite

https://fly.io/docs/litefs https://fly.io/docs/litefs/how-it-works https://fly.io/blog/litefs-cloud https://fly.io/blog/introducing-litefs https://news.ycombinator.com/item?id=36602970

Installing LiteFS without Docker

https://github.com/superfly https://github.com/superfly/litefs/releases https://fly.io/docs/litefs/getting-started-fly

## 7.6.2 Cr-SQLite

https://github.com/vlcn-io/cr-sqlite

7.6.3 LiteStream

https://litestream.io

https://github.com/benbjohnson/litestream https://fly.io/blog/all-in-on-sqlite-litestream https://litestream.io/quides/systemd

7.7 Utilities

7.7.1 Sqlite-utils

https://sqlite-utils.datasette.io/en/stable/cli.html

7.7.2 SQLCrush

https://github.com/coffeeandscripts/sqlcrush

7.7.3 Visidata

https://www.visidata.org

user@system: sudo apt install visidata

7.8 Why SQLite?

https://tailscale.com/blog/database-for-2022 https://simonwillison.net/2021/Jul/28/baked-data

# 8 Encryption

8.1 Key expansion

A SHA256 could be used as key expansion routine (from 32 to 256 bits)

https://ritul-patidar.medium.com/key-expansion-function-and-key-schedule-of-des-data-encryption-standard-algorithm-1bfc7476157

https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Structure-of-RC4-key-scheduling-process\_fig8\_267858656

8.2 RC4

geta: RC4 minimum key length

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/RC4

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Stream\_cipher

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/

337743183 Modernized RC4 encryption algorithm/link/5de7eb71a6fdc-

c28370658dd/download

https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1757-899X/420/1/012131

https://iopscience.iop.org/article/10.1088/1757-899X/680/1/012025

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Variably\_Modified\_Permutation\_Composition https://microchipdeveloper.com/harmony:middleware-crypto

http://www.winpicprog.co.uk/pic\_tutorial.htm



## https://github.com/cforler/Ada-Crypto-Library

#### 8.3 SHA-1

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/8860635/getting-the-sha1-block-from-gnat-sha1

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SHA-1

#### 8.4 SHA-256

https://emn178.github.io/online-tools/sha256.html [interactive tool]

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/SHA-2 https://rosettacode.org/wiki/SHA-256

https://github.com/oilulio/Microcontroller-hashes/blob/master/sha256.chttps://www.mdpi.com/2071-1050/13/8/4324

## 9 JSON

https://datatracker.ietf.org/doc/html/rfc7159

#### 9.1 Gnatcoll

Gnatcoll is preferred, as we already use it.

## 9.1.1 Usage

https://docs.adacore.com/live/wave/gnatcoll-core/html/gnatcoll-core\_ug/json.html

## 9.2 Json-Ada

Json-Ada is way more faster when dealing with huge JSON files. See below.

https://github.com/onox/json-ada

## 9.3 Benchmarking

https://github.com/AJ-lanozi/json\_benchmark

With a  $\sim$  450 MB JSON file.

#### 9.3.1 GNATCOLL

GNATCOLL.JSON read is 28.289018000 seconds GNATCOLL.JSON iterate is 0.014264000 seconds

## 9.3.2 json-ada

json-ada read is 3.295961000 seconds json-ada iterate is 0.009062000 seconds

# 10 List forward & backward

## With LIMIT = 10

## 10.1 First display

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= '' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

admin
admin2
admin3
alpha
bravo
charlie
delta
echo
foxtrot
golf
```

#### 10.2 Forward



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'golf' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

golf
hotel
india
juliet
kilo
lima
mike
november
oscar
papa < _Last
```



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'papa' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

papa
quebec
romeo
sierra
tango
uniform
victor
whiskey
xray
yankee < _Last
```



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'yankee' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10
yankee
zoulou < _Last
```

