Matrix Analysis Homework 6

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1.2.P15

Suppose that $\mathbf{A}(t) \in M_n$ is a given continuous matrix-valued function and each of the vector valued functions $x_1(t), \dots, x_n(t) \in \mathbb{C}^n$ satisfies the system of ordinary differential equations

$$x_j'(t) = \mathbf{A}(t)x_j(t).$$

Let $\mathbf{X}(t) = [x_1(t) \cdots x_n(t)]$ and let $W(t) = \det \mathbf{X}(t)$. Use (0.8.10) and (0.8.2.11) and provide details for the following argument:

$$W'(t) = \sum_{j=1}^{n} \det \left(\mathbf{X}(t) \leftarrow x'_{j}(t) \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left[\det \left(\mathbf{X}(t) \leftarrow x'_{j}(t) \right) \right]_{i,j=1}^{n}$$
$$= \operatorname{tr} \left((\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{X}(t)) \mathbf{X}'(t) \right) = \operatorname{tr} \left((\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{X}(t)) \mathbf{A}(t) \mathbf{X}(t) \right) = W(t) \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(t).$$

Thus, W(t) satisfies the scalar differential equation $W'(t) = \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(t)W(t)$, whose solution is *Abel's formula* for the *Wronskian*

$$W(t) = W(t_0) e^{\int_{t_0}^t \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(s) ds}.$$

Conclude that if the vectors $x_1(t), \dots, x_n(t)$ are linearly independent for $t = t_0$, then they are linearly independent for all t. How did you use the identity $tr(\mathbf{BC}) = tr(\mathbf{CB})$ (1.2.P2)? Solution.

$$W'(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \det \mathbf{X}(t)$$

$$\stackrel{(0.8.10)}{=} \sum_{j=1}^{n} \det \left(\mathbf{X}(t) \leftarrow x'_{j}(t) \right)$$

$$= \operatorname{tr} \left[\det \left(\mathbf{X}(t) \leftarrow x'_{j}(t) \right) \right]_{i,j=1}^{n}$$

$$\stackrel{(0.8.2.11)}{=} \operatorname{tr} \left((\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{X}(t)) \mathbf{X}'(t) \right)$$

$$\stackrel{x'_{j}(t) = \mathbf{A}(t)x_{j}(t)}{=} \operatorname{tr} \left((\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{X}(t)) \mathbf{A}(t) \mathbf{X}(t) \right)$$

$$\stackrel{\operatorname{tr}(\mathbf{BC}) = \operatorname{tr}(\mathbf{CB})}{=} \operatorname{tr} \left(\mathbf{X}(t) (\operatorname{adj} \mathbf{X}(t)) \mathbf{A}(t) \right)$$

$$= \det \mathbf{X}(t) \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(t) = W(t) \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(t).$$

If the vectors $x_1(t), \dots, x_n(t)$ are linearly independent for $t = t_0$, $W(t) = \det \mathbf{X}(t) \neq 0$. Hence $W(t) = W(t_0) e^{\int_{t_0}^t \operatorname{tr} \mathbf{A}(s) \mathrm{d}s} \neq 0$. Therefore $x_1(t), \dots, x_n(t)$ are linearly independent for all t.