## if \_Max < 10:

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login <= 'zoulou' ORDER BY Login DESC LIMIT 10

zoulou
yankee
xray
whiskey
victor
uniform
tango
sierra
romeo
```



#### quebec < \_Last

#### Then:

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'quebec' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

quebec < _First
romeo
sierra
tango
uniform
victor
whiskey
xray
yankee
zoulou
```

#### 10.3 Backward



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login <= 'quebec' ORDER BY Login DESC LIMIT 10

quebec
papa
oscar
november
mike
lima
kilo
juliet
india
hotel < _Last
```

#### Then:

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'hotel' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

hotel < _First
india
juliet
kilo
lima
mike
november
oscar
papa
quebec
```



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login <= 'hotel' ORDER BY Login DESC LIMIT 10

hotel
golf
foxtrot
echo
delta
charlie
bravo
alpha
admin3
admin2 < _Last
```

#### Then:

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'admin2' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10
admin2 < _First
admin3
```



```
alpha
bravo
charlie
delta
echo
foxtrot
golf
hotel
```



```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login <= 'admin2' ORDER BY Login DESC LIMIT 10

admin2
admin < _Last
```

## if Max < 10:

```
SELECT Login FROM Sys_Users WHERE Login >= 'admin' ORDER BY Login LIMIT 10

admin
admin2
admin3
alpha
bravo
charlie
delta
echo
foxtrot
golf
```

# 11 Logs

#### 11.1 Standard mode

```
- MSG - v22 Framework - GUI test program - MSG - Copyright [C] Sowebio SARL 2020-2023, according to
20231031-101841 - INIT
20231031-101841 - INIT
LGPL v 3
20231031-101841 - INIT
                              - MSG - testgui v0.2 - v22 v0.1 - build 2023-10-31 10:18:26
20231031-101841 - INIT
                                - MSG - TestGui. Init. App > Configuration file testgui.cfg
loaded
                              - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Starting Gnoga server
20231031-101841 - INIT
                              - MSG - TestGui. SQL_Ping > Armed for 3600s cycles
20231031-101841 - INIT
20231031-101853 - INIT
                              - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Login screen
                              MSG - Gui. User_Login > New user on logging screenMSG - Gui. User_Login > User alpha connected
20231031-101929 - INIT
20231031-101929 - INIT
20231031-103450 - INIT
                              - MSG - TestGui. On_Connect > Login screen
20231031-103502 - INIT
                              - MSG - Gui. User_Login > New user on logging screen
                              - MSG - Gui. User_Login > User alpha connected
- MSG - TestGui. On_Connect > Login screen
20231031-103502 -
                    INIT
20231031-112414 - INIT
20231031-125618 - INIT
                              - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Login screen
20231031-125636 - INIT
20231031-125636 - INIT
                              - MSG - Gui.User_Login > New user on logging screen
                              - MSG - Gui. User_Login > User alpha connected
```

## 11.2 Debug mode

```
20231031-101357 - INIT - MSG - v22 Framework - GUI test program 20231031-101357 - INIT - MSG - Copyright [C] Sowebio SARL 2020-2023, according to LGPLv3 20231031-101357 - INIT - MSG - testgui v0. 2 - v22 v0. 1 - build 2023-10-31 10: 13: 41
```



```
20231031-101357 - INIT
                                - MSG - TestGui. Init. App > Configuration file testgui.cfg
loaded
                               - DBG - Load Database_Pragma: journal_mode=WAL
- DBG - Load Database_Pragma: foreign_keys=ON
20231031-101357 - INIT
20231031-101357 - INIT
                               - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Starting Gnoga server
- MSG - TestGui.SQL_Ping > Armed for 3600s cycles
20231031-101357 - INIT
20231031-101357 - INIT
20231031-101433 - INIT
                               - DBG - User > On Mgt
                              - MSG - TestGui.On_Connect > Login screen
- DBG - Dispensers > Demo_Mode_1
20231031-101433 - INIT
20231031-101439 - INIT
                              - DBG - Dispensers > Demo Complex Form Create
20231031-101525 - INIT
                              - DBG - User > On_Mgt
- DBG - User > On_Mgt
- DBG - User > On_Adm
20231031-101533 - INIT
20231031-101551 - INIT
20231031-101552 - INIT
20231031-101553 - INIT
                              - DBG - Users > Main_Menu
20231031-101553 - INIT
                              - DBG - Gui.List > Start
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_1/alpha
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              - DBG - Key/First: Users List First/alpha
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_2/bravo
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_3/charlie
- DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_4/delta2
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_5/echo
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_6/foxtrot
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_7/golf
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_8/hotel
                               - DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_9/india
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
20231031-101554 - INIT
                              DBG - Key/Value: Users_List_10/julietDBG - Key/Last: Users_List_Last/juliet
20231031-101837 - INIT
                               - MSG - testgui > Ctrl-C detected, finalize application
20231031-101837 - INIT
20231031-101837 - INIT
                               - MSG - Total execution time: 0h0 4m 40s
                               - MSG - Closing SQLITE database: testgui
```

# 12 TCP/IP

https://stackoverflow.com/questions/58361758/tcp-ip-using-ada-sockets-how-to-correctly-finish-a-packet

https://comp.lang.ada.narkive.com/V7LjubmR/tcp-ip-sockets-with-gnat-sockets

## 13 Unicode

#### 13.1 Introduction

https://mcilloni.ovh/2023/07/23/unicode-is-hard

## 13.2 Glossary

Paragraphs are from theses Wikipedia links:

- <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plane\_(Unicode">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Plane\_(Unicode)</a>
- <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Byte\_order\_mark">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Byte\_order\_mark</a>
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Unicode
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UTF-8
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/UTF-16

#### 13.2.1 BMP

In the Unicode standard, a plane is a continuous group of 65,536 (216) code points. There are 17 planes, identified by the numbers 0 to 16, which corresponds with the



possible values 00-1016 of the first two positions in six position hexadecimal format [U+hhhhhh].

Plane 0 is the Basic Multilingual Plane (BMP), which contains most commonly used characters.

#### 13.2.2 BOM

BOM stands for Byte Order Mark. The BOM character is, simply, the Unicode codepoint U+FEFF ZERO WIDTH NO-BREAK SPACE, encoded in the current encoding.

The encoded representation of the BOM depends of the representation. A text beginning with the sequence EF BB BF suggests an UTF-8 encoding.

UTF-8 EF BB BF UTF-16 (BE) FE FF UTF-16 (LE) FF FE

A BOM can signal several things to a program reading the text:

- The byte order, or endianness, of the text stream in the cases of 16-bit and 32-bit encodings;
- The fact that the text stream's encoding is Unicode, to a high level of confidence;
- Which Unicode character encoding is used.

BOM use is optional. Its presence interferes with the use of UTF-8 by software that does not expect non-ASCII bytes at the start of a file but that could otherwise handle the text stream.

According to the Unicode standard, the BOM for UTF-8 files is not recommended.

#### 13.2.3 Unicode

Unicode, formally The Unicode Standard is an information technology standard for the consistent encoding, representation, and handling of text expressed in most of the world's writing systems.

Unicode can be stored using several different encodings, which translate the character codes into sequences of bytes. The Unicode Standard defines three encodings but several others exist, mostly variable-length encodings. The most common encodings are the ASCII-compatible UTF-8 and the ASCII-incompatible UTF-16, itself compatible with the obsolete UCS-2.

## 13.2.4 UTF-8

UTF-8 is a variable-length character encoding standard used for electronic communication. Defined by the Unicode Standard, the name is derived from Unicode (or Universal Coded Character Set) Transformation Format – 8-bit.

#### 13.2.5 UTF-16

UTF-16 is a variable-length character encoding capable of encoding all 1,112,064 valid code points of Unicode (in fact this number of code points is dictated by the design of UTF-16). The encoding is variable-length, as code points are encoded with



one or two 16-bit code units. UTF-16 arose from an earlier obsolete fixed-width 16-bit encoding, now known as UCS-2 (for 2-byte Universal Character Set), once it became clear that more than 216 (65,536) code points were needed.

UTF-16 is used by systems such as the Microsoft Windows API, the Java programming language and JavaScript/ECMAScript. It is used by SMS (the SMS standard specifies UCS-2, but almost all users actually implement UTF-16 so that emojis work).

UTF-16 is the only web-encoding that is incompatible with ASCII and never gained popularity on the web. The Web Hypertext Application Technology Working Group [WHATWG] considers UTF-8 "the mandatory encoding for all [text]" and that for security reasons browser applications should not use UTF-16.

UTF-16 BE stands for Big Endian and UTF-16 LE for Little Endian.

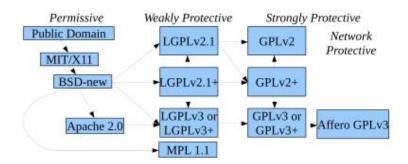


# **Appendices**

# 1 Copyrights & credits

## 1.1 Library Licence

v22 is copyright Sowebio under GPL v3 license.



## 1.1.1 GPL v3 compatibility with others licenses

https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/License\_compatibility: MIT license is compatible with GPL and can be re-licensed as GPL. European Union Public License (EUPL) is explicitly compatible with GPL v2 v3, OSL v2.1 v 3, CPL v1, EPL v1, CeCILL v2 v2.1, MPL v2, LGPL v2.1 v3, LiLIQ R R+ AGPL v3.

#### 1.2 Manual license

This manual is intended for v22, a KISS library for Ada command line programs. Copyright © 2004, 2005, 2020, 2021, 2022, 2023 Stéphane Rivière. This document may be copied, in whole or in part, in any form or by any means, as is or with alterations, provided that alterations are clearly marked as alterations and this copyright notice is included unmodified in any copy.

## 1.3 v22 Packages copyrights, credits and licenses

Andreas Almroth: <a href="https://web.archive.org/web/20070403105909/http://www.alm-roth.com/adacurl">https://web.archive.org/web/20070403105909/http://www.alm-roth.com/adacurl</a> [Curl binding, LGPL v2]

David Botton: <a href="https://www.linkedin.com/in/david-botton-3741b210">https://www.linkedin.com/in/david-botton-3741b210</a> [Gnoga, LGPL v3]

Dmitry A. Kazakov: <a href="http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components.htm">http://www.dmitry-kazakov.de/ada/components.htm</a> [Simple Components, LGPLv2]

Jeffrey R. Carter: <a href="https://github.com/jrcarter/PragmARC">https://github.com/jrcarter/PragmARC</a> (PragmAda Reusable Components, 3 Clause BSD)

Michael Rohan: <a href="https://sourceforge.net/projects/zanyblue">https://sourceforge.net/projects/zanyblue</a> [Internationalization, 3 Clause BSD]

Pascal Pignard: <a href="https://github.com/Blady-Com">https://github.com/Blady-Com</a> (UXStrings, CECILL-C v2.1)

Ada

# 2 To-do list

#### 2.1 New features

## 2.1.1 v22.Api

20231102 - API OVH with provisions for other providers.

#### 2.1.2 v22.Gui

20231102 - Add double clic to an item list to open record view.

20231102 - Add automatic keyboard short-cut to Module\_Menu and User\_Menu.

20231108 - The user list does not indicate whether it extends over several pages.

#### 2.1.3 v22.Net

#### Mail sending

Sending mail currently depends on /usr/bin/sendemail, a particularly well thoughtout perl script. See if you can use https://docs.adacore.com/gnatcoll-docs/email.html instead + a bit of code for the sending itself.

• SMS sending.

Using OVH API or a local Teltonika 4G router.

#### 2.1.4 v22.Pie

Print, import and export module.

## 2.1.5 v22.Tio

20241213 - Make Tio UTF-8 aware, usins Uxstrings. Text IO.

20231102 - Add procedures Tio.Cursor\_On and Cursor\_Off using "tput civis" cursor invisible and "tput cnorm" cursor visible) or To hide the cursor: ESC + "?25l" and to To re-enable the cursor: ESC + "?25h" see <a href="https://gist.github.com/fnky/458719343aabd01cfb17a3a4f7296797">https://gist.github.com/fnky/458719343aabd01cfb17a3a4f7296797</a>

20231102 - Add functions "tput lines" and "tput cols" to get current console lines and columns values or the oneliner echo -e "lines\ncols"|tput -S or use <a href="https://stack-overflow.com/questions/27902721/ioctl-tiocgwinsz-in-gnat-ada-returns-errno-25-but-c-program-work-fine">https://stack-overflow.com/questions/27902721/ioctl-tiocgwinsz-in-gnat-ada-returns-errno-25-but-c-program-work-fine</a> [should be better] and <a href="https://www.pegasoft.ca/resources/boblap/99\_e.html">https://www.pegasoft.ca/resources/boblap/99\_e.html</a>

Tput overview: <a href="https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5947742/how-to-change-the-output-color-of-echo-in-linux/20983251#20983251">https://stackoverflow.com/questions/5947742/how-to-change-the-output-color-of-echo-in-linux/20983251#20983251</a>

Add ANSI full color control including this work <a href="https://github.com/mosteo/ansi-ada">https://github.com/mosteo/ansi-ada</a> <a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ANSI\_escape\_code#CSI\_sequences">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/ANSI\_escape\_code#CSI\_sequences</a>

20231102 - Add function [enter] or [quit]



20231102 - Add function [Yes] or [no] with Yes/No default choice

2.2 Other changes

<<<TODO>>>

- 2.3 Bugs correction
- 2.3.1 v22.Gui

20231108 - The 'Enter' key causes a disconnection when searching for in a CRUD. 20231108 - The 'Enter' key is not active when entering login + password.

- 2.4 Doc
- 2.4.1 The never-ending task

Hunt <<<**TODO>>>** tags :)

# 3 Coding recommendations

Pragmatic recommendations based on experience.

3.1 Use Ada style

Developing in Ada is the greatest proof of respect for the next reader of your code.

Ada code is timeless. There is no such thing as modern or ancient code in Ada. All the more reason to code for the next reader of your code.

For the next reader of your code, follow the recommendations of the book "Ada 95 Quality and Style", available free of charge:

- Online: <a href="https://ada-lang.io/docs/style-quide/Ada Style Guide">https://ada-lang.io/docs/style-quide/Ada Style Guide</a>
- In PDF: <a href="https://www.adaic.org/resources/add">https://www.adaic.org/resources/add</a> content/docs/95style/95style.pdf
- 3.2 Use SP constant instead of literal space in double quoted strings Instead of:

```
Net.Command [Vpn_Host, "openssl x509 -outform der " &
   "-in " & Cert_Root_Path & "/pki/issued/" & Rut2m_Mac_Address & ".crt " &
   "-out " & Get_Tmp_Dir & Rut2m_Mac_Address & ".der"];
```

You should use:

```
Net.Command [Vpn_Host, "openssl x509 -outform der" & SP &
   "-in" & SP & Cert_Root_Path & "/pki/issued/" & Rut2m_Mac_Address & ".crt" & SP &
   "-out" & SP & Get_Tmp_Dir & Rut2m_Mac_Address & ".der"];
```

Rationale: Too much debugging time lost for one space too many or too few in system command concatenation strings, for example (but not only).



#### Quality control 4

Check list

<<< TODO>>>

#### 5 Release check list

Things to do to release to Github.

<<< TODO>>>

#### 6 History

#### 6.1 Phase 1

2022 – 7 weeks: Théodore Gigault, first-year ENSEIRB intern.

v22. Gui: Gnoga study, extensive documentation and early developments, including breadcrum.

#### 6.2 Phase 2

2023 – 7 weeks: Arthur Le Floch, first-year ENSEIRB intern.

v22.Gui: Completion of the first release, as the web brick that justifies the v22 framework in its own right.

#### 6.3 Phase 3 - a.1

2023 – 4 weeks: Stéphane Rivière, Sowebio CTO.

v22: Porting the v20 library to the v22 framework.

v22. Uxs: Add UXStrings and delete v20. Vst.

v22. Sql: Removing Dmiti Kazakov's SQLite bind and replacing it with David Botton's MySQL and SQLite bind and upgrading v22. Sql functions as the two binds have a different approach. Debugging of the Gnoga. Database. Server binding and work on v22. Sql to make the MySQL and SQLite interface perfectly normalized.

v22. Sql: This work shows that v22. Sql is far superior to v20. Sql. N databases can now be opened simultaneously (interesting for gateways), integrated data dictionaries are more elaborate, an exception automatically closes all database connections, etc.

#### Phase 4 - a.2 6.4

2023 – 6 weeks: Stéphane Rivière, Sowebio CTO.

v22: Source width increased to 131 columns.

v22: Generalization of .adb chaptering with API & Private as in v22. Gui.

v22. Gui: Source reformatting: v22 standardization. v22. Gui: To\_UXStings replaced by v22. Uxs. To\_String\_Unsigned. v22. Gui: Replacement of View, Base, Element, Common with package initials

for v22 naming standardization.

v22. Gui: Rename CRUD with Main\_Menu.



- v22: Parallel management of <application>.log and <application>-gnoga.log with setters to control them.
- v22: Automatic creation of configuration file <application>.cfg. handling of parameters read.
- v22: Correct management of the <application>.log file in the event of unexpected termination [the current buffer is correctly emptied in the file].
- v22: Ctrl-C interception for orderly application termination [file closing, SQL disconnection, etc.].
- v22. Gui: Add host and port parameters to the connection function.
- v22. Gui: Online help, HTML file display.
- v22. Gui Rename Set\_Text/Title to Put\_Text/Title.
- v22: Unification of v22 and Gnoga debug modes.
- v22: Adding On\_Off getters.
- v22: General conversion of getters and setters from Boolean type [True/False] to On\_Off type [On/Off].
- v22: On\_Off type added for Msg.Std, Tio.Put, Tio.Put\_Line and Uxs.To\_String
- v22: Validation or inhibition of Ctrl-C.
- v22. Gui: Installation of the free Overpass font (optimized for web read-
- ing) in regular, bold, italic and bolditalic.
- v22. Gui: Preparing for application theming.
- v22. Gui: Harmonization of v22 resource directories (icons, images) and Gnoqa (use of Gnoqa's standard /img directory).
- v22. Gui: Main\_Menu\_Add\_Element, add "event On\_Click : GGB. Action\_Event := null" parameter to extend Main\_Menu caps.
- v22. Gui: alpha reordering.
- v22. Msg: Log procedures names refactoring.
- v22: Change all Line procedures to New\_Line.
- v22: Handling of the default 8 hours connection timout associated to the infamously unclear "MySQL Server Has Gone Away" error message with a task pinging the MySQL server every hour.
- v22. Gui: Main\_Menu mode 1 (direct mode) implementation in addition to mode 2 (sub menu mode).
- v22. Gui: First [intermediate] version of user management, as a demonstration of a more elaborate future model [automatic generation from a data dictionary].
- v22. Uxs: Remove routines now implemented in UXStrings. v22 refactoring.
- v22: Documentation update v34 to v66, 165 to 228 pages.

#### 6.5 Phase 5 - v0.5

#### 2024 - 8 weeks: Stéphane Rivière, Sowebio CTO.

- v22. Gui: Enter key handling for login and new passwords screens.
- v22. Gui: Lost password management with email notification and time limited temporary password.
- v22. Prg: New, more portable password generation algorithm.
- v22. Net: Sending mail function.
- v22. Gui: Complete Gui. Dialog\_Popup and make it compliant with the graphic charter.
- v22. Gui: Complete CSS refactoring and jQuery-UI theme creation process.
- v22. Gui: Fix some CSS bugs. Add some displays enhancements.
- v22. Gui. Crud: New package to ease CRUD screens management.
- v22. Uxs: New functions to manage Money type with v22. Gui and v22. Sql
- v22. Net: New Api [OVH management] and Send\_SMS functions.
- v22: Fix tons of bugs.
- v22: Make tons of enhancements.



v22: Documentation update v66 to v120, 228 to 275 pages.

#### 6.6 Phase 6 - v0.6

2025 - 2 weeks: Stéphane Rivière, Sowebio CTO.

```
v22. Uxf: New package to handle big UTF-8 data up to 1024 TB.
v22: Fix tons of bugs.
v22: Make tons of enhancements.
v22: Documentation update v66 to v150, 275 to 281 pages.
```

#### 6.7 Phase 7 - v0.7

2025 - 4 weeks: Lounès Souakri, BTS SIO Merleau-Ponty Rochefort-sur-Mer intern.

```
v22. Net: New Api [Matomo management].
v22. Pdf: New package to handle PDF with high level functions.
v22. Prg: Add date function.
v22: Documentation update v66 to v167, 281 to 291 pages.
```

## 7 Issues

## 7.1 Update jQuery

In early 2024, the latest version of jQuery is 3.7.1. The Gnoga version is still 2.1.1, to preserve the alternating colors of the list lines. The alternating rows colors are no longer displayed when jQuery is updated to version 3.

Excerpt v22-colors.css:

```
/* [31] List background and odd listed items */
--content-list-color: #e6f4fa;

/* [32] List header font color */
--content-list-header-color: white;

/* [33] List header background color */
--content-list-header-color-background: #96b0b6;

/* [34] List selected font color */
--content-list-selected-color: white;

/* [35] List selected background color */
--content-list-selected-color-background: #66a8a8;

/* [36] List even listed items */
--content-list-secondary-color: #b5d0d7;
```

## Excerpt v22-content.css:

```
.content-list {
   background-color: var(--content-list-color);
   width: 100%;
   border-radius: 8px;
   margin: 8px;
   padding: 8px;
```

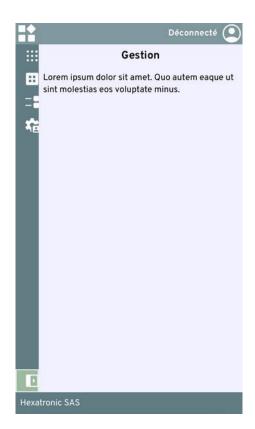


```
box-sizing: border-box;
  overflow-x: auto;
}
.content-list-header {
    font-weight: bold;
    text-align: center;
    color: var[--content-list-header-color];
    background-color: var[--content-list-header-color-background];
}
.content-list-item {
    text-align: center;
}
.content-list-table {
    width: 100%;
    border-collapse: separate;
    border-spacing: 4px 0;
}
.content-list-table > tbody > tr:not[:first-child]:nth-child[odd] {
    background-color: var[--content-list-secondary-color];
```

Action: Find the problem to be able to use the latest jQuery version.

## 7.2 iPhone Safari web browser weirdness

On an iPhone 11 with Safari, the left margin of the main menu is shifted by a few pixels, off-centering the icons to the right. Attempts to adjust the CSS settings were to no avail:



Action: investigate with a more recent iPhone and/or Safari.

# 7.3 Avoiding Unrestricted\_Access

The Don't use Unrestricted\_Access FAQ tip recommends to not use Unrestricted\_Access or keeping them at package level.

Action: none. To our knowledge, v22 already follows this recommendation.





Ada, « it's stronger than you ». Tribute to Daniel Feneuille, a legendary french Ada teacher (and much more)  $^7$ 

The link below is kept here for future use...

https://this-page-intentionally-left-blank.org

7 http://d.feneuille.free.fr